

B.M.S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru-560019

Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU

October 2022 Semester End Main Examinations**Programme: B.E.****Branch: Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering****Course Code: 19EI4PCEMF****Course: Electro Magnetic Field Theory****Semester: IV****Duration: 3 hrs.****Max Marks: 100****Date: 19.10.2022**

Instructions: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

UNIT - I

- 1 a) Derive the expression for Electric Field Intensity at a point due to an infinite line of charge lying along z – axis using Gauss law. 08
- b) Evaluate both sides of Gauss-divergence theorem for the field, $\vec{D} = 2xy \hat{a}_x + x^2 \hat{a}_y$ C/m², in the region formed by the planes $x = 0$ and 1, $y = 0$ and 2, $z = 0$ and 3. 08
- c) A uniform line charge of infinite length with charge density 10 nC/m is placed in air along the z-axis. Compute the electric field intensity at the point (1, 2, 3). 04

UNIT - II

- 2 a) Using Laplace equation find the capacitance per unit length of a co-axial cable of inner radius 'a' m and outer radius 'b' m. Assume $V = V_0$ at $r = a$ and $V = 0$ at $r = b$. 08
- b) A region with $z < 0$ has $\epsilon_{r2} = 2$ and region $z > 0$ has $\epsilon_{r1} = 5$. If the flux density in medium 1 is given by $\vec{D}_1 = 2\hat{a}_x + 5\hat{a}_y - 3\hat{a}_z$ nC/m², determine (i) \vec{D}_{N2} (ii) \vec{D}_{tan2} (iii) \vec{D}_2 (iv) angle made by the \vec{D}_2 with the normal. 08
- c) A potential field is given by the expression $V = x^2 - xy^2 + 2z$ V. Compute the Electric field intensity at the point P (1, 2, 3) 04

OR

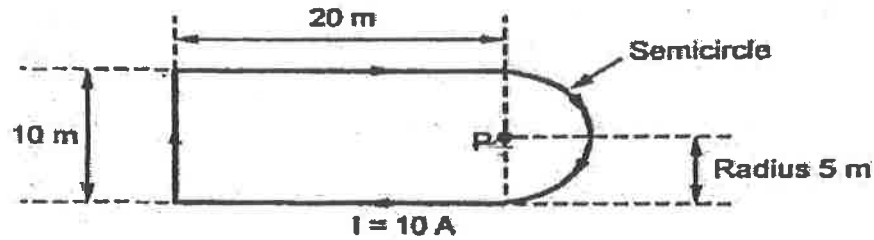
- 3 a) Derive the relation between Electrical boundary conditions at the boundary between conductor and dielectric of infinite extent. 10
- b) A point charge of 6 nC is located at the origin in free space. Calculate the potential at point P located at (0.2, -0.4, 0.4), given $V = 20\text{ V}$ at (-0.5, 1, -1). 05
- c) Determine whether the potential field given by $V = r \cos\phi + z$, satisfies the Laplace equation. 05

UNIT - III

- 4 a) Derive the expression of Magnetic field intensity \vec{H} due to an infinite long line carrying current placed along the z direction using Ampere's circuital law. 10

Important Note: Completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator will be treated as malpractice.

- b) Calculate the Magnetic field intensity at the point P for the circuit shown below. 10



OR

- 5 a) A current filament carries a current of 10A in the az direction. Find the magnetic field intensity at a point P(1,2,3) due to the filament under the following conditions. (i) Filament extends from $z = -\infty$ to ∞ (ii) Filament extends from $z = 0$ to 5m 08
- b) Given $\frac{x+2y}{z^2} a_y + \frac{2}{z} a_z$ A/m. Evaluate current density J and total current passing through surface $z = 4, 1 \leq x \leq 2$ and $3 \leq y \leq 5$, in the a_z direction. 08
- c) Explain vector magnetic potential. 04

UNIT - IV

- 6 a) Derive the Maxwell's equation for time varying fields in point form and integral form. 10
- b) Describe the relation between Field theory and Circuit theory. 05
- c) A conductor of 10 cm length is parallel to z axis and rotating at $r = 30$ cm at 1000 rpm. Find the emf if the radial field is given by $B = 0.8$ T. 05

UNIT - V

- 7 a) Explain the terms electromagnetic interference (EMI) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC). 06
- b) Describe the biological effects of electromagnetic radiations. 07
- c) Describe the ways in which electromagnetic interference can be controlled. 07
