

Regex

Objectives

- Use Regex with common UNIX/Linux commands
- Practice using useful UNIX/Linux commands
 - diff
 - wc
 - cut
 - sed
 - awk
- Practice creating and running bash shell scripts
- Practice using pipes

Lab 2 Exercises

For each step please record the commands (and options) that you used to complete the task. At the end you will receive credit for the lab by showing your TA these commands.

Step 1: - Download Practice Files From the website

For Today's lab we will be using the following data files:

- fruitsOld.txt
- fruitsNew.txt
- testPasswd.txt
- grades.txt
- leetSpeak.txt
- regex_practice_data.txt

Copy the provided zip file to your home directory and unzip it using the unzip command:

```
unzip Lab02-Files.zip -d lab2
```

Check to make sure each of the above files was correctly unzipped into the lab2 directory

Step 2: - Use the diff command

- Which "fruits" have been added to or removed from fruitsOld.txt to get to fruitsNew.txt.
- What do the '>' or '<' character mean at the beginning of each line in the output of diff?
- Try using the -c option, what does that do?

Step 3: - Use the wc command

- Find the # of lines in the testPasswd.txt file
- Find the # of characters in the testPasswd.txt file

Step 4: - Use the cut command

- Print a list of the usernames from the testPasswd.txt file (print the first column only)
- Print out only the LN column and HW1 grade column from the grades.txt file



Step 5: - Practice using pipes

- Use cut, sort, and uniq to print out the groups that users are in within the testPasswd.txt file. (Each group is a #. When printing each group should get a line and there should be no duplicates printed)
- Pipe the output of the above into a file in your home directory
- Use grep and cut to filter the testPasswd.txt file to only display usernames that start with 'm' 'w' or 's' and their home directories (sixth column)

Step 6: - Use the sed command

- Using sed and regular expressions try playing around with the leetSpeak.txt file.
 - Remove all the letters
 - Remove all the numbers
 - Replace all numbers with an '_'
- Create a script that pipes together multiple sed commands to replace each number with its matching character. (This can be done without piping, how? For this problem please use pipes)
 - It is possible that you may want to reuse this script on another file. How can you make it so that the script does not have to change each time you want to run it on a different file?

Step 7: - Use the awk command

- Using the grades.txt file print out the first and last name of each student and calculate/print the grade in percentage that they currently have (assuming equal weights for each assignment).
- Using the grades.txt file calculate and print the class average for the lab1 assignment

Step 8: - More practice with regular expressions

For the following problems use grep or egrep with the regex_practice_data.txt file.

1. How many phone numbers are in the dataset?
2. How many city of Boulder phone numbers (e.g. starting with 303-441-...)?
3. How many email addresses?
4. How many email addresses are from government domains (e.g. '.gov')?
5. How many email addresses are in 'first.last' name format AND involve someone who's first name starts with a letter in the first half of the alphabet?