

## LIST OF PROGRAMS

### 1. Write a program to identify octal or hexadecimal using Lex

```
% { /*program to identify octal and hexadecimal numbers*/ % }
```

```
Oct [o][0-7]+
```

```
Hex [o][x|X][0-9 | A-F]+
```

```
% %
```

```
{Hex} printf("this is a hexadecimal number");
```

```
{Oct} printf("this is an octal number");
```

```
% %
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
yylex();
```

```
}
```

```
int yywrap()
```

```
{
```

```
return 1;
```

```
}
```

### Expected Output:

```
./a.out
```

```
o5 this is an octal number
```

```
ox23 this is a hexadecimal number
```

## 2. Write a program to capitalize the comment using Lex

```
% {
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int k;
void display(char *);
% }
letter [a-z]
com [//]
%%
{ com } { k=1; }
{ letter } { if(k==1) display(yytext); }
%%
main()
{
yylex();
}
void display(char *s)
{
int i;
for(i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++)
printf("%c", toupper(s[i])); }
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}
```

### **Expected Output:**

```
lex caplex.l
cc lex.yy.c
./a.out
//hello world
HELLO WORLD
```

### 3. Write a program to find complete real precision using Lex

```
% { /*Program to find complete real precision using LEX*/ % }
```

```
integer ([0-9]+)
```

```
float ([0-9]+\.[0-9]+)|([+|-]?[0-9]+\.[0-9]*[e|E][+|-][0-9]*)
```

```
% %
```

```
{integer} printf("\n %s is an integer\n",yytext);
```

```
{float} printf("\n %s is a floating number\n",yytext);
```

```
% %
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
yylex();
```

```
}
```

```
int yywrap()
```

```
{
```

```
return 1;
```

```
}
```

#### **Expected Output:**

```
lex real.l
```

```
gcc lex.yy.c
```

```
./a.out 1234
```

```
1234 is an integer
```

#### 4. Write a program to classify tokens as words

```
% {  
int tokenCount =0;  
% }  
%%  
[a-z | A-Z]+ {printf(“%d WORD\”%s\”\n”,++tokenCount,yytext); }  
[0-9]+ {printf(“%dNUMBER\”%s\”\n”,++tokenCount,yytext); }  
[^a-z|A-Z|0-9]+ {printf(“%dOTHER\”%s\”\n”, ++tokenCount,yytext); }  
%%  
main()  
{  
yylex( );  
}  
int yywrap()  
{  
return 1;  
}
```

#### **Expected Output:**

Input: Hello! World ...this is 21 st century

OUTPUT:

- 1.WORD Hello
- 2.OTHER !
- 3.WORD World
- 4.OTHER ...
- 5.WORD this
- 6.WORD is
- 7.NUMBER 21
- 8.WORD st century

## 5. Write a Lex program to implement standalone scanner

```
% {
int COMMENT=0;
% }
id [a-z][a-z|0-9]*
%%
#.*      {printf("\n%s is a PREPROCESSOR DIRECTIVE",yytext);}
int|double|char      {printf("\n\t%s is a KEYWORD",yytext);}
if|then|endif {printf("\n\t%s is a KEYWORD",yytext);}
else      {printf("\n\t%s is a KEYWORD",yytext);}
"/*"      {COMMENT=1;}
"*/"      {COMMENT=0;}
{id}\(      {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\nFUNCTION\n\n\t%s",yytext);}
{id}\(\\[[0-9]*\\)? {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n\tidentifier\t%s",yytext);}
\\{      {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n BLOCK BEGINS");ECHO; }
\\}      {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n BLOCK ends");ECHO; }
\\".*\"      {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t %s is a STRING",yytext);}
\\[+|-]?[0-9]+ {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t%s is a NUMBER",yytext);}
\\( {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t");ECHO;printf("\t delim openparanthesis\n");}
\\) {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t");ECHO;printf("\t delim closed paranthesis");}
\\; {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t");ECHO;printf("\t delim semicolon");}
\\=      {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t%s is an ASSIGNMENT
OPERATOR",yytext);}
\\<|\\>      {printf("\n\t %s is relational operator",yytext);}
\\+|\\-|\\*|\\/      {printf("\n %s is an operator\n",yytext);}
\\n\" ;
%%
main(int argc ,char **argv)
{
if (argc > 1)
yyin = fopen(argv[1],"r");
else yyin = stdin;
yylex ();
printf ("\n");
}
int yywrap()
{
return 0;
}
```

### Expected Output:

1. Save the file with .l extension\
2. Create a text file for  
eg: input.txt and write #include , int  
lex lexscanner.l

```
cc lex.yy.c
./a.out input.txt
#include is a PREPROCESSOR DIRECTIVE
int is a KEYWORD
```

## 6. Write a C/C++ program to remove left recursion

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define SIZE 10
int main () {
char non_terminal;
char beta,alpha;
int num;
char production[10][SIZE];
int index=3; /* starting of the string following "->" */
printf("Enter Number of Production : ");
scanf("%d",&num);
printf("Enter the grammar as E->E-A :\n");
for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
scanf("%s",production[i]);
}
for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
printf("\nGRAMMAR : : : %s",production[i]);
non_terminal=production[i][0];
if(non_terminal==production[i][index]) {
alpha=production[i][index+1];
printf(" is left recursive.\n");
while(production[i][index]!=0 && production[i][index]!='|')
index++;
if(production[i][index]!=0) {
beta=production[i][index+1];
printf("Grammar without left recursion:\n");
printf("%c->%c%c\"",non_terminal,beta,non_terminal);
printf("\n%c\`->%c%c\`|E\n",non_terminal,alpha,non_terminal);
}
}
else
printf(" can't be reduced\n");
}
else
printf(" is not left recursive.\n");
index=3;
}
}
```

### Expected Output:

```
./a.out
Enter the number of production : 4
Enter the grammar as E -> E-A:
E -> EA | A
A-> AT | a
```

$T \rightarrow a$

$E \rightarrow l$

GRAMMAR :::  $E \rightarrow EA$  is left recursive

Grammar without left recursion :

$E \rightarrow AE'$

$E' \rightarrow AE' \mid e$

GRAMMAR :::  $A \rightarrow AT$  is left recursive

Grammar without left recursion :

$A \rightarrow aA'$

$E' \rightarrow TA' \mid e$

GRAMMAR :::  $T \rightarrow a$  is not left recursive

GRAMMAR :::  $E \rightarrow l$  is not left recursive



### 7. Write a C/C++ program to eliminate left factoring

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
{
    char
    gram[20],part1[20],part2[20],modifiedGram[20],newGram[20],tempGram[20];
    int i,j=0,k=0,l=0,pos;
    printf("Enter Production : A->");
    gets(gram);
    for(i=0;gram[i]!='|';i++,j++)
    part1[j]=gram[i];
    part1[j]='\0';
    for(j=++i,i=0;gram[j]!='\0';j++,i++)
    part2[i]=gram[j];
    part2[i]='\0';
    for(i=0;i<strlen(part1)||i<strlen(part2);i++)
    {
        if(part1[i]==part2[i])
        {
            modifiedGram[k]=part1[i];
            k++;
            pos=i+1;
        }
    }
    for(i=pos,j=0;part1[i]!='\0';i++,j++){
        newGram[j]=part1[i];
    }
    newGram[j++]='|';
    for(i=pos;part2[i]!='\0';i++,j++){
        newGram[j]=part2[i];
    }
    modifiedGram[k]='X';
    modifiedGram[++k]='\0';
    newGram[j]='\0';
    printf("\n A->%s",modifiedGram);
    printf("\n X->%s\n",newGram);
}
```

#### Expected Output:

./a.out

Enter production

A -> aE + bCD / aE + eIT

A -> aE + X

X -> bCD /eIT



### 8. Write a program to implement recursive descent parser

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void E(),E1(),T(),T1(),F();
int ip=0;
static char s[10];
int main()
{
    char k;
    int l;
    ip=0;
    printf("enter the input");
    scanf("%s",s);
    printf("the string is :%s",s);
    E();
    if(s[ip]=='$')
        printf("\n string is accepted the length of string is %d",strlen(s)-1);
    else
        printf("\n string not accepted\n");
    return 0;
}
void E()
{
    T();
    E1();
    return;
}
void E1()
{
    if(s[ip]=='+')
    {
        ip++;
        T();
        E1();
    }
    return;
}
void T()
{
    F();
    T1();
    return;
}
void T1()
```

```

{
if(s[ip]=='*')
{
ip++;
F();
T1();
}
return;
}
void F()
{
if(s[ip]=='(')
{
ip++;
E();
if(s[ip]==')')
ip++;
}
else
if(s[ip]=='i')
ip++;
else
printf("\n id expected");
return;
}

```

### **Expected Output:**

cc recurparser.c

./a.out

enter the input

(i+i)\*(i\*i)\$

the string is :(i+i)\*(i\*i)\$

string is accepted the length of string is 11

### 9. Write a program for construction of predictive parsing table

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
char prol[7][10]={"S","A","A","B","B","C","C"};
char pror[7][10]={"A","Bb","Cd","aB","@","Cc","@"};
char prod[7][10]={"S->A","A->Bb","A->Cd","B->aB","B->@","C->Cc","C->@"}; char
first[7][10]={"abcd","ab","cd","a@","@","c@","@"}; char
follow[7][10]={"$","$","$","a$","b$","c$","d$"};
char table[5][6][10];
int numr(char c)
{
switch(c)
{
case 'S': return 0;
case 'A': return 1;
case 'B': return 2;
case 'C': return 3;
case 'a': return 0;
case 'b': return 1;
case 'c': return 2;
case 'd': return 3;
case '$': return 4;
}
return(2);
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
int i,j,k;
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
for(j=0;j<6;j++)
strcpy(table[i][j]," ");
printf("\nThe following is the predictive parsing table for the following
grammar:\n");
for(i=0;i<7;i++)
printf("%s\n",prod[i]);
printf("\nPredictive parsing table is\n");
fflush(stdin);
for(i=0;i<7;i++)
{
k=strlen(first[i]);
for(j=0;j<10;j++)
```

```

if(first[i][j]!='@')
strcpy(table[numr(prol[i][0])+1][numr(first[i][j])+1],prod[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<7;i++)
{
if(strlen(pror[i])==1)
{
if(pror[i][0]=='@')
{
k=strlen(follow[i]);
for(j=0;j<k;j++)
strcpy(table[numr(prol[i][0])+1][numr(follow[i][j])+1],prod[i]);
}
}
}
strcpy(table[0][0]," ");
strcpy(table[0][1],"a");
strcpy(table[0][2],"b");
strcpy(table[0][3],"c");
strcpy(table[0][4],"d");
strcpy(table[0][5],"$");
strcpy(table[1][0],"S");
strcpy(table[2][0],"A");
strcpy(table[3][0],"B");
strcpy(table[4][0],"C");
printf("\n-----\n");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
for(j=0;j<6;j++)
{
printf("%-10s",table[i][j]);
if(j==5)
printf("\n-----\n");
}
system("PAUSE"); // statement in Bloodshed dev c++ IDE requirement
}

```

### Expected Output:

The following is the predictive parsing table for the following grammar:

```

S->A
A->Bb
A->Cd
B->aB
B->e
C->Cc
C->e

```

Predictive parsing table is

	a	b	c	d	\$
S	S->A	S-A	S-A	S->A	
A	A->Bb	A->Bb	A->Cd	A->Cd	
B	B->aB	B->e	B->e		B->e
C			C->e	C->e	C->e

Press any key to continue ... -

## 10. Write a C/C++ program for LR parser table generation

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
char stack[30];
int top=-1;
void push(char c)
{
    top++;
    stack[top]=c;
}
char pop()
{
    char c;
    if(top!=-1)
    {
        c=stack[top];
        top--;
        return c;
    }
    return 'x';
}
void printstat()
{
    int i;
    printf("\n\t\t\t $");
    for(i=0;i<=top;i++)
        printf("%c",stack[i]);
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int i,j,k,l;
    char s1[20],s2[20],ch1,ch2,ch3;
    printf("\n\n\t\t LR PARSING");
    printf("\n\t\t ENTER THE EXPRESSION");
    scanf("%s",s1);
    l=strlen(s1);
    j=0;
    printf("\n\t\t $");
    for(i=0;i<l;i++)
    {
        if(s1[i]=='i' && s1[i+1]=='d')
        {
            s1[i]=' ';

```



```

s1[i+1]='E';
printstat(); printf("id");
push('E');
printstat();
}
else if(s1[i]=='+'||s1[i]=='-'||s1[i]=='*' ||s1[i]=='/' ||s1[i]=='d')
{
push(s1[i]);
printstat();
}
}
printstat();
l=strlen(s2);
while(l)
{
ch1=pop();
if(ch1=='x')
{
printf("\n\t\t\t $");
break;
}
if(ch1=='+'||ch1=='/'||ch1=='*'||ch1=='-')
{
ch3=pop();
if(ch3!='E')
{
printf("error");
exit(0);
}
else
{
push('E');
printstat();
}
}
ch2=ch1;
}
system("PAUSE");
}

```

### **Expected Output:**

LR PARSING

ENTER THE EXPRESSION id+id\*id-id

\$ \$id

\$E

\$E+

$\$E+id$

$\$E+E$

$\$E+E^*$

$\$E+E^*id$

$\$E+E^*E$

$\$E+E^*E-$

$\$E+E^*E-id$

$\$E+E^*E-E$

$\$E+E^*E$

$\$E+E \$E$

Press any key to continue ....

## 11. Write a program to implement parser using YACC

### FILE 1: parser.l

```
% {
#include "y.tab.h"
extern int yylval;
% }
%%
[0-9]+ {yylval=atoi(yytext); return NUM;}
[\t]
\n return 0;
return yytext[0];
%%
int yywrap()
{
return 0;
}
```

### FILE 2 :parser.y

```
%token NUM
%%
cmd :E {printf("%d\n",$1);}
;
E :E '+' T {$$=$1+$3;}
|T {$$=$1;}
;
T :T '*' F {$$=$1*$3;}
|F {$$=$1;}
;
F : '(' E ')' {$$=$2;}
|NUM {$$=$1;}
;
%%
int main()
{
yyparse();
}
yyerror(char *s)
{
printf("%s",s);
}
```

### Expected Output:

```
lex parser.l
yacc -d parser.y
gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -ll -ly
./a.out
```

$$\frac{2+3}{5}$$

## 12. Write a program to implement a calculator using YACC

### FILE 1 : cal.l

```
% {
#include<stdio.h>
#include "y.tab.h"
% }
%%
[0-9]+ { yylval.dval=atoi(yytext); return DIGIT;}
\n|. return yytext[0];
%%
```

### FILE 2 :Cal.y

```
% {
/* */
% }
%union
{
int dval;
}
%token <dval> DIGIT
%type <dval> expr
%type <dval> expr1
%%
line : expr '\n' {printf("%d\n", $1);}
;
expr : expr '+' expr1 { $$ = $1 + $3; }
| expr '-' expr1 { $$ = $1 - $3; }
| expr '*' expr1 { $$ = $1 * $3; }
| expr '/' expr1 { $$ = $1 / $3; }
| expr1
;
expr1 : '(' expr ')' { $$ = $2; }
| DIGIT
;
%%
int main()
{
yyparse();
}
yyerror(char *s)
{
printf("%s", s);
}
}
```

### Expected Output:

```
$ lex cal.l
```

```
$ yacc -d cal.y
$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -ll
$ ./a.out
1+2
3
```

### 13. Write a C/C++ program for intermediate code generation

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int i=1,j=0,no=0,tmpch=90;
char str[100],left[15],right[15];
void findopr();
void explore();
void fleft(int);
void fright(int);
struct exp
{
int pos;
char op;
}k[15];
int main()
{
printf("\t\tINTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION\n\n");
printf("Enter the Expression :");
scanf("%s",str);
printf("The intermediate code:\n");
findopr();
explore();
}
void findopr()
{
for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
if(str[i]==':')
{
k[j].pos=i;
k[j++].op=':';
}
for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
if(str[i]=='/')
{
k[j].pos=i;
k[j++].op='/';
}
for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
if(str[i]=='*')
{
k[j].pos=i;
k[j++].op='*';
}
}
```

```

for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
if(str[i]=='+')
{
k[j].pos=i;
k[j++].op='+';
}
for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
if(str[i]=='-')
{
k[j].pos=i;
k[j++].op='-';
}
return ;
}
void explore()
{
i=1;
while(k[i].op!='\0')
{
fleft(k[i].pos);
fright(k[i].pos);
str[k[i].pos]=tmpch--;
printf("\t%c := %s%c%s\t\t",str[k[i].pos],left,k[i].op,right);
printf("\n");
i++;
}
fright(-1);
if(no==0)
{
fleft(strlen(str));
printf("\t%s := %s",right,left);
getch();
exit(0);
}
printf("\t%s := %c",right,str[k[--i].pos]);
getch();
}
void fleft(int x)
{
int w=0,flag=0;
x--;
while(x!= -1 &&str[x]!='+'
&&str[x]!='*'&&str[x]!='='&&str[x]!='\0'&&str[x]!='-'
&&str[x]!='/'&&str[x]!=':')
{

```



```

if(str[x]!='$' && flag==0)
{
left[w++]=str[x];
left[w]='\0';
str[x]='$';
flag=1;
}
x--;
}
}
void fright(int x)
{
int w=0,flag=0;
x++;
while(x!= -1 && str[x]!='+' && str[x]!='*' && str[x]!='\0' && str[x]!='=' && str[x]!=':' && str[x]!='-' && str[x]!='/')
{
if(str[x]!='$' && flag==0)
{
right[w++]=str[x];
right[w]='\0';
str[x]='$';
flag=1;
}
x++;
}
}

```

### Expected Output:

#### INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION

Enter the Expression :w:= a\*b+c/d-e/f+g\*h

The intermediate code: Z := c/d

Y := e/f

X := a\*b

W := g\*h

V := X+Z

U := Y+W

T := V-U

w := T

#### 14. Write a C/C++ program for target code generation

```
#include<stdio.h>
char stk[100],stktop=-1,cnt=0;
void push(char pchar)
{
stk[++stktop]=pchar;
}
char pop()
{
return stk[stktop--];
}
char checkoperation(char char1)
{
char oper;
if(char1=='+')
oper='A';
else if(char1=='-')
oper='S';
else if(char1=='*')
oper='M';
else if(char1=='/')
oper='D';
else if(char1=='@')
oper='N';
return oper;
}
int checknstore(char check)
{
int ret;
if(check!='+' && check!='-' && check!='*' && check!='/' &&
check!='@')
{
push(++cnt);
if(stktop>0)
printf("ST $%d\n",cnt);
ret=1;
}
else
ret=0;
return ret;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
char msg[100],op1,op2,operation;
```

```

int i,val;
while(scanf("%s",msg)!=EOF)
{
cnt=0;
stktop=-1;
for(i=0;msg[i]!='\0';i++)
{
if((msg[i]>='A' && msg[i]<='Z')||(msg[i]>='a' && msg[i]<='z'))
push(msg[i]);
else
{
op1=pop();
op2=pop();
printf("L %c\n",op2);
operation=checkoperation(msg[i]);
printf("%c %c\n",operation,op1);
val=checknstore(msg[i+1]);
while(val==0)
{
op1=pop();
cnt--;
operation=checkoperation(msg[++i]);
if(operation=='S'&&stktop>=-1)
{
printf("N\n");
operation='A';
}
printf("%c %c\n",operation,op1);
val=checknstore(msg[i+1]);
}
}
}
}
system("PAUSE");
}

```

Expected Output:

Ab+

L a

A b

### 15. Write a C/C++ program for code optimization

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
struct op
{

```

```

char l;
char r[20];
}
op[10],pr[10];
void main()
{
int a,i,k,j,n,z=0,m,q;
char *p,*l;
char temp,t;
char *tem;
clrscr();
printf("Enter the Number of Values:");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
printf("left: ");
op[i].l=getche();
printf("\tright: ");
scanf("%s",op[i].r);
}
printf("Intermediate Code\n") ;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
printf("%c=",op[i].l);
printf("%s\n",op[i].r);
}
for(i=0;i<n-1;i++)
{
temp=op[i].l;
for(j=0;j<n;j++)
{
p=strchr(op[j].r,temp);
if(p)
{
pr[z].l=op[i].l;
strcpy(pr[z].r,op[i].r);
z++;
}
}
}
pr[z].l=op[n-1].l;
strcpy(pr[z].r,op[n-1].r);
z++;
printf("\nAfter Dead Code Elimination\n");
for(k=0;k<z;k++)

```

```

{
printf("%c\t=",pr[k].l);
printf("%s\n",pr[k].r);
}
for(m=0;m<z;m++)
{
tem=pr[m].r;
for(j=m+1;j<z;j++)
{
p=strstr(tem,pr[j].r);
if(p)
{
t=pr[j].l;
pr[j].l=pr[m].l;
}
}
}
printf("Eliminate Common Expression\n");
for(i=0;i<z;i++)
{
printf("%c\t=",pr[i].l);
printf("%s\n",pr[i].r);
}
for(i=0;i<z;i++)
{
for(j=i+1;j<z;j++)
{
q=strcmp(pr[i].r,pr[j].r);
if((pr[i].l==pr[j].l)&&!q)
{
pr[i].l='\0';
strcpy(pr[i].r,'\0');
}
}
}
printf("Optimized Code\n");
for(i=0;i<z;i++)
{
if(pr[i].l!='\0')
{
printf("%c=",pr[i].l);
printf("%s\n",pr[i].r);
}
}
getch();

```

}

### **Expected Output**

Enter the Number of Values: 4

Left: a right: 9

Left: b right: c+d

Left: e right: c+d

Left: r right: f

Intermediate Code

a=9

b=c+d

e=c+d

r=:f

After Dead Code Elimination

r =:f

Eliminate Common Expression

r =:f

Optimized Code

r=:f

**16. Write a C/C++ program for finding the FIRST for given grammar**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int main()
{
    int i,j,k,n;
    char str[10][10],f;
    printf("enter no of productions");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("enter grammar");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%s",&str[i]);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        f = str[i][0];
        int temp = i;
        if(isupper(str[i][3]))
        {
            repeat;
            for(k=0;k<n;k++)
            {
                if(str[k][0] == str[i][3])
                {
                    if (isupper(str[k][0]))
                    {
                        i=k;
                        goto repeat;
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        printf("\nFirst(%c) = %c ",f,str[k][3]);
                    }
                }
            }
        }
        else
        {
            printf("\nFirst(%c) =%c",f,str[k][3]);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

**Expected Output:**

cc first.c

./a.out

Enter the number of productions

3

Enter grammar

$S \rightarrow AB$

$A \rightarrow a$

$B \rightarrow b$

$\text{First}(S)=a$

$\text{First}(A)=a$

$\text{First}(B)=b$



**17. Write a C/C++ program for finding the FOLLOW for given grammar**

```
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
int np,i,j,k;
char prods[10][10],follow[10][10],Imad[10][10];
printf("enter no. of productions\n");
scanf("%d",&np);
printf("enter grammar\n");
for(i=0;i<np;i++)
{
scanf("%s",&prods[i]);
}
for(i=0; i<np; i++)
{
if(i==0)
{
printf("Follow(%c) = $\n",prods[0][0]);
}
for(j=3;prods[i][j]!='\0';j++)
{
int temp2=j;
if(prods[i][j] >= 'A' && prods[i][j] <= 'Z')
{
if((strlen(prods[i])-1)==j)
{
printf("Follow(%c)=Follow(%c)\n",prods[i][j],prods[i][0]);
}
int temp=i;
char f=prods[i][j];
if(!isupper(prods[i][j+1])&&(prods[i][j+1]!='\0'))
printf("Follow(%c)=%c\n",f,prods[i][j+1]);
if(isupper(prods[i][j+1]))
{
repeat:
for(k=0;k<np;k++)
{
if(prods[k][0]==prods[i][j+1])
{
if(!isupper(prods[k][3])) {
printf("Follow(%c)=%c\n",f,prods[k][3]);
}
```

```
else
{
i=k;
j=2;
goto repeat;
} } } }
i=temp;
}
j=temp2;
} } }
```

**Expected Output:**

```
./a.out
enter no. of productions
3
enter grammar
S->AB
A->a
B->b
Follow(S) = $
Follow(A)=b
Follow(B)=Follow(S)
```