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#include<stdio.h>

#include<graphics.h>

#include<math.h>

#include<dos.h>


int main()

{

int i,gd=DETECT,gm;

int x1,y1,x2,y2,xmin,xmax,ymin,ymax,xx1,xx2,yy1,yy2,dx,dy;

float t1,t2,p[4],q[4],temp;

x1=120;

y1=120;

x2=300;

y2=300;

xmin=100;

ymin=100;

xmax=250;

ymax=250;

initgraph(&gd,&gm," ");

rectangle(xmin,ymin,xmax,ymax);

dx=x2-x1;

dy=y2-y1;

p[0]=-dx;

p[1]=dx;

p[2]=-dy;

p[3]=dy;

q[0]=x1-xmin;

q[1]=xmax-x1;

q[2]=y1-ymin;

q[3]=ymax-y1;

for(i=0;i<4;i++)
```

```
{
if(p[i]==0)
{
printf("line is parallel to one of the clipping boundary");
if(q[i]>=0)
{
if(i<2)
{
if(y1<ymin)
{
y1=ymin;
}
if(y2>ymax)
{
y2=ymax;
}
line(x1,y1,x2,y2);
}
if(i>1)
{
if(x1<xmin)
{
x1=xmin;
}
if(x2>xmax)
{
x2=xmax;
}
line(x1,y1,x2,y2);
}
}
```

```

}
}
t1=0;
t2=1;
for(i=0;i<4;i++)
{
temp=q[i]/p[i];
if(p[i]<0)
{
if(t1<=temp)
t1=temp;
}
else
{
if(t2>temp)
t2=temp;
}
}
if(t1<t2)
{
xx1 = x1 + t1 * p[1];
xx2 = x1 + t2 * p[1];
yy1 = y1 + t1 * p[3];
yy2 = y1 + t2 * p[3];
line(xx1,yy1,xx2,yy2);
}
delay(5000);
closegraph();
}

```

