

(पोत परिवहन, सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport and Highways) जी-5 एवं 6, सेक्टर-10, द्वारका, नई दिल्ली-110 075 G-5 & 6. Sector-10. Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

No. NHAI/Tech/CM/RSC/

Jan 30, 2006

दूरभाष / Phone: 91-11-25074100/25074200

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POLICY MATTERS: ROAD SAFETY CELL (01/2006)

Sub.: ROAD SAFETY - ISSUES OF IMMEDITE NATURE

Recently Safety Audits were conducted for select sections of National Highways upgraded under GQ. The findings have brought out some serious observations showing a casual approach of the PDs towards road safety issues. It was observed that safety issues of even immediate nature are not being paid proper attention. A checklist has been prepared for the issues of immediate nature which came during the discussion. This is enclosed at Annexure-A.

The competent authority has directed that all PDs would personally ensure that all safety issues listed in the checklist as well as those observed at their ends, should be enlisted by 15th Feb'06 and target dates should be assigned to each activity with reasonable time period. It should be ensured that all safety related issues are addressed within the fixed time frame. The provisions available in the respective contracts shall be used to implement the same. In case of non-availablity of provisions/items, all issues of emergent nature should be executed through competitive biddings, forming a committee at site level after obtaining necessary approval of the competent authority from technical and financial angles.

The checklist duly reviewed and certified by PD should be submitted to their concerned Technical Divisions on monthly basis i.e. by 7th of every month. It has also been decided that all sections would also be periodically surveyed at HQ level for their compliance to safety norms. For any non-conformity observed during survey, personal responsibility of the PDs would be fixed.

A strict compliance of the instructions be ensured.

DGM(CM) & Nodal Officer(Safety)

The Project Directors
All PIUs/CMUs

Copy to: All Members EA to Chairman All CGMs All GMs/All DGMs PS to Chairman

National Highways Authority of India (Corridor Management Division)

CHECKLIST FOR OBSERVANCE OF SHORT TERM ROAD SAFETY NORMS

NH SECTION:

Remarky, if any As On: (End of Month) Status As On Deficiencies Removal of Target for Conformance, if any Locations of None Sight Line Obstruction-Parked Vehicles- "No Stopping Signs". Enforcement with no. "Falling Rocks" sign. Provide Rock nails, netting and vegetation where possible. e Lack of Protective Works in Cutting Areas- Initial Rock loosening and provide 2 al Unclear Zones- Trees/Fixed ObjectsRemove tress or provide safety barriers to d Sight Line Obstruction-Landscaping- Bushes on shoulder and median to be d Pedestrian Guard Rails at service roads, islands-check for safety in urban a Hidden Areas in Alignment- Re-A28mark road centrelines and provide "No c Delineation inadequacey for Night Driving- provide additional delineators. a Inadequacy. Provide Crash barriers for embankment height more than 3m. b Stolen/Damaged. The stolen or damaged crash barriers to be replaced Orains Close to Median Kerb/Pavement Edge- use safety barriers. Sight Line Obstruction-Street Furniture- Relocate furniture b Culvert Parapets/Openings- Guard properly from all sides. a Improper Kerb Face- Replace kerbs as necessary Activity b Sight Line Obstruction - Fence
Demolish Fence or replace with visi-fencing. b Drop at Pavement Edge - Repair shoulder the help of local administration. protect against impact 3 ROAD SIDE SAFETY SAFETY BARRIERS 2 CROSS SECTION Overtaking Signs". ALIGNMENT immediately trimmed. ģ 꺐

SI. Activity No.	Locations of Non- Conformance, if any	Target for Removal of Deficiencies	Status As On (End of Month)	Remarky, if any
c Joint with Concrete Barriers. The crash barriers should be properly connected with Jersy barriers at CD work locations				
d Inadequate Treatment of Soft End/Crash Cushions- Taper and Flare Guard Rails	7			
away iloli calliageway to be provided.				
PAVEMENT MARKINGS				
a inconsistent Edge Marking- Remove and repaint new edge marking.				
b Absence of retro-reflective pavement marker- re-apply road markings.				
c Lack of Chevron Markings- Provide new Chevron Markers.				
TRAFFIC SIGNS				
a Inadequate Signages- Provide appropriate regulation traffic signs where deficient.				
b Redundant Signages - Remove to store				
Non Standard/Damaged Signages- Replace with Standard Signs				
d Lack of Visibility/Legibility of Signs- Replace with Standard signs.				
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT:				
		•		
and Chevron Signs.				
b Traffic Calming Techniques at Urban/Built-up Areas.				
c Unauthorised access into ROW- Immediately cut the same.				
d Unauthorised crossing into median-Immediately get the same closed.				
e Unauthorised Stoppings- Provide regular clear way signs.				
ANDSCADING				
a Trees/Branches Projecting into Carriageway- Cut Back under routine				
maintenance.				
b Trees very close to edge- cut or use safety barriers.				



(पोत परिवहन, सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

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No. NHAI/Tech/CM/RSC/

Jan 30, 2006

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POLICY MATTERS: ROAD SAFETY CELL (02/2006)

Sub.: ARRANGEMENT OF TRAFFIC & SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION.

Recently, Safety Audits were conducted for select sections of National Highways upgraded/being upgraded under GQ. The findings of the audit have brought out serious non-observance of standard safety norms, contractual provisions or guidelines issued in this regard, during construction or maintenance activities. The examples with photographs have been cited showing some very primitive methods being adopted for critical safety issues like diversion of traffic, road side excavations etc, in place of well defined procedures, making the safety of the road users as well as construction workers highly vulnerable. It is felt that PDs are not paying adequate attention to the road safety issues during construction or maintenance.

HQ has been reiterating for the strict enforcement of safety norms time to time. The circulars already issued in this matter are as under:

Ref. of	Main Contents
Circular	
Circular dated 04.07.2002	Attention drawn to Para 112 of MOST Specifications and guidelines on Safety as per IRC:SP:55:2001.
Circular dated 05.05.2004	Guidelines contained under Clause 112 of MOST to be followed strictly.
Circutar dated 12.05.2004	Supervision Consultants to enforce the requirements of Safety.
Circular dated 13.07.2004	PDs advised to ensure that Contractor and Supervision Consultants fulfil their obligations and wherever the Safety and maintenance requirements are not complied with, a certain amount should be withheld from each IPC payment or monthly invoice of the consultants to enforce safety and maintenance requirements.
Circular dated	For strict enforcement of Safety norms and to include a separate section in Monthly Report indicating the actions taken for Safety Measures during construction. The PDs were also advised to send a half yearly performance report of each contractor and consultant to HQ.

The non-compliance with safety norms has been viewed very seriously by the competent authority and it has directed that PDs would personally ensure that all safety norms/guidelines/codes are strictly complied with by the contractual agencies. It has also directed that PDs would submit a monthly certificate that all safety norms and guidelines are being strictly observed and complied in their jurisdictions. The same should be submitted to their concerned Technical Divisions by 7th of every month. It has also been decided that all sections would also be periodically surveyed/audited by HQ level for their compliance of safety norms. For any non-conformity observed during survey, personal responsibility of the PDs would be fixed.

A strict compliance of the instructions be ensured.

DGM(CM) & Nodal Officer(Safety)

The Project Directors
All PIUs/CMUs

Copy to:
All Members
EA to Chairman
All CGMs
All GMs/DGMs
PS to Chairman



भारतीय राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग प्राधिकरण (सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

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Extn.: 2223/2318/2468/25

No.NHAI/Dir(CM(/1/2002

July 04, 2002

CIRCULAR

Sub: Arrangements for Traffic and safety during constructions.

It was brought out during the last meeting of Advisory Group of External Stakeholders of NHAI that necessary safety precautions are not being observed at various construction sites of NHAI projects.

It needs no emphasis that during the construction period the safety of construction workers and the moving traffic is of vital importance and needs to be ensured. Your attention is also drawn to para 112 of the MOST specifications relating to the arrangements for traffic during construction, a copy of which is also being enclosed for ready reference. (Annexure I). MOST specifications are part of most of the contract documents and these also specify the level of safety precautions that need to be ensured

I also enclose extracts from deliberations from the guidelines on safety in road construction zones (IRC :SP:55:2001) for awareness and application construction sites(Annexure II & III).

Suitable arrangements for ensuring above safety provisions may please be made by the contractors. Supervision Consultants are also requested to ensure the same.

> Praveen Singh) Director (CM)

To:

All Supervision Consultants & Contractors of NHAI

Copy to:

- PS to Chairman 1.
- 2. All Members/CGMs,
- All GMs/DGMs/Managers 3.
- · All PDs of PIUs

113. ARRANGEMENT FOR TRAFFIC DURING CONSTRUCTION

112.1. General

The Contractor shall at all times carry out work on the highway a manner creating least interference to the flow of traffic while consistent with the satisfactory execution of the same. For all works involving improvements to the existing highway, the Contractor shall, in accordance with the directives of the Engineer, provide and maintain, during execution of the work, a passage for traffic either along a part of the existing carriageway under improvement, or along a temporary diversion constructed close to the highway. The Contractor shall take prior approval of the Engineer regarding traffic arrangements during

General

Section 100

112.2. Passage of Traffic along a part of the Existing Carriageway under Improvement

For widening/strengthening existing carriageway where part width of the existipg carriageway is proposed to be used for passage of traffic. treated shoulders shall be provided on the side on which work is not in progress. The treatment to the shoulder shall consist of providing atleast 150 mm thick granular base course covered with bituminous surface dressing in a width of atleast 1.5 m and the surface shall be maintained throughour the period during which traffic uses the same to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The continuous length in which such work shall be carried out, would be limited normally to 500 m at a place. However, where work is allowed by the Engineer in longer. stretches passing places atleast 20 m long, with additional paxed width of 2.5 m shall be provided at every 0.5 km interval.

In case of widening existing two-lane to four-lane, the additional two lanes would be constructed first and the traffic diverted to it and only thereafter the requised treatment to the existing carriageway would be carried out. However, in case where on the request of the Contractor, workson existing two-lane carriageway is allowed by the Engineer with traffic using part of the existing carriageway, stipulations as in para above shall apply.

After obtaining permission of the Engineer, the treated shoulder shall be dismantled; the debris disposed of and the area cleared as per the direction of the Engineer,

112.3. Passage of Traffic along a Temporary Diversion

In stretches where it is not possible to pass the traffic on part. width of the carriageway, a temporary diversion shall be constructed with 7 m carriageway and 2.5 m earthen shoulders on each side (total width of roadway 12 m) with the following provision for road crust in the 7 m width:

- 200 mm (compacted) granular subbase;
- 225 mm (compacted) granular base course; and
- (iii) Premix carpet with Seal Coat/Mix Seal Surfacing.

The alignment and longitudinal section of diversion including junctions and temporary cross drainage provision shall be as approved Section 100 General

112.4. Traffic Safety and Control

The Contractor shall take all necessary measures for the safety of traffic during construction and provide, erect and maintain such barricades, including signs, markings, flags, lights and flagmen as may be required by the Engineer for the information and protection of traffic approaching or passing through the section of the highway under improvement. Before taking up any construction, an agreed phased programme for the diversion of traffic on the highway shall be drawn up in consultation with the Engineer.

The barricades erected on either side of the carriageway/portion of the carriageway closed to traffic, shall be of strong design to resist violation, and painted with alternate black and white stripes. Red lanterns or warning lights of similar type shall be mounted on the barricades at night and kept lit throughout from suriset to sunrise.

At the points where traffic is to deviate from its normal path (whether on temporary diversion or part width of the carriageway) the channel for traffic shall be clearly marked with the aid of pavement markings, painted drums or a similar device to the directions of the Engineer. At night, the passage shall be delineated with lanterns or other suitable light source.

One way traffic operation shall be established whenever the traffic is to be passed over part of the carriageway inadequate for two-lane traffic. This shall be done with the help of temporary traffic signals or flagmen kept positioned on opposite sides during all hours. For regulation of traffic, the flagmen shall be equipped with red and green flags and lanterns/lights.

On both sides, suitable regulatory/warning signs as approved by the Engineer shall be installed for the guidance of road users. On each approach, at least two signs shall be put up, one close to the point where transition of carriageway begins and the other 120 m away. The signs shall be of approved design and of reflectory type, if so directed by the Engineer.

112.5. Maintenance of Diversions and Traffic Control Devices

Signs, lights, barriers and other traffic control devices, as well as the riding surface of diversions shall be maintained in a satisfactory condition till such time they are required as directed by the Engineer. The temporary travelled way shall be kept free of dust by frequent applications of water, if necessary.

General

Section 100

112.6. Measurements for Payment and Rate

All arrangements for traffic during construction including provision of temporary cross drainage structures, if required, and treated shoulder as described in Clause 112.2 including their maintenance, dismantling and clearing debris, where necessary, shall be considered as incidental to the works and shall be the Contractor's responsibility,

The construction of temporary diversion including temporary cross decrease structures as described in Clause 112.3, shall be measured in linear metre and the unit contract rate shall be inclusive of full compensation for construction (including supply of material, labour, tools etc.), maintenance, final dismantling and disposed.

1.8. Guiding Principles

- 1.8.1. The construction zone creates an environment where the road user is faced with a series of unusua hazards in the form of unfamiliar routes, substandard horizontal and vertical alignment, adverse cambers construction equipment etc. The road user also has to watch for traffic control devices apart from performing normal driving functions of vehicle control and responding to other traffic and hazards. These factors increase the strain on driver performance and lead to accidents. The safety practices in construction zones should, risk of accidents is increased. The guiding principles for safety in road construction zones are to:
 - (i) warn the road user clearly and sufficiently in advance;
 - (ii) provide safe and clearly marked lanes for guiding road users;
 - (iii) provide safe and clearly marked buffer and work zones; and
 - (iv) provide adequate measures that control driver behaviour through construction zones.

IRC:SP:55-2001

- 1.8.2. Roads with construction sites have higher accident rates, when compared with similar sections of road without construction sites. This is due to several factors, such as, long driving hours, road users social habits, attitudes and motivation, are outside the control of those undertaking the works. However, the authority planning and undertaking the maintenance/improvement works of the road can reduce the increased risk to road users and site workers by considering foreseeable risks, so that they may be avoided or their impact reduced.
- 1.8.3. Though each situation would be unique but there could be a number of common factors. These guidelines cover most of the commonly occurring situations. It should be noted that the design and implementation of temporary schemes should be undertaken with as much care as if it were a permanent scheme, and that it may sometimes be necessary to vary the scheme during the period of the construction phase.

The following defined precautions shall apply to all the work sites:

- All the signs and delineators shall be maintained in a clean and brightly painted condition at all times. There should be a penalty clause in the contract when the contractor does not achieve agreed levels of maintenance and cleanliness of signs, markings, delineators, etc.
- (ii) Adequate lighting arrangements shall be made for proper visibility during the negotiation of the work area; and
- (iii) Adequate arrangements like frequent sprinkling of water shall be made to keep the area dust free.

For high traffic density roads, the following further precautions must be taken:

- (a) For safety of workmen
- (i) Workmen must be trained in use of tools and plant;
- (ii) Gum boots, tarring outfits spectacles, etc. must be given to persons handling bitumen, Their use should be mandatory;
- (iii) First aid training be provided to all workmen and enough safety kits should be available at the site;
- (iv) Workers required on site during night hours must be provided with fluorescent yellow jackets with reflective tapes;
- (v) Safety helmet must be given to all workmen at site and;
- (vi) Pirst aid posts should also be set up at important sites;
- (b) For Safety of Road User
- As far as possible, the material, equipment and machinery should be installed/parked in places sufficiently away from the berms in the available road land. Only in the unavoidable cases, the same shall be allowed to be collected/installed/parked near the edge of the berms. In any case, no flaterial should be collected nor any equipment/machinery installed/parked on berms near and on the curves;
- Mathinery should be parked at appropriate places with red flags and red lights on; and
- (iii) Minimum quantity of material required for one operation should be collected.



(सङ्क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Road Transport & Highways) G-5 & 6. Sector-10, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

No.11041/21/2002-Admn.

05th May, 2004

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POLICY MATTERS: TECHNICAL (33/2004)
(Decision taken on CM Divn. L.No. NHAI/13013/3/03-04/CMD-CO)

Sub.: Arrangement for Traffic and safety during construction.

Inspite of Circular No. NHAI/Dir(CM)/1/2002 dated 4th July, 2002 regarding arrangement for Traffic and safety during construction, no significant improvement has been observed. It is once again reiterated that the diversions on the routes under construction should be rationally planned so that it does not become a problem for user of the road. It is therefore, desired that in future diversions are provided wherever required with proper sign boards, lighting arrangement etc. and the consultant will have a proper traffic management plan prepared for such purposes. Guidelines contained under Clause 112 of MoRTH Specification for arrangement of traffic during construction shall be followed strictly in all cases.

This issues with the approval of Chairman.

(S. K. Pandey) Manager (Admn.)-III

All officers at Headquarters.

All Project Directors of PIUs/CMUs/SPVs

Copy also to:

Information Officer/Librarian/Hindi Officer



(सहक परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

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Date 12.5.04

File No. 13029/8/2003-Vig./

CIRCULAR No. 10/2004

Sub:

Safety Measures during Construction/Maintenance of Road.

It has come to the notice that there is a glaring omission of traffic safety measures being taken at site during construction / maintenance of road. There is a provision of traffic safety measures in all the running civil works contract. However, in most of the civil works contract, this provision of traffic safety measures is incidental to the work (i.e there is no separate BOQ item for making payment to the contractor for this activity) and hence are not being implemented properly.

Supervision Consultants are requested to enforce this requirement vigorously. Unless this is strictly enforced by supervision consultant, adequate measures are not likely to be taken by contractor.

It is requested that visiting senior officers must take full note of this omission and warn the supervision consultants of adverse consequences of this lapse.

(Anand Bordia).

Member (F) & CVO.

Ì. All Members 2. CGMs/GMs

3. All Supervision Consultant

4 All PDs



(सकक परिचक्रम और राज्यकार्थ भेजालक)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Road Transport & Highways) G-5 & 6, Sector-10, Dwarkii, New Delki, 110045

NHAVGM(MCIII)/Inspection/2004

July 13, 2004

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Exto. - 2223/2310/2460/2553

CIRCULAR

It has been observed that maintenance of the existing road where 4-laning is being carried out by contractors is extremely poor at many places. The existing pavement is fell potholeland cracked. It is the responsibility of the contractor to keep the existing roads in a shape of good repair. It is unfortunate that this is not being properly enforced by the Supervision Consultants.

Similarly, road safety is one of the biggest ensualties during project implementation. The cautionary signs put up by the contractors, particularly at the places where diversions are provided, are an apology for signs. They neither conform to any standard nor meet the functional requirement of providing sufficient information to the road users. Notwithstanding the fact that there are standards for road signs in general and in construction zones in particular, no one at site seems to be aware of this. In the existing contracts, road signs, including those to be erected during construction, are incidental to the main item of work. The casual approach of the Supervision Consultants in enforcing proper signage in most projects is supervising and regretable. Wherever the diversion meets the existing/improved main road the transition is invariably bumpy and rough. Where the work is being carried out in high embankment, no safety rails nor any other precautionary measures are being taken by the contractors resulting in vehicles falling off the road.

PDs are, therefore, requested to make it clear to the Contractors and the Supervision Consultants in their respective jurisdiction, that maintenance of the existing road as well as safely during construction has to be maintained with utmost sincerity. Only because some of these items are not part of BOQ but only incidental to the main work, the contractors cannot shirk their responsibilities for maintenance and safety.

It is decided, therefore, that full payment at BOQ rate should not be made to the contractor if he does not ensure these aspects. Supervision Consultants have to satisfy themselves as well as NHAI about comphance of the safety and maintenance requirement. In case of non-compliance by the Contractor or the Supervision Consultant, a certain amount, to start with say 2%, should be withheld from each BC payment or monthly invoice of the consultants, as the case may be, to be released only after the measures as per contract provisions are taken.

(Santosh Nautiyal) Chairman



भारतीय राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग प्राधिकरण (पोस परिवहन, सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रातय)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport and Highways) G-5 & 6, Sector-10, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

No.: 11041/21/2002-Admn.

July 15, 2005

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POLICY MATTERS: TECHNICAL (55/2005)

[Decision taken on CM Division's note dt. 01.07.2005]

Sub-Arrangement for Traffic and Safety during construction

Your attention is drawn to the following circulars issued on the subject wherein the various requirements to ensure safety during construction has been emphasized :-

Ref. of Circular	Main Contents
Circular dated 4 th July, 2002	Attention drawn to para 112 of MoRT&H specifications and guidance on safety as per IRC:SP:55:2001.
Circular dated 5 th May, 2004	Guidelines contained under clause 112 of MoRT&H specifications to be followed strictly.
Circular dated 12th May, 2004	Supervision Consultant to enforce the requirement of safety.
Circular dated 13th July, 2004	PDs advised to ensure that Contractor and Supervision Consultant fulfit their obligation and wherever the safety and maintenance requirements are not complied with, a certain amount should be withheld from each IPC payment or monthly invoice of the consultants to enforce safety and maintenance requirements.

cont...2

In spite of the various circulars issued from time to time, no significant improvement regarding safety measures during construction and maintenance of road has been observed during inspection and complaints are being received from various road users and NGOs regarding inadequate measures taken for safety during construction stage.

All Project Directors are again directed to ensure that all contractual provisions and requirements for road safety during construction are complied with and the consultant should be advised to enforce such provisions meticulously. A separate section should be included in the monthly progress report indicating the action taken regarding safety measures during construction including the lapses noticed and corrective action taken.

Further, all Project Directors will maintain a record of performance of the contractor and the consultant who are not implementing contractual requirements for safety during construction and send a half-yearly performance report of each contractor and consultant to the concerned Technical Division at HQs so that performance of defaulting contractors/ consultants can be reviewed periodically.

This issues with the approval of Chairman.

[GR]Chardf General Manager (Admn.)

Copy to:

- 1. All officers at Headquarters.
- 2. All Project Directors of PlUs/CMUs/SPVs

Copy also to:

Information Officer/Librarian/Hindi Officer



(पोत परिवहन, सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

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Dt. 01.06.2006

CIRCULAR (ROAD SAFETY CELL: 03/2006)

Sub.: Safety of Canopy Structures for Toll Plazas.

In view of the recent collapse of canopy for toll plaza at Km 81 of NH-79 (Bhilwara-Rajasthan), the following issues in respect of existing as well as under implementation plazas need to be urgently looked into:

- Proof checking of canopy design by a reputed agency/institute for various aspects like seismic and wind loads etc.
- 2. Proof checking for the design of steel columns and base plates.
- 3. Proof checking of the design details of all inserts like bolts, their embedded length, anchorage details, threaded length above concrete, nuts etc.
- 4. To ensure that all quality checks on materials (pre-despatch/post-despatch) are strictly carried out during construction.
- 5. To ensure that maintenance of various structural steel members including bolts, nuts etc is ensured periodically.

Immediate action on above issues including any other action deemed necessary to ensure safety of toll plaza canopy structures, should be taken and action taken report to be submitted to concerned technical divisions by 15.06.2006.

This issued with the approval of competent authority.

(VISHAL GUPTA)

DGM(CM) & Nodal Officer(Road Safety Cell)

The Project Directors All PIUs/CMUs

Copy to: All Members EA to Chairman All CGMs All GMs/DGMs PS to Chairman Library



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No. NHAI/Tech/CM/RSC/

December 4th, 2008

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POLICY MATTERS: ROAD SAFETY CELL (04/2008)

Sub: SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE

The World Bank in their report has raised concern on the Road Safety aspect during construction. Similarly, it has been observed by senior officers of NHAI that safety issues are not being taken seriously during construction of highways and their maintenance as well.

Headquarter has been reiterating for the strict enforcement of safety norms from time to time. The circulars already issued in this matter are as under.

Ref. of Circular	Main Contents
Circular dated 4th July, 2002	Attention drawn to Para 112 of MOST Specifications and guidelines on Safety as per IRC:SP:SS:2001.
Circular dated 12 th May, 2004	Supervision Consultants to enforce the requirement of Safety.
Circular dated 13 th July, 2004	PDs advised to ensure that Contractor and Supervision Consultant fulfill their obligation and wherever the safety and maintenance requirements are not complied with, a certain amount should be withheld from each IPC payment or monthly invoice of the consultants to enforce safety and maintenance requirements.
Circular dated 15 th July, 2005	For strict enforcement of Safety norms and to include a separate section in Monthly Report indicating the actions taken for Safety Measures during construction. The PDs were also advised to send a half yearly performance report to each contractor and consultant to HQ.
Circular dated 30th Jan. 2006	Road Safety – Issue of immediate nature.
Circular dated 30 th Jan. 2006	Arrangement of traffic and safety during construction.

Inspite of clear cut instructions issued from HQ time to time, adequate attention is not being paid to safety aspect on highways. It is therefore, directed that PDs would personally ensure that all safety norms / guidelines / codes are strictly complied with by the contractual agencies.

Contd. on page 2...

It is once again reiterated that the provisions of the circular referred above should be complied with and in case any non-conformity observed, personal responsibility of the PDs would be fixed.

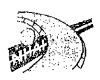
A strict compliance of the instructions be ensured.

(Umesh Chand Katara) DGM (Road Safety Cell)

The Project Directors All PIUs/ CMUs

Copy to:

All Members All CGMs All GMs/All DGMs PS to Chairman



(सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Road Transport & Highways) G-5 & 6, SECTOR-10, DWARKA, NEW DELHI-110045

PHONE: 91-11-5074100/50742 .: 91-11-5080360/50804

Exin.: 2223/2318/2468/25

No.NHAI/Dir(CM(/1/2002

July 04, 2002

CIRCULAR

Sub: Arrangements for Traffic and safety during constructions.

It was brought out during the last meeting of Advisory Group of External Stakeholders of NHAI that necessary safety precautions are not being observed at various construction sites of NHAI projects.

It needs no emphasis that during the construction period the safety of construction workers and the moving traffic is of vital importance and needs to be ensured. Your attention is also drawn to para 112 of the MOST specifications relating to the arrangements for traffic during construction, a copy of which is also being enclosed for ready reference. (Annexure I). MOST specifications are part of most of the contract documents and these also specify the level of safety precautions that need to be ensured

T also enclose extracts from deliberations from the guidelines on safety in road construction zones (IRC :SP:55:2001) for awareness and application construction sites(Annexure II & III).

Suitable arrangements for ensuring above safety provisions may please be made by the contractors Supervision Consultants are also requested to ensure the same.

> (Pravecn Singh) Director (CM)

To:

All Supervision Consultants & Contractors of NHAI

Copy to:

PS to Chairman 1.

2. All Members/CGMs,

3. All GMs/DGMs/Managers

All PDs of PIUs

113. ARRANGEMENT FOR TRAFFIC DURING CONSTRUCTION

112.1. General

The Contractor shall at all times carry out work on the highway in a manner creating least interference to the flow of traffic while consistent with the satisfactory execution of the same. For all works involving improvements to the existing highway, the Contractor shall, in accordance with the directives of the Engineer, provide and maintain, during execution of the work, a passage for traffic either along a part of the existing carriageway under improvement, or along a temporary diversion constructed close to the highway. The Contractor shall take prior approval of the Engineer regarding traffic arrangements during construction.

General

Section 100

112.2. Passage of Traffic along a part of the Existing Carriageway under Improvement

For widening/streifgthening existing carriageway where part width of the existiply carriageway is proposed to be used for passage of traffic. treated shoulders shall be provided on the side on which work is not in progress. The treatment to the shoulder shall consist of providing alleast 150 mm thick granular base course covered with billiminous surface dressing ill a widit of difeast 15" in and the surface shall be maintained infoughour the period during which traffic uses the same to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The continuous tength in which such work shall be carried out, would be limited normally to 500 m at a place. However, where work is allowed by the Engineer in longer. stretches passing places alleast 20 m dong with additional payed width of 2.5 m shall be provided at every 0.5 km interval.

In case of widening existing two-lane to four-lane, the additional two lanes would be sonstructed first and the traffic diverted to it and only thereafter the required treatment to the existing carriageway would be carried out. However, in case where on the request of the Contractor, worksome existing two lane carriageway is allowed by the Engineer with traffic using part of the existing carriageway, stipulations as in para above shall apply.

After obtaining permission of the Engineer, the treated shoulder shall be dismantled; the debris disposed of and the area cleared as per the direction of the Engineer,

112.37 Passage of Traffic along a Temporary Diversion

In stretches where it is not possible to pass the traffic on part. width of the carriage way, a temporary diversion shall be constructed with 7 m carriageway and 2.5 m earthen shoulders on each side (lotal width of roadway 12 m) with the following provision for road crust in the 7 m width:

- (i) 200 mm (compacted) granular subbase;
- (ii) 225 mm (compacted) granular base course; and
- (iii) Premix carpet with Seal Coat/Mix Seal Surfacing.

The alignment and longitudinal section of diversion including junctions and temporary cross drainage provision shall be as approved

.112.4. Traffic Safety and Control

The Contractor shall take all necessary measures for the safety of traffic during construction and provide, erect and maintain such barricades, including signs, markings, flags, lights and flagmen as may be required by the Engineer for the information and protection of traffic approaching or passing through the section of the highway under improvement. Before taking up any construction, an agreed phased programme for the diversion of traffic on the highway shall be drawn up in consultation with the Engineer.

The barricades erected on either side of the carriageway/portion of the carriageway closed to traffic, shall be of strong design to resist violation, and painted with alternate black and white stripes. Red lanterns or warning lights of similar type shall be mounted on the barricades at night and kept lit throughout from sunset to sunrise.

At the points where traffic is to deviate from its normal path (whether on temporary diversion or part width of the carriageway) the channel for traffic shall be clearly marked with the aid of pavement markings, painted drums or a similar device to the directions of the Engineer. At night, the passage shall be delineated with lanterns or other suitable light source.

One-way traffic operation shall be established whenever the traffic is to be passed over part of the carriageway inadequate for two-lane traffic. This shall be done with the help of temporary traffic signals or flagmen kept positioned on opposite sides during all hours. For regulation of traffic, the flagmen shall be equipped with red and green flags and lanterns/lights.

On both sides, suitable regulatory/warning signs as approved by the Engineer shall be installed for the guidance of road users. On each approach, at least two signs shall be put up, one close to the point where transition of carriageway begins and the other 120 m away. The signs shall be of approved design and of reflectory type, if so directed by the Engineer.

Signs, lights, barriers and other traffic control devices, as well as the riding surface of diversions shall be maintained in a satisfactory condition till such time they are required as directed by the Engineer. The temporary travelled way shall be kept free of dust by frequent applications of water, if necessary.

General

Section 100

112.6. Measurements for Payment and Rate

All arrangements for traffic during construction including provision of temporary cross drainage structures, if required, and treated shoulder as described in Clause 112.2 including their maintenance, dismantling and clearing debris, where necessary, shall be considered as incidental to the works and shall be the Contractor's responsibility.

The construction of temporary diversion including temporary cross the age structures as described in Clause 112.3, shall be measured in linear metre and the unit contract tote shall be inclusive of Juli compensation for construction (including supply of material, labour, tools etc.), maintenance, final dismantling and dispersi-

1.8. Guiding Principles

- 1.8.1. The construction zone creates an environment where the road user is faced with a series of unusua hazards in the form of unfamiliar routes, substandard horizontal and vertical alignment, adverse cambers construction equipment etc. The road user also has to watch for traffic control devices apart from performing normal driving functions of vehicle control and responding to other traffic and hazards. These factors increase the strain on driver performance and lead to accidents. The safety practices in construction zones should, risk of accidents is increased. The guiding principles for safety in road construction zones are to:
 - (i) wam the road user clearly and sufficiently in advance;
 - (ii) provide safe and clearly marked lanes for guiding road users;
 - (iii) provide safe and clearly marked buffer and work zones; and
 - (iv) provide adequate measures that control driver behaviour through construction zones.

IRC:SP:35-2001

- 1.8.2. Roads with construction sites have higher accident rates, when compared with similar sections of road without construction sites. This is due to several factors, 1 ich as, long driving hours, road users social habits, attitudes and motivation, are outside the control of those undertaking the works. However, the authority planning and undertaking the maintenance/improvement works of the road can reduce the increased risk to road users and site workers by considering foreseeable risks, so that they may be avoided or their impact reduced.
- 18.3. Though each situation would be unique but there could be a number of common factors. These guidelines cover most of the commonly occurring situations. It should be noted that the design and implementation of temporary schemes should be undertaken with as much care as if it were a permanent scheme, and that it may sometimes be necessary to vary the scheme during the period of the construction phase.

The following defined-precautions shall apply to all the work sites:

- (i) All the signs and delineators shall be maintained in a clean and brightly painted condition at all times. There should be a penalty clause in the contract when the contractor does not achieve agreed levels of maintenance and cleanliness of signs, markings, delineators, etc.
- (ii) Adequate lighting arrangements shall be made for proper visibility during the negotiation of the work area; and
- (iii) Adequate arrangements like frequent sprinkling of water shall be made to keep the area dust free.

For high traffic density roads, the following further precautions must be taken:

- (a) For safety of workmen
- (i) Workmen must be trained in use of tools and plant;
- (ii) Gurn boots, tarring outfits spectacles, etc. must be given to persons handling bitumen, Their use should be mandatory;
- (iii) First aid training be provided to all workmen and enough safety kits should be available at the site;
- (iv) Workers required on site during night hours must be provided with fluorescent yellow jackers with reflective tapes;
- (v) Safety befinet must be given to all workmen at site and;
- (vi) Birst aid posts should also be set up at important sites;
- (b) For Safety of Road User
- is far as possible, the material, equipment and machinery should be installed/parked in places sufficiently away from the berms in the available road land. Only in the unavoidable cases, the shall be allowed to be collected/installed/parked near the edge of the berms. In any case, no material should be collected nor any equipment/machinery installed/parked or berms near and on
- Mathinery should be parked at appropriate places with red flags and red lights on; and
- (iii) Minimum quantity of material required for one operation should be collected,



भारतीय राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग प्राधिकरण (सहस्र परिवास और राजमार्ग मंगातन)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Road Transport & Highways) G-5 & 6, SECTOR-10, OWARKA, NEW DELIB-110046

91-11-**5080433** 91-11-5**0803**60

Ph.: 91-11-5080390

91-11-5080988 91-11-5080955

File No. 13029/8/2003-Vig./

Date 12.5.04

CIRCULAR No. 10/2004

Sub: Safety Measures during Construction/Maintenance of Road.

It has come to the notice that there is a glaring omission of traffic safety measures being taken at site during construction / maintenance of road. There is a provision of traffic safety measures in all the running civil works contract. However, in most of the civil works contract, this provision of traffic safety measures is incidental to the work (i.e there is no separate BOQ item for making payment to the contractor for this activity) and hence are not being implemented properly.

Supervision Consultants are requested to enforce this requirement vigorously. Unless this is strictly enforced by supervision consultant, adequate measures are not likely to be taken by contractor.

It is requested that visiting senior officers must take full note of this omission and warn the supervision consultants of adverse consequences of this lapse.

(Anand Bordia).

Member (F) & CVO.

All Members

COMMENT

CGMs/GMs
 All Supervision Consultant

4. All PDs





(सकक परिचकंग और एम्प्रकार्ग मंत्रास्ता)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Road Transport & Highways) G-5 & 6, Sector-10, Dwarkii, New Deliki 110045 Phone : 91-11-25074100/25074200 Fax : 01-11-25093507/25093514 Exto : 2223/2310/2466/2553

NHAVGM(MCHI)/Inspection/2004

July 13, 2004

CIRCULAR

It has been observed that maintenance of the existing road where 4-laning is being carried out by contractors is extremely poor at many places. The existing pavement is left potholeland cracked. It is the responsibility of the contractor to keep the existing roads in a shape of good repair. It is unfortunate that this is not being properly enforced by the Supervision Consultants.

The cautionary signs put up by the contractors, particularly at the places where diversions are provided, are an apology for signs. They neither conform to any standard nor meet the functional requirement of providing sufficient information to the road users. Notwithstanding the fact that there are standards for road signs in general and in construction zones in particular, no one at site seems to be aware of this. In the existing contracts, road signs, including those to be erected during construction, are incidental to the main item of work. The casual approach of the Supervision Consultants in enforcing proper signage in most projects is supervising and regrettable. Wherever the diversion nicets the existing/improved main road the transition is invariably bun and rough. Where the work is being carried out in high embankment, no safety rails nor any other precautionary measures are being taken by the contractors resulting in vehicles falling off the road.

PDs are, therefore, requested to make it clear to the Contractors and the Supervision Consultants in their respective jurisdiction, that maintenance of the existing road as well as safely during construction has to be maintained with utmost sincerity. Only because some of these items are not part of BOQ but only incidental to the main week, the contractors cannot shirk their responsibilities for maintenance and safety.

It is decided therefore, that full proment at BOQ rate should not be made to the contractor if he does not chance these aspects. Supervision Consultants have to satisfy themselves as well as NHAI about compliance of the safety at a maintenance requirement. In case of non-compliance by the Contractor of the Supervision Consultant, a certain amount, to start with say 2%, should be withheld from each BC payment or monthly invoice of the consultants, as the case may be, to be released only after the measures as per contract provisions are taken.

(Santosh Nautiyal) Chairman



National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport and Highways) G-5 & 6, Sector-10, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

No.: 11041/21/2002-Admn.

July 15, 2005

Phone.: 91-11-25074100/25074200 Fax : 91-11-25093507/25093514 Extr. : 2223/2318/2488/2553

POLICY MATTERS: TECHNICAL (55/2005)

[Decision taken on CM Division's note dt. 01.07.2005]

Sub-Arrangement for Traffic and Safety during construction

Your attention is drawn to the following circulars issued on the subject wherein the various requirements to ensure safety during construction has been emphasized :-

Ref. of Circular	Main Contents
Circular dated 4 th July, 2002	Attention drawn to para 112 of MoRT&H specifications and guidance on safety as per IRC:SP:55:2001.
Circular dated 5 th May, 2004	Guidelines contained under clause 112 of MoRT&H specifications to be followed strictly.
Circular dated 12 th May, 2004	Supervision Consultant to enforce the requirement of safety.
Circular dated 13 th July, 2004	PDs advised to ensure that Contractor and Supervision Consultant fulfit their obligation and wherever the safety and maintenance requirements are not complied with, a certain amount should be withheld from each IPC payment or monthly invoice of the consultants to enforce safety and maintenance requirements.

cont...2

In spite of the various circulars issued from time to time, no significant improvement regarding safety measures during construction and maintenance of road has been observed during inspection and complaints are being received from various road users and NGOs regarding inadequate measures taken for safety during construction stage.

All Project Directors are again directed to ensure that all contractual provisions and requirements for road safety during construction are complied with and the consultant should be advised to enforce such provisions meticulously. A separate section should be included in the monthly progress report indicating the action taken regarding safety measures during construction including the lapses noticed and corrective action taken.

Further, all Project Directors will maintain a record of performance of the contractor and the consultant who are not implementing contractual requirements for safety during construction and send a half-yearly performance report of each contractor and consultant to the concerned Technical Division at HQs so that performance of defaulting contractors/ consultants can be reviewed periodically.

This issues with the approval of Chairman.

[GR Chard] General Manager (Admn.)

Copy to:

- 1. All officers at Headquarters.
- 2. All Project Directors of PIUs/CMUs/SPvs

Copy also to:

Information Officer/Librarian/Hindi Officer



(पोत परिवहन, सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport and Highways) जी-5 एवं 6. सेक्टर-10, द्वारका, नई दिल्ली-110 075 G-5 & 6. Sector-10. Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

No. NHAI/Tech/CM/RSC/

Jan 30, 2006

दूरभाष / Phone: 91-11-25074100/25074200

फैक्स /Fax: 91-11-25093507 / 25093514

एक्स /Exin.: 2223 / 2318 / 2468 / 2553

POLICY MATTERS: ROAD SAFETY CELL (01/2006)

Sub.: ROAD SAFETY - ISSUES OF IMMEDITE NATURE

Recently Safety Audits were conducted for select sections of National Highways upgraded under GQ. The findings have brought out some serious observations showing a casual approach of the PDs towards road safety issues. It was observed that safety issues of even immediate nature are not being paid proper attention. A checklist has been prepared for the issues of immediate nature which came during the discussion. This is enclosed at Annexure-A.

The competent authority has directed that all PDs would personally ensure that all safety issues listed in the checklist as well as those observed at their ends, should be enlisted by 15th Feb'06 and target dates should be assigned to each activity with reasonable time period. It should be ensured that all safety related issues are addressed within the fixed time frame. The provisions available in the respective contracts shall be used to implement the same. In case of non-availablity of provisions/items, all issues of emergent nature should be executed through competitive biddings, forming a committee at site level after obtaining necessary approval of the competent authority from technical and financial angles.

The checklist duly reviewed and certified by PD should be submitted to their concerned Technical Divisions on monthly basis i.e. by 7th of every month. It has also been decided that all sections would also be periodically surveyed at HQ level for their compliance to safety norms. For any non-conformity observed during survey, personal responsibility of the PDs would be fixed.

A strict compliance of the instructions be ensured.

DGM(CM) & Nodal Officer(Safety)

The Project Directors
All PIUs/CMUs

Copy to:
All Members
EA to Chairman
All CGMs
All GMs/All DGMs
PS to Chairman

S. J. Apfivity	Locations of Non-	Target for	Status As On	Remarky, if any
	Conformance, if any	Removal of	(End of Month)	
		Deficiencies	÷	
c Joint with Concrete Barriers. The crash barriers should be properly connected				
d Inadequate Treatment of Soft End/Crash Cushions- Taper and Flare Guard Rails		-		
away from carriageway to be provided.				
a Inconsistent Edge Marking- Remove and repaint lew edge marking.				
of any of Charren Markings. Drawids new Charren Markers			-	
d No Overtaking/Merging/Diverging Zone Markings- provid a necessary markings.				
6 TOBERT SIGNS	1			
ro "				
b Redundant Signages- Remove to store.				
c Non Standard/Damaged Signages- Replace with Standard Signs				
d Lack of V's ibility/Legibility of Signs- Replace with Standa d signs				
7 GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT:				
a Warnings at approaches of sharp curves/steep gradients- Provide Text Signs			:	- 1
b) Traffic Calming Techniques at Urban/Built-up Areas.				
c Unauthorised access into ROW. Immediately out the same.				
d Unauthorised crossing into median-immediately get the same closed.				
el Unauthorised Stoppings- Provide regular clear way signs.				
8 LANDSCAPING				
ल				
maintenat ve.				
b Trees ven close to edge- cut or use safety barriers.				

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National Fighways Authority of India (Corridor Management Division)

CHECKLIST FOR OBSERVANCE OF SHORT TERM ROAD SAFETY NORMS

S Z	PIU: NH SECTION:				As On:
ळ	Activity	Locations of Non-	Target for	Status As On	Remarky, if any
<u>~</u> _		Conformance, if any	Removal of Deficiencies	(End of Month)	
_	ALIGNMENT				
<u> </u>	a Hidden Areas in Alignment- Re-A28mark road centrelines and provide "No Overtaking Signs."				
	b Sight Line Obstruction- Fence				
	Demolish I ence or replace with visi-fencing.				
	c Sight Line Obstruction-Street Furniture- Relocate fumiture				
	d Sight Line Obstruction-Landscaping- Bushes on shoulder and median to be trimmed.				
	e Sight Line Obstruction-Parked Vehicles- "No Stopping Signs". Enforcement with the help of local administration.				
7	CROSS SECTION				
	almproper 'erb Face- Replace kerbs as necessary				
L	b Culvert Parapets/Openings- Guard property from all sides.				
	o Drains. Close to Median Kerb/Pavement Edge- use safety barriers.				
က	ROAD SICE SAFETY				
	a Unclear Zones. Trees/Fixed ObjectsRemove tress or provide safety barriers to			-	
	protect against impact				
L	o Delineation inadequacev for Night Driving, provide additional delineators.				
	d Pedestrian Guard Rails at service roads, islands-check for safety in urban				
	sections.				
	e Lack of Protective Works in Cutting Areas- Initial Rock loosening and provide 2 no. "Falling Rocks" sign. Provide Rock nails, netting and veg station where possible.				
]					
4	SAFETY BARRIERS				
	Inadequacy. Provide Crash barriers for embankment height more				
	b Stolen/Damaged- The stolen or damaged crash barriers to the replaced immediate w				
_	hill: origin	#			



(फोत परिवहन, सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Shipping, Road Transport and Highways) जी-5 एवं 6. सेक्टर-10, हारका, मई दिल्ली-110 075 G-5 & 6. Sector-10. Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

No. NHAI/Tech/CM/RSC/

Jan 30, 2006 -

दूरभाष /Phone; 91-11-25074100/25074200

फैस्स /Fax : 91-11-25093507 / 25093514 एसा. /Extn.: 2223 / 2318 / 2468 / 2553 :

POLICY MATTERS: ROAD SAFETY CELL (02/2006)

Sub.: ARRANGEMENT OF TRAFFIC & SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION.

Recently, Safety Audits were conducted for select sections of National Highways upgraded/being upgraded under GQ. The findings of the audit have brought out serious non-observance of standard safety norms, contractual provisions or guidelines issued in this regard, during construction or maintenance activities. The examples with photographs have been cited showing some very primitive methods being adopted for critical safety issues like diversion of traffic, road side excavations etc, in place of well defined procedures, making the safety of the road users as well as construction workers highly vulnerable. It is felt that PDs are not paying adequate attention to the road sate of issue, during construction or maintenance.

HQ has been reiterating for the strict enforcement of safety norms time to time. The circulars already issued in this matter are as under

Ref. of	Main Contents
Circular	
Circular dated 04.07,2002	Attention drawn to Para 112 of MOST Specifications and guidelines on Safety as per IRC:SP:55:2001.
Circular dated 05.05.2004	Guidelines contained under Clause 112 of MOST to be followed strictly.
Circular dated 12.05.2004	Supervision Consultants to enforce the requirements of Safety.
Circular dated 13.07.2004	PDs advised to ensure that Contractor and Supervision Consultants fulfil their obligations and wherever the Safety and maintenance requirements are not complied with, a certain amount should be withheld from each IPC payment or mouthly invoice of the consultants to enforce safety and maintenance requirements.
Circular dated 15.07.2005	For strict enforcement of Salety norms and to include a separate section in Monthly Report indicating the actions taken for Safety Measures during construction. The PDs were also advised to send a half yearly performance report of each contractor and consultant to HQ.

The non-compliance with safety norms has been viewed very seriously by the competent authority and it has directed that PDs would personally ensure that all safety norms/guidelines/codes are strictly complied with by the contractual agencies. It has also directed that PDs would submit a monthly certificate that all safety norms and guidelines are being strictly observed and complied in their jurisdictions. The same should be submitted to their concerned Technical Divisions by 7th of every month. It has also been decided that all sections would also be periodically surveyed/audited by HQ level for their compliance of safety norms. For any non-conformity observed during survey, personal responsibility of the PDs would be fixed.

A strict compliance of the instructions be ensured.

DGM(CM) & Nodal Officer(Safety)

The Project Directors
All PIUs/CMUs

Copy to:
All Members
EA to Chairman
All CGMs
- All GMs/DGMs
PS to Chairman



(सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय)

National Highways Authority of India

(Ministry of Road Transport and Highways) जी-5 एवं 6, सेक्टर-10, द्वारका, नई दिल्ली - 110 075 G-5 & 6, Sector-10, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

NHAI/2008/Road Safety/IRF | S 88

दूरभाष / Phone : 91-11-25074100/25074200 फैक्स / Fax : 91-11-25093507 / 25093514

एक्स. /Extn.: 2223 / 2318 / 2468 / 2553

Dated: 12.07.2010

Circular

Sub: Ensuring Road Safety-Engineering Measures as per directions of MoRT&H- reg.

To ensure long term Road Safety on the Highways built so far, those being contemplated to be upgraded and ones being planned and designed, Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Govt of India vide letter No. RW/NH-35072/04/2004-S&R(R) dated 27.04.2010 (Copy enclosed) has issued directions for adoption of certain Engineering Safety Measures (as contained therein) which are considered essecial in all central and centrally sponsored Projects as applicable to specific site situations.

2. As NHAI is implementing Central and Centrally sponsored projects, it has been approved by Chairman, NHAI that necessary action for incorporation of Engineering Measures mentioned in the circular of MoRT&H is to be taken by all Technical Divisions of NHAI handling projects which are in various stages of planning/design, implemention and O&M stage as per details given in the table below. The reimbursement of extra cost to be incurred if any by the Concessionaire/Contractor for incorporating the Safety Measures, if not already covered in the concession/contract agreement, will be as indicated in the table and the implementing Technical Division will take financial approval directly from Competent Authority before getting them implemented.

S.No.	Status of Project	Action to be taken for incorporation of Guidelines
01	Where DPR/Feasibility report preparation is yet to be awarded.	The provisions to be incorporated in the TOR before the RFP is invited.
02	Where DPR/Feasibility study is in progress and final report is yet to be submitted.	Instructions to be issued to the consultants preparing the DPR/ Feasibility study and Peer review consultants that the design are made incorporating provisions of guidelines.
03	Where the DPR/Feasibility report is submitted but tender of civil Works/ Concession is yet to be invited	The provision should be incorporated before issue of RFP.



04	Where RFP has been invited but tenders not received	Amendment incorporating provisions
0.	Where it is has been mirrou but tollaged not received	appearing in the guidelines should be
		made and issued to all prospective
		bidders. If the provisions are not
		included in the RFP, then Civil
		construction cost may be suitably and
		reasonably revised for incorporation of
		safety items of work and approval of
		Competent Authorities.
05	Where RFP is received and work awarded but	Guidelines to be incorporated and
	commencement yet to take place.	design/drawing prepared and work
		executed accordingly. If the provisions
		are not covered in the scope of
	·	concessionaire/contractor, the cost of
		additional items to be executed shall be
		reasonably assessed and re-imbursed to
		concessionaire/contractor as per
		provisions of concession/contract
		1 4
		agreement after approval of Competent
		Authority.
06	Work in Progress.	Provision of Guidelines to be
		incorporated as per requirement on case
		to case basis. If the provisions are not
		covered in the scope of
		concessionaire/contractor, the cost of
		additional items to be executed shall be
	·	reasonably assessed and re-imbursed to
		concessionaire/contractor as per
		provisions of concession/contract
		agreement after approval of Competent
		Authority.
07	Work competed and project is in O&M stage.	Guidelines to be incorporated to the
"	ork competed and project is in Octivi stage.	extent possible on case to case basis. If
		the provisions are not covered in the
		scope of concessionaire/contractor, the
		cost of additional items to be executed
		•
		shall be reasonably assessed and re-
		imbursed to concessionaire/contractor as
		per provisions of concession/contract
		agreement after approval of Competent
L		Authority.

Contd. to p.-3

lt til

- 3. The contents of this circular be circulated to all the Consultants, Contractors and Concessionaire of NHAI.
- 4. The compliance of the above should be ensured at an earliest by all technical divisions of NHAI and reported to CGM (RSC) in Road Safety Cell at Gurgaon office of NHAI.
- 5. This issues with the approval of Chairman, NHAI.

(Atul Kumar)
Chief General Manager

Encl: As above Circular No. RW/NH-35072/04/2004-S&R(R), dated 27.04.2010 The Ministry of Road Transport & Highways, Govt. of India, New Delhi

To,

- 1. PS to Chairman
- 2. PS to all Members
- 3. All CGMs/CVO
- 4. All GMs/DGMs/Managers
- 5. All ROs/PIUs/CMUs
- 6. Librarian/Hindi Officer

Copy also to : DG (RD) & SS for information