

ROB 537
Learning Based Control
Fall 2019
HW #1: Neural Networks
Due: 10/7 at 11:59PM

Use your favorite programming language to implement a one hidden-layer feed forward neural network to classify products into “pass” or “fail” categories. The neural network classifier will assume the role of quality control for a manufacturing plant. We use a simplified dataset for this assignment.

Compressed file **hw1_data.zip** contains four data files. Each file has one data point on each line where the data points have two inputs (x_1, x_2) and two outputs (y_1, y_2):

x_1, x_2, y_1, y_2

In this case, (x_1, x_2) are *features* of products, such as specifications for dimensions, weight, or functionality. These features have been quantified by the values x_1 and x_2 . The values y_1 and y_2 denote the *classification* of the product (pass or fail), where ($y_1 = 0, y_2 = 1$) indicates the product has passed, and ($y_1 = 1, y_2 = 0$) indicates the product has failed.

train1.csv contains 100 training patterns (50 pass and 50 fail)
test1.csv, *test2.csv*, and *test3.csv* contain 100 test patterns each.

Use the gradient descent algorithm to train a two input, two output (one for each class) neural network using file *train1.csv*. Write a report addressing the following questions (you should run experiments to support each of your answers):

- 1- Describe the training performance of the network:
 - a. How does the number of hidden units impact the results?
 - b. How does the number of training steps impact the results?
 - c. How does the learning rate impact the results?
 - d. What other critical parameters impacted the results?
 - e. Show the performance on all three test sets (*test1*, *test2*, or *test3*)?
 - f. Did performance differ on different test sets? If so, provide hypotheses for the differences between the three test sets, supported by your results.

Note, this is a classification problem, meaning that each data pattern (x_1, x_2) belongs to one of two classes (y_1 or y_2). Consequently, use correct classification percentage (instead of MSE) to report your results. You will still use MSE to train the neural networks; you will simply report the classification percentage (or classification error) to assess the performance of the neural networks.