

Second Mid Semester Examination(March 15, 2019, Academic Session 2018-19)

IDC204(Theory of Computation)

Maximum Marks: 20

## Instructions

This booklet contains 8 printed pages, including this cover page, and 4 problems. Check if there are missing pages. Write your initials on the top of every page, in case the pages become separated. Attempt ALL problems. Read the problems carefully. Write all arguments precisely and do not leave anything to the instructor's imagination. You need to sign the following *Academic Honour Code*, else your answers will not be evaluated.

"I affirm, on my honour, that I shall maintain my integrity and uphold the highest standards of academic conduct. I shall not receive or provide and shall not make any attempt to receive or provide an unlawful aid during this examination. I shall not tolerate any action that does not adhere to these words."

Signature Abbigyan W. Medli Name Abbigyan W. Medli Reg. No. MS17108

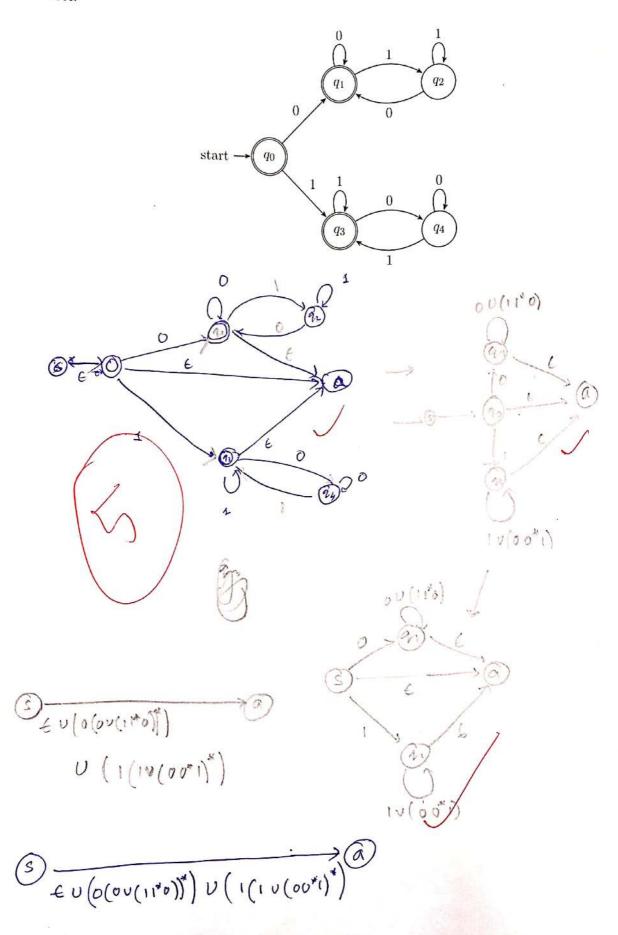
The following rules apply:

- Organize your work, in a reasonably neat and coherent way, in the space provided. Work scattered all over the page without a clear ordering will receive very little credit. Illegible work will not receive credit.
- Mysterious or unsupported answers will not receive credit. A correct answer, unsupported by calculations, explanation, or algebraic work will receive no credit; an incorrect answer supported by substantially correct calculations and explanations might still receive partial credit.
- Do your rough work in the blank pages attached at the end of this booklet. No other space will be provided for the rough work.

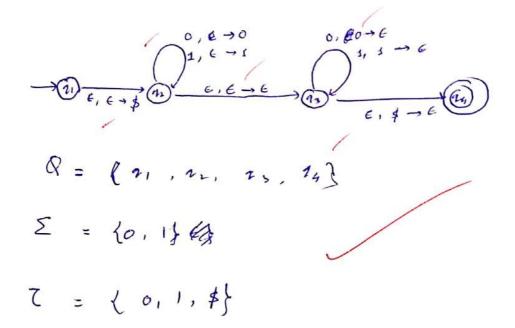
Problem	Points	Score
1	5	5
2	5	5
3	5	5
4	5	5
Total:	20	20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Instructor: Amit Kulshrestha

1. (5 points) Find a regular expression that evaluates to the language recognized by the following DFA.



2. (5 points) Construct a pushdown automaton that recognizes palindromes of even length, i.e. the language  $\{ww^R : w \in \{0,1\}^*\}$ . Here  $w^R$  denotes the reverse of the string w.



$$\begin{cases}
(a_1, \epsilon, \epsilon) \rightarrow \frac{a_1, \epsilon, \epsilon}{\epsilon} & (a_2, \epsilon) \\
(a_2, 0, \epsilon) \rightarrow (a_2, 0)
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
(a_1, \epsilon, \epsilon) \rightarrow (a_2, 0)
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
(a_2, \epsilon, \epsilon) \rightarrow (a_2, \epsilon)
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
(a_2, \epsilon, \epsilon) \rightarrow (a_2, \epsilon)
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
(a_2, \epsilon, \epsilon) \rightarrow (a_3, \epsilon)
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
(a_3, 0, \epsilon) \rightarrow (a_3, \epsilon)
\end{cases}$$

$$(a_4, \epsilon, \epsilon) \rightarrow (a_4, \epsilon)$$

$$\begin{cases}
(a_4, \epsilon, \epsilon) \rightarrow (a_4, \epsilon)
\end{cases}$$

3. (5 points) Consider the language  $A=\{0^n1^n2^n:n\geq 0,n\in\mathbb{N}\}\subseteq\{0,1,2\}^*$ . Determine if A is

Let a do A be a regular language 3/ and p be its purping length

131 ) P let s= 0 1 2 P

: 7 my 2 s.t myiz e A for all i

Car I y has only \$ 1's

Then nyiz \$ \$ no . of s's will be grakes

Care I y has only o's

Then nyiz of A as no. of O's will be greater

con III Them my E & y has only 2's 5

Than also, xyiz & A as no. of 2's will be gleater

Coul IT y has both i's and 2's

Theny myiz & A as order will not be nainted Op Similarly, y commot have both 'z's & o's and

y has all 1's, 2's and 3's

ny't of A as the order will not be maintailhed

.. . vo A is not a regular language.

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4. (5 points) Consider the following grammer.

(Noun-Phrase) → (Noun-Phrase) (Verb-Phrase)

(Noun-Phrase) → (Complex-Noun) | (Complex-Noun) (Preposition-Phrase)

(Preposition-Phrase) → (Complex-Verb) | (Complex-Verb) (Preposition-Phrase)

(Complex-Noun) → (Article) (Noun)

(Complex-Verb) → (Verb) | (Verb) (Noun-Phrase)

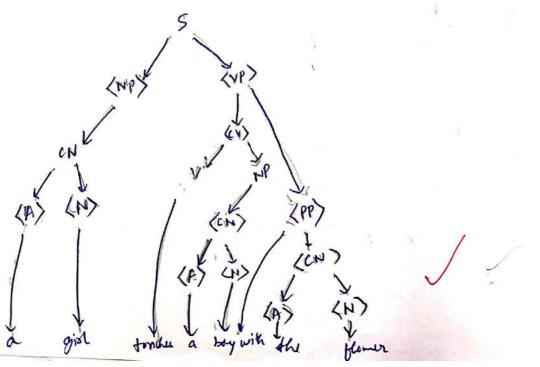
(Article) → a | the

(Noun) → boy | girl | Mohali | flower | spectacles | orange

(Verb) → touches | eats | sees | talks | likes | reads
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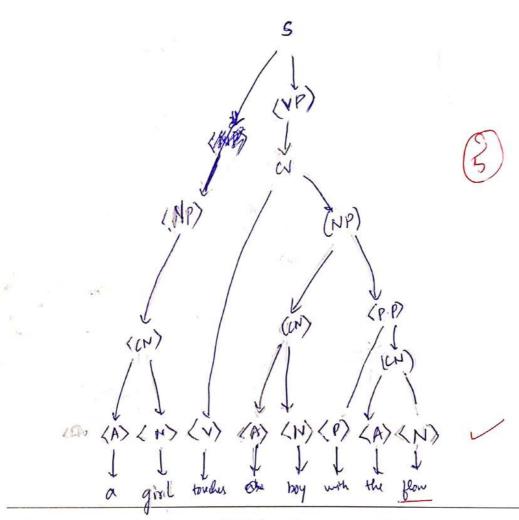
Show that the string w = "a girl touches a boy with the flower" is ambiguous by exhibiting two leftmost derivations of w. Draw parse trees for the two derivations.

=> a girl touches a boy with the flower.



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This is the last printed page of this booklet. Any work done beyond this sheet will be considered rough.