PHP Laravel Industry Assignments

Module 1 – Core PHP

PHP Syntax

THEORY EXERCISE:

- Discuss the structure of a PHP script and how to embed PHP in HTML.
- What are the rules for naming variables in PHP?

LAB EXERCISE:

• Write a PHP script to print "Hello, World!" on a web page.

3. PHP Variables

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Explain the concept of variables in PHP and their scope.

LAB EXERCISE:

• Create a PHP script to declare and initialize different types of variables (integer, float, string, boolean). Display them using echo.

4. Super Global Variables

THEORY EXERCISE:

• What are super global variables in PHP? List at least five super global arrays and their use.

LAB EXERCISE:

• Create a form that takes a user's name and email. Use the \$_POST super global to display the entered data.

5. Practical Example: Multiple Tables and SQL Queries

LAB EXERCISE:

- Create multiple tables and perform queries using:
 - SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE, INSERT
 - WHERE, LIKE, GROUP BY, HAVING
 - o LIMIT, OFFSET, Subqueries, AND, OR, NOT, IN

6. Conditions, Events, and Flows

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Explain how conditional statements work in PHP.

7. If Condition and If-Else If

LAB EXERCISE:

• Write a PHP program to determine if a number is even or odd using if conditions.

8. Practical Example: Calculator and Day Finder

LAB EXERCISE:

- 1. **Simple Calculator**: Create a calculator using if-else conditions that takes two inputs and an operator (+, -, *, /).
- 2. **Day Finder**: Write a script that finds the current day. If it is Sunday, print "Happy Sunday."

9. Switch Case and Ternary Operator

LAB EXERCISE:

- 1. **Restaurant Food Category Program**: Use a switch case to display the category (Starter/Main Course/Dessert) and dish based on user selection.
- 2. **Ternary Operator Example**: Write a script using the ternary operator to display a message if the age is greater than 18.
- 3. **Color Selector**: Write a program to display the name of a color based on user input (red, green, blue).

10. Loops: Do-While, For Each, For Loop

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Discuss the difference between for loop, foreach loop, and do-while loop in PHP.

LAB EXERCISE:

- 1. For Loop: Write a script that displays numbers from 1 to 10 on a single line.
- 2. For Loop (Addition): Add all integers from 0 to 30 and display the total.
- 3. Chessboard Pattern: Use a nested loop to create a chessboard pattern (8x8 grid).
- 4. Various Patterns: Generate different patterns using loops.

11. PHP Array and Array Functions

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Define arrays in PHP. What are the different types of arrays?

LAB EXERCISE:

- 1. Display the value of an array.
- 2. Find and display the number of odd and even elements in an array.
- 3. Create an associative array for user details (name, email, age) and display them.
- 4. Write a script to shift all zero values to the bottom of an array.

12. PHP Date-Time Function

LAB EXERCISE:

• Write a script to display the current date and time in different formats.

13. Header Function

THEORY EXERCISE:

• What is the header function in PHP and how is it used?

LAB EXERCISE:

• Redirect users to another page using the header () function.

14. Include and Require

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Explain the difference between include and require in PHP.

LAB EXERCISE:

• Use include and require to insert common header and footer files into multiple PHP pages.

15. Practical Example: Calculator, Factorial, String Reverse

LAB EXERCISE:

- 1. Calculator: Create a calculator using user-defined functions.
- 2. Factorial: Write a function that finds the factorial of a number using recursion.
- 3. **String Reverse**: Reverse a string without using built-in functions.
- 4. **Download File**: Create a button that allows users to download a file.

16. PHP Expressions, Operations, and String Functions

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Explain what PHP expressions are and give examples of arithmetic and logical operations.

LAB EXERCISE:

• Write a script to perform various string operations like concatenation, substring extraction, and string length determination.

Extra LAB EXERCISES FOR CORE PHP

1. PHP Syntax

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **PHP Comments**: Write a PHP script that demonstrates the use of single-line (//), multi-line (/* */), and inline (#) comments.
- **Embedding HTML and PHP**: Create a web page that uses PHP to dynamically generate HTML content (e.g., a table with user information using PHP).
- Output Statements: Experiment with echo, print, and var_dump. Write a script that outputs different types of data using these functions.

2. PHP Variables

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **Type Casting**: Write a script that declares variables of different types and converts them into other types (e.g., integer to float, string to integer). Display the type and value before and after the conversion.
- Variable Variables: Demonstrate the use of variable variables in PHP. Write a script where a variable name is stored in another variable, and then use it to print the value.
- Global and Local Scope: Write a script that shows how global and local variables work. Use the global keyword inside a function to access a global variable.

3. Super Global Variables

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **\$_GET** and **\$_POST**: Create two separate forms: one that uses the **\$_GET** method and one that uses **\$_POST**. Display the difference in the URL and how data is passed.
- \$_SERVER: Write a script to display various details of the server environment using \$ SERVER (like PHP SELF, SERVER NAME, HTTP USER AGENT, etc.).
- **\$_FILES**: Create a form that allows users to upload a file. Handle the uploaded file using the \$ FILES super global and display information about the file.

4. Practical Example: Multiple Tables and SQL Queries

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- Complex Joins: Create a PHP script that connects two or more tables using INNER JOIN, LEFT JOIN, and RIGHT JOIN. Display data from these tables based on specific conditions.
- **Prepared Statements**: Implement SQL queries using prepared statements with placeholders to prevent SQL injection in SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE.
- **Transaction Management**: Write a PHP script that uses SQL transactions to insert data into multiple tables, ensuring data integrity in case of an error.

5. Conditions, Events, and Flows

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **Nested Conditions**: Write a script that uses nested if-else conditions to categorize a number as positive, negative, or zero, and also check if it's an even or odd number.
- Switch Case with Multiple Cases: Write a script that accepts a grade (A, B, C, D, F) and displays a message using a switch statement. Handle multiple cases that fall under the same logic (e.g., A and B show "Excellent").

6. If Condition and If-Else If

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **Grading System**: Write a PHP program that accepts a student's marks and outputs their grade using if-else conditions (A, B, C, D, Fail based on score).
- **Temperature Converter**: Write a script that takes temperature in Celsius or Fahrenheit as input and converts it to the other format using if conditions.

7. Practical Example: Calculator and Day Finder

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- Enhanced Calculator: Modify the calculator to handle more complex operations such as exponentiation ($^{\land}$), modulus ($^{\circ}$), and square root ($^{\checkmark}$).
- **Date Finder with Time Zone**: Write a script that finds the current day and prints "Happy Sunday" if it's Sunday, but also adjusts for different time zones.

8. Switch Case and Ternary Operator

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **Month Display**: Create a program using switch case that takes a number (1-12) and displays the corresponding month.
- **Discount Calculation (Ternary Operator)**: Write a script that calculates and displays the discount on a product based on a user-defined price. If the price is above 500, give a 10% discount; otherwise, no discount (use the ternary operator).

9. Loops: Do-While, For Each, For Loop

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **FizzBuzz Program**: Write a program using a for loop that prints numbers from 1 to 100. But for multiples of 3, print "Fizz" instead of the number, for multiples of 5 print "Buzz", and for multiples of both 3 and 5 print "FizzBuzz".
- **Multiplication Table**: Write a PHP script using a nested for loop to generate a multiplication table from 1 to 10.
- **Reverse Number Sequence**: Write a script using a do-while loop that displays numbers from 10 to 1.

10. PHP Array and Array Functions

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- Sorting Arrays: Write a script that demonstrates the use of sort(), rsort(), asort(), and ksort() functions to sort arrays.
- Multi-dimensional Array: Create a multi-dimensional array to store information about products (name, price, and stock). Write a script to display the information in a tabular format.
- Array Merge and Diff: Write a PHP script that merges two arrays and finds the difference between them using array_merge() and array_diff().

11. PHP Date-Time Function

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **Time Difference**: Write a script that calculates the time difference between two dates (e.g., "today" and "next birthday").
- Custom Date Formats: Create a script that displays the current date in different formats (e.g., Y-m-d, d/m/Y, 1, F js Y).

12. Header Function

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- Page Redirect Based on Condition: Write a script that checks if a user is logged in (use a boolean variable). If not, use the header() function to redirect them to a login page.
- Content-Type Header: Write a script that sets the Content-Type header to return a plain text file or a JSON response.

13. Include and Require

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **Template System**: Write a PHP script that includes header, navigation, and footer files in multiple web pages to create a basic template system.
- File Not Found Handling: Use require to include a critical file. If the file doesn't exist, display a custom error message instead of the default PHP error.

14. Practical Example: Calculator, Factorial, String Reverse

Extra LAB EXERCISES:

- **Enhanced Factorial**: Write a recursive and non-recursive function to calculate the factorial of a number. Compare their performance for large numbers.
- Palindrome Checker: Create a function that checks if a given string is a palindrome.
- **File Upload**: Create a form that allows users to upload a file. Upon submission, download the file using a button click and display the file's details (name, type, size).

Module 6 - HTML, CSS and JS in PHP

HTML Basics

- What is HTML? Explain its structure.
- Describe the purpose of HTML tags and provide examples of commonly used tags.
- What are the differences between block-level and inline elements? Give examples of each.
- Explain the concept of semantic HTML and why it is important.

2. CSS Fundamentals

- What is CSS? How does it differ from HTML?
- Explain the three ways to apply CSS to a web page.
- What are CSS selectors? List and describe the different types of selectors.
- What is the box model in CSS? Explain its components.

3. Responsive Web Design

- What is responsive web design? Why is it important?
- Explain the use of media queries in CSS. Provide an example.
- What are the benefits of using a mobile-first approach in web design?

4. PHP Integration

- How can PHP be used to dynamically generate HTML content? Provide examples.
- Explain how to include CSS files in a PHP-generated HTML page.
- What are the advantages of using PHP to manage HTML forms?

LAB EXERCISES

1. Creating a Simple Web Page

- Objective: Create a basic web page using HTML and style it with CSS.
 - Instructions:
 - Create an HTML file (e.g., index.html) that includes a header, a navigation bar, a main content section, and a footer.
 - Style the page using an external CSS file (e.g., styles.css).
 - Use CSS properties such as color, background-color, font-size, and padding to enhance the design.

2. Form Handling with PHP

- Objective: Create a simple HTML form and process it using PHP.
 - Instructions:
 - Create an HTML form that collects user information (e.g., name, email, and message).
 - Use PHP to process the form data and display a confirmation message with the submitted information.
 - Validate user inputs and provide appropriate feedback.

3. Dynamic Content Generation

- **Objective:** Use PHP to generate dynamic HTML content.
 - o Instructions:
 - Create a PHP script (e.g., dynamic-content.php) that generates a list of items (e.g., products or blog posts) from an array.
 - Use a loop to display the items in a styled HTML list.
 - Style the list using CSS.

4. CSS Grid and Flexbox

- Objective: Create a responsive layout using CSS Grid or Flexbox.
 - o Instructions:
 - Build a grid layout for a gallery of images or a product showcase using either CSS Grid or Flexbox.

- Ensure that the layout is responsive and adjusts based on the screen size.
- Use media queries to change the layout for mobile devices.

5. Styling a PHP Application

- Objective: Apply CSS styles to a PHP web application.
 - Instructions:
 - Create a simple PHP application (e.g., a user registration page).
 - Use an external CSS file to style the form elements (e.g., inputs, buttons, labels).
 - Ensure that the application is visually appealing and user-friendly.

6. Implementing a Responsive Navigation Bar

- Objective: Create a responsive navigation bar using HTML and CSS.
 - o Instructions:
 - Build a navigation bar using HTML and elements.
 - Use CSS to style the navigation bar and make it responsive (e.g., using media queries).
 - Implement a dropdown menu for sub-navigation items.

7. Image Gallery with Lightbox Effect

- **Objective:** Create an image gallery that opens images in a lightbox effect.
 - o Instructions:
 - Use HTML to create a gallery of images.
 - Implement CSS for styling and layout.
 - Use JavaScript or a CSS library to create a lightbox effect when images are clicked.

Module 2 – Advanced PHP Excercises

OOPs Concepts

THEORY EXERCISE:

 Define Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) and its four main principles: Encapsulation, Inheritance, Polymorphism, and Abstraction.

Practical Exercise:

 Create a simple class in PHP that demonstrates encapsulation by using private and public properties and methods.

Class

THEORY EXERCISE:

Explain the structure of a class in PHP, including properties and methods.

Practical Exercise:

Write a PHP script to create a class representing a "Car" with properties like make, model, and year, and a method to display the car details.

Object

THEORY EXERCISE:

What is an object in OOP? Discuss how objects are instantiated from classes in PHP.

Practical Exercise:

• Instantiate multiple objects of the "Car" class and demonstrate how to access their properties and methods.

Extends

THEORY EXERCISE:

Explain the concept of inheritance in OOP and how it is implemented in PHP.

Practical Exercise:

• Create a "Vehicle" class and extend it with a "Car" class. Include properties and methods in both classes, demonstrating inherited behavior.

Overloading

THEORY EXERCISE:

Discuss method overloading and how it is implemented in PHP.

Practical Exercise:

• Create a class that demonstrates method overloading by defining multiple methods with the same name but different parameters.

Abstraction Interface

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Explain the concept of abstraction and the use of interfaces in PHP.

Practical Exercise:

• Define an interface named <code>VehicleInterface</code> with methods like <code>start()</code>, <code>stop()</code>, and implement this interface in multiple classes.

Constructor

THEORY EXERCISE:

• What is a constructor in PHP? Discuss its purpose and how it is used.

Practical Exercise:

• Create a class with a constructor that initializes properties when an object is created.

Destructor

THEORY EXERCISE:

Explain the role of a destructor in PHP and when it is called.

Practical Exercise:

 Write a class that implements a destructor to perform cleanup tasks when an object is destroyed.

Magic Methods

THEORY EXERCISE:

Define magic methods in PHP. Discuss commonly used magic methods like __get(),
 set(), and construct().

Practical Exercise:

 Create a class that uses magic methods to handle property access and modification dynamically.

Scope Resolution

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Explain the scope resolution operator (::) and its use in PHP.

Practical Exercise:

• Create a class with static properties and methods, and demonstrate their access using the scope resolution operator.

Traits

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Define traits in PHP and their purpose in code reuse.

Practical Exercise:

• Create two traits and use them in a class to demonstrate how to include multiple behaviors.

Visibility

THEORY EXERCISE:

Discuss the visibility of properties and methods in PHP (public, private, protected).

Practical Exercise:

• Write a class that shows examples of each visibility type and how they restrict access to properties and methods.

Type Hinting

THEORY EXERCISE:

Explain type hinting in PHP and its benefits.

Practical Exercise:

• Write a method in a class that accepts type-hinted parameters and demonstrate how it works with different data types.

Final Keyword

THEORY EXERCISE:

Discuss the purpose of the final keyword in PHP and how it affects classes and methods.

Practical Exercise:

Create a class marked as final and attempt to extend it to show the restriction.

Email Security Function

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Explain the importance of email security and common practices to ensure secure email transmission.

Practical Exercise:

• Write a function that sanitizes email input and validates it before sending.

File Handling

THEORY EXERCISE:

Discuss file handling in PHP, including opening, reading, writing, and closing files.

Practical Exercise:

Create a script that reads from a text file and displays its content on a web page.

Handling Emails

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Explain how to send emails in PHP using the mail() function and the importance of validating email addresses.

Practical Exercise:

Write a PHP script to send a test email to a user using the mail () function.

MVC Architecture

THEORY EXERCISE:

 Discuss the Model-View-Controller (MVC) architecture and its advantages in web development.

Practical Exercise:

• Create a simple MVC application that demonstrates the separation of concerns by implementing a basic "User" module with a model, view, and controller.

Practical Example: Implementation of all the OOPs Concepts

Practical Exercise:

• Develop a mini project (e.g., a Library Management System) that utilizes all OOP concepts like classes, inheritance, interfaces, magic methods, etc.

Connection with MySQL Database

THEORY EXERCISE:

Explain how to connect PHP to a MySQL database using mysqli or PDO.

Practical Exercise:

 Write a script to establish a database connection and handle any errors during the connection process.

SQL Injection

THEORY EXERCISE:

• Define SQL injection and its implications on security.

Practical Exercise:

 Demonstrate a vulnerable SQL query and then show how to prevent SQL injection using prepared statements.

Practical: Exception Handling with Try-Catch for Database Connection and Oueries

Practical Exercise:

• Implement try-catch blocks in a PHP script to handle exceptions for database connection and query execution.

Server-Side Validation while Registration using Regular Expressions

Practical Exercise:

• Write a registration form that validates user input (e.g., email, password) using regular expressions before submission.

Send Mail While Registration

Practical Exercise:

Extend the registration form to send a confirmation email upon successful registration.

Session and Cookies

THEORY EXERCISE:

Explain the differences between sessions and cookies in PHP.

Practical Exercise:

Write a script to create a session and store user data, and then retrieve it on a different page.
 Also, demonstrate how to set and retrieve a cookie.

File Upload

THEORY EXERCISE:

Discuss file upload functionality in PHP and its security implications.

Practical Exercise:

 Create a file upload form that allows users to upload files and handle the uploaded files safely on the server.

PHP with MVC Architecture

Practical Exercise:

• Implement a CRUD application (Create, Read, Update, Delete) using the MVC architecture to manage user data.

Insert, Update, Delete MVC

Practical Exercise:

• Extend the CRUD application to include functionalities for inserting, updating, and deleting user records, ensuring proper separation of concerns in the MVC structure.

Extra Practise for Grade A

1. Practical Exercise:

o Develop a class hierarchy for a simple e-commerce system with classes like Product, Category, and Order. Implement encapsulation by using private properties and public methods to access them.

Class

2. Practical Exercise:

O Create a class called Book with properties like title, author, and price.

Implement a method to apply a discount to the book's price and return the new price.

Object

3. Practical Exercise:

o Instantiate an object of the Book class and demonstrate the usage of its methods. Create multiple instances of Book and display their details in a formatted manner.

Extends

4. Practical Exercise:

o Create a base class called Employee with properties like name and salary. Extend it with subclasses FullTimeEmployee and PartTimeEmployee, each having specific methods to calculate bonuses.

Overloading

5. Practical Exercise:

Create a Calculator class with a method calculate that can add, subtract, or multiply based on the number and type of arguments passed.

Abstraction Interface

6. Practical Exercise:

o Define an interface PaymentInterface with methods like processPayment(), refund(), and implement it in classes like CreditCardPayment and PaypalPayment.

Constructor

7. Practical Exercise:

o Create a class Student with properties like name, age, and grade. Use a constructor to initialize these properties and a method to display student details.

Destructor

8. Practical Exercise:

• Write a class that connects to a database, with a destructor that closes the connection when the object is destroyed.

Magic Methods

9. Practical Exercise:

o Create a class that uses the __set() and __get() magic methods to dynamically create and access properties based on user input.

Scope Resolution

10. Practical Exercise:

 Define a class with static properties and methods to keep track of the number of instances created. Use the scope resolution operator to access these static members.

Traits

11. Practical Exercise:

o Create two traits: Logger and Notifier. Use these traits in a class user to log user activities and send notifications.

Visibility

12. Practical Exercise:

o Develop a class Account with properties for username (public), password (private), and accountBalance (protected). Demonstrate how to access these properties in a derived class.

Type Hinting

13. Practical Exercise:

o Write a method in a class order that accepts an array of products (type-hinted) and calculates the total order amount.

Final Keyword

14. Practical Exercise:

o Create a base class Animal and a final class Dog. Attempt to extend Dog and demonstrate the restriction imposed by the final keyword.

Email Security Function

15. Practical Exercise:

 Write a function that sanitizes user input for an email address, validates it, and throws an exception if it fails validation.

File Handling

16. Practical Exercise:

 Create a script that uploads a file and reads its content. Implement error handling to manage any file-related exceptions.

Handling Emails

17. Practical Exercise:

Develop a function to send a welcome email to a user upon registration,
 ensuring the email format is validated first.

MVC Architecture

18. Practical Exercise:

 Extend the simple MVC application to include a model for managing user profiles, a view for displaying user details, and a controller for handling user actions.

Practical Example: Implementation of all the OOPs Concepts

19. Practical Exercise:

o Develop a project that simulates a library system with classes for User, Book, and Transaction, applying all OOP principles.

Connection with MySQL Database

20. Practical Exercise:

o Write a class Database that handles database connections and queries. Use this class in another script to fetch user data from a users table.

SQL Injection

21. Practical Exercise:

o Create a vulnerable PHP script that demonstrates SQL injection. Then, rewrite it using prepared statements to prevent SQL injection attacks.

Practical: Exception Handling with Try-Catch for Database Connection and Oueries

22. Practical Exercise:

o Implement a complete registration process with a database connection that uses try-catch blocks to handle exceptions for all operations.

Server-Side Validation while Registration using Regular Expressions

23. Practical Exercise:

Write a PHP script that validates user inputs (username, password, email)
 using regular expressions, providing feedback on any validation errors.

Send Mail While Registration

24. Practical Exercise:

• Extend the registration process to send a confirmation email to the user after successful registration and validate the email format.

Session and Cookies

25. Practical Exercise:

 Implement a login system that uses sessions to keep track of user authentication and demonstrates cookie usage for "Remember Me" functionality.

File Upload

26. Practical Exercise:

o Create a file upload feature that allows users to upload images. Ensure that the uploaded images are checked for file type and size for security.

PHP with MVC Architecture

27. Practical Exercise:

 Build a small blog application using the MVC architecture, where users can create, read, update, and delete posts.

Insert, Update, Delete MVC

28. Practical Exercise:

 Expand the blog application to include a feature for user comments, allowing users to insert, update, and delete their comments.

Module 3 – WebServices, API, Extensions

THEORY EXERCISES

1. Payment Gateway Integration

- Objective: Understand the concept and importance of payment gateways in ecommerce.
- Ouestions:
 - Explain the role of payment gateways in online transactions.
 - Compare and contrast different payment gateway options (e.g., PayPal, Stripe, Razorpay).
 - Discuss the security measures involved in payment gateway integration.

2. API with Header

Objective: Learn about the significance of headers in API requests and responses.

Questions:

- What are HTTP headers, and how do they facilitate communication between client and server?
- Describe how to set custom headers in an API request.

3. API with Image Uploading

- Objective: Understand the process of uploading images through an API.
- **Questions:**
 - What are the common file formats for images that can be uploaded via API?
 - Explain the process of handling file uploads securely in a web application.

4. SOAP and REST APIs

- o **Objective:** Differentiate between SOAP and REST API architectures.
- Questions:
 - What are the key characteristics of SOAP APIs?
 - Describe the principles of RESTful API design.

5. Product Catalog

- Objective: Explore the structure and implementation of a product catalog in an e-commerce system.
- Ouestions:
 - What are the key components of a product catalog?
 - How can you ensure that a product catalog is scalable?

6. Shopping Cart

- Objective: Understand the functionality and design of a shopping cart system.
- Ouestions:
 - What are the essential features of an e-commerce shopping cart?
 - Discuss the importance of session management in maintaining a shopping cart.

7. Web Services

- Objective: Understand the concept of web services and their applications.
- Questions:
 - Define web services and explain how they are used in web applications.
 - Discuss the difference between RESTful and SOAP web services.

8. **RESTful Principles**

- **Objective:** Familiarize with RESTful principles and best practices for API design.
- Questions:
 - Explain the importance of statelessness in RESTful APIs.
 - What is resource identification in REST, and why is it important?

9. OpenWeatherMap API

- Objective: Explore the functionality and usage of the OpenWeatherMap API.
- **Questions:**
 - Describe the types of data that can be retrieved using the OpenWeatherMap API.
 - Explain how to authenticate and make requests to the OpenWeatherMap API.

10. Google Maps Geocoding API

- Objective: Understand the use of Google Maps Geocoding API for location services.
- Questions:
 - What is geocoding, and how does it work with the Google Maps API?
 - Discuss the potential applications of the Google Maps Geocoding API in web applications.

LAB EXERCISES

1. Payment Gateway Integration

- Exercise: Implement a payment gateway (e.g., Stripe or PayPal) in a sample e-commerce application.
- o Tasks:
 - Set up the payment gateway account.
 - Create an API endpoint for processing payments.

Handle payment success and failure responses.

2. Create API with Header

- Exercise: Develop a simple REST API that accepts custom headers.
- Tasks:
 - Create an API endpoint that accepts a custom header and responds with the header value.

3. API with Image Uploading

- **Exercise:** Create an API that allows users to upload images.
- o Tasks:
 - Implement file upload functionality with validation.
 - Store the uploaded images on the server.

4. SOAP and REST APIs

- **Exercise:** Create a simple REST API for a product catalog.
- o Tasks:
 - Implement endpoints for CRUD operations (Create, Read, Update, Delete) on products.

5. Product Catalog

- Exercise: Design a product catalog with product details.
- Tasks:
 - Create a database schema for products.
 - Develop an interface to display products.

6. Shopping Cart

- **Exercise:** Implement a shopping cart feature in an e-commerce application.
- Tasks:
 - Allow users to add, update, and remove products from the cart.
 - Persist cart data using sessions or cookies.

7. Web Services

- Exercise: Create a web service that returns product data.
- Tasks:
 - Implement a RESTful service to fetch product details.
 - Handle errors gracefully.

8. Create Web Services for MVC Project

- Exercise: Extend an existing MVC project with web services.
- o Tasks:
 - Add web services for user authentication and product management.

9. Integration of API in Project

- Exercise: Integrate an external API (e.g., OpenWeatherMap) into a project.
- o Tasks:
 - Make API calls and display data on the frontend.

10. Implement RESTful principles

- Exercise: Design an API following RESTful principles.
- Tasks:
 - Implement resource identification and statelessness in your API design.

11. OpenWeatherMap API

- **Exercise:** Build a weather dashboard using the OpenWeatherMap API.
- o Tasks:
 - Retrieve and display current weather data for a user-specified location.

12. Google Maps Geocoding API

• Exercise: Create a location-based application using the Google Maps Geocoding API.

- o Tasks:
 - Allow users to enter an address and display its coordinates on a map.

13. GitHub API

- Exercise: Build a simple application that retrieves user data from the GitHub API.
- Tasks:
 - Allow users to search for GitHub users and display their repositories.

14. Twitter API

- **Exercise:** Integrate Twitter functionality into your application using the Twitter API.
- Tasks:
 - Fetch and display tweets based on a specific hashtag.

15. Email Sending APIs

- **Exercise:** Implement email functionality using a service like SendGrid or Mailgun.
- Tasks:
 - Set up email sending for user registration confirmations.

16. Social Authentication

- **Exercise:** Implement social authentication in your application.
- o Tasks:
 - Allow users to log in using Google or Facebook accounts.

17. Normal Payments

- Exercise: Create a payment processing feature using PayPal or Stripe.
- Tasks:
 - Develop a checkout page that integrates with the payment gateway.

18. SMS Sending APIs

- Exercise: Integrate SMS notifications into your application using Twilio.
- Tasks:
 - Set up SMS notifications for important events (e.g., order confirmations).

19. File Upload

- Exercise: Implement a file upload feature for users to upload documents.
- Tasks:
 - Validate and store uploaded files securely.

20. MVC with Insert, Update, Delete

- Exercise: Extend an existing MVC project to manage user comments.
- o Tasks:
 - Implement functionality to insert, update, and delete comments.

Extra Practise

Challenging Practical Exercises

1. Payment Gateway Integration

- Exercise: Build a fully functional e-commerce site with multiple payment gateways.
 - Tasks:
 - Integrate at least two different payment gateways (e.g., PayPal and Stripe).

- Implement a user-friendly checkout process, including error handling for payment failures.
- Use webhooks to update the order status based on payment results.

2. Create API with Header & API with Image Uploading

Exercise: Develop a RESTful API that handles user registration with image uploads and custom headers.

Tasks:

- Create an endpoint that accepts user data and an avatar image, validating the image type and size.
- Implement authentication using custom headers.
- Return appropriate status codes and messages based on the request outcome.

3. Payment Gateway Implementation on MVC Project

• Exercise: Create a multi-step checkout process in an MVC application.

Tasks:

- Implement user authentication and store cart items in sessions.
- Allow users to enter shipping details and select payment methods.
- Handle payment processing and order confirmation using MVC architecture.

4. SOAP and REST API Creation for CRUD Operations

Exercise: Create both a SOAP and REST API for a library system managing books.

Tasks:

- Implement CRUD operations for books in both APIs.
- Ensure the APIs handle input validation and error reporting effectively.
- Compare the implementations and discuss the differences in handling requests and responses.

5. Product Catalog

• Exercise: Design and implement a dynamic product catalog with search and filtering features.

Tasks:

- Use a database to store product information and images.
- Implement search functionality based on keywords and filtering by category and price range.
- Use AJAX for live search results without page reloads.

6. Shopping Cart

Exercise: Develop a persistent shopping cart that remembers items even after the user logs out.

Tasks:

- Store cart items in the database, linked to user accounts.
- Implement functionality to modify cart items (add, remove, update quantities).
- Create a summary page displaying the cart's contents before checkout.

7. Web Services

Exercise: Create a comprehensive web service that provides data from multiple APIs.

Tasks:

- Integrate data from at least three different APIs (e.g., weather, country info, and GitHub).
- Build a single endpoint that consolidates this data for the client.
- Ensure proper error handling if one or more APIs fail.

8. Create Web Services for MVC Project

• **Exercise:** Extend an existing MVC project to provide a web service for mobile app integration.

Tasks:

- Create a secure API for retrieving user data and submitting feedback.
- Implement token-based authentication for the API.
- Ensure the API adheres to RESTful principles.

9. Integration of API in Project

Exercise: Build a weather dashboard that combines the OpenWeatherMap API with user input.

Tasks:

- Allow users to enter a city name and display current weather conditions, forecasts, and historical data.
- Implement caching to improve performance and reduce API calls.
- Create an admin panel to manage user API keys for access control.

10. RESTful Principles Implementation

Exercise: Design an API following RESTful principles that handles inventory management.

Tasks:

- Implement endpoints for adding, retrieving, updating, and deleting inventory items.
- Ensure that the API is stateless and follows uniform resource identifiers (URIs).
- Document the API using Swagger or a similar tool.

11. OpenWeatherMap API

• Exercise: Create a weather application that allows users to compare weather conditions across multiple cities.

Tasks:

- Use the OpenWeatherMap API to fetch data for at least three different locations.
- Display a comparative view of temperatures, humidity, and wind speeds.
- Implement error handling for invalid city inputs.

12. Google Maps Geocoding API

Exercise: Build a location-based service that provides directions and distance between two addresses.

Tasks:

- Use the Google Maps Geocoding API to convert addresses to coordinates.
- Integrate Google Maps JavaScript API to display the route on a map.
- Allow users to save their frequently used addresses.

13. GitHub API

 Exercise: Create a GitHub profile viewer that displays user repositories and contributions.

Tasks:

- Fetch user data from the GitHub API, including repositories and their stars, forks, and issues.
- Display a graphical representation of contributions over the last year.
- Allow users to search for GitHub users and view their profile data.

14. Twitter API

 Exercise: Build a Twitter sentiment analysis tool that fetches and analyzes tweets based on a keyword.

Tasks:

- Use the Twitter API to retrieve tweets containing the keyword.
- Implement a simple sentiment analysis algorithm to categorize tweets as positive, negative, or neutral.
- Display the results in a dashboard format.

15. REST Countries API

• Exercise: Develop a travel application that uses the REST Countries API to provide information about different countries.

Tasks:

- Allow users to search for countries and view details like population, languages, and currencies.
- Implement a comparison feature to compare multiple countries side-by-side.
- Create a favorites list for users to save countries of interest.

16. SendGrid Email API

• Exercise: Implement a notification system using SendGrid that sends emails for different events.

Tasks:

- Set up email templates for different notifications (e.g., order confirmations, newsletters).
- Track email delivery status and handle failures.
- Create an admin interface to manage email templates and view delivery reports.

17. Social Authentication

Exercise: Build a user registration and login system that integrates with Google and Facebook for social authentication.

Tasks:

- Implement OAuth for Google and Facebook authentication.
- Allow users to register and log in using their social media accounts.
- Store user data securely and handle the initial setup.

18. Email Sending APIs

• Exercise: Create a marketing email system using Mailgun that allows users to subscribe and unsubscribe from newsletters.

Tasks:

Implement an interface for users to manage their subscription preferences.

- Use Mailgun to send bulk marketing emails.
- Track open and click rates for email campaigns.

19. SMS Sending APIs

- o **Exercise:** Develop an application that sends SMS notifications using Twilio.
 - Tasks:
 - Set up a user interface to input phone numbers and messages.
 - Implement functionality to send SMS reminders for events or appointments.
 - Track delivery status and handle any errors.

20. Google Map API

- Exercise: Build a location-sharing application that allows users to share their locations in real-time.
 - Tasks:
 - Use Google Maps API to display a map and user locations.
 - Implement functionality for users to check in and share their location with friends.
 - Include a feature for users to view friends' locations on the map.

Module 4) Laravel Framework

Theory Assignments

1. Introduction to Laravel

• **Assignment**: Write a detailed report on the history of Laravel. Include its versioning, key features, and how it differs from other PHP frameworks.

2. Laravel MVC Architecture

Assignment: Explain the MVC (Model-View-Controller) architecture.
 Provide examples of how Laravel implements this architecture in web applications.

3. Routing in Laravel

• Assignment: Describe how routing works in Laravel. Explain the difference between named routes and route parameters with examples.

4. Blade Templating Engine

Assignment: Write an essay on the Blade templating engine in Laravel.
 Discuss its features, syntax, and how it enhances the development process.

5. Database Migrations and Eloquent ORM

 Assignment: Explain the concept of database migrations in Laravel. Discuss how Eloquent ORM simplifies database interactions and provide examples of CRUD operations.

6. Laravel Middleware

• Assignment: Define middleware in Laravel. Explain how middleware can be used for authentication, logging, and CORS handling.

7. Laravel Authentication

Assignment: Write a report on Laravel's built-in authentication system. Explain how to set up user authentication and discuss the use of guards and providers.

8. Testing in Laravel

Assignment: Discuss the importance of testing in web applications. Explain the testing tools available in Laravel and write a brief guide on how to write basic tests.

Practical Assignments

1. Setting Up a Laravel Project

o **Task**: Install Laravel using Composer and create a new Laravel project. Set up your development environment (including a local server) and configure the .env file for database connections.

2. Creating a Simple Blog

- Task: Develop a simple blog application where users can create, read, update, and delete (CRUD) blog posts.
- Requirements:
 - Use Eloquent ORM for database operations.
 - Implement route controllers for handling requests.
 - Use Blade templates for the front end.

3. User Registration and Authentication

- Task: Implement a user registration and login system using Laravel's built-in authentication.
- o Requirements:
 - Allow users to register with a username, email, and password.
 - Implement email verification.
 - Create a dashboard that displays user information after login.

4. Form Validation

- Task: Create a contact form for users to submit their inquiries.
- o Requirements:
 - Implement form validation to ensure all fields are filled out correctly.
 - Display validation error messages using Blade.

5. RESTful API Development

- o **Task**: Create a RESTful API for managing products in an inventory.
- Requirements:
 - Implement endpoints for creating, retrieving, updating, and deleting products.
 - Use Laravel's resource controllers and API routes.
 - Test the API using Postman.

6. Using Laravel Middleware

- o **Task**: Create a middleware that checks if a user is an admin.
- Requirements:
 - Apply this middleware to certain routes to restrict access based on user roles.

7. Laravel Notifications

- Task: Implement a notification system that sends email notifications when a new blog post is published.
- Requirements:
 - Use Laravel's notification system to send notifications.
 - Set up a queue for processing notifications.

8. Integrating a Payment Gateway

- Task: Integrate a payment gateway (e.g., Stripe or PayPal) into your blog application.
- Requirements:
 - Create a feature that allows users to make donations or purchases.
 - Handle payment processing and success/error responses.
- 9. Building a CRUD Application with Resource Controllers

- Task: Create a resource controller for managing categories in the blog application.
- Requirements:
 - Implement all CRUD operations using resource routes.
 - Create views for adding and editing categories.

10. Deployment of Laravel Application

- Task: Deploy your Laravel application to a web server (like DigitalOcean, Heroku, or any shared hosting).
- o Requirements:
 - Document the deployment process, including environment configuration and database setup.