EventOnClick Phase 2 Development

1. Updated Requirements

1.1 Refined Functional Requirements

- 1. User Management: Registration, login, and role assignment (event creator, public user, admin).
- 2. Event Management:
 - Fields: Title, Description, Date, Time, City, State, Category, Image, Ticket Info (URL/price), Organizer.
 - CRUD operations for authorized users.
- 3. Event Discovery:
 - Browse, search, and filter events by city, state, date, and category.
 - View event details.
- 4. Admin Panel: Approve/reject event creators, moderate events.
- 5. Notifications: Email notifications for event creation, approval, and updates.
- 6. Public Event Page: Shareable event details page.

1.2 Updated Non-Functional Requirements

- API Response Time: 95% of requests under 500ms.
- Database Query Time: Complex searches under 200ms.
- Image Loading: Optimized images load within 2 seconds.
- Concurrent Users: Supports 500+ concurrent users.

2. Project Plan (Scrum-based)

2.1 Scrum Roles

• Product Owner: Responsible for product vision, backlog prioritization, and stakeholder communication.

- Scrum Master: Facilitates Scrum ceremonies, removes impediments, and ensures adherence to Scrum practices.
- Development Team: Cross-functional team responsible for design, development, testing, and deployment.

2.2 Sprint Planning

Sprint	Duration	Goals / Product Backlog Items
Sprint 1	2 weeks	Project setup, user authentication (register/login), basic UI skeleton, database schema, glossary draft
Sprint 2	2 weeks	Event creation/editing/deletion (backend & frontend), event data model (title, description, date, time, location, category, image, ticket info), admin approval workflow
Sprint 3	2 weeks	Event browsing/search/filter, event details page, notifications, user roles, initial testing
Sprint 4	2 weeks	Admin panel, error handling, non-functional improvements (performance, security), documentation, UML component diagram, glossary finalization, testing suite

2.3 Product Backlog (Sample Items)

- As a user, I can register and log in.
- As an event creator, I can create, edit, and delete events with all required information.
- As a public user, I can browse and search for events by city, state, date, and category.

- As an admin, I can approve or reject new event creators and moderate events.
- As a user, I receive email notifications for event updates.

3. Implementation Overview

3.1 Objectives of This Phase

- Begin implementation of the EventOnClick platform as per the refined requirements.
- Set up all frameworks, tools, and version control.
- Ensure the application is maintainable, testable, and ready for further development.

4. Frameworks, Tools, and Version Control

Frontend:

- React.js (Create React App) for a dynamic, responsive user interface.
- React Router for navigation.
- Axios for API communication.

Backend:

- Node.js with Express.js for scalable API development.
- Mongoose for MongoDB object modeling.
- IWT and bcryptis for authentication and security.

Database:

• MongoDB Atlas for cloud-based, scalable data storage.

Version Control:

• GitHub for source control, using feature-branch workflow and protected main branch.

Other Tools:

• Docker for consistent development and deployment environments.

- Postman for API testing.
- Trello for agile task management.
- Cloudinary for image upload and optimization.

5. Third-Party Libraries

Library/Tool	Purpose	Rationale
<u>React.js</u>	Frontend framework	Modern, component-based
		UI, large ecosystem
React Router	Client-side routing	Standard for React SPAs,
		enables seamless navigation
Axios	HTTP client	Promise-based, easy error
		handling
Node.js	Backend runtime	Non-blocking, scalable,
		JavaScript end-to-end
Express.js	Backend framework	Minimal, flexible, widely
		used for REST APIs
<u>Mongoose</u>	MongoDB ODM	Schema validation, query
		building
MongoDB Atlas	Cloud database	Scalable, managed NoSQL
		database
<u>bcryptjs</u>	Password hashing	Secure, industry standard
<u>jsonwebtoken</u>	JWT handling	Secure, stateless
		authentication
<u>multer</u>	File upload	Handles multipart/form-
		data
<u>nodemailer</u>	Email service	For notifications and
		verification
joi	Input validation	Ensures data integrity
helmet	Security headers	Secures Express apps
dotenv	Environment variables	Configuration management
jest	Testing framework	Unit/integration testing
socket.io	Real-time communication	For notifications

cloudinary	Image management	Cloud-based, fast delivery
<u>Docker</u>	Containerization	Consistent dev/deployment
		environments
Postman	API testing	Manual and automated API
		tests
Trello	Agile task management	Visual project management
<u>GitHub</u>	Version control	Source control,
		collaboration, CI/CD

6. Implementation & Design Decisions

- Authentication: JWT-based, stateless, scalable, with role-based access.
- Database: MongoDB for flexible event data, Mongoose for schema validation.
- State Management: React Context API for simplicity and performance.
- File Storage: Cloudinary for optimized, fast image delivery.
- API Design: RESTful, consistent error handling and response structure.

7. Architecture Documentation

System Architecture:

- Frontend: React SPA, communicates with backend via REST API.
- Backend: Node.js/Express, business logic, and API endpoints.
- Database: MongoDB for users, events, categories, notifications.
- Authentication: JWT, role-based access.
- Cloud Hosting: AWS/GCP for scalability and reliability.

Component Overview:

- Frontend: App.js, Header/Footer, EventCard, EventForm, EventList, AuthComponents, AdminPanel.
- Backend: Auth Service, Event Service, User Service, Notification Service, File Upload Service.

Database Schema:

- Users: _id, email, password, role, profile, createdAt, isVerified
- Events: _id, title, description, date, time, location{city, state}, category, imageUrl, organizer, status, createdAt
- Categories: _id, name, description, icon• Notifications: _id, userId, message, type, read, createdAt

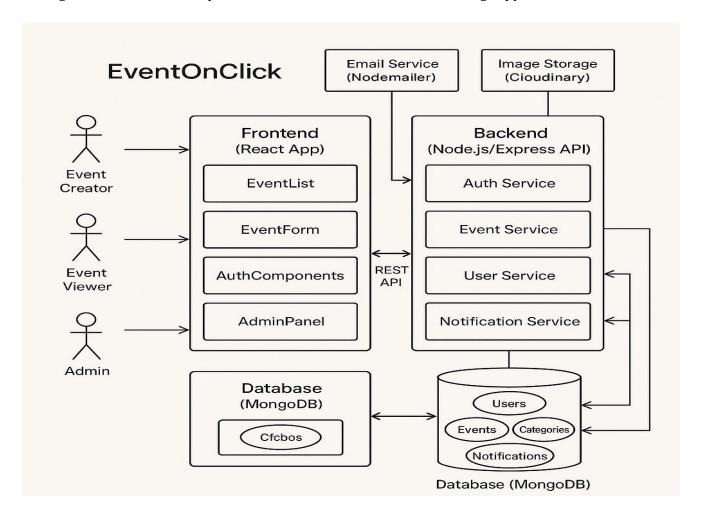


Figure 6.1 Architecture

8. Testing

- Test Data: Seed scripts for users, events, categories; edge cases for validation.
- Testing Levels:
- Unit tests (backend functions, validation logic)
- Integration tests (API endpoints)

- Component tests (React components)
- End-to-end tests (user journeys)
- Coverage: 85% backend, 70% frontend.

9. Glossary

- Event Creator: Authorized user who can add/manage events.
- Event Viewer: General public user.
- Admin: User who approves event creators and moderates content.
- Product Owner: Scrum role responsible for product vision and backlog.
- Scrum Master: Scrum role facilitating the process.
- Sprint: Time-boxed development cycle in Scrum.
- Backlog: Prioritized list of features and tasks.
- JWT: JSON Web Token, used for secure authentication.

10. Documentation & Release

- API Documentation: Swagger/OpenAPI.
- Code Documentation: JSDoc comments.
- README: Installation, setup, deployment.
- Diagrams: Updated component and deployment diagrams.
- User Guide: For event creators and attendees.
- Version Control: Feature-branch workflow, semantic versioning, GitHub Actions for CI/CD.