#### 1

# IN-2022

# EE23BTECH11210-Dhyana Teja Machineni\*

## **QUESTION:**

A sinusoidal carrier wave with amplitude  $A_c$  and frequency  $f_c$  is amplitude modulated with a message signal m(t) having frequency  $0 < f_m << f_c$  to generate the modulated wave s(t) given by  $s(t) = A_c (1 + m(t)) cos(2\pi f_c t)$  The message signal that can be retrieved completely using envelope detection is

- 1)  $m(t) = 0.5 \cos(2\pi f_m t)$
- 2)  $m(t) = 1.5 \sin(2\pi f_m t)$
- 3)  $m(t) = 2\sin(4\pi f_m t)$
- 4)  $m(t) = 2\cos(4\pi f_m t)$

## **Solution:**

Parameter	Description
s(t)	Amplitude Modulated Wave
M(t)	Message Signal
c(t)	Carrier Signal
$f_c$	Frequency of Carrier Signal
$f_m$	Frequency of Message Signal

TABLE I

VARIABLES AND THEIR DESCRIPTIONS

: Signal can be retrieved completely.

2)  $m(t) = 0.5 \sin(2\pi f_m t)$ 

$$\frac{A_m}{A_c} = 1.5 \tag{8}$$

$$\mu > 1$$
 (9)

: Signal cannot be retrieved completely.

3)  $m(t) = 2 \sin(4\pi f_m t)$ 

$$\frac{A_m}{A_c} = 2 \tag{10}$$

$$\mu > 1 \tag{11}$$

: Signal cannot be retrieved completely.

4)  $m(t) = 2 \cos(4\pi f_m t)$ 

$$\frac{A_m}{A_c} = 2 \tag{12}$$

$$\mu > 1 \tag{13}$$

:. Signal cannot be retrieved completely.

$$c(t) = A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t) \tag{1}$$

$$M(t) = A_m \cos(2\pi f_m t) \tag{2}$$

$$s(t) = (A_c + m(t))\cos(2\pi f_c t)$$
(3)

$$= A_c \left( 1 + \frac{A_m}{A_c} \cos(2\pi f_m t) \right) \cos 2\pi f_c t \qquad (4)$$

$$= A_c (1 + m(t)) \cos 2\pi f_c t \tag{5}$$

Modulation Index of  $s(t) = \mu = \frac{A_m}{A_c}$ 

- $\mu < 1$ SignalisCanbedetected
- $\mu = 1SignalCannotbedetected$
- $\mu > 1Overmodualtion$
- 1)  $m(t) = 0.5 \cos(2\pi f_m t)$

$$\frac{A_m}{A_c} = 0.5 \tag{6}$$

$$\mu < 1 \tag{7}$$