#### 1

# 11.14-4

## EE23BTECH11048-Ponugumati Venkata Chanakya\*

**QUESTION:** Which of the following functions of time represent (a) simple harmonic, (b) periodic but not simple harmonic, and (c) non-periodic motion? Give period for each case of peiodic motion ( $\omega$  is any positive constant):

- 1)  $\sin(\omega t) \cos(\omega t)$
- 2)  $\sin^3(\omega t)$
- 3)  $3\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}-2\omega t\right)$
- 4)  $\cos(\omega t) + \cos(3\omega t) + \cos(5\omega t)$
- 5)  $\exp(-\omega^2 t^2)$
- 6)  $1 + \omega t + \omega^2 t^2$

### **Solution:**:

Periodic function:

$$x(t+T) = x(t) \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$
 (1)

where min T s.t T > 0 is time period

### SHM:

For a function to be in shm it must satisfy

$$\frac{d^2x(t)}{dt^2} = -\alpha x\tag{2}$$

$$at^2$$
 (3)

Variable	ariable Description				
x(t)	Displacemen wrt mean position	none			
ω	Angular frequncy	$2\pi f$			
T	Time period	none			
φ	phase angle	none			
TABLE 0					

INPUT PARAMETERS

1)  $\sin(2\pi ft) - \cos(2\pi ft)$ 

The function can be rewritten as:

$$= \sin(2\pi f t) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 2\pi f t\right) \tag{4}$$

$$= 2\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\sin\left(2\pi ft - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \tag{5}$$

$$= \sqrt{2}\sin\left(2\pi ft - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \tag{6}$$

$$\therefore$$
 SHM,  $T = \frac{1}{f}$  and  $\phi = \left(\frac{-\pi}{4}\right)$  or  $\left(\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)$ 

(2)  $\sin^3(2\pi ft)$ 

This function can be rewritten as

$$= \frac{1}{4} (3\sin(2\pi ft) - \sin(6\pi ft)) \tag{7}$$

 $\therefore$  Periodic with period  $T = \frac{1}{f}$ 

(3) 
$$3\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}-4\pi ft\right)$$

This function can be rewritten as

$$=3\cos\left(4\pi ft - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \tag{8}$$

(9)

$$\therefore$$
 SHM,  $T = \frac{1}{2f}$  and  $\phi = \left(\frac{-\pi}{4}\right)$  or  $\left(\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)$ 

(4) 
$$\cos(2\pi ft) + \cos(6\pi ft) + \cos(10\pi ft)$$

This function can be rewritten as

$$= \cos(2\pi ft) + \cos(10\pi ft) + \cos(6\pi ft)$$
(10)  
$$= 2\cos\left(\frac{2\pi ft + 10\pi ft}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{10\pi ft - 2\pi ft}{2}\right) + \cos(6\pi ft)$$
(11)

$$= 2\cos(6\pi ft)\cos(2\pi ft) + \cos(6\pi ft) \tag{12}$$

$$= \cos(6\pi f t)(1 + 2\cos(2\pi f t)) \tag{13}$$

Period of 
$$cos(6\pi ft)$$
 is  $\frac{1}{3f}$   
Period of  $1 + 2cos(2\pi ft)$  is  $\frac{1}{f}$   
Lcm is  $\frac{1}{f}$   
 $\therefore$  SHM, $T = \frac{1}{f}$ 

(5) 
$$\exp(-(2\pi f)^2 t^2)$$

As 
$$T \to \infty$$
  
 $\exp\left(-(2\pi f)^2 t^2\right) \to \infty$   
 $\therefore$  This never repeats and non periodic

(6) 
$$1 + 2\pi f t + (2\pi f)^2 t^2$$

$$As \ T \to \infty$$

$$1 + 2\pi f t + (2\pi f)^2 t^2 \to \infty$$

.. This never repeats and non periodic

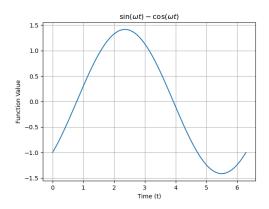


Fig. 1.  $\sin(2\pi ft) - \cos(2\pi ft)$ 

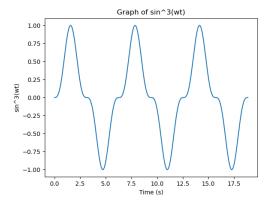


Fig. 1.  $\sin^3(2\pi ft)$ 

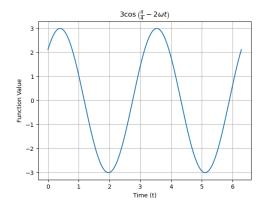


Fig. 1.  $3\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - 4\pi ft\right)$ 

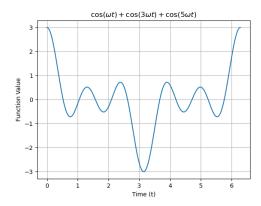


Fig. 1.  $\cos(2\pi f t) + \cos(6\pi f t) + \cos(10\pi f t)$ 

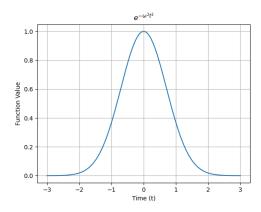


Fig. 1.  $exp^{(-(2\pi ft)^2)}$ 

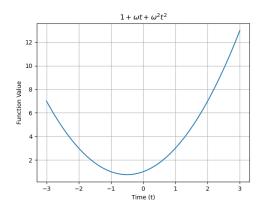


Fig. 1.  $1 + 2\pi f t + (2\pi f t)^2$ 

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TABLE 1 Summary

	Function	Periodic	Simple harmonic motion	Non Periodic	T	φ
(a)	$\sin(2\pi ft) - \cos(2\pi ft)$	Yes	Yes	No	$\frac{1}{f}$	$\left(\frac{-\pi}{4}\right)$
(b)	$\sin^3(2\pi ft)$	Yes	No	No	$\frac{1}{f}$	_
(c)	$3\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}-4\pi ft\right)$	Yes	Yes	No	$\frac{1}{2f}$	$\left(\frac{-\pi}{4}\right)$
(d)	$\cos(2\pi ft) + \cos(6\pi ft) + \cos(10\pi ft)$	Yes	No	No	$\overline{f}$	_
(e)	$\exp\left(-(2\pi f t)^2\right)$	No	No	Yes	-	_
(f)	$1 + (2\pi f)t + (2\pi f)^2 t^2$	No	No	Yes	_	_