#Ex.3 -
$$x' = 1-x^2$$

eq := $diff(x(t), t) = 1 - x(t)^2$;

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} x(t) = 1 - x(t)^2 \tag{1}$$

#Find the equilibrium points $f := 1 - x^2$;

$$-x^2 + 1$$
 (2)

solve(f, x);

$$-1, 1$$
 (3)

#Equilibrium points are +1 and -1 ic 1 := x(0) = -1;

$$x(0) = -1 \tag{4}$$

 $dsolve(\{eq,ic1\},x(t));$

$$x(t) = -1 \tag{5}$$

ic2 := x(0) = 1;

$$x(0) = 1$$
 (6)

 $dsolve(\{eq,ic2\},x(t));$

$$x(t) = 1 \tag{7}$$

#ii) Find the expression of each of the solutions for -2, 0, 2 ic := x(0) = -2;

$$x(0) = -2$$
 (8)

 $sol1 := dsolve(\{eq, ic\}, x(t));$

$$x(t) = \tanh(\operatorname{arctanh}(2) + t)$$
 (9)

convert(convert(tanh(t-arctanh(2)), exp), exp)

$$\frac{e^{2t} + 3}{e^{2t} - 3} \tag{10}$$

ic := x(0) = 0;

$$x(0) = 0 \tag{11}$$

 $sol2 := dsolve(\{eq, ic\}, x(t));$

$$x(t) = \tanh(\operatorname{arctanh}(2) + t)$$
 (12)

convert(convert(tanh(t), exp), exp)

$$\frac{e^{2t} - 1}{e^{2t} + 1} \tag{13}$$

ic := x(0) = 2;

$$x(0) = 2 \tag{14}$$

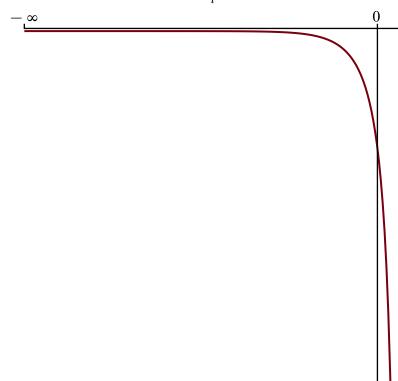
 $sol3 := dsolve(\{eq, ic\}, x(t));$

$$x(t) = \tanh(\operatorname{arctanh}(2) + t)$$
 (15)

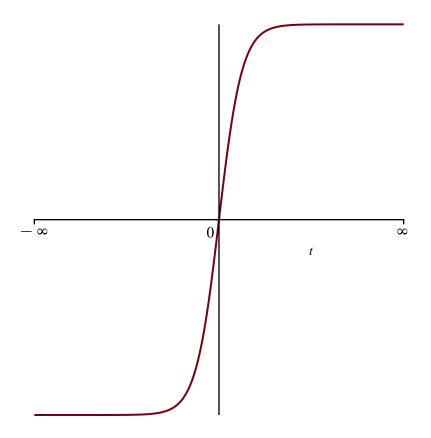
convert(convert(tanh(t + arctanh(2)), exp), exp)

$$\frac{3 e^{2t} + 1}{3 e^{2t} - 1}$$
 (16)

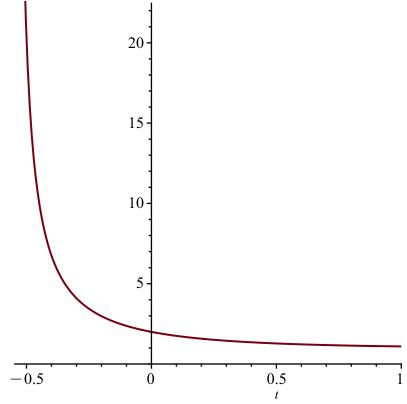
#iii) Represent the graph for 0,-2,2 #for -2 plot(tanh(t - arctanh(2)), t = -infinity...ln(sqrt(3)));



plot(tanh(t), t = -infinity...infinity);



plot(tanh(t + arctanh(2)), t = -ln(sqrt(3))..1)



limit(sol1, t = -infinity);

$$\lim_{t \to -\infty} x(t) = -1 \tag{17}$$

$$limit(tanh(t - arctanh(2)), t = ln(sqrt(3)), left)$$

$$-\infty$$
(18)

limit(sol2, t = -infinity);

$$\lim_{t \to -\infty} x(t) = -1 \tag{19}$$

limit(sol2, t = infinity);

$$\lim_{t \to \infty} x(t) = 1 \tag{20}$$

limit(sol3, t = infinity);

$$\lim_{t \to \infty} x(t) = 1 \tag{21}$$

limit(sol3, t = -infinity);

$$\lim_{t \to -\infty} x(t) = -1 \tag{22}$$