n= no wort (0-1) (a) Pls follow derivation in cless to arrive als x + wo x + Y is = wo no cosot Steady state: x= A cos (wt-8) $A = \frac{\omega_0^2 \eta}{\sqrt{(\omega_0^2 - \omega_2)^2 + (\omega_M)^2}}$ tans = WY - WZ At exact rozoname (W ~ W.) for 9>>1 Amex = Q No Q = N.x = 50x3.14 = 157.0 => Amx = 157 mm. Power dissipated against frictional force $P = \frac{dW}{dt} = -F.v$ (work done against 6v) (a) Instantaneous P(+) = + 622 x= A (05 (wt-8) (p) => je = - Aw Sin (wt-5) Mean pone <P> = 6 < (22) = 6 (Aw)2 < sin2()>

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= = = b (Aw)2

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0-4 +imm all Using voltage drop across R CIT R, L, C -(N)-IR + LdI + = = Vo GSWt V(t) = Vo Cos cot Use I = de 4 Wo = Lc à + w= a + 1 à = 1 cos wt (b) In Steady slate Q = Q 0 Cos (wt - 8) Q0 = (W2-W2)2 + (W1)2 = W/R2+(WL-1/WC)2 Power delivered to the ckt by the voltage same P(t) = V(t), I(t) V(+) = Vo cos wt I(t) = Io Sin (wt -8) Max power is consumed near resonance was wo P(t) = V. I. Cos Wt Sin (wt-8) _ pour factor <P(t)>= + SP(t) dt = Vo Cos o ;

 $\langle P \rangle = I_{rms}^2 R = \frac{1}{2} \frac{V_0^2}{R}$ \Rightarrow All the power will be disripated in the desistor R