## Database Implementation

## 1. Create Table with Check Constraints (1\_Create\_Table\_with\_Check\_Constraints.sql):

- This script creates a database named marketplace.
- It defines a STUDENT, ACCOUNT, and ADMIN tables.
- There are check constraints on fields in all the three tables to ensure data integrity.
- The relationships between the STUDENT, ACCOUNT, and ADMIN tables are established through foreign keys.

#### 2. Stored Procedures (2\_Stored\_Procedures.sql):

This script includes 3 stored procecures:

- GetReviewsonItem: Retrieves reviews for a specific listing.
- AddtoCart: Adds an item to the cart if it is available in the live listings.
- GetSellerStats: Gets a sellers average rating and

## 3. Table Views (3\_Table\_Views.sql):

This script has a total of 6 views:

- reported\_message\_view: To display reported messages made by users across listings, for moderating user interactions and ensuring a safe platform environment.
- saved\_item\_reviews\_view: To show reviews on items that have been added to the cart or saved, which can help users in making informed decisions.
- recently\_posted\_items\_view: To list recently posted items on the marketplace, aiding users in quickly finding new listings.
- items\_by\_seller\_view: To count the number of items sold by each seller, useful for analyzing seller performance.
- avg\_item\_price\_by\_category\_view: To provide an average price of items within each category.
- active\_sellers\_view: To identify active sellers on the platform, based on criteria like the number of listings, sales volume, or recent activity.

## 4. DML Trigger (4\_DML\_Trigger.sql):

- This script defines a DML trigger named update\_supervisor\_trigger on the TRANSACTION table.
- This trigger is designed to automatically assign a supervisor to each new transaction added to the TRANSACTION table.

#### 5. Computed Columns and User-Defined Functions (5\_Computed\_Columns\_UDF.sql):

 It defines two functions, CalculateAge and CalculateDiscount for age calculation and discount percentage calculation, respectively.

#### 6. Data Encryption (6\_Data\_Encryption.sql):

- The script deals with creating a master key and a certificate for data encryption.
- It involves creating symmetric keys and certificates for securing data in the **marketplace** database.

### 7. Non-Clustered Indexes (7\_Non\_Clustered\_Indexes.sql):

- Non-clustered indexes in a database serve to enhance query performance by providing an alternative structure for efficient data retrieval. This enables faster access to specific rows based on indexed columns, particularly beneficial for readheavy workloads and queries.
- This database contains 5 non-clustered indexes

# Graphical User Interface

How to run: streamlit run .\app.py

#### 1. Database Connection:

Establishes a connection to a SQL Server database using pyodbc.connect.

#### 2. Functions Defined:

- read\_data(table): Reads data from a specified table and returns it as a Pandas DataFrame.
- insert\_student(): Inserts a new student record into the STUDENT table.
- insert\_item(): Inserts a new item record into the ITEM table, with validation for the item condition.
- insert\_listing(): Inserts a new listing record into the LISTING table.
- update\_data(): Updates a specified column in a table for a given primary key.
- delete\_data(): Deletes a record from a specified table based on the primary key.