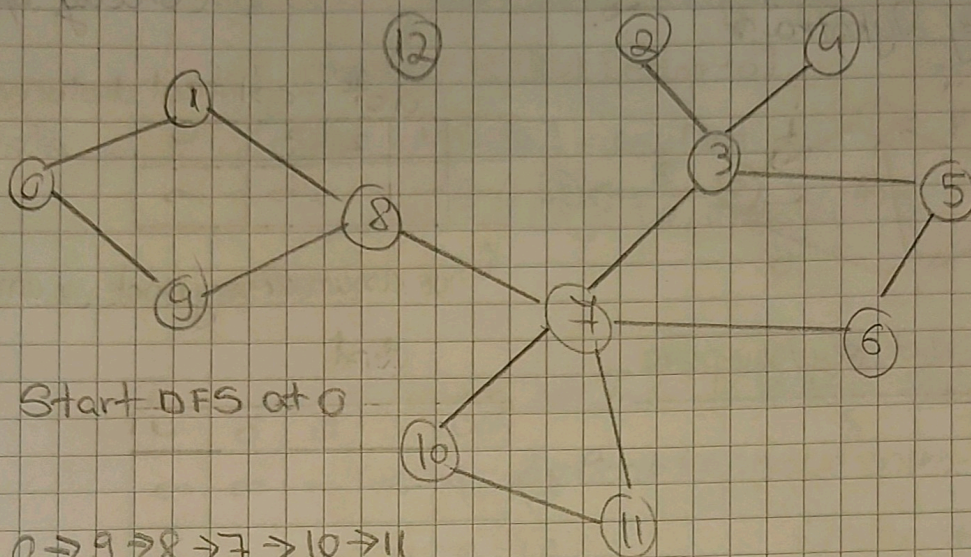


DEPTH - FIRST SEARCH TRAVERSAL

Complexity: $O(V+E)$

DFS plunges depth-first into a graph without regard for which edge it takes next, until it cannot go any further at which point it backtracks and continues.



we do not want to revisit 7 so we backtrack

$7 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow \text{backtrack}$

$3 \rightarrow 4$

$3 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6$

$8 \rightarrow 1$

Backtrack all the way to 0

Connected components using DFS

DFS start DFS at every unvisited node and mark all reachable nodes as being part of the same component

function findComponents():

for ($i=0; i < n; i++$):

if !visited[i]:

count++

dfs(i)

return count, components

Pseudocode

n = no. of nodes in the graph

g = adjacency list

visited = [false, ..., false] # size n

function dfs(at):

if visited[at]: return

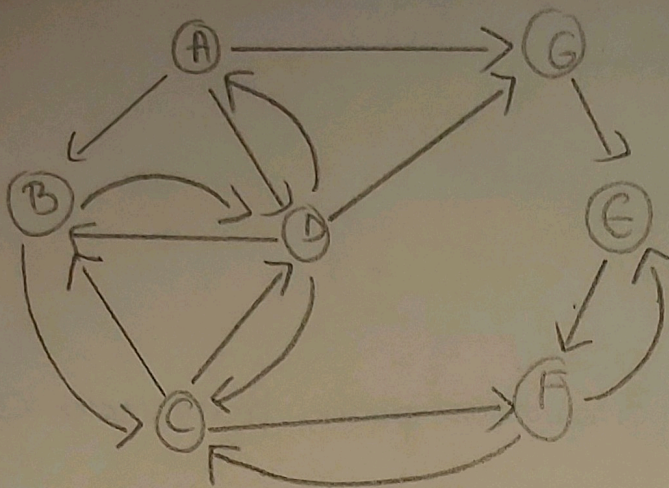
visited[at] = true

neighbours = graph[at]

for next in neighbours:

dfs(next)

DFS



A
↳ G B

G → E → F → C → D

↳ ~~B~~ →

A B G E F C D

A G E F C D B

~~A B~~

~~A~~
~~↳ B~~

	x	y	visited
			A B C D E F G
			0 0 0 0 0 0 0
DFS(A)	x=A	y=B	1 0 0 0 0 0 0
DFS(B)	x=B	y=C	1 1 0 0 0 0 0
DFS(C)	x=C	y=B x y=D	1 1 1 0 0 0 0
DFS(D)	x=D	y=A x y=G	1 1 1 1 0 0 0
DFS(G)	x=G	y=E	1 1 1 1 0 0 1
DFS(E)	x=E	y=F	1 1 1 1 1 0 x
DFS(F)	x=F		x 1 1 1 1 1 1

↳ A B C D G E F