

8.1.1.Ex 1

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Question: Find the area enclosed by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$.

Solution:

Theoretical Solution:

Finding Area

$$A = 4 \int_0^a y dx \quad (1)$$

Since $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, we get $y = \pm \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$

$$A = 4 \int_0^a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx \quad (2)$$

$$A = 4 \left[\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) \right]_0^a \quad (3)$$

$$A = 4 \left[\frac{a}{2} \times 0 + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1}(1) - 0 \right] \quad (4)$$

$$A = 4 \left(\frac{a^2}{2} \right) \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \quad (5)$$

$$A = \pi a^2 \quad (6)$$

Computational Solution:

Using the trapezoidal rule to get the area

The trapezoidal rule is as follows.

$$A = \int_a^b f(x) dx \approx h \left(\frac{1}{2} f(a) + f(x_1) + f(x_2) \cdots + f(x_{n-1}) + \frac{1}{2} f(b) \right) \quad (7)$$

$$h = \frac{b - a}{n} \quad (8)$$

$$A = j_n, \text{ where, } j_{i+1} = j_i + h \frac{f(x_{i+1}) + f(x_i)}{2} \quad (9)$$

$$\rightarrow j_{i+1} = j_i + h \left(\sqrt{x_{i+1}} + \sqrt{x_i} \right) \quad (10)$$

$$x_{i+1} = x_i + h \quad (11)$$

$$h = \frac{1}{30000} \quad (12)$$

$$n = 30000 \quad (13)$$

Using the code answer obtained is $A = 3.141592427302344$ sq. units for a radius of 1 unit.

