

$$eq := diff(x(t), t) + x(t) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \exp(1)^{-t^2-t};$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} x(t) + x(t) = \frac{2 (e)^{-t^2-t}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \quad (1)$$

$$dsolve(eq, x(t));$$

$$x(t) = (\operatorname{erf}(t) + _C1) e^{-t} \quad (2)$$

$$\operatorname{int}(\exp(t^2), t);$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfi}(t) \quad (3)$$

$$\operatorname{int}\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \exp(1)^{-t^2}, t\right)$$

$$\operatorname{erf}(t) \quad (4)$$

Ex2

$$eq2 := diff(x(t), t\$2) + 3 \cdot diff(x(t), t) + x(t) = 1;$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + 3 \left(\frac{d}{dt} x(t) \right) + x(t) = 1 \quad (5)$$

$$sol1 := dsolve(eq2, x(t));$$

$$x(t) = e^{\frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{5}-3) t} _C2 + e^{-\frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{5}+3) t} _C1 + 1 \quad (6)$$

$$\operatorname{limit}(sol1, t = \infty);$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} x(t) = 1 \quad (7)$$

Statement 2 is true

$$eq3 := diff(x(t), t\$2) + 4 \cdot x(t) = 1;$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + 4 x(t) = 1 \quad (8)$$

$$sol2 := dsolve(eq3, x(t));$$

$$x(t) = \sin(2 t) _C2 + \cos(2 t) _C1 + \frac{1}{4} \quad (9)$$

$$ic1 := x(0) = \frac{5}{4}, D(x)(0) = 0;$$

$$x(0) = \frac{5}{4}, D(x)(0) = 0 \quad (10)$$

$$sol2 := dsolve(\{eq3, ic1\}, x(t));$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{4} + \cos(2 t) \quad (11)$$

$$sol2(\pi);$$

$$x(t)(\pi) = \frac{1}{4} + \cos(2 t)(\pi) \quad (12)$$

$$expr := rhs(sol2);$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \cos(2t) \quad (13)$$

eval(expr, t=Pi);

$$\frac{5}{4} \quad (14)$$

Statement 3 is true

eq4 := diff(x(t), t) = 3·x(t) + t³;

$$\frac{d}{dt} x(t) = 3x(t) + t^3 \quad (15)$$

dsolve(eq4, x(t));

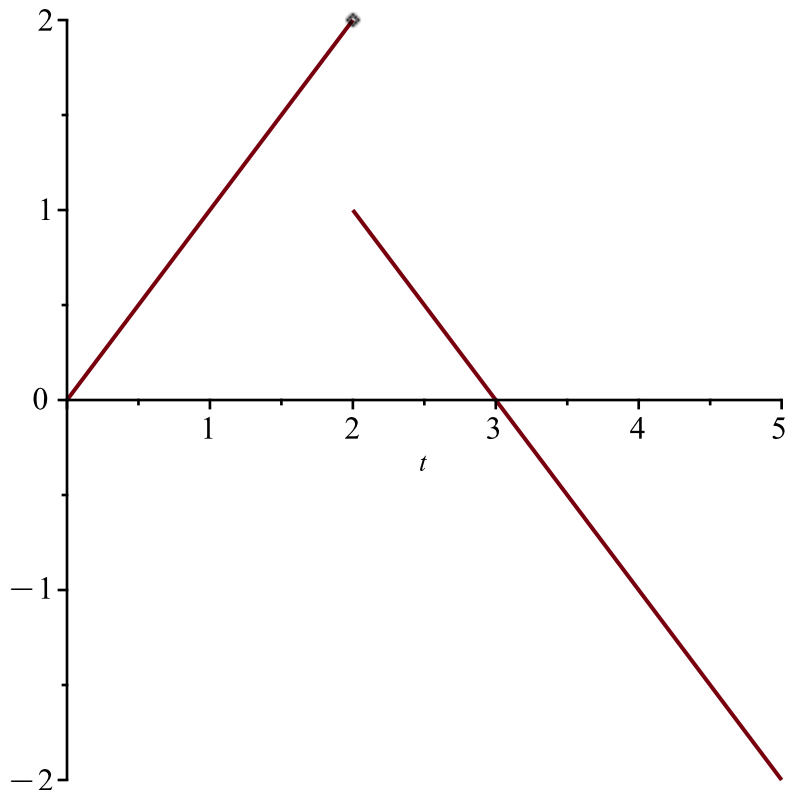
$$x(t) = -\frac{1}{3}t^2 - \frac{1}{3}t^3 - \frac{2}{9}t - \frac{2}{27} + e^{3t}CI \quad (16)$$

Statement 4 is true

f := piecewise(t ≤ 2, t, t > 2, 3 - t);

$$\begin{cases} t & t \leq 2 \\ 3 - t & 2 < t \end{cases} \quad (17)$$

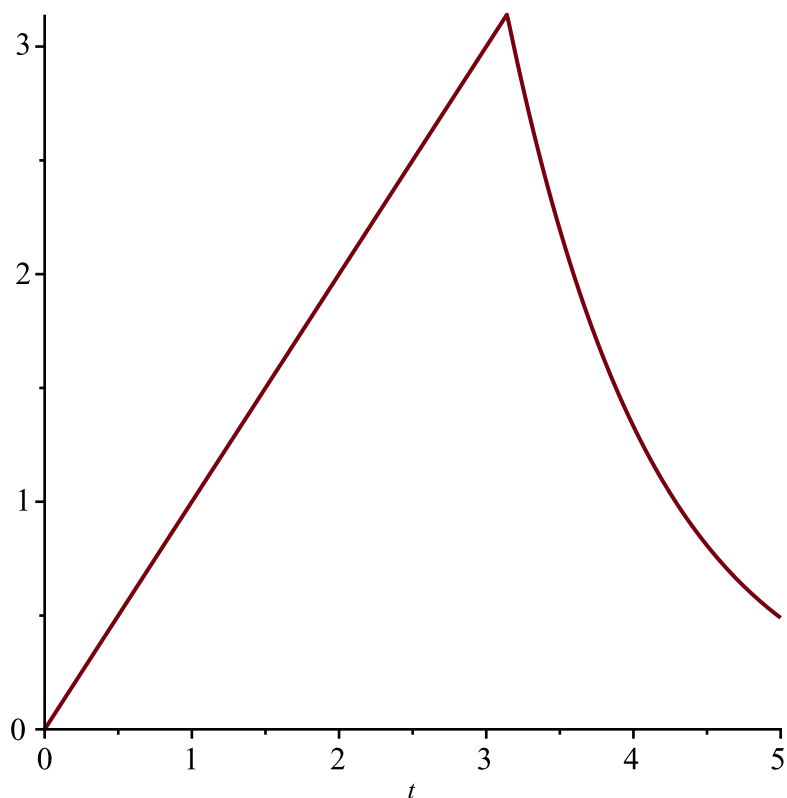
plot(f, t=0..5, discontin=true);



f := piecewise(0 ≤ t ≤ Pi, t, t > Pi, Pi·exp(1)^{Pi-t});

$$\begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t \text{ and } t \leq \pi \\ \pi(e)^{\pi-t} & \pi < t \end{cases} \quad (18)$$

plot(f, t=0..5);



Exercise 7

$eq := \text{diff}(x(t), t\$2) + x(t) = f;$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t \text{ and } t \leq \pi \\ \pi (e)^{\pi-t} & \pi < t \end{cases} \quad (19)$$

$ic1 := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 1;$

$$x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 1 \quad (20)$$

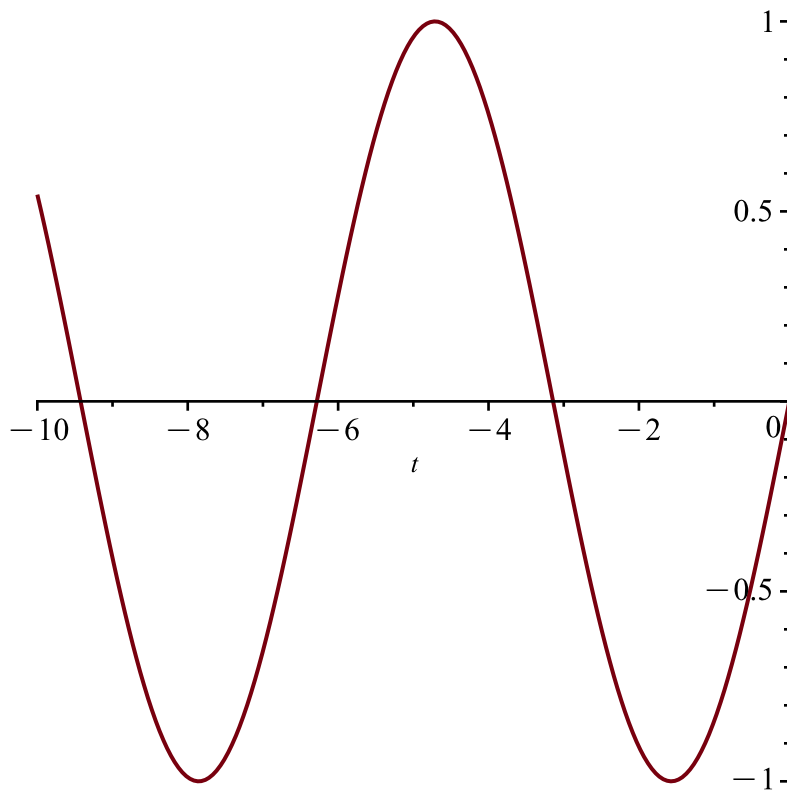
$sol := \text{dsolve}(\{eq, ic1\}, x(t));$

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} \sin(t) & t < 0 \\ t & t < \pi \\ \frac{1}{2} \pi e^{\pi-t} - \frac{1}{2} \sin(t) \pi - \frac{1}{2} \cos(t) \pi - \sin(t) & \pi \leq t \end{cases} \quad (21)$$

$solfct := rhs(sol);$

$$\begin{cases} \sin(t) & t < 0 \\ t & t < \pi \\ \frac{1}{2} \pi e^{\pi-t} - \frac{1}{2} \sin(t) \pi - \frac{1}{2} \cos(t) \pi - \sin(t) & \pi \leq t \end{cases} \quad (22)$$

$\text{plot}(solfct, t=-10 \dots 10);$



$$eq2 := \text{diff}(x(t), t\$2) + x(t) = \text{Pi} \cdot \exp(1)^{\text{Pi}-t};$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = \pi (e)^{\pi-t} \quad (23)$$

$$ic := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0;$$

$$x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0 \quad (24)$$

$$dsolve(\{eq2, ic\}, x(t));$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(t) \pi e^{\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \cos(t) \pi e^{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \pi e^{\pi-t} \quad (25)$$

Exercise 8

$$eq := \text{diff}(x(t), t\$2) + x(t) = \cos(\omega \cdot t);$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = \cos(\omega t) \quad (26)$$

$$ic1 := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0;$$

$$x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0 \quad (27)$$

$$sol := dsolve(\{eq, ic1\}, x(t));$$

$$x(t) = \frac{\cos(t)}{\omega^2 - 1} - \frac{\cos(\omega t)}{\omega^2 - 1} \quad (28)$$

$$\varphi := rhs(sol);$$

$$\frac{\cos(t)}{\omega^2 - 1} - \frac{\cos(\omega t)}{\omega^2 - 1} \quad (29)$$

When $\omega=1$

$$eq1 := \text{diff}(x(t), t\$2) + x(t) = \cos(t);$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = \cos(t) \quad (30)$$

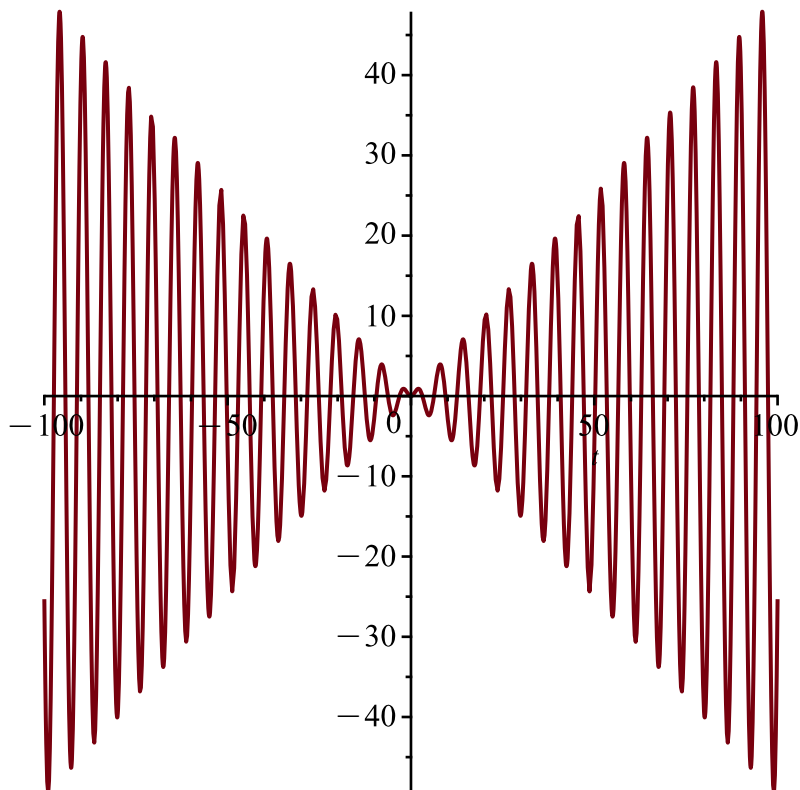
`sol2 := dsolve({eq1, ic1}, x(t));`

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} t \sin(t) \quad (31)$$

`limit(φ, ω = 1);`

$$\frac{1}{2} t \sin(t) \quad (32)$$

`plot(rhs(sol2), t=-100..100);`



Exercise 9

`eq := diff(x(t), t$2) - 4*x(t) = exp(1)^α*t;`

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) - 4 x(t) = (e)^{\alpha t} \quad (33)$$

`ic := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0;`

$$x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0 \quad (34)$$

`sol := dsolve({eq, ic}, x(t));`

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{e^{-2t}}{\alpha + 2} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{e^{2t}}{\alpha - 2} + \frac{e^{\alpha t}}{\alpha^2 - 4} \quad (35)$$

`limit(rhs(sol), α = 2);`

$$\frac{1}{16} \frac{4 t (e')^4 - (e')^4 + 1}{(e')^2} \quad (36)$$

Find separately the solution when $\alpha=2$

$$eq2 := \text{diff}(x(t), t\$2) - 4 \cdot x(t) = \exp(1)^{2 \cdot t};$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) - 4 x(t) = (e)^{2t} \quad (37)$$

$$sol2 := \text{dsolve}(\{eq2, ic\}, x(t));$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{4} t e^{2t} + \frac{1}{16} e^{-2t} - \frac{1}{16} e^{2t} \quad (38)$$

Exercise 10

$$f := \text{piecewise}\left(0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, t, \frac{\pi}{2} \leq t \leq \pi, \pi - t, t > \pi, 0\right);$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} t & 0 \leq t \text{ and } t \leq \frac{1}{2} \pi \\ \pi - t & \frac{1}{2} \pi \leq t \text{ and } t \leq \pi \\ 0 & \pi < t \end{array} \right. \quad (39)$$

$$eq := \text{diff}(x(t), t\$2) + x(t) = f;$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + x(t) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} t & 0 \leq t \text{ and } t \leq \frac{1}{2} \pi \\ \pi - t & \frac{1}{2} \pi \leq t \text{ and } t \leq \pi \\ 0 & \pi < t \end{array} \right. \quad (40)$$

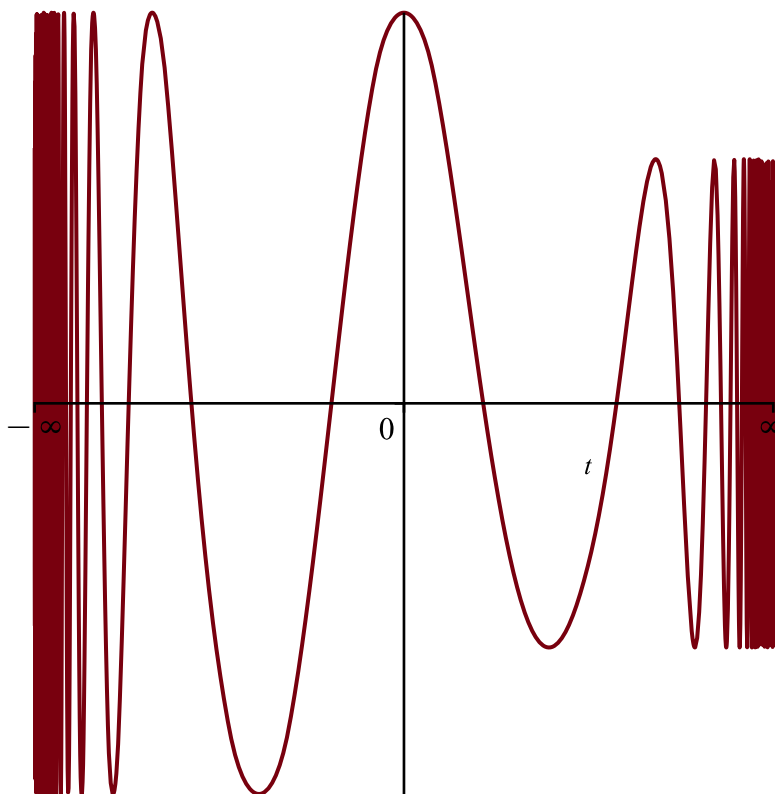
$$ic := x(0) = 5, D(x)(0) = 0;$$

$$x(0) = 5, D(x)(0) = 0 \quad (41)$$

$$sol := \text{dsolve}(\{eq, ic\}, x(t));$$

$$x(t) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 5 \cos(t) & t < 0 \\ 5 \cos(t) + t - \sin(t) & t < \frac{1}{2} \pi \\ 3 \cos(t) + \pi - t - \sin(t) & t < \pi \\ 3 \cos(t) & \pi \leq t \end{array} \right. \quad (42)$$

$$\text{plot}(rhs(sol), t = -\text{infinity} .. \text{infinity});$$



Exercise 11

$$eq1 := \text{diff}(x(t), t) = -2 \cdot x(t);$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} x(t) = -2 x(t) \quad (43)$$

$$eq2 := \text{diff}(y(t), t) = -3 \cdot y(t);$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} y(t) = -3 y(t) \quad (44)$$

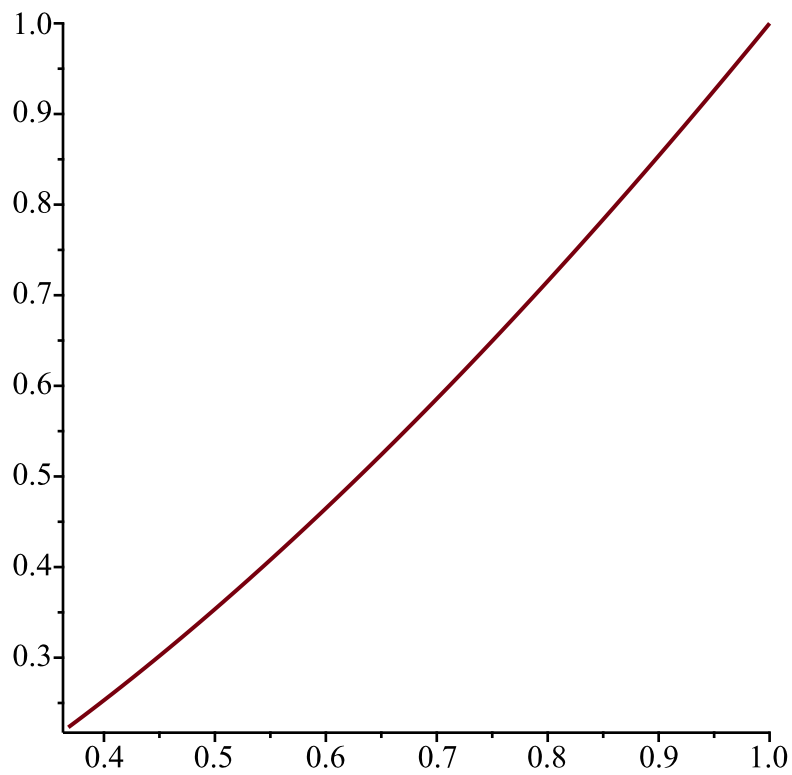
$$ic := x(0) = 1, y(0) = 1;$$

$$x(0) = 1, y(0) = 1 \quad (45)$$

$$\text{dsolve}(\{eq1, eq2, ic\}, \{x(t), y(t)\});$$

$$\{x(t) = e^{-2t}, y(t) = e^{-3t}\} \quad (46)$$

$$\text{plot}([\exp(1)^{-2 \cdot t}, \exp(1)^{-3 \cdot t}, t=0 \dots 5]);$$



Exercise 14

$eq1 := \text{diff}(x(t), t) = -x(t) + 3 \cdot y(t);$

$$\frac{d}{dt} x(t) = -x(t) + 3 y(t) \quad (47)$$

$eq2 := \text{diff}(y(t), t) = -3 \cdot x(t) - y(t);$

$$\frac{d}{dt} y(t) = -3 x(t) - y(t) \quad (48)$$

$ic := x(0) = 1, y(0) = 1;$

$$x(0) = 1, y(0) = 1 \quad (49)$$

$dsolve(\{eq1, eq2, ic\}, \{x(t), y(t)\});$

$$\{x(t) = e^{-t} (\cos(3 t) + \sin(3 t)), y(t) = e^{-t} (\cos(3 t) - \sin(3 t))\} \quad (50)$$

$plot([\exp(1)^{-t} (\cos(3 t) + \sin(3 t)), \exp(1)^{-t} (\cos(3 t) - \sin(3 t)), t=-10..10]);$

