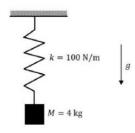
## 1

## **XE 71**

## EE23BTECH11048-Ponugumati Venkata Chanakya\*

**QUESTION:** A spring mass system is shown in the figure. Take the value of acceleration due to gravity as  $g = 9.81m/s^2$ . The static deflection due to weight and the time period of the oscillations, respectively, are

(GATE 2023 XE)



## **Solution:**

1) Static deflection due to weight(sdw) let x be sdw.

At mean position in equilibrium

$$Mg = kx \tag{1}$$

$$4 \cdot 9.81 = 100x \tag{2}$$

$$39.24 = 100x \tag{3}$$

$$x = 0.3924m (4)$$

$$x = 39.24cm$$
 (5)

2) Time period of oscilattion

$$F = -kx \tag{6}$$

$$ma = -kx \tag{7}$$

$$m\left(\frac{d^2x}{dt^2}\right) = -kx\tag{8}$$

Taking Laplace transform:

$$X(s) = \frac{msx(0) + x'(0)}{ms^2 + k}$$
(9)

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}} \left( A \frac{s - i\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}}{s^2 + \frac{k}{m}} + B \frac{s + i\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}}{s^2 + \frac{k}{m}} \right)$$
 (10)

Taking Inverse Laplace Transform: Initial Conditions be at extreme point of SHM

$$x(t) = A\left(B\sin(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t) + C\cos(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t)\right)$$
 (11)

$$x(t) = 0.3924 \left( \sin\left(\sqrt{\frac{100}{5}}t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$
 m (12)

$$x(t) = 39.24 \sin(5t + \frac{\pi}{2}) \text{ cm}$$
 (13)

The static deflection due to weight and the time period of the oscillations, respectively are 39.24 cm and  $\frac{2\pi}{5}$  s

