

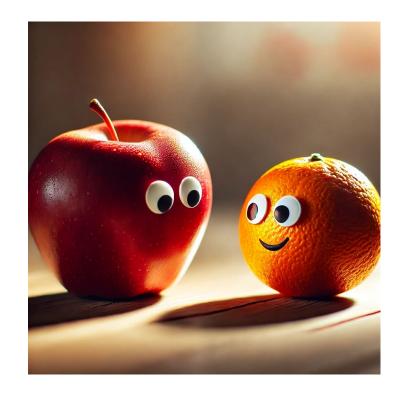
BERGEN

BEnchmarking Retrieval-augmented GENeration

David Rau, Hervé Déjean, Nadezhda Chirkova, Thibault Formal, Shuai Wang, Vassilina Nikoulina, Stéphane Clinchant

• RAG experimental setups are fragmented:

- Reviewed 20+ papers
- different datasets, variety of retrievers, metrics, top-k documents
- Different settings: zero-shot, few-shot, etc.
- What's a good baseline for RAG?



BERGEN:

An open source library to ease reproducibility of RAG experiments

A set of **recommendations** for strong baselines in RAG:

- Evaluation metrics
- Datasets
- Retrieval Setup

An open source library to ease reproducibility

- Support for various retrievers (20+), rerankers (4+),
 and LLMs (20+)
- Comprehensive evaluation metrics (Match, EM,
 LLMs, ...)
- Support for multilingual experiments

Welcoming contributors!



```
python bergen.py retriever='splade-v3'
reranker='minilm6'
generator='SOLAR-10.7B'
dataset='kilt_nq' train='lora'
```

- Evaluation Datasets: NQ, TriviaQA, HotPot QA, Wizard of Wikipedia, ELI5, WikiQA,
 TruthfulQA, PopQA, ASQA, SCIQ, MKQA, XorTidyQA
- Collections: KILT Wikipedia passages ~21M, Multilingual Wikipedia, Pubmed ...
- Setting: Focus on Zero-Shot RAG
- Context: Top-5 documents

Reference	short medium medium NQ TruthfulQA Wow			long ELI5	Avg.
GPT-3.5Turbo	0.65	0.56	0.37	0.33	0.48
LLMeval	0.69	0.65	0.35	0.41	0.53
BEM	0.34	0.31	0.023	0.12	0.2
Match	0.54	0.21	0.0	0.013	0.25
EM	0.035	0.088	0.0	0.0	0.062
F1	0.39	0.24	0.11	0.17	0.23
Recall	0.57	0.29	0.039	0.098	0.25
Precision	0.38	0.23	0.061	0.18	0.21
Rouge-L	0.39	0.24	0.12	0.18	0.23
			GPT-4		

Figure 2: Correlation of different metrics with GPT-4-as-a-judge for datasets with varying reference label lengths (short, medium, and long).

RQ1: Which metrics are most effective for evaluating open-ended text generation and comparing RAG systems?

LLMeval: LLM-as-a-Judge based on SOLAR-10.7B

LLMeval closely aligns with GPT-4's evaluation, followed by Match and Recall, making them the most effective non-commercial metrics for (zero-shot) RAG evaluation, among the ones tested.

RAG Datasets NAVER LABS



Figure 3: Performance gain w/ and w/o retrieval (SPLADE-v3 + reranking (RR) with DeBERTa-v3) on different datasets with SOLAR-10.7B.

RQ2: Which datasets are most suitable for RAG

We find:

- ASQA
- Hotpot QA
- NQ
- TriviaQA
- POPQA

Not useful: KILT ELI5!, WoW



Figure 4: Impact of retrieval performance on RAG Performance for SOLAR-10.7B on NQ with different ranking systems. RR means with additional re-ranking using DeBERTa-v3.

RQ3: Does retrieval quality positively impact generation quality?

Good performing RAG pipeline should rely on **strong retrievers**

Reranking is often overlooked in RAG papers and should be used for strong baselines

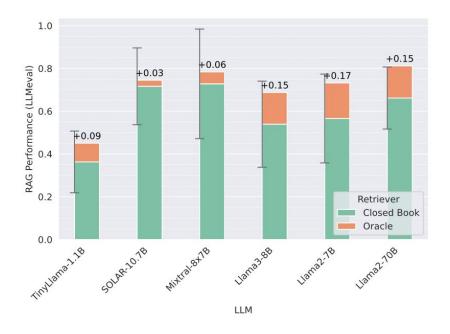


Figure 5: Performance gains w/ and w/o oracle retrieval for LLMs with different sizes. Comparing closed book vs oracle passages averaged over all QA datasets in KILT.

RQ4: What is the impact of the **LLM size** in RAG?

LLMs of all sizes benefit from retrieval augmentation

LLM	M	LLMeval
TinyLlama-1.1B-chat	0.56 (+0.13)	0.77 (+0.41)
Llama-2-7B-chat	0.64 (+0.03)	0.82 (+0.24)
Llama-3-8B-chat	0.66 (+0.02)	0.78 (+0.04)
SOLAR-10.7B	0.67 (-0.03)	0.84 (+0.05)
Mixtral-8x7B-inst.	0.68 (+0.01)	0.84 (+0.05)
Llama-2-70B-chat	0.69 (+0.04)	0.85 (+0.06)

Table 3: LLMs fine-tuned on NQ, for retrieval with SPLADE-v3 and reranking with DeBERTa-v3. Performance gains in absolute points compared to zero-shot is indicated in brackets.

RQ5: How much performance can be gained by **fine-tuning**?

All LLMs benefit from FT

Fine-tuning reduces performance gap between the smallest and the largest LLM, compared to zero-shot.

Match Metric					
Model	ASQA	NQ	TriviaQA	POPQA	HotPotQA
Llama-2-7B	68.4	61.6	87.9	60.2	45.9
Llama-2-70B	73.2	65.8	92.3	65.5	53.6
Mistral-8x7B	73.5	67.1	91.8	67.9	54.5
Solar-10.7B	76.2	70.2	92.8	71.2	53.9
		· //			

top_k documents: 5

Retrieval: SPLADE-v3

Reranker: DeBERTa-v3

LLM: SOLAR-10.7B

Multilingual datasets:

- XOR TydiQA
- MCQA

Multilingual retriever/reranker:

- BGE-m3

Multilingual generator:

- Command-R

en	ar	fi	ja	ko	ru
MKQA					
0.67	0.29	0.32	0.37	0.32	0.48
0.76	0.54	0.58	0.63	0.59	0.71
0.74	0.57	0.64	0.64	0.62	0.72
XORQA					
0.63	0.56	0.41	0.40	0.54	0.47
0.73	0.57	0.59	0.51	0.58	0.65
0.69	0.70	0.74	0.62	0.66	0.74
	0.67 0.76 0.74 0.63 0.73	0.67 0.29 0.76 0.54 0.74 0.57 0.63 0.56 0.73 0.57	MK 0.67 0.29 0.32 0.76 0.54 0.58 0.74 0.57 0.64 XOI 0.63 0.56 0.41 0.73 0.57 0.59	MKQA 0.67 0.29 0.32 0.37 0.76 0.54 0.58 0.63 0.74 0.57 0.64 0.64 XORQA 0.63 0.56 0.41 0.40 0.73 0.57 0.59 0.51	MKQA 0.67 0.29 0.32 0.37 0.32 0.76 0.54 0.58 0.63 0.59 0.74 0.57 0.64 0.64 0.62 XORQA 0.63 0.56 0.41 0.40 0.54 0.73 0.57 0.59 0.51 0.58

Multilingual collection provides richer multi-cultural knowledge and improves performance

Conclusion NAVER LABS

BERGEN contains various metrics, datasets, models, search runs to build on.

More:

- Context Pruners (LLMLingua, RECOMP, etc)
- Query Generations
- Fine-tuning
- Multilingual RAG extensions

We are looking for contributors and suggestions to integrate new tasks, datasets etc.

https://github.com/naver/bergen

Recommendations:

- Datasets: ASQA, NQ, TriviaQA, PopQA
- Metrics: LLMEval + (Match | Recall)
- Models: Splade-v3 + deberta + SOLAR

Multilingual RAG:

BGE-m3 + Command-R + multilingual Wiki +
 language-specific prompts