



D Y PATIL UNIVERSITY
RAMRAO ADIK INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
NAVI MUMBAI

Examination: SE Semester- I_ Internal Assessment – II EVEN SEMESTER
(PROBLEM SOLVING METHOD)

Course Code: CSC406

Duration: 1 hr.

Date: 20/04/2022

Course Name: Operations Research

Max. Marks: 20

Instructions for the Students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks .

Q 1	Solve any Two	5 marks each	BT	CO																							
i.	<p>The utility data for a network are given below. Determine the total, free, independent and interfering floats and identify the critical path.</p> <table><tr><td>Activity</td><td>:</td><td>0-1</td><td>1-2</td><td>1-3</td><td>2-4</td><td>2-5</td><td>3-4</td><td>3-6</td><td>4-7</td><td>5-7</td><td>6-7</td></tr><tr><td>Duration</td><td>:</td><td>2</td><td>8</td><td>10</td><td>6</td><td>3</td><td>3</td><td>7</td><td>5</td><td>2</td><td>8</td></tr></table>	Activity	:	0-1	1-2	1-3	2-4	2-5	3-4	3-6	4-7	5-7	6-7	Duration	:	2	8	10	6	3	3	7	5	2	8	BT 4	CO 4
Activity	:	0-1	1-2	1-3	2-4	2-5	3-4	3-6	4-7	5-7	6-7																
Duration	:	2	8	10	6	3	3	7	5	2	8																
ii.	<p>A stockist has to supply 12,000 units of a product per year to his customer. The demand is fixed and known and the shortage cost is assumed to be infinite. The inventory holding cost is ₹ 0.20 per unit per month and the ordering cost per order is ₹ 350. Determine</p> <p>(i) The optimum lot size q_0</p> <p>(ii) optimum scheduling period t_0</p> <p>(iii) minimum total variable yearly cost.</p>	BT 4	CO 5																								
iii.	<p>The demand for a commodity is 100 units per day. Every time an order is placed, a fixed cost of ₹ 400 is incurred. Holding cost is ₹ 0.08 per unit per day. If the lead time is 13 days, determine the economic lot size and the reorder point.</p>	BT 5	CO 5																								

Q	Solve any One	10 marks	BT	CO
2				
i.	<p>A self-service store employs one cashier at its counter. Nine customers arrive on an average every 5 minutes while the cashier can serve 10 customers in 5 minutes. Assuming Poisson distribution for arrival rate and exponential distribution for service time, find</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Average number of customers in the system. 2. Average number of customers in the queue or average queue length. 3. Average time a customer spends in the system. 4. Average time a customer waits before being served. 		BT 5	CO 6

ii.	<p>Babies are born in a sparsely populated state at the rate of one birth every 12 minutes. The time between births follows an exponential distribution. Find the following:</p> <p>(a) The average number of births per year.</p> <p>(b) The probability that no births will occur in any one day.</p> <p>(c) The probability of issuing 50 birth certificates in 3 hours given that 40 certificates were issued during the first 2 hours of the 3-hour period.</p>	BT 5	CO 6
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Course Outcomes (CO) -Learner will be able to:

CO1: Understand OR problem and associated models.

CO2: Understand Linear Programming.

CO3: Use transportation and assignment problems.

CO4: Use PERT for modelling.

CO5: Use Inventory Control System.

CO6: Apply queuing theory and modulation techniques.

Bloom's Taxonomy:

BT1- Remembering, BT2- Understanding, BT3- Applying, BT4- Analyzing, BT5- Evaluating, BT6- Creating
