CO-4 Apply the concept of state management for building web application.

PRACTICAL LIST - 4

- **4.1** Write two different PHP script to demonstrate passing variables through a URL.
- **4.2** Write a PHP script to demonstrate creating, deleting, updating, retrieving and passing variable cookie data.
- **4.3** Write a PHP script to authentication with cookies.
- **4.4** Write two different PHP script to demonstrate passing variables with sessions.
- **4.5** Write a PHP script to authentication with sessions.
- **4.6** Write a program to keep track of how many times a visitor has loaded the page.
- **4.7** Write a PHP script to demonstrate Error Handling Using die()
- **4.8** Write a PHP script to demonstrate Use Of Custom Error Handler.
- **4.9** Write a PHP script to demonstrate Use Of Try and Catch Error Handling.

SEM-6 Page |

4.1 Write two different PHP script to demonstrate passing variables through a URL.

Software Required: Notepad, WordPad, Notepad++, Dreamweaver

Pre-requisite: Basic knowledge of editor

Theory/Logic:

- **Passing variable through URL:**
- ☐ When GET method is used to submit forms data to server. Data is appended to the end of the URL as follows:
- □ http://localhost/myscript.php?firstName=Fred & lastName=Bishop & ...
- ☐ Browser adds a query (?) character to the end of the URL, then follows it with each of theform fields as "name=value" pairs, with each pair separated by an ampersand (&).
- ☐ The query string is the part of the URL after the? Character.
- Query string is simply a string of characters stored in a URL, you can manually create a URLcontaining a query string in your PHP script, then include the URL as a link.

Program/Solution:

```
PR4.1(1): -
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Practitcsl-4.1</title>
    <style>
        .center {
            text-align: center;
            font-weight: bold;
            font-size: x-large;
            margin-top: 20px;
        }
    </style>
</head>
<body>
    <form action="PR4_1(2).php" method="GET">
        <div class="center">
            Calculator
            <label>First Number :</label>
            <input type="number" name="fnum" /><br>
            <label>Second Number :</label>
            <input type="number" name="snum" /><br>
        </div>
```

```
<button name="btnsum" style="margin-left: 45%; margin-top: 20px; font-</pre>
weight: bold;">+</button>
        <button name="btnsub" style="font-weight: bold;">-</button>
        <button name="btnmul" style="font-weight: bold;">*</button>
        <button name="btndiv" style="font-weight: bold;">/</button>
        <button name="btnmod" style="font-weight: bold;">%</button>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
 PR4.1(2): -
<?php
    if(isset($ GET['btnsum']))
        $total=$_GET['fnum']+$_GET['snum'];
    else if(isset($_GET['btnsub']))
        $total=$_GET['fnum']-$_GET['snum'];
    else if(isset($_GET['btnmul']))
        $total=$ GET['fnum']*$ GET['snum'];
    else if(isset($_GET['btndiv']))
        $total=$ GET['fnum']/$ GET['snum'];
    else
        $total=$_GET['fnum']%$_GET['snum'];
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Practitcsl-4.1</title>
    <style>
        .center {
            text-align: center;
            font-weight: bold;
            font-size: x-large;
            margin-top: 20px;
    </style>
</head>
<body>
    <form action="PR4 1(2).php" method="GET">
        <div class="center">
            Calculator
            <label>First Number :</label>
            <input type="number" name="fnum" /><br>
            <label>Second Number :</label>
            <input type="number" name="snum" /><br>
            <input type="number" value="<?php echo $total; ?>" disabled /><br>
        </div>
        <button name="btnsum" style="margin-left: 45%; margin-top: 20px; font-</pre>
weight: bold;">+</button>
        <button name="btnsub" style="font-weight: bold;">-</button>
        <button name="btnmul" style="font-weight: bold;">*</button>
        <button name="btndiv" style="font-weight: bold;">/</button>
        <button name="btnmod" style="font-weight: bold;">%</button>
    </form>
```

<	/	b	0	d	У	>
<	/	h	t	m	1	>

Calculator	
First Number : 5 Second Number : 6	
+ - * / %	



Questions:

1.	Define: QueryString.
2.	List out Disadvantages of QueryString.

- **4.2** Write a PHP script to demonstrate creating, deleting, updating, retrieving and passing variable cookie data.
- **4.3** Write a PHP script to authentication with cookies.

Software Required: Notepad, WordPad, Notepad++, Dreamweaver

Pre-requisite: Basic knowledge of editor

```
Theory/Logic:
 Cookies:
 ☐ It is a small piece of information stored either on client's computer's browser
     memory or in afile on hard disk.
 ☐ It is having name and value.
 ☐ It is useful for storing user specific information such as username, age,
     password, last visit ofuser etc.
 ☐ Syntax: -
     Setcookie (Name, value, Expire Time, path, domain, security, HttpOnly)
 Accessing Cookies:
 ☐ Syntax: -
 $_COOKIE ['cookie name']
 Deleting Cookie:
 ☐ To delete a cookie, call setcookie () with the cookie name and any value
     (such as an emptystring), and set an expires argument that is in the past.
 ☐ Syntax: -
 Setcookie ('Cookie Name',"")
        /OR/
 Setcookie ("name","", time ()-60,"/")
 Session Cookie:
 ☐ When user creates a cookie using setcookie () function without specifying any
     Expire Timethan it is treated as session cookie.
 □ Syntax:
     Setcookie ('cookie
 Name', value);
 Program/Solution:
     PR4.2(1): -
<html>
    <head>
        <title>Php Practical</title>
        <stvle>
             .center {
                 text-align: center;
                 margin-top: 15%;
```

```
font-size: large;
                 font-family: Verdana, Geneva, Tahoma, sans-serif;
        </style>
    </head>
    <body>
        <form action="" method="post">
             <div class="center">
                 <label for="opt">Choose any one operation:</label>
                 <select name="opt" id="opt">
                      <option value="create">Create</option>
                      <option value="delete">Delete</option>
                      <option value="update">Update</option>
                      <option value="retrieve">Retrieve</option>
                 </select><br>>
                 <button type="submit" name="btn" style="margin-top: 30px;font-</pre>
size: large;"><b>Submit</b></button>
             </div>
         </form>
    </body>
</html>
<?php
    if(isset($_REQUEST['btn']))
        $val=$ REQUEST['opt'];
        if($val=="create")
        {
             //setcookie(name, value, expire);
             setcookie('name', 'Abhi', time()+60*60*3);
setcookie('age', '18', time()+60*60*3);
             echo "Abhi cookie has been set<br>";
             echo "The cookie has been set for 3 days";
        if($val=="delete")
        {
             if(isset($_COOKIE['name']) and isset($_COOKIE['age']))
             {
                 setcookie('name', 'Abhi', time()-60*60*3);
setcookie('age', '18', time()-60*60*3);
                 if(isset($ COOKIE['name']) and isset($ COOKIE['age']))
                 {
                      echo "Cookies has been deleted";
                 }
                 else
                 {
                      echo "Cookies has been not deleted";
                 }
             }
             else
             {
                 echo "Cookies has been not set yet";
             }
        if($val=="update")
             header("location: update cookie.php");
```

```
if($val=="retrieve")
            header("location: view_cookie.php");
        }
    }
?>
      Update_cookie.php:
<?php
    if(isset($ COOKIE['name']) and isset($ COOKIE['age']))
    {
        $name=$_COOKIE['name'];
        $age=$_COOKIE['age'];
        ?>
        <form action="" method="post">
            Name: <input type="text" name="txtname" placeholder="<?php echo
$name; ?>"><br>
            Age: <input type="text" name="txtage" placeholder="<?php echo
$age; ?>"><br>
            <button type="submit" name="btnsubmit">Submit</button>
        </form>
    <?php
    }
    else
    {
        echo "<script>
            alert('Cookies are not set yet');
            window.location.href='cookies.php';
        </script>";
    }
?>
<?php
    if(isset($ REQUEST['btnsubmit']))
        $name=$_REQUEST['txtname'];
        $age=$_REQUEST['txtage'];
        setcookie('name', $name, time()+60*60*3);
        setcookie('age', $age, time()+60*60*3);
        if(isset($_COOKIE['name']) and isset($_COOKIE['age']))
        {
            echo "<script>
            alert('Cookies has been updated');
            window.location.href='cookies.php';
            </script>";
        }
    }
?>
      View_cookie.php: -
<?php
    if(isset($_COOKIE['name']) and isset($_COOKIE['age']))
        $name = $_COOKIE['name'];
        $age = $_COOKIE['age'];
```

```
echo "Name : $name";
        echo "<br>Age : $age";
    }
    else
    {
        echo "<script>
            alert('No cookie is available');
            window.location.href='cookies.php';
            </script>";
    }
?>
 PR4.3: -
<html>
<head>
    <title>Login</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form action="" method="POST">
            <label>Username :</label>
            <input type="text" name="txtname"><br>
            <label>Password :</label>
            <input type="password" name="txtpassword"><br>
            <button name="btnlogin">Login</putton>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
    if(isset($_REQUEST['btnlogin']))
        $post_username=$_POST['txtname'];
        $post_password=$_POST['txtpassword'];
        if($post_username=="abhinalla" and $post_password=="abhi")
        {
            setcookie('username', $post_username);
            setcookie('password', $post_password);
            header("location: seeookie.php");
        }
        else {
            echo "Error";
        }
    }
?>
 PR4.3(2): -
<?php
    if(isset($ COOKIE['username']) and isset($ COOKIE['password']))
        $name=$_COOKIE['username'];
        $pass=$_COOKIE['password'];?>
        <body>
            <form action="" method="post">
                Welcome, <?php echo $name; ?><br>
                <button type="submit" name="logout">Logout</button>
            </form>
        </body>
        <?php
```

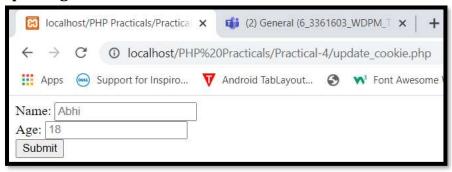
```
if(isset($_REQUEST['logout']))
        setcookie('username', $name, time()-60*60*3);
        setcookie('password', $pass, time()-60*60*3);
        echo "<script>
        alert('Logging Off');
        window.location.href='PR4_3.php';
        </script>";
    }
?>
    <?php
    else
    {
        echo "<script>
        alert('User's cookie has not been set');
        window.location.href='PR4_3.php';
        </script>";
    }
?>
```

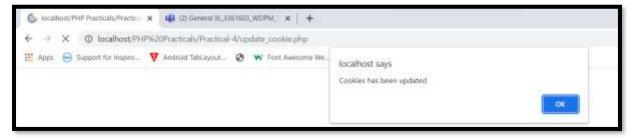
PR4.2

Creating cookie: -

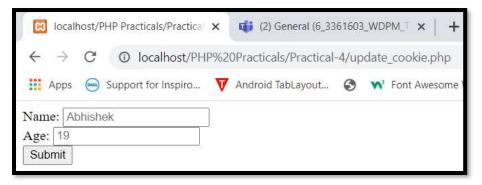


Updating a cookie: -

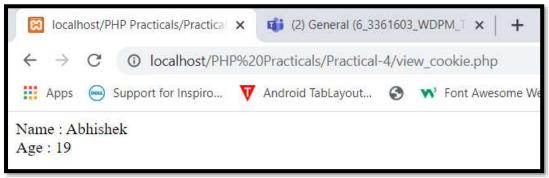




After updating the cookie: -



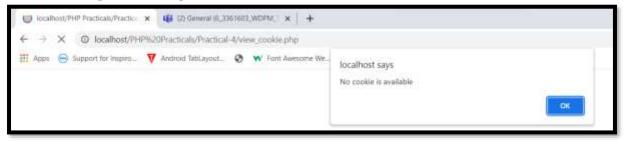
Retrieving the cookie: -



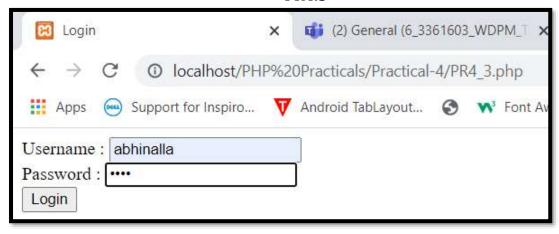
Deleting the cookie: -



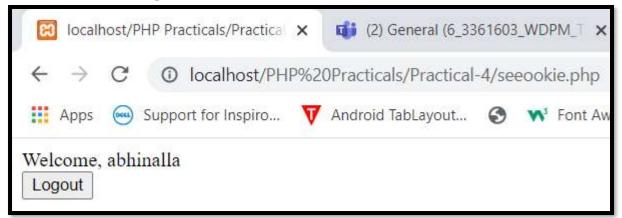
After deleting, retrieving the cookie: -



PR4.3



Authenticating the user: -



Questions:

1.	Write a code for cookie which expires after 3 days.

- **4.4** Write two different PHP script to demonstrate passing variables with sessions.
- **4.5** Write a PHP script to authentication with sessions.
- **4.6** Write a program to keep track of how many times a visitor has loaded the page.

Software Required: Notepad, WordPad, Notepad++, Dreamweaver

Pre-requisite: Basic knowledge of editor

Theory/Logic:

- **❖** Session:
- ☐ It is a temporary data that is created and stored at server side to uniquely identify each useron website.
- A session is a way to store information (in variables) to be used across multiple pages.
- ☐ PHP first creates a unique identifier for that particular session which is a random string of 32hexadecimal numbers such as 3c7foj34c3jj973hjkop2fc937e3443.
- ☐ To start a PHP session in your script simply calls session_ start ().
- ☐ Session variables are set with the PHP global variable: **\$_SESSION.**
- **❖** Accessing Session: -
- ☐ Syntax: -

\$_SESSION ['Variable name'] =value.

- Destroy Session:
- ☐ There are three methods to destroy session.
- □ session_unset()
- □ session_destroy()
- □ unset(\$_SESSION['Session Name']);

Program/Solution:

```
PR4.4
<?php
    session_start();
?>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>Practical-4</title>
        <style>
             .center{
                text-align: center;
                font-size: large;
                font-family: Verdana, Geneva, Tahoma, sans-serif;
                margin-top: 15%;
            }
        </style>
    </head>
    <body>
        <div class="center">
```

```
<form action="" method="POST">
            Name of Game: <input type="text" name="txtname" /><br>
            <button name="btn" type="submit" style="margin-top:</pre>
30px;"><b>Submit</b></button>
        </form>
        </div>
    </body>
</html>
<?php
    if(isset($_REQUEST['btn']))
    {
        $name=$_REQUEST['txtname'];
        $_SESSION['game_name']=$name;
        header("location: PR4_4(2).php");
    }
?>
PR4.4(2): -
<?php
    session_start();
    if(isset($_SESSION['game_name']))
        echo "Session Name : ".$_SESSION['game_name'];
    }
    else
        session_destroy();
        header("location: PR4_4.php");
?>
PR4.5: -
<?php
    session_start();
?>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Login</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form action="" method="POST">
            <label>Username :</label>
            <input type="text" name="txtname"><br>
            <label>Password :</label>
            <input type="password" name="txtpassword"><br>
            <button name="btnlogin">Login</button>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
    if(isset($_REQUEST['btnlogin']))
        $name=$_REQUEST['txtname'];
        $pass=$ REQUEST['txtpassword'];
        if($name=="abhinalla" and $pass=="abhi")
            $ SESSION['username']=$name;
            header("location: PR4_5(2).php");
```

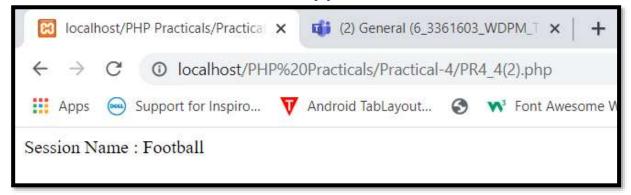
```
}
        else
        {
            echo '<script>alert("Enter Credentails are not right.<br>Reenter
the details.")</script>';
    }
?>
PR4.5(2): -
<?php
    session_start();
    if(isset($_SESSION['username']))
?>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Practical-5</title>
</head>
<body>
    <form action="" method="post">
        <?php
            echo "Welcome ". $_SESSION['username']."<br>Thanks for visiting
the website.";
        ?>
        <br><button type="submit" name="logout">Logout</button>
    </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
else
{
    session_destroy();
    header("location: PR4_5.php");
}
?>
<?php
    if(isset($_REQUEST['logout']))
        session_destroy();
        header("location: PR4_5.php");
    }
?>
PR4.6: -
<?php
session_start();
if(isset($_SESSION['views']))
    $_SESSION['views'] = $_SESSION['views']+1;
else
    $_SESSION['views']=1;
echo"Views = ".$_SESSION['views'];
?>
<body>
```

```
<br>For resetting the Views, <a href="reset_views.php">Click Here</a>
  </body>
Reset_views: -
<?php
  session_start();
  $views = $_SESSION['views'];
  unset($_SESSION['views']);
  session_destroy();
   echo "Views has been resetted";
   <br>For Viewing the visits, <a href="PR4_6.php">Click Here</a>
```

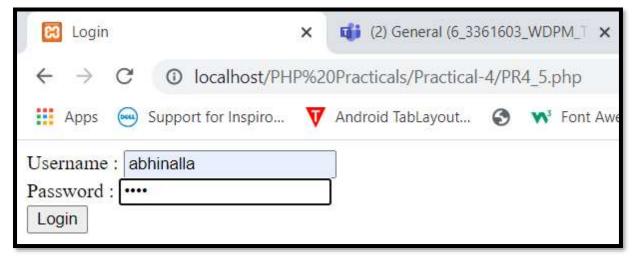
PR4.4



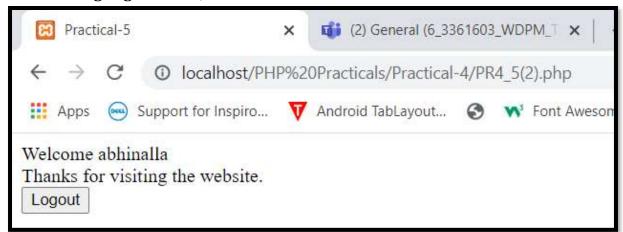
PR4.4(2)



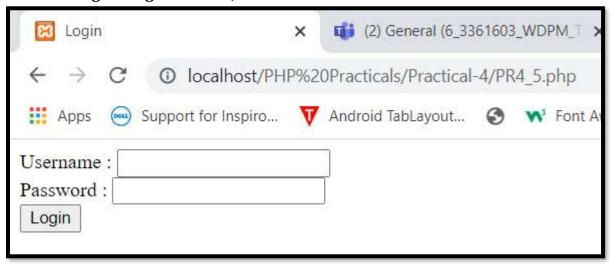
PR4.5



After clicking Login button,



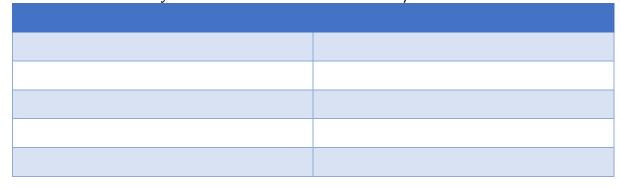
After clicking the logout button,



Ouestions:

1.	How to create current Session ID?

2. Write any two differences between Cookie V/S Session.



<?php

{

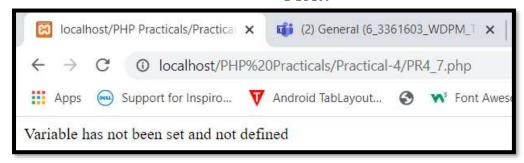
if(!isset(\$a))

- **4.7** Write a PHP script to demonstrate Error Handling Using die()
- **4.8** Write a PHP script to demonstrate Use of Custom Error Handler.
- **4.9** Write a PHP script to demonstrate Use of Try and Catch Error Handling.

Software Required: Notepad, WordPad, Notepad++, Dreamweaver Pre-requisite: Basic knowledge of editor Theory/Logic: **Error Handling in PHP:** ☐ When Error generated in script, in built Error handling mechanism of PHP stops execution ofscript and display error message. ☐ There are three methods of Error Handling in PHP. Using die() function:-☐ It will display error message that user can easily understand and it will stops the execution ofscript. ☐ The die () function prints a message and exits the current script. ☐ This function is an alias of the exit () function. **Using Custom Error Handler:** ☐ We simply create a special function that can be called when an error occurs in PHP. ☐ Syntax: -Function Custom_Function_Name (Type, Message, Filename, Line Number, Context) ☐ Type=It Indicates Type of error. ☐ Message=It Indicates Detailed Error Message. ☐ Filename=It Indicates Name of file in which Error Generated. ☐ Line Number=It Indicates Number of line in file which error generated. ☐ Context=It Indicates Array which contains all variables with its value. **Using Exception Handling:** ☐ PHP provides exception handling mechanism without terminating the execution withfollowing three keywords. □ 1)Try 2) catch 3) Throw. ☐ Syntax: -**Try** {//code to be executed Throw new Exception ("Error Message"); Catch (ExceptionType1 \$ob1) {// Exception Handling code for Exception Type 1 **Program/Solution:** PR4.7: -

```
die("Variable has not been set and not defined");
    }
    else
    {
        $c=$a;
        echo $c;
    }
?>
      PR4.8: -
<?php
    function MyCustom($Type, $Message, $FileName, $LineNumber)
        echo "Error Type : ". $Type."<br/>";
        echo "Error Message : ". $Message."<br/>";
        echo "File Name : ". $FileName."<br/>';
        echo "Line Number : ". $LineNumber."<br/>";
    set_error_handler("MyCustom");
    $n1=40;
    $n2=0;
    echo "Division : ".$n1/$n2."<br>";
    echo "Number 1 : ".$n1."<br>";
    echo "Number 2 : ".$n2."<br>";
?>
      PR4.9: -
<?php
try {
    $n1=40;
    $n2=0;
    if($n2==0)
        throw new Exception("Divide By Zero Exception");
    }
    else
    {
        echo $n1/$n2;
}
catch(Exception $e)
    echo $e->getMessage();
}
?>
```

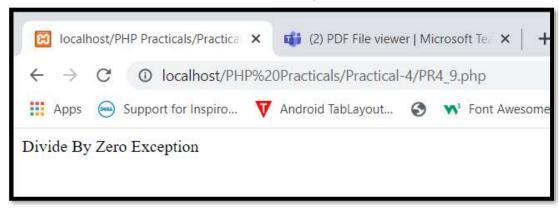
PR4.7



PR4.8



PR4.9



Questions:

1. Differentiate die Vs Custom Error Handler

