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|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Month and Year | : July & 2024 | Roll Number | : |
| Programme | : B.E. | Date | : 29.07.2024 |
| Branch | : Mechatronics Engineering | Time | : 02.30pm to 04.00pm |
| Semester | : VII | | |
| Course Code | : 20MTH01 | Duration | : 1 ½ Hours |
| Course Name | : Deep Learning | Maximum Marks | : 50 |

PART – A (10 X 2 = 20 Marks)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- Interpret that the set $V = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid xy \geq 0\}$ is not a vector space of \mathbb{R}^2 . [CO1,K2]
- Find the eigenvalues of the matrix, [CO1,K2]

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -17 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$
- Given a linear transformation T on $V_3(\mathbb{R})$ defined by $T(a, b, c) = (2b + c, a - 4b, 3a)$ corresponding to the basis $B = \{(1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 1)\}$. Estimate the matrix representation of T . [CO1,K2]
- Differentiate machine learning and statistics. [CO1,K2]
- Relate the concept of variance in influencing the overfitting in the data modeling. [CO1,K2]
- Outline the association of machine learning with other major fields of data science. [CO1,K2]
- Illustrate the concept of reinforcement learning. [CO2,K2]
- Represent the survey table of machine learning implementation in modern applications. [CO2,K2]
- Discuss the structure of deep learning network layers applied in object detection. [CO2,K2]
- Recall the various activation functions with the equations involved in deep learning networks. [CO2,K2]

PART – B (3 X 10 = 30 Marks)

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

- Analyze that the following matrix is diagonalizable to execute the pattern recognition task: [CO1,K3]

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (i) Solve whether the following vector is linearly dependent or linearly independent: [CO1,K3]
 $(1, 2, -3, 1), (3, 7, 1, -2), (1, 3, 7, -4)$. (5 Marks)

(ii) Verify whether the polynomials $x^3 - 5x^2 - 2x + 3, x^3 - 1, x^3 + 2x + 4$ are linearly independent. (5 Marks)

- Describe in detail the Machine Learning process involved in cross-industry standard process-data mining methodology with a neat diagram. [CO1,K2]
- Demonstrate the detailed procedure involved in support vector machine and stochastic gradient descent algorithms in data analysis. [CO2,K2]

2 marks : 5 applications of RNN, CNN structure for x-Ray image
(16 Marks) Unit-5 : neural network architecture for robotic control

| Bloom's Taxonomy Level | Remembering (K1) | Understanding (K2) | Applying (K3) | Analysing (K4) | Evaluating (K5) | Creating (K6) |
|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Percentage | | 67% | 33% | - | - | - |

KONGU ENGINEERING COLLEGE, PERUNDURAI, ERODE – 638 060
 ODD SEMESTER 2024- 2025
 CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST – I
 (Regulations 2020)

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Month and Year | : July & 2024 | Roll Number | : |
| Programme | : B.E. | Date | : 29.07.2024 |
| Branch | : Mechatronics Engineering | Time | : 02.30pm to 04.00pm |
| Semester | : VII | | |
| Course Code | : 20MTH01 | Duration | : 1 ½ Hours |
| Course Name | : Deep Learning | Maximum Marks | : 50 |

PART – A (10 X 2 = 20 Marks)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Show that the matrix A is unitary matrix $A = \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} -1 + 2i & -4 - 2i \\ 2 - 4i & -2 - i \end{bmatrix}$ [CO1,K2]
2. Find the eigenvalues of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & -17 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ [CO1,K2]
3. Given a linear transformation T on $V_3(\mathbf{R})$ defined by $T(a, b, c) = (2b + c, a - 4b, 3a)$ corresponding to the basis $B = \{(1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 1)\}$. Estimate the matrix representation of T. [CO1,K2]
4. Differentiate the supervised and unsupervised machine learning. [CO1,K2]
5. Relate the concept of bias in estimating the underfitting of the data models. [CO1,K2]
6. Show that the transformation $T: V_2(\mathbf{R}) \rightarrow V_2(\mathbf{R})$ defined by $T(a, b) = (a + b, a) \forall a, b \in \mathbf{R}$ is a linear transformation. [CO1,K2]
7. Illustrate the concept of a multi-layer perceptron network. [CO2,K2]
8. Represent the challenges of machine learning implementation in modern applications. [CO2,K2]
9. Outline the steps involved in gathering experience in the learning system related to model deployment. [CO2,K2]
10. Determine whether the following vector is linearly dependent or linearly independent: $(1, 2, -3, 1), (3, 7, 1, -2), (1, 3, 7, -4)$. [CO2,K2]

PART – B (3 X 10 = 30 Marks)

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

11. Analyze that the following matrix is diagonalizable to execute the pattern recognition task: [CO1,K3]
 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
12. (i) Solve the following system of linear equations: (5 Marks) [CO1,K3]
 $x + y + z = 6$
 $x + 2y + 3z = 14$
 $x + 4y + 7z = 30$
 (ii) Verify the rank and the nullity of the following matrix deployed in pattern recognition:
 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 & 5 \\ -1 & 2 & 6 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ (5 Marks) [CO1,K2]
13. Explain the data mining procedure involved in the CSIP platform of the machine learning process applied to the big data. [CO2,K2]
14. Demonstrate the detailed procedure involved in the formation of the first derivative of sigmoid and tangent hyperbolic functions. [CO2,K2]

| Bloom's Taxonomy Level | Remembering (K1) | Understanding (K2) | Applying (K3) | Analysing (K4) | Evaluating (K5) | Creating (K6) |
|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Percentage | | 67% | 33% | - | - | - |

KONGU ENGINEERING COLLEGE, PERUNDURAI, ERODE – 638 060
 ODD SEMESTER 2024- 2025
 CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST – II
 (Regulations 2020)

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Month and Year | : Sep 2024 | Roll Number | : |
| Programme | : B.E. | Date | : 04.09.2024 |
| Branch | : Mechatronics Engineering | Time | : 02.30pm to 04.00pm |
| Semester | : VII | | |
| Course Code | : 20MTH01 | Duration | : 1 ½ Hours |
| Course Name | : Deep Learning | Maximum Marks | : 50 |

PART – A (10 X 2 = 20 Marks)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Consider the mark list $V=\{88,92,48\}$. Apply the min-max procedure and map marks in the range of 0-1. [CO2,K3]
2. Determine the correlation of data $X=\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ and $Y=\{1,4,9,16,25\}$. [CO2,K3]
3. Classification analysis is an example of supervised learning. Justify your answer. [CO2,K2]
4. Distinguish between model based and instance learning methods. [CO2,K2]
5. Relate the functioning of optimal hyperplane in Support Vector Machine learning algorithm. [CO2,K2]
6. Show the equations for functional and geometric margin in Support Vector Machine implementation. [CO2,K2]
7. Illustrate the concept of Stochastic Gradient Descent technique in data processing. [CO3,K2]
8. Show the stem and leaf plot for the data $\{13,11,40,53,44,78,99\}$. [CO3,K2]
9. Discuss the structure of autoencoder applied in data mining. [CO3,K2]
10. Recall the various loss functions with the equations involved in deep learning optimization networks. [CO3,K2]

PART – B (3 X 10 = 30 Marks)

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

11. The hyperplane function of two variables is $b+a_1x_1+ a_2x_1$. If the two hyperplanes given for classifier 1 as $7+8x_1+3x_2$ and $4+5x_1+9x_2$ for classifier 2. Find the distance error function and pick a good classifier constructed using these classifiers. [CO2,K3]
12. (i) Construct OR function using perceptron. (5 Marks) [CO1,K3]
 (ii) Construct AND function using McCulloch-pitts network. (5 Marks)
13. Describe in detail the Stochastic gradient descent and mini-batch gradient descent with mathematical representation of boundary conditions. [CO2,K2]
14. Summarize the functionalities of the following: [CO3,K2]
 a). Vanilla Auto encoder b). Denoising auto encoder

| Bloom's Taxonomy Level | Remembering (K1) | Understanding (K2) | Applying (K3) | Analyzing (K4) | Evaluating (K5) | Creating (K6) |
|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Percentage | - | 60% | 40% | - | - | - |

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Month and Year | : Sep 2024 | Roll Number | : |
| Programme | : B.E. | Date | : 04.09.2024 |
| Branch | : Mechatronics Engineering | Time | : 02.30pm to 04.00pm |
| Semester | : VII | | |
| Course Code | : 20MTH01 | Duration | : 1 ½ Hours |
| Course Name | : Deep Learning | Maximum Marks | : 50 |

PART – A (10 X 2 = 20 Marks)**ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS**

- Compute the Inter Quartile range if the patients age list are { 13,15,16,17,18,19,22,23}. [CO2.K3]
- Determine the 5-point summary of the list {13,11,2,3,4,8,9}. [CO2.K3]
- Illustrate how hinge loss function is used in SVM model for binary classification [CO2.K2]
- How does the weight function of locally weighted liner regression is calculated? [CO2.K2]
- Show the methods used to validate linear regression model. [CO2.K2]
- Consider the sample data shown below. For the test instance X=6 and Y=5, compute the class based on nearest centroid classifier algorithm.

| X | Y | CLASS |
|---|---|-------|
| 3 | 1 | A |
| 5 | 2 | A |
| 6 | 7 | B |
| 8 | 5 | B |

[CO2.K2]

- Calculate the total number of parameters with bias on the given neural network: Input layer -5 nodes, hidden layer I-6 nodes, hidden layer II -3 nodes, ouput layer -2 nodes. [CO3.K2]
- How do you differentiate an Autoencoder and Deep Neural Network architecture. [CO3.K2]
- Why do you prefer mini batch gradient descent technique than stochastic gradient descent? [CO3.K2]
- Comapre Hopfield network and Boltzmann machines. [CO3.K2]

PART – B (3 X 10 = 30 Marks)**ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS**

- In a feed forward neural network, with the following specifications: i/p layer has 4 neurions, [CO2.K3]
hidden layer has 3 neurons & o/p layer has 2 neurons using sigmoid function for given input values [0.5, 0.8, 0.2, 0.6] as well as the initial weights for the connections.
W1:[0.1,0.3,0.5,0.2], W2:[0.2,0.4,0.6,0.2] i/p layer to hidden layer weights, W3:[0.3,0.5,0.7,0.2],
W4:[0.4,0.1,0.3], W5: [0.5,0.2,0.4] Hidden layer to o/p layer weights. calculate the output of the neural network.

12. Consider the 5 months of rainfall data instances shown in table.

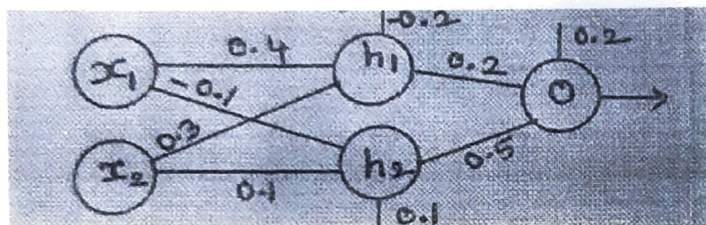
[CO1,K3]

| S.No | Month (X_i) | Rainfall (Y_i) in mm |
|------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | 1 | 85 |
| 2 | 2 | 80 |
| 3 | 3 | 81 |
| 4 | 4 | 45 |
| 5 | 5 | 50 |

Predict the rainfall during 7th and 8th month using weighted linear regression algorithm.

13. Consider the following multilayer feed forward network.

[CO2,K3]



Here $(x_1, x_2) = (1, 0)$ and $O = (0.3)$ and learning rate is 0.1. Using the backpropagation algorithm, show how the weights and bias are updated after one epoch.

14. How do you achieve regularization in autoencoder? Explain

[CO3,K2]

| Bloom's Taxonomy Level | Remembering (K1) | Understanding (K2) | Applying (K3) | Analyzing (K4) | Evaluating (K5) | Creating (K6) |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Percentage | - | 37% | 63% | - | - | - |