

# Iterative methods

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# Summary

1. Jacobi method
2. Blocks methods
3. Asynchronous methods
4. Overlapping methods
5. Experimental results
6. Conclusions

# Jacobi point method

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & a_{n2} & \cdots & a_{nn} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$A = D + R \quad \text{where} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & a_{22} & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & a_{nn} \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & 0 & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & a_{n2} & \cdots & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$\mathbf{x}^{(k+1)} = D^{-1}(\mathbf{b} - R\mathbf{x}^{(k)}),$$

$$x_i^{(k+1)} = \frac{1}{a_{ii}} \left( b_i - \sum_{j \neq i} a_{ij} x_j^{(k)} \right), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

One row at the time!

# Jacobi Method

```
1: function JACOBI( $A, b, \epsilon, K$ )
2:    $x^{(0)} \leftarrow$  initial guess
3:    $k \leftarrow 0$ 
4:   repeat
5:      $error \leftarrow 0$ 
6:     for  $i=0$  to  $M$  do
7:        $\beta \leftarrow 0$ 
8:       for  $j=0$  to  $M$  do
9:         if  $i \neq j$  then
10:           $\beta \leftarrow \beta + a_{ij}x_j^{(k)}$ 
11:           $x_i^{(k+1)} \leftarrow \frac{b_i - \beta}{a_{ii}}$ 
12:           $error \leftarrow \frac{\|x^{(k+1)} - x^{(k)}\|_1}{N}$ 
13:           $k \leftarrow k + 1$ 
14:   until  $error > \epsilon$  and  $k < K$ 
15:   return  $x^{(k)}$ 
```

## Input:

$A$  a linear system in matrix form  $Ax=b$  of size  $M \times M$

$\epsilon$  the maximum accepted error

$K$  the maximum number of iterations

## Output:

$x^{(k)}$  the solution vector

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## Block method

$$\begin{bmatrix} \boxed{\begin{matrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{matrix}} \begin{matrix} a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{23} & a_{24} \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} a_{15} & a_{16} \\ a_{25} & a_{26} \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} \end{matrix} & \boxed{\begin{matrix} a_{33} & a_{34} \\ a_{43} & a_{44} \end{matrix}} \begin{matrix} a_{35} & a_{36} \\ a_{45} & a_{46} \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} a_{51} & a_{52} \\ a_{61} & a_{62} \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} a_{53} & a_{54} \\ a_{63} & a_{64} \end{matrix} & \boxed{\begin{matrix} a_{55} & a_{56} \\ a_{65} & a_{66} \end{matrix}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \\ b_4 \\ b_5 \\ b_6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_j^{i+1} = A_{jj}^{-1} (b_j - \sum_{\substack{s=1 \\ s \neq j}}^n A_{js} x_s^{(i)}) \quad j=0 \dots n$$

# Overlapping Methods

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# Overlapping method

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} & a_{16} \\
 a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & a_{25} & a_{26} \\
 a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & a_{35} & a_{36} \\
 a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} & a_{45} & a_{46} \\
 a_{51} & a_{52} & a_{53} & a_{54} & a_{55} & a_{56} \\
 a_{61} & a_{62} & a_{63} & a_{64} & a_{65} & a_{66}
 \end{bmatrix}
 =
 \begin{bmatrix}
 b_1 \\
 b_2 \\
 b_3 \\
 b_4 \\
 b_5 \\
 b_6
 \end{bmatrix}$$

Diagram illustrating the overlapping method for solving a system of linear equations. The coefficient matrix is partitioned into three overlapping blocks, labeled  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$ , and  $A_3$  in red.  $A_1$  covers rows 1-2 and columns 1-4.  $A_2$  covers rows 2-4 and columns 2-5.  $A_3$  covers rows 3-5 and columns 4-6. The right-hand side vector  $b$  is shown as a column vector.

$$x_j^{i+1} = E_J \left[ A_{jj}^{-1} \left( b_j - \sum_{\substack{s=1 \\ s \neq j}}^n A_{js} x_s^{(i)} \right) \right] \quad j=0 \dots n$$

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What is E?

Splitting matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & & & & & \\ & 1/2 & & & & \\ & & 1/3 & & & \\ & & & 1/3 & & \\ & 0 & & & 0 & \\ & & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



# Asynchronous Methods

# Jacobi Method

```
1: function JACOBI( $A, b, \epsilon, K$ )
2:    $x^{(0)} \leftarrow$  initial guess
3:    $k \leftarrow 0$ 
4:   repeat
5:      $error \leftarrow 0$ 
6:     for  $i=0$  to  $M$  do
7:        $\beta \leftarrow 0$ 
8:       for  $j=0$  to  $M$  do
9:         if  $i \neq j$  then
10:           $\beta \leftarrow \beta + a_{ij}x_j^{(k)}$ 
11:           $x_i^{(k+1)} \leftarrow \frac{b_i - \beta}{a_{ii}}$ 
12:           $error \leftarrow \frac{\|x^{(k+1)} - x^{(k)}\|_1}{N}$ 
13:           $k \leftarrow k + 1$ 
14:       until  $error > \epsilon$  and  $k < K$ 
15:   return  $x^{(k)}$ 
```

## Input:

$A$  a linear system in matrix form  $Ax=b$  of size  $M \times M$

$\epsilon$  the maximum accepted error

$K$  the maximum number of iterations

## Output:

$x^{(k)}$  the solution vector

← Local error checking

Remove the synchronization point

## Minor optimization

- › LDLT Cholesky factorizations in order to avoid the inverse
- › Vectorization

# Methods

- › Parallel
- › Parallel Async
- › Blocks
- › Blocks Async
- › Block Optimized
- › Overlapping
- › Overlapping Async
- › Overlapping optimized

# Datasets

- › Random matrices of size 4096, 16384, 32768, 65536
- › Equilibrium distribution of a Markov chain transition matrix of size 910596

# Metrics

- › Scalability
- › Wall clock time
- › Benchmark

## Parameters

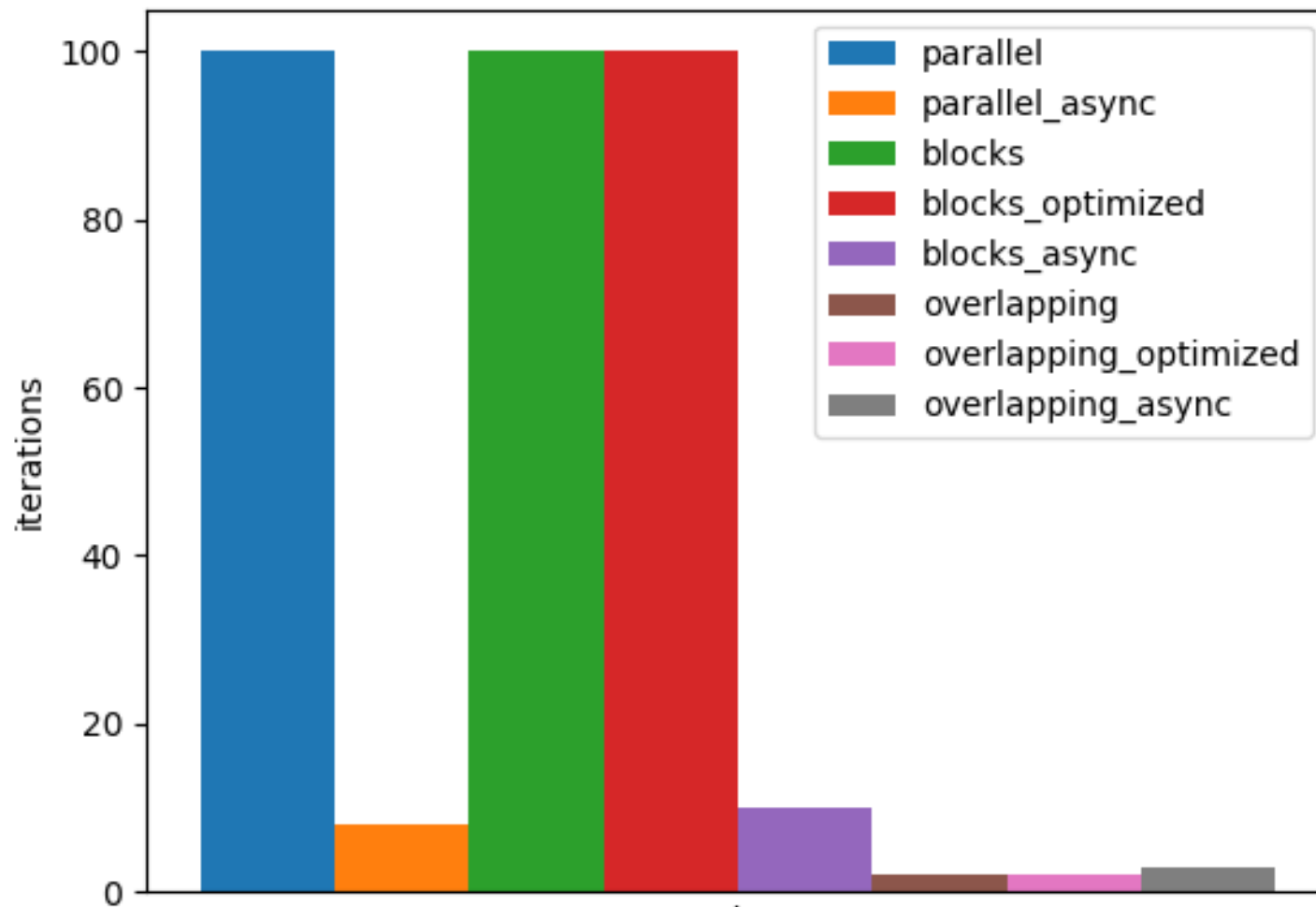
- › Max number of iterations 100
- › Number of physical cores 24
- › Error tolerated  $10^{-10}$

# Convergence



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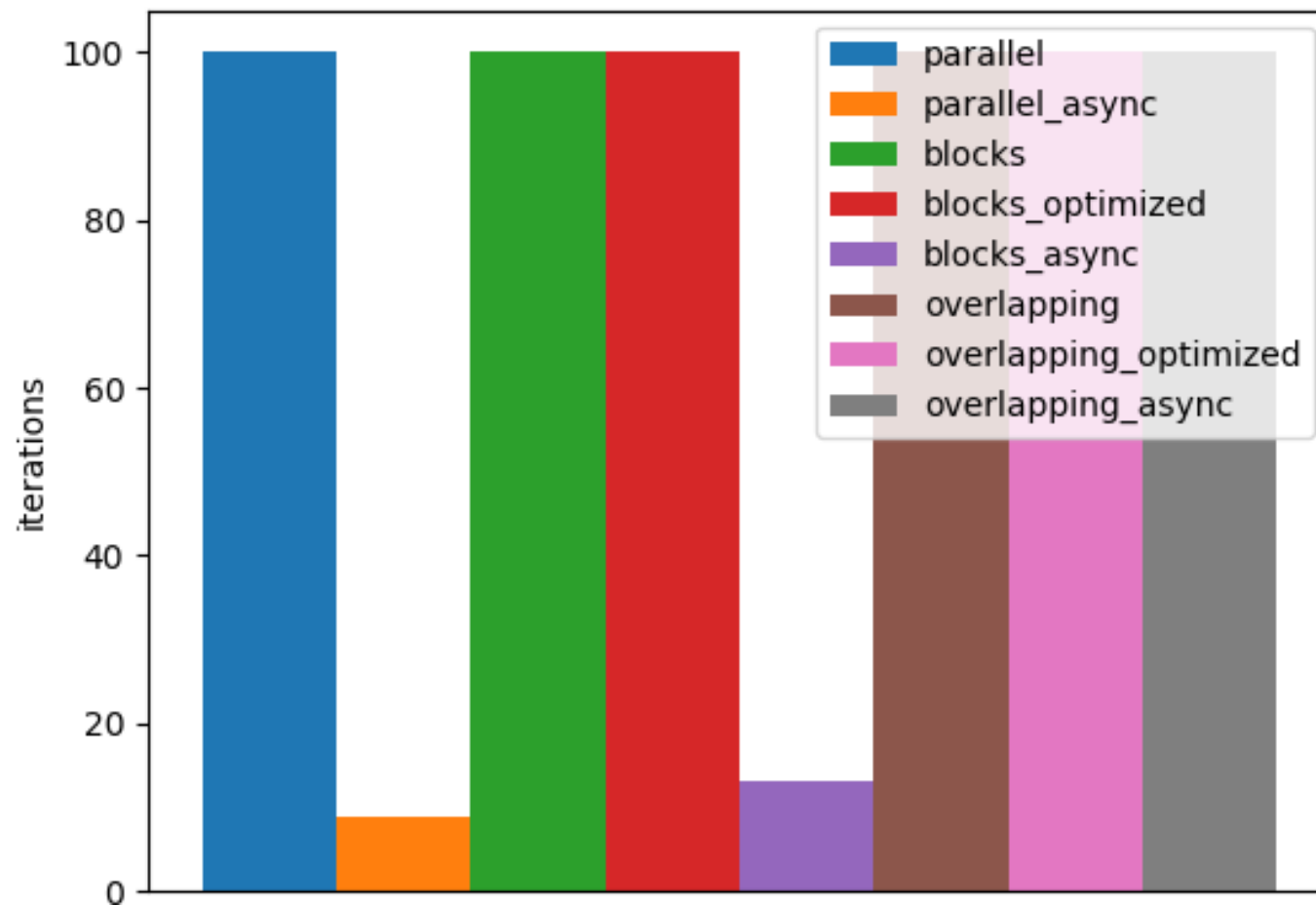
# Random sparse matrix



Size	65536
Block Size	256
Workers	24

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# Random sparse matrix

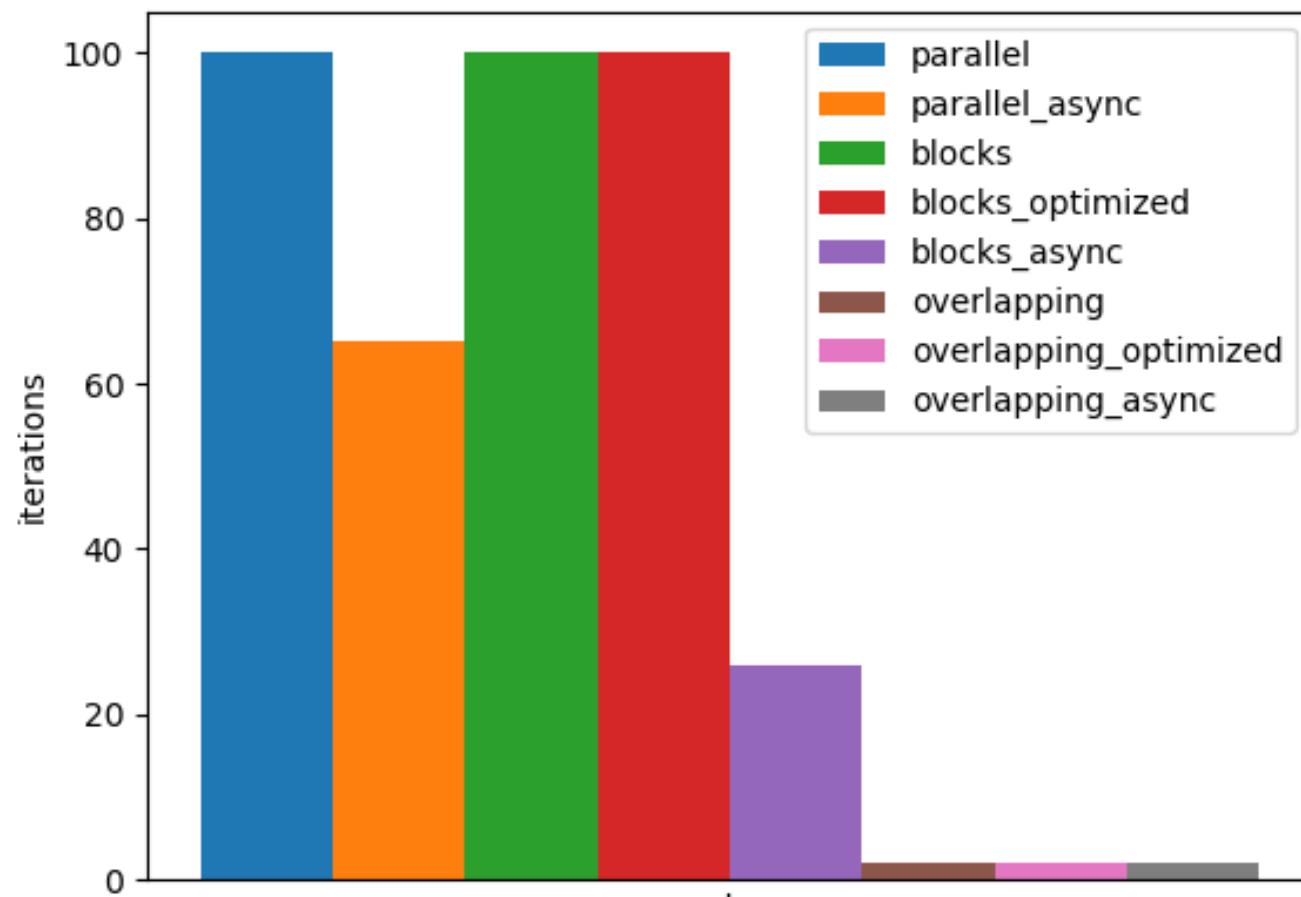


Size	16384
Block Size	128
Workers	24

Blocks too big!  
Slow convergence!

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# Markov transition matrix

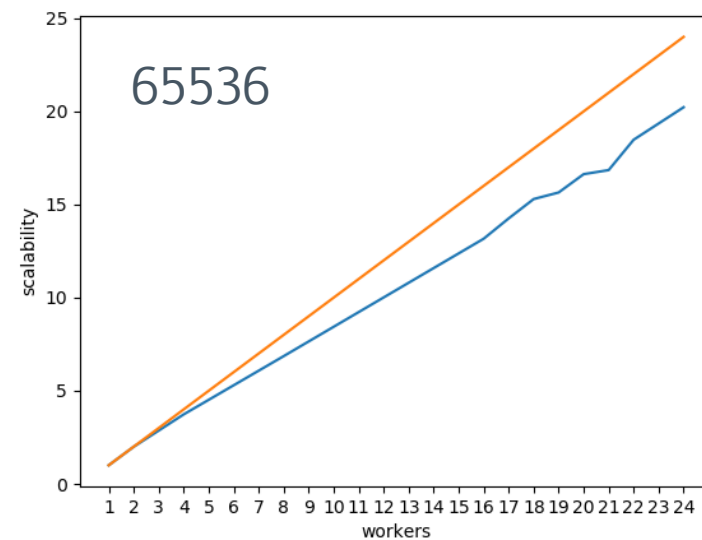
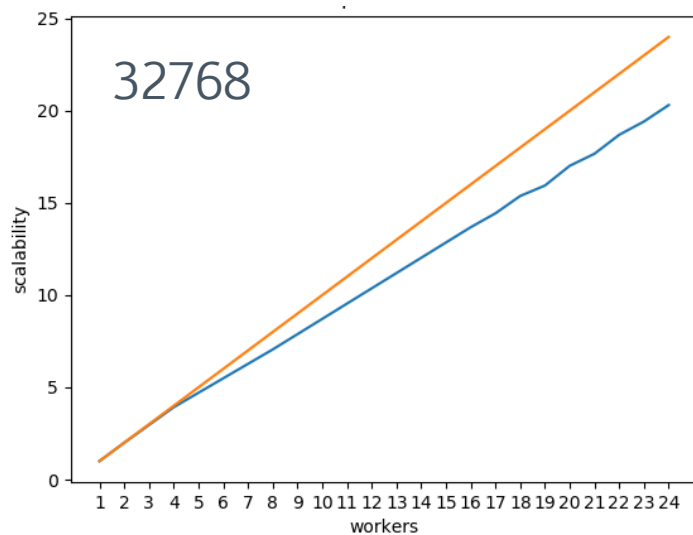
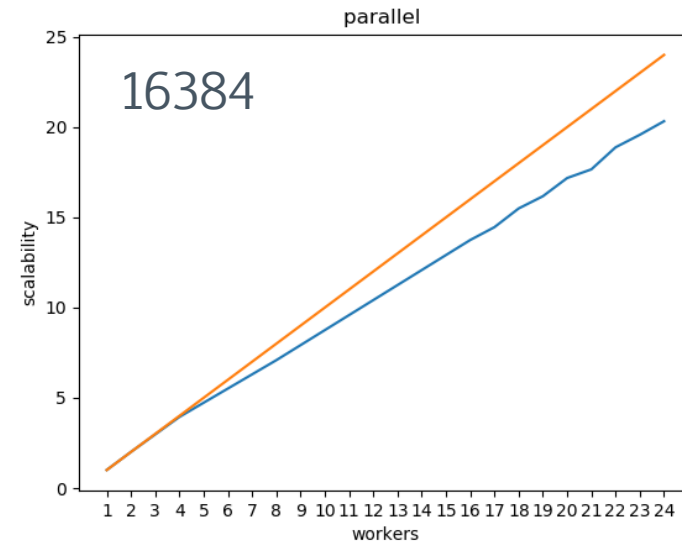
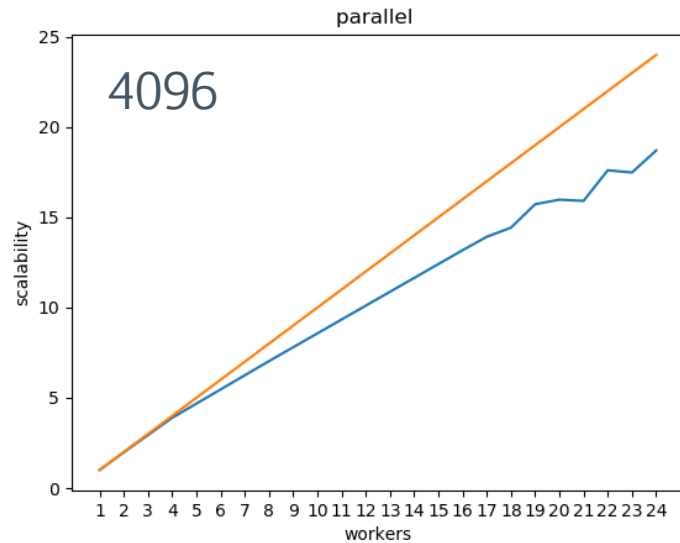


Size	910596
Block Size	512
Workers	24

# Scalability

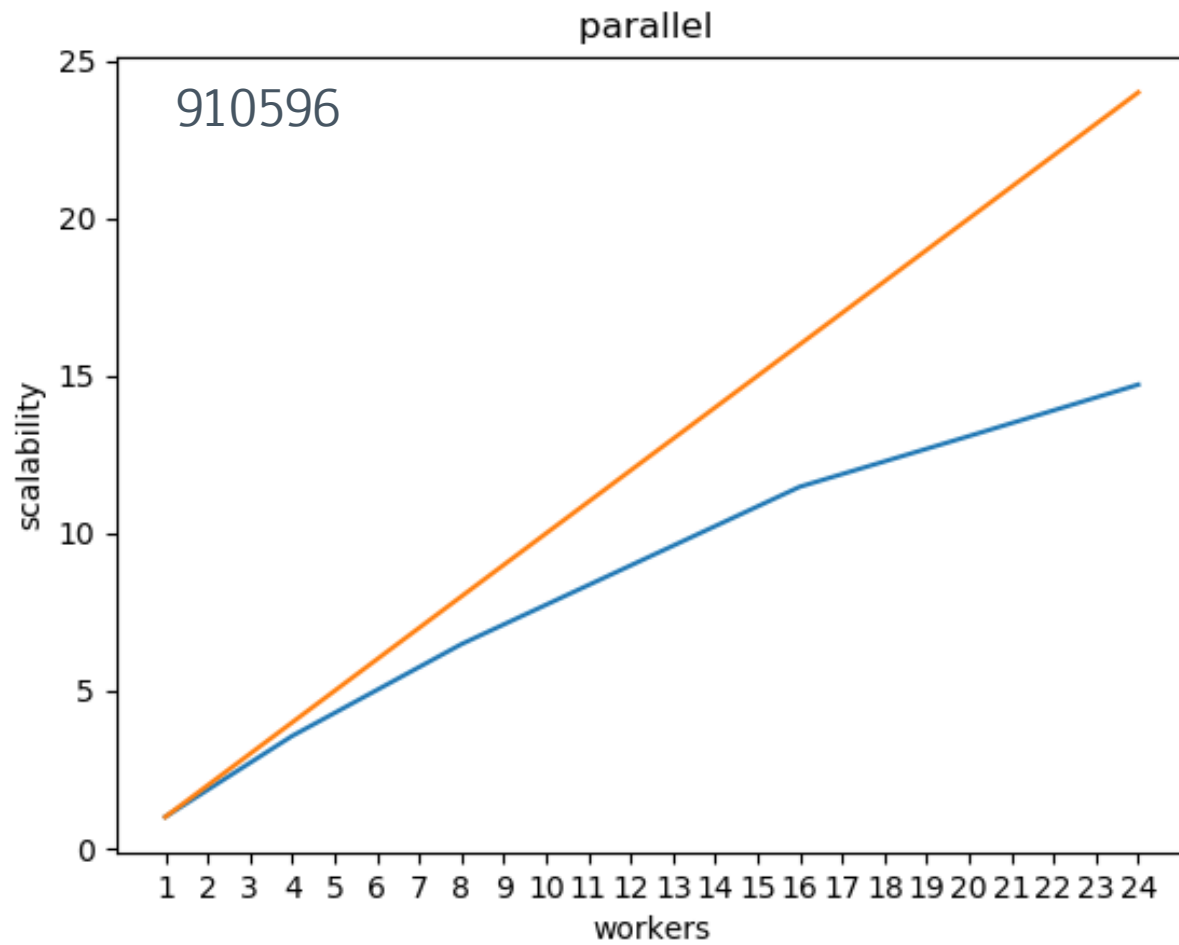
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# Parallel



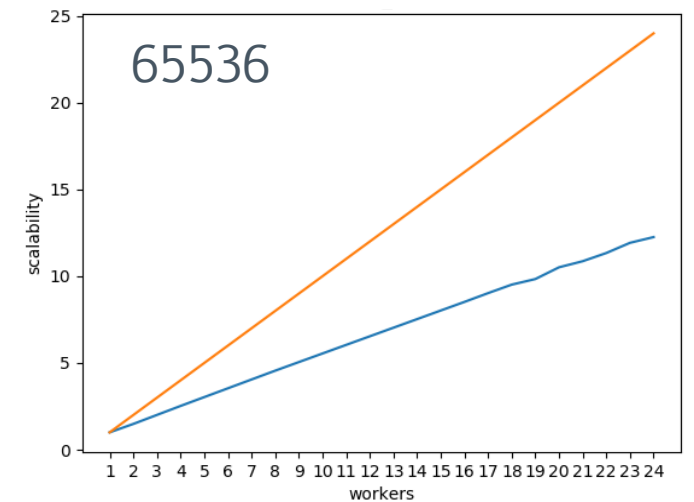
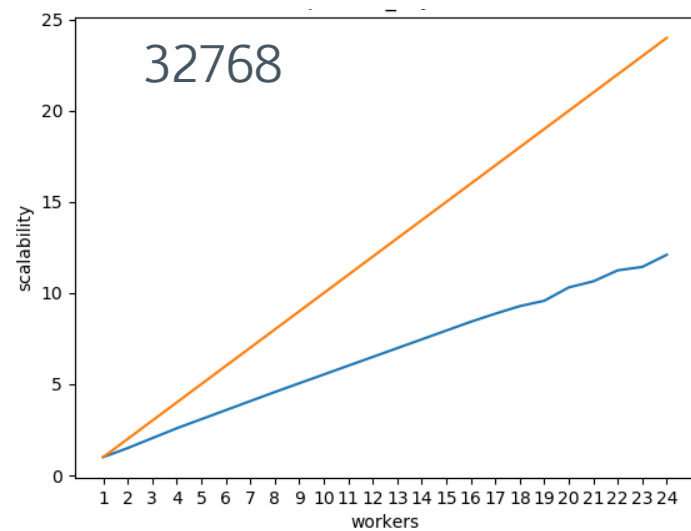
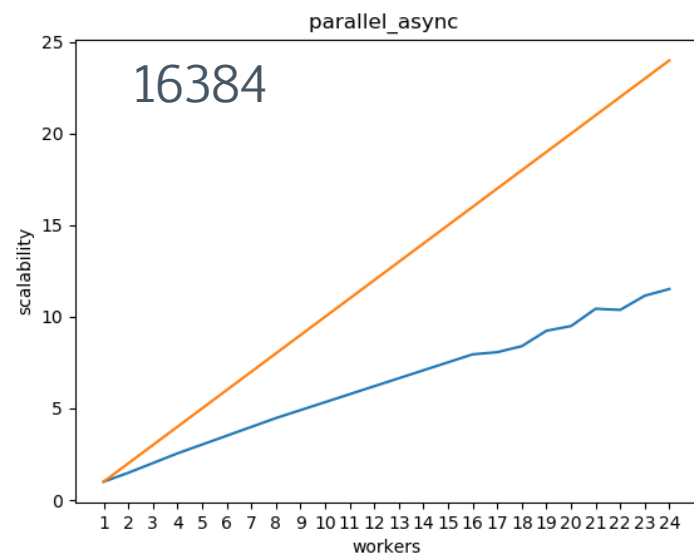
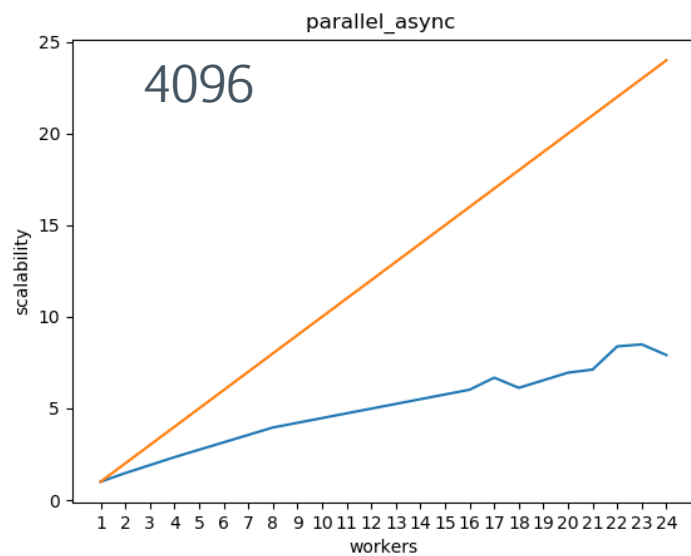
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# Parallel



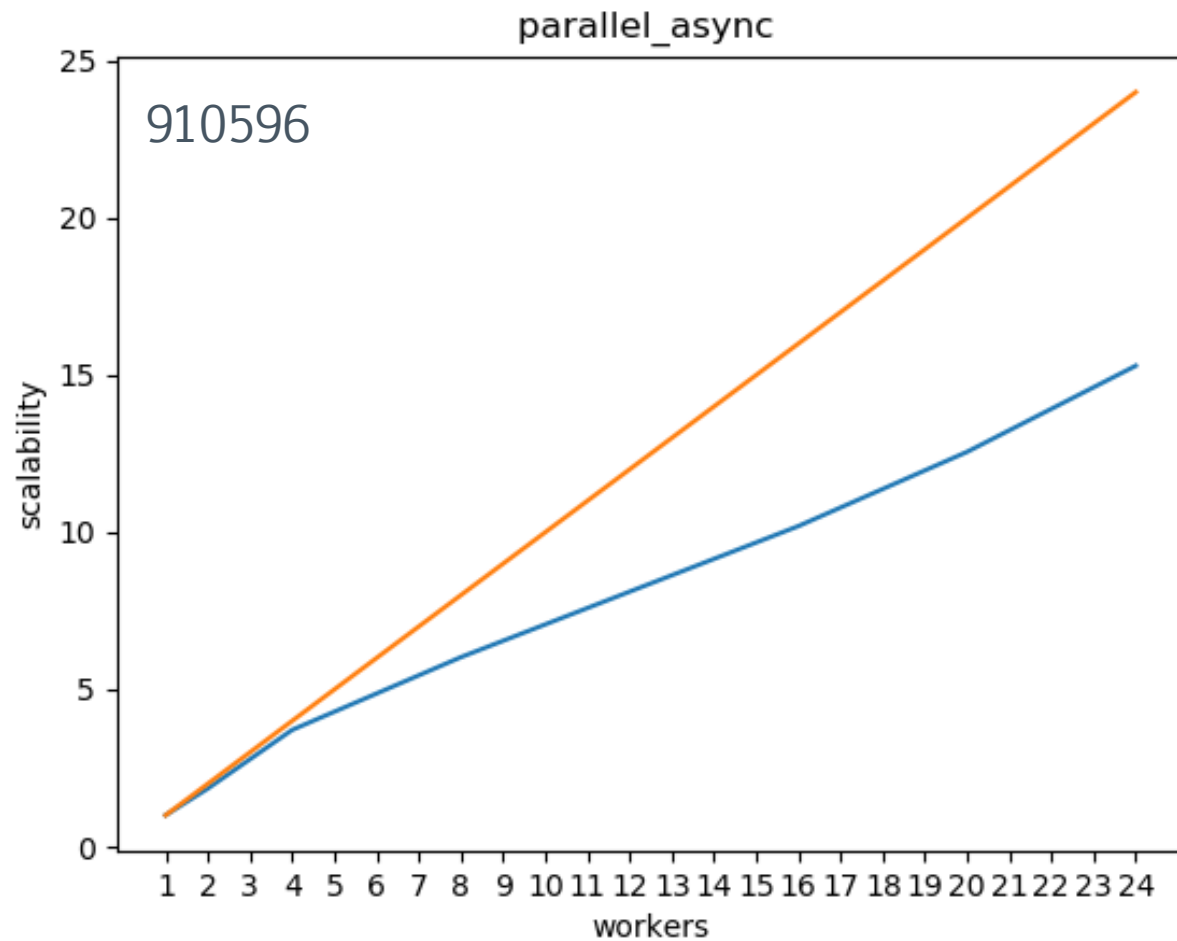
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# Parallel Async



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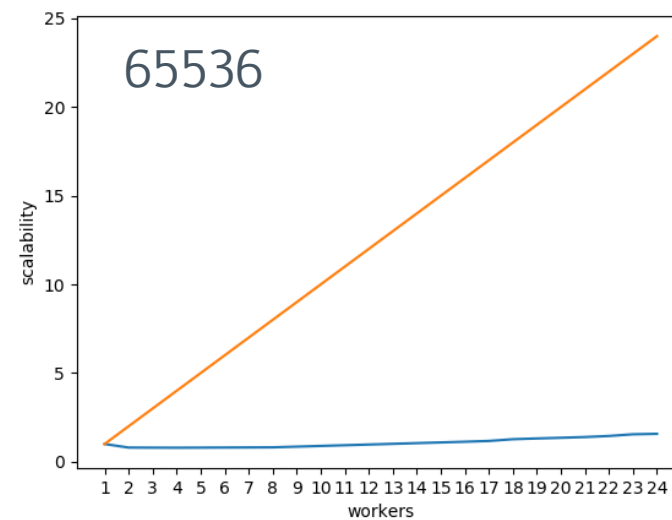
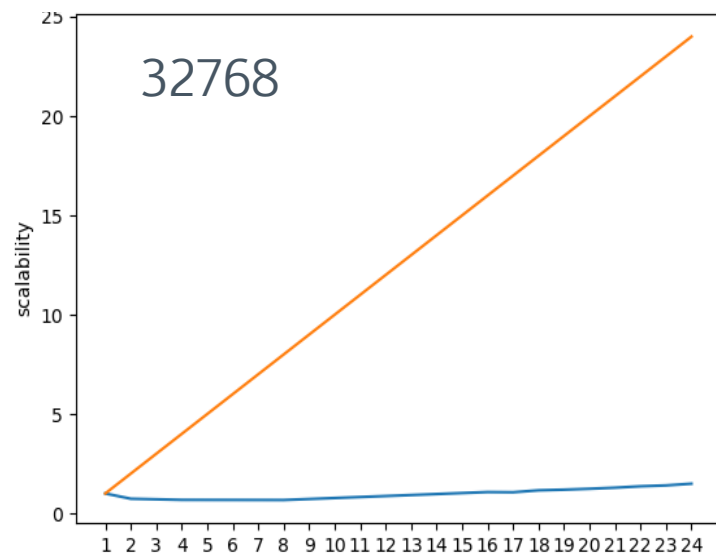
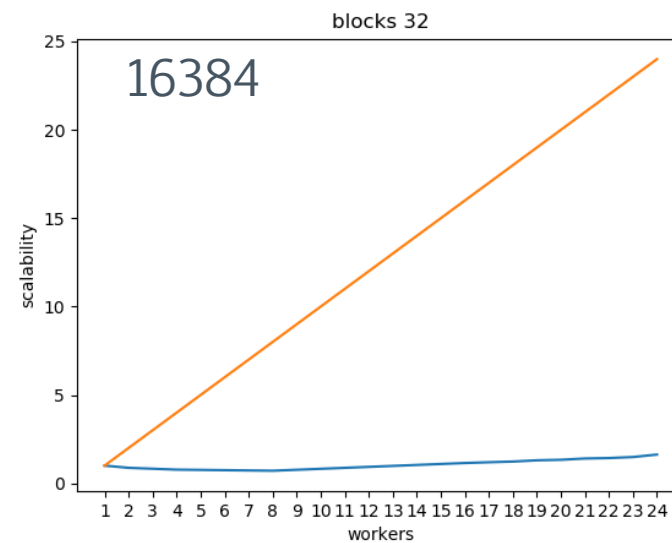
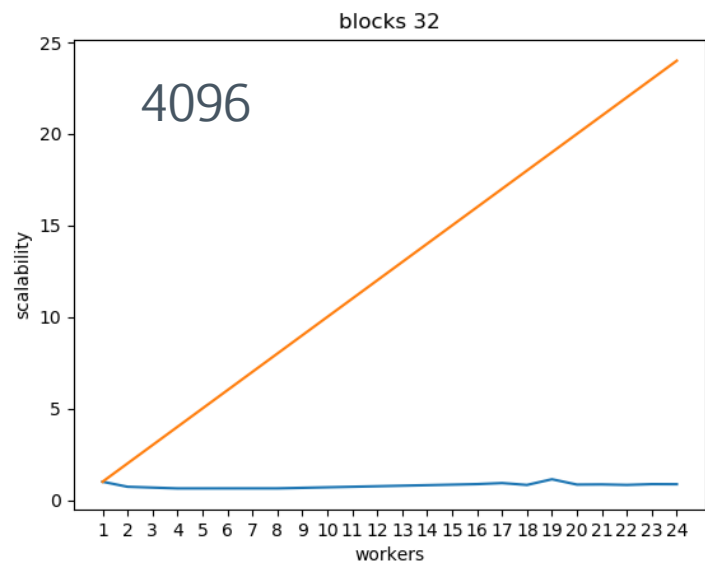
# Parallel Async





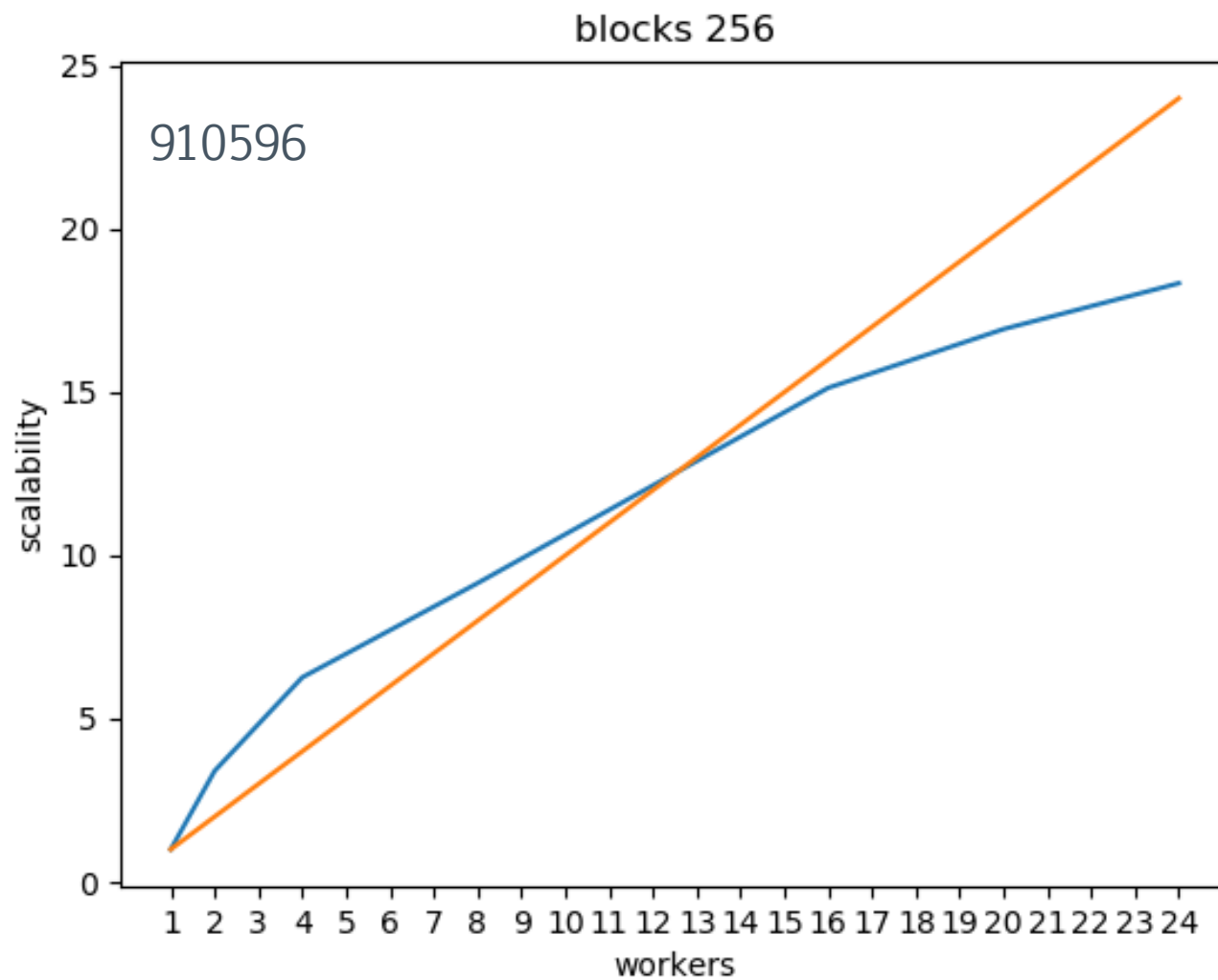
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# Blocks



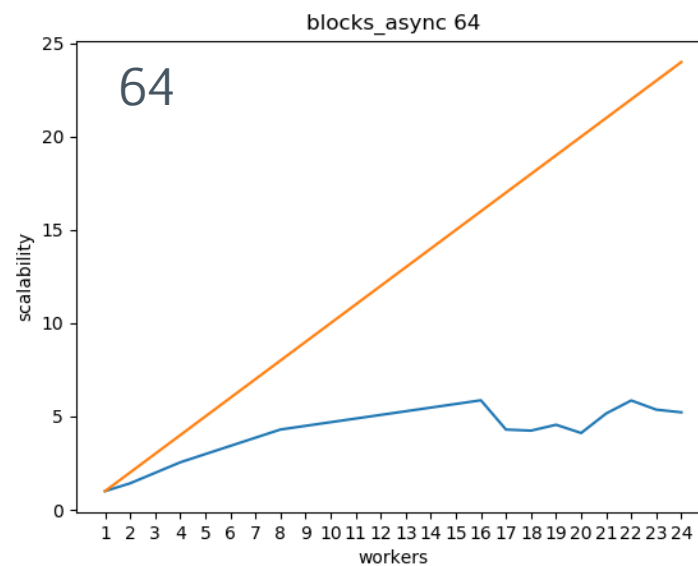
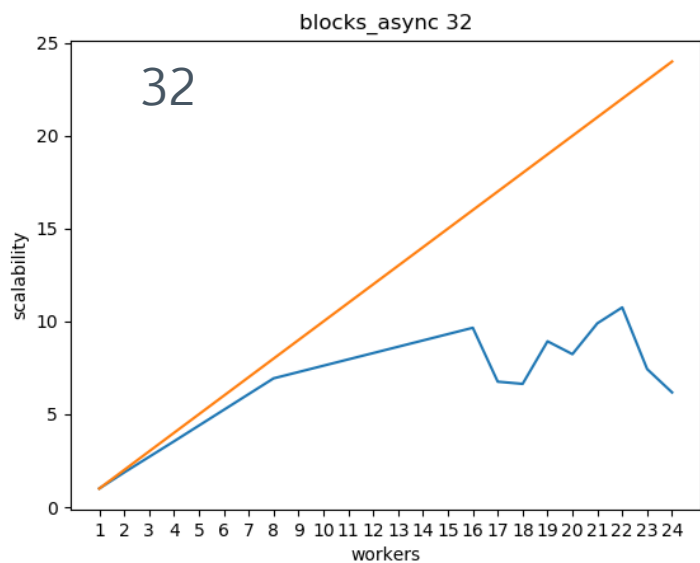
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# Blocks



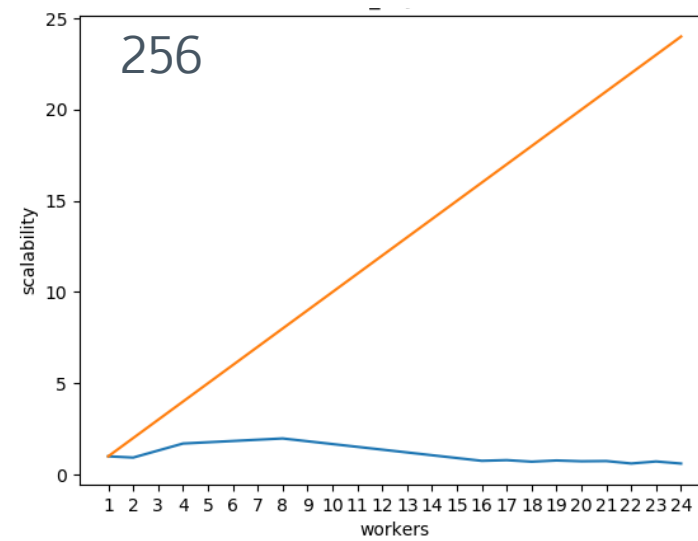
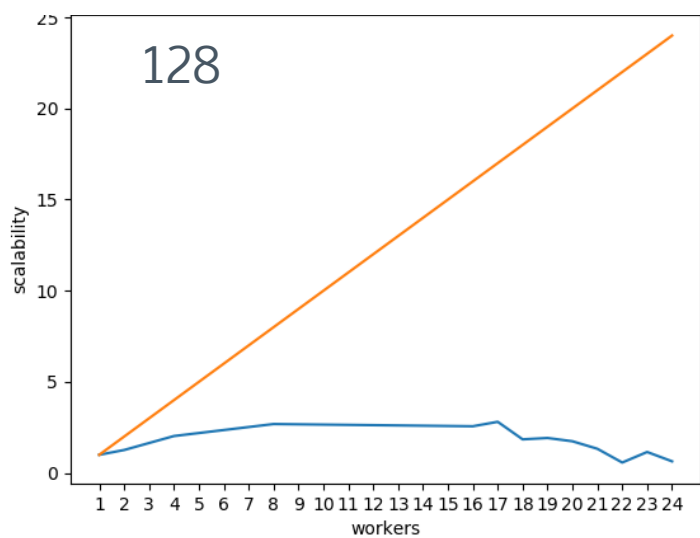
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# Blocks Async



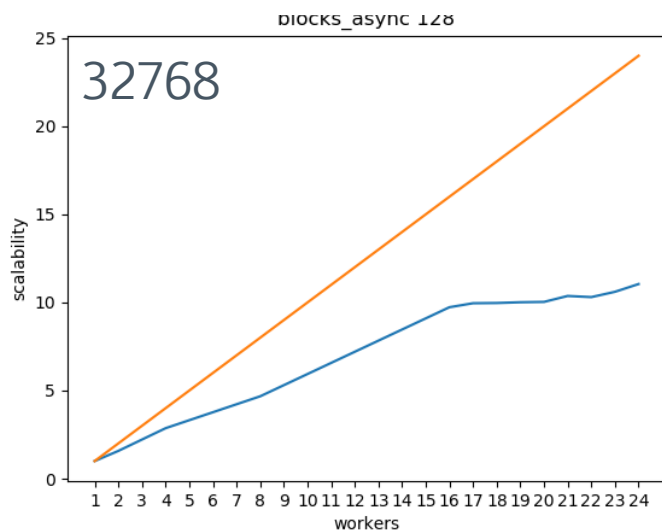
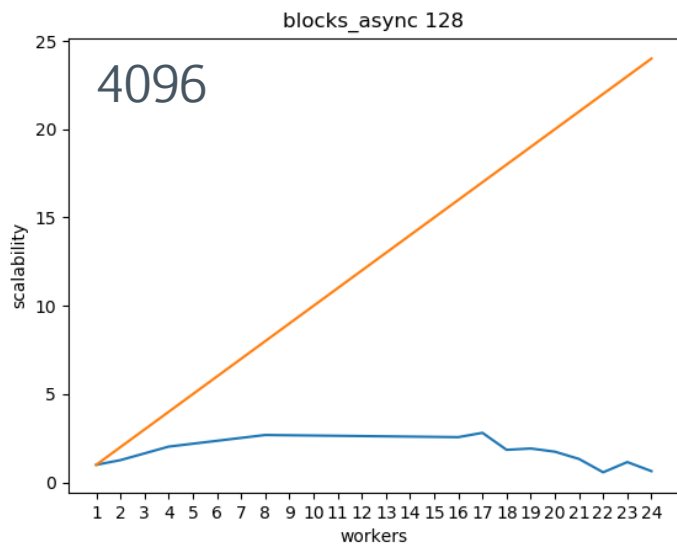
4096

Blocks too big!

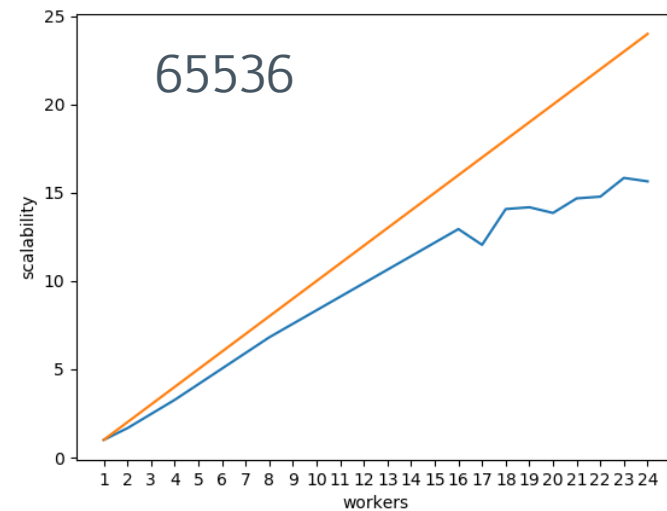
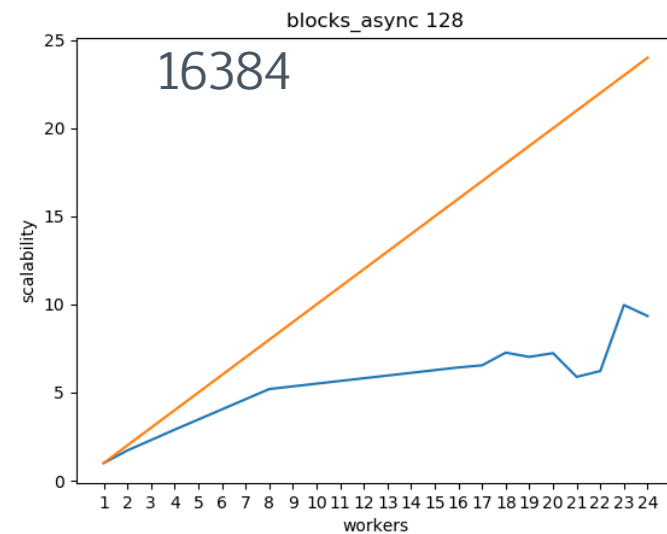


$\pi$ 

# Blocks Async

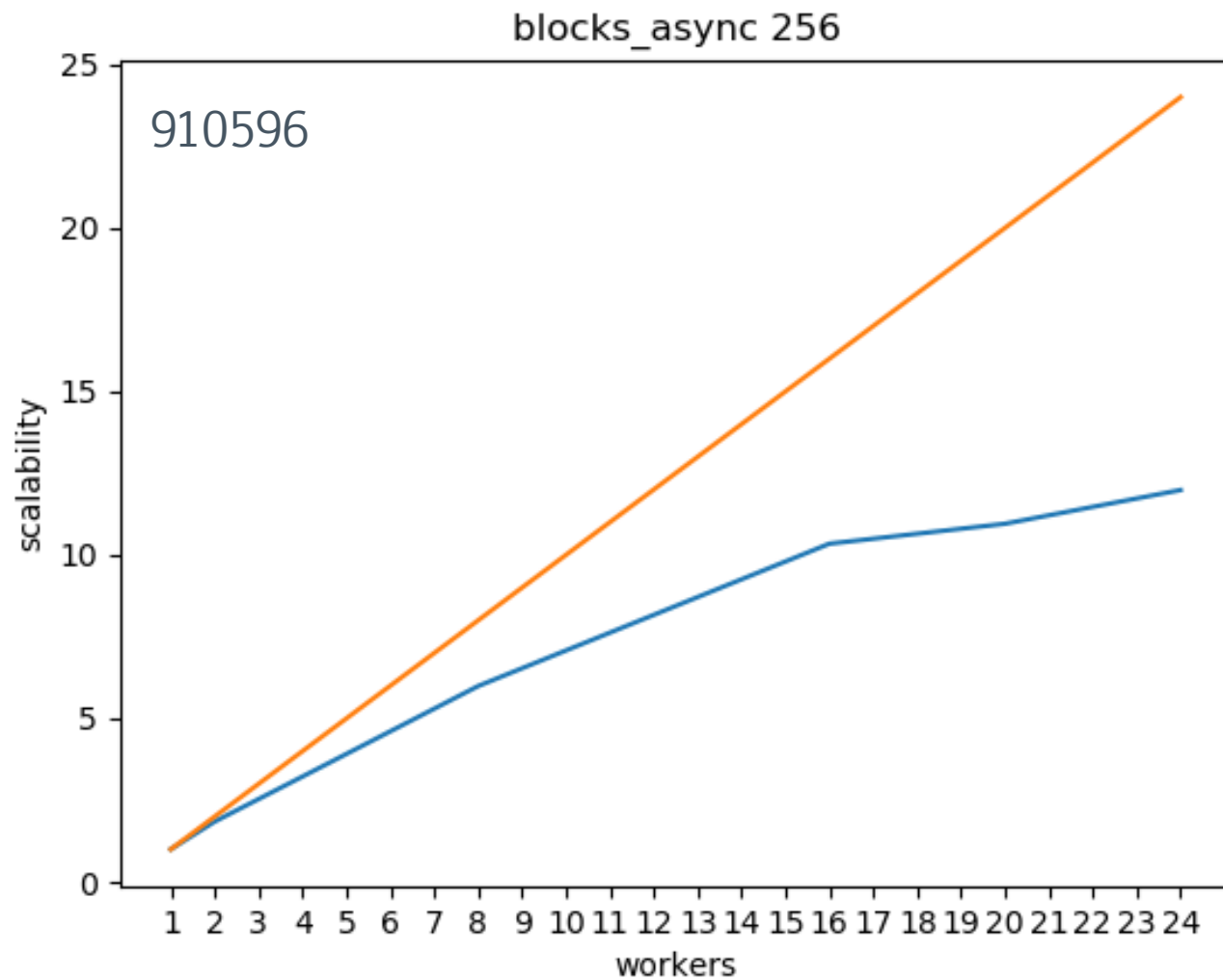


128



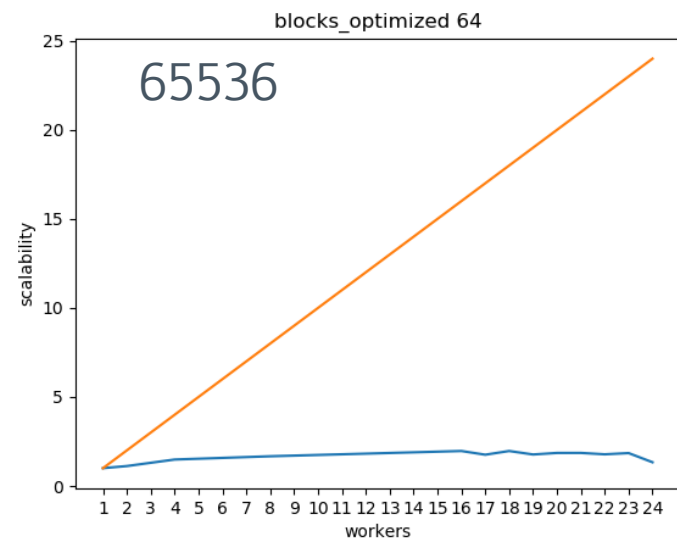
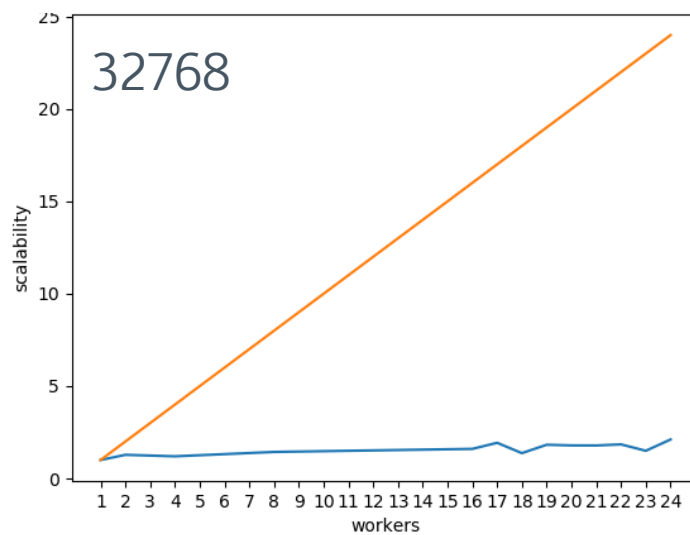
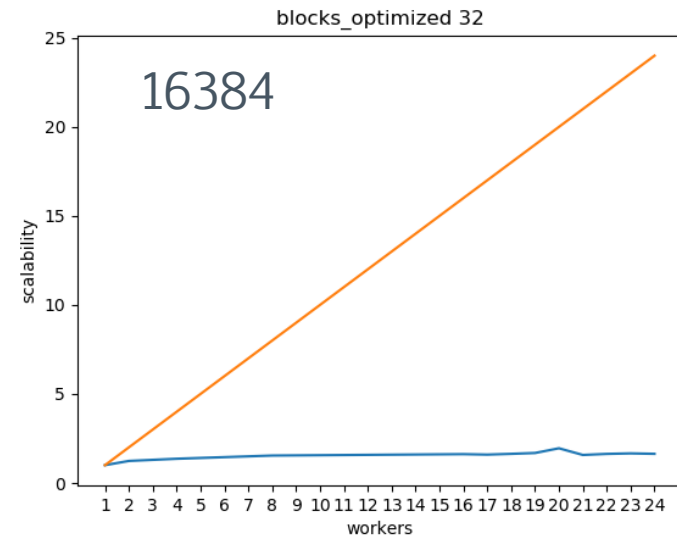
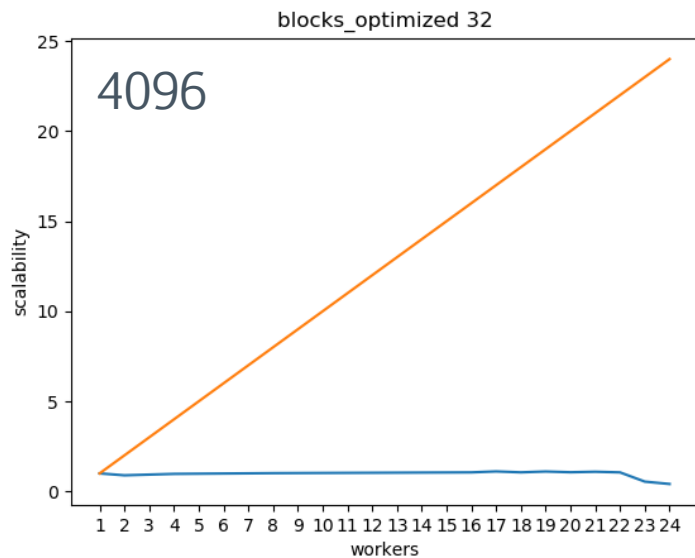
$\pi$

# Blocks Async



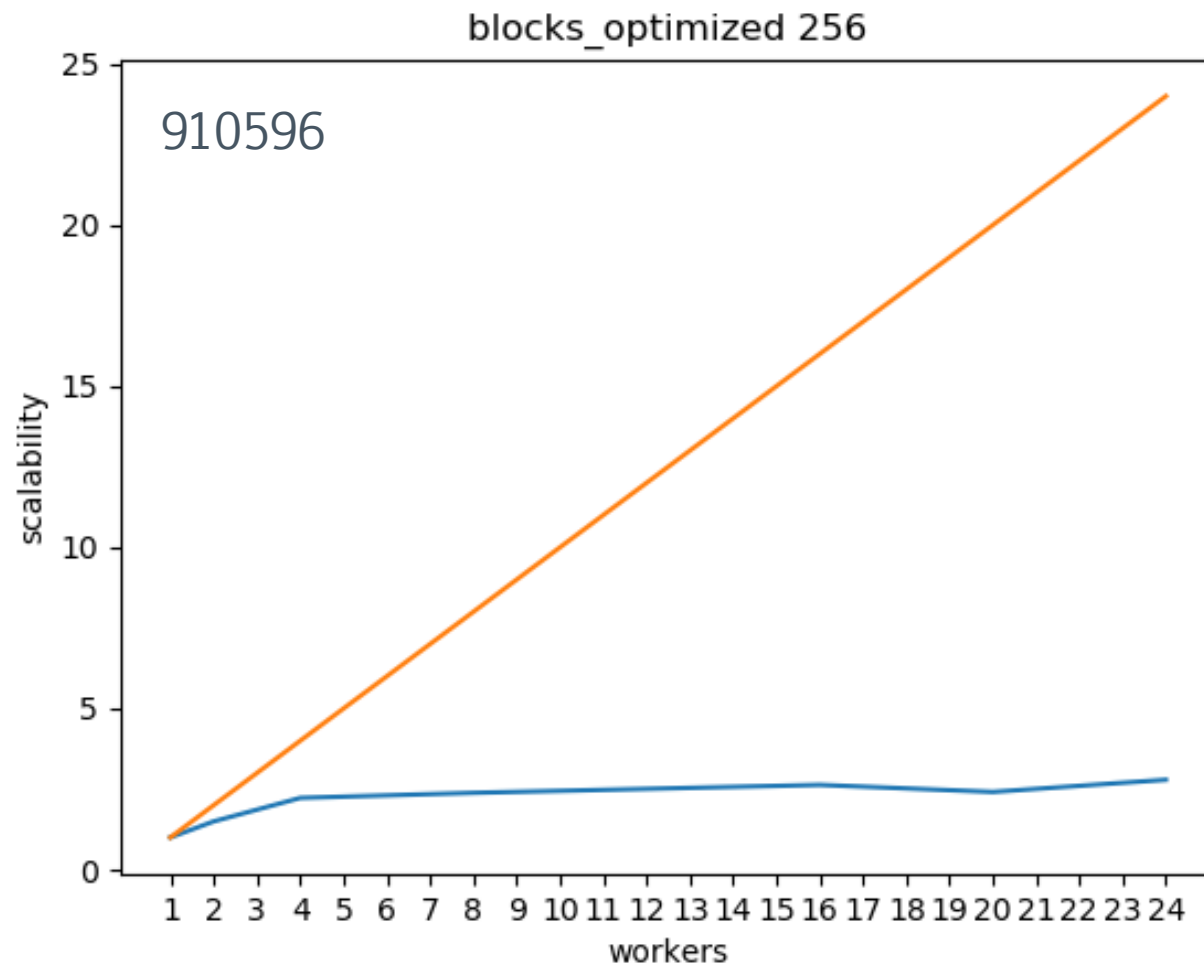
$\pi$ 

# Blocks Optimized



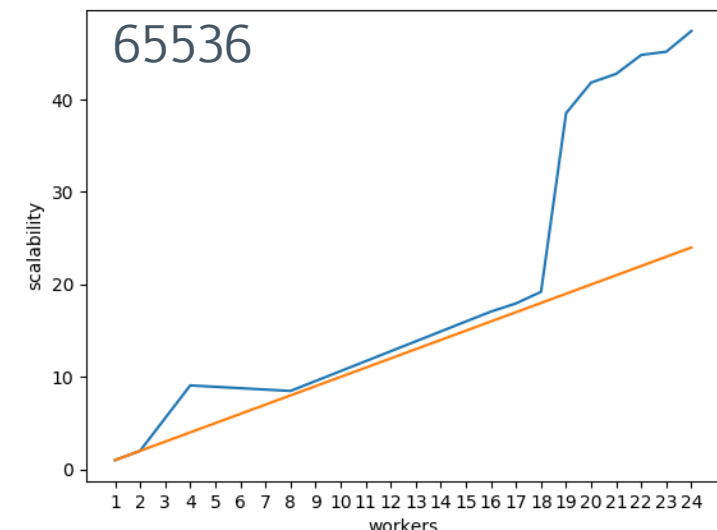
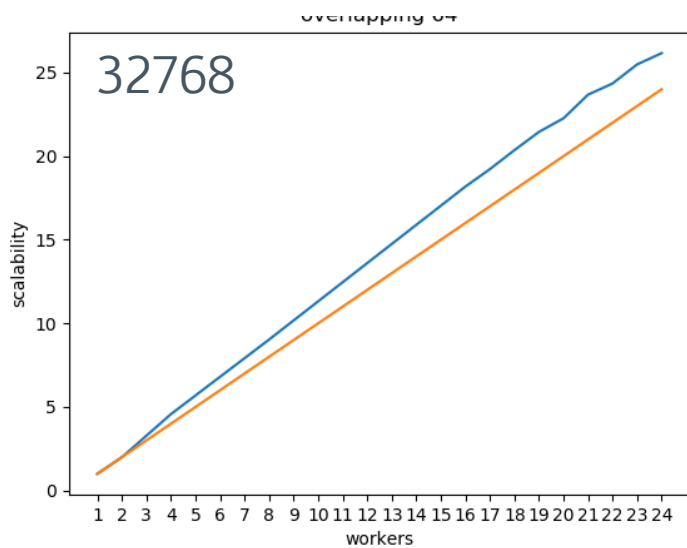
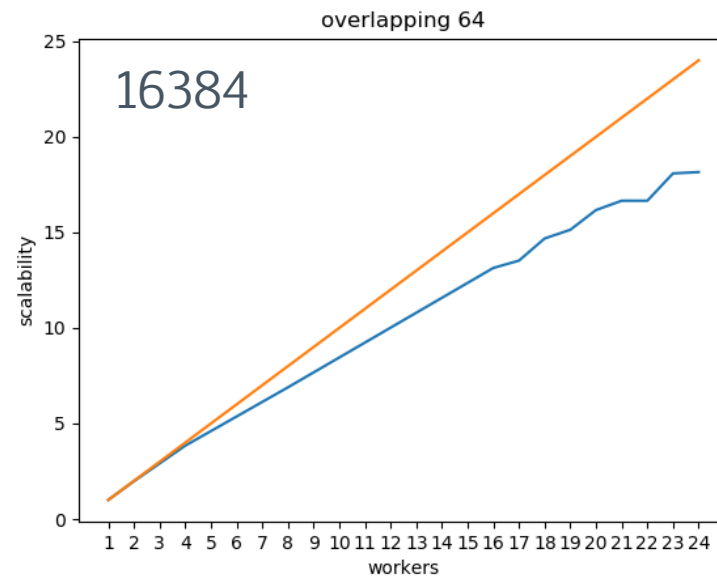
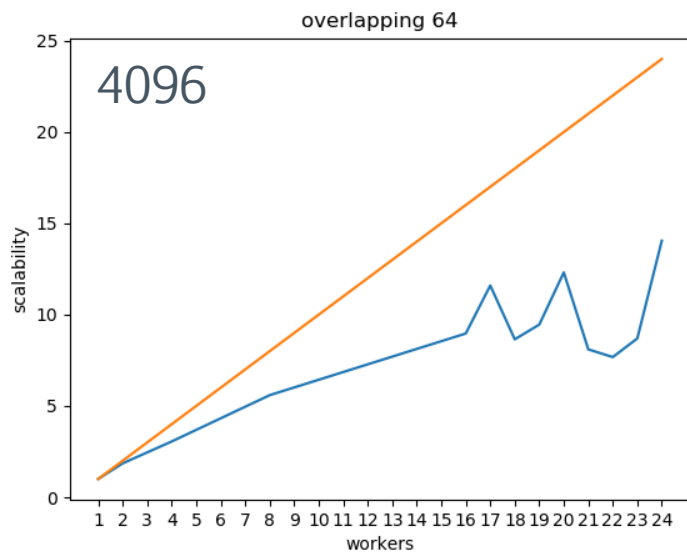
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# Blocks Optimized



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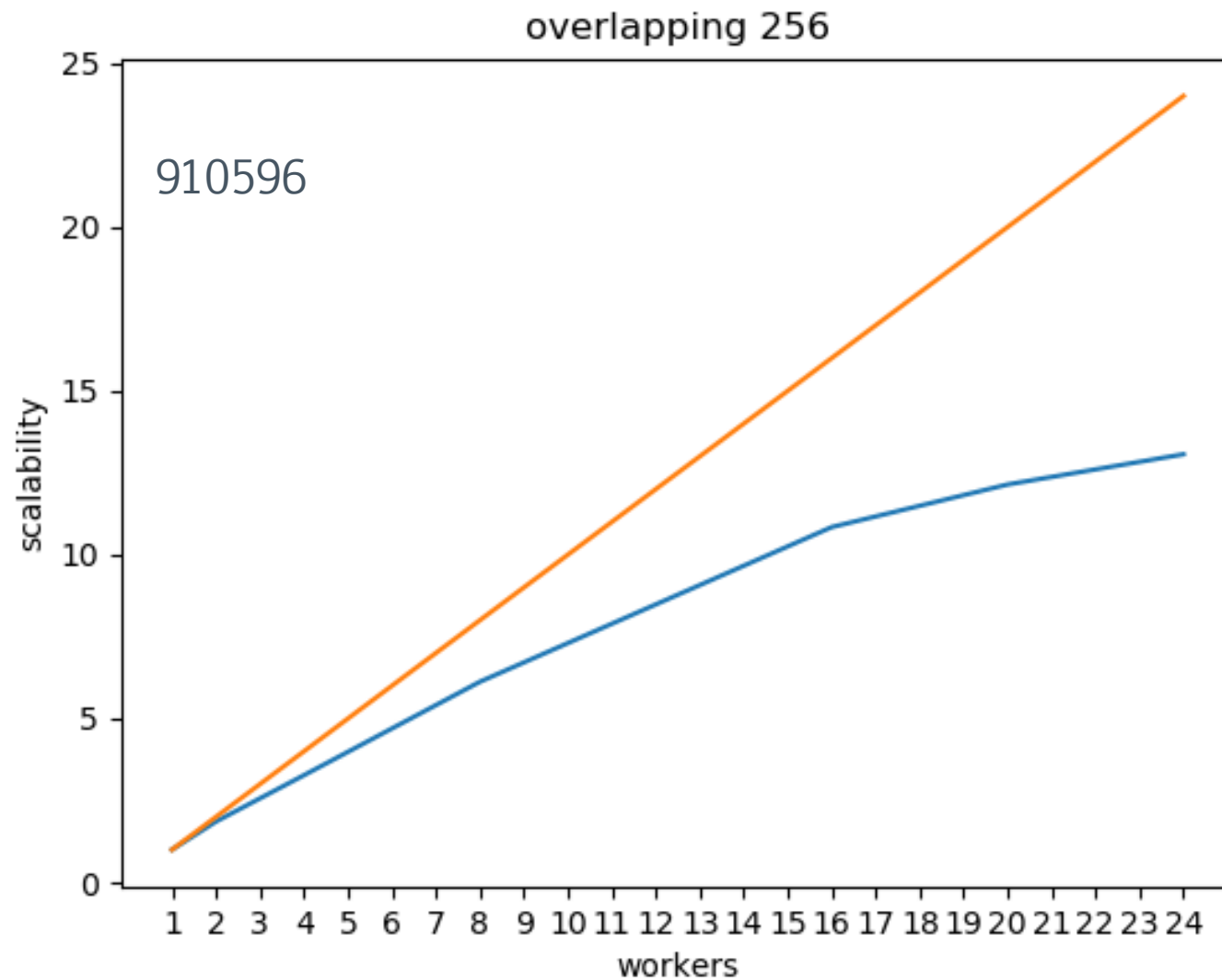
# Overlapping





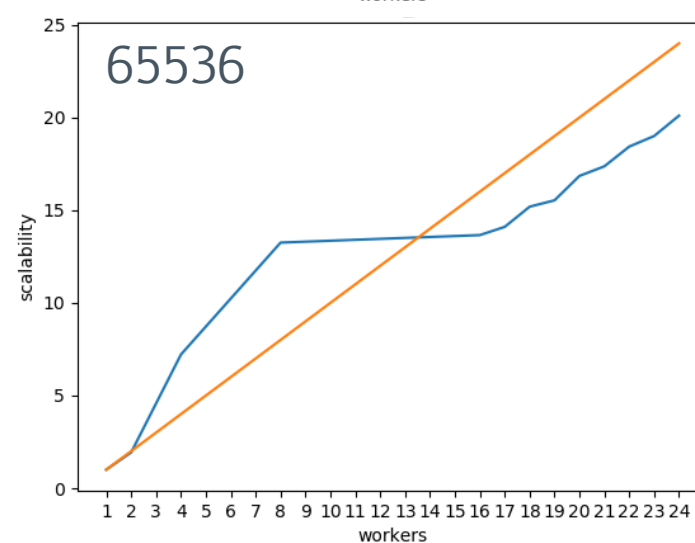
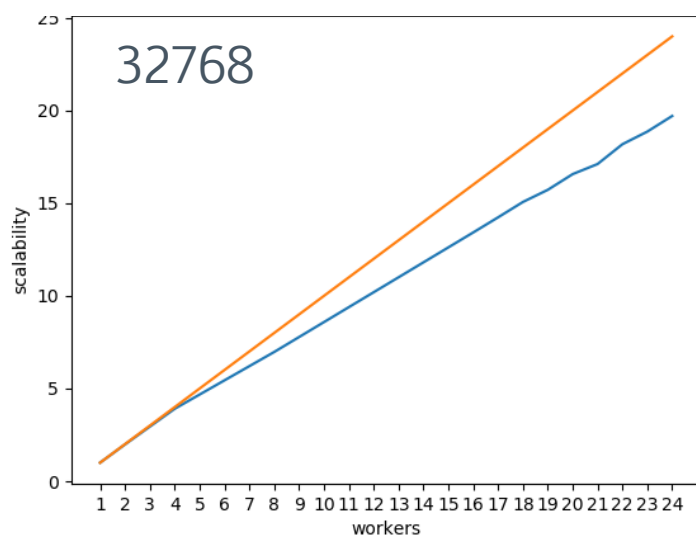
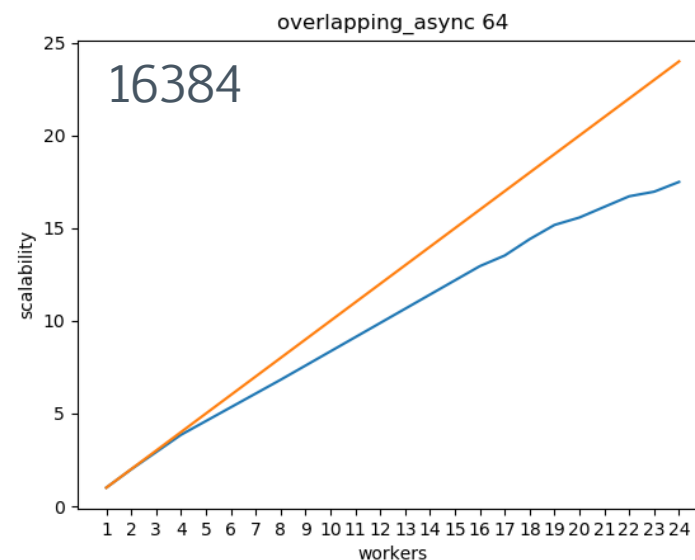
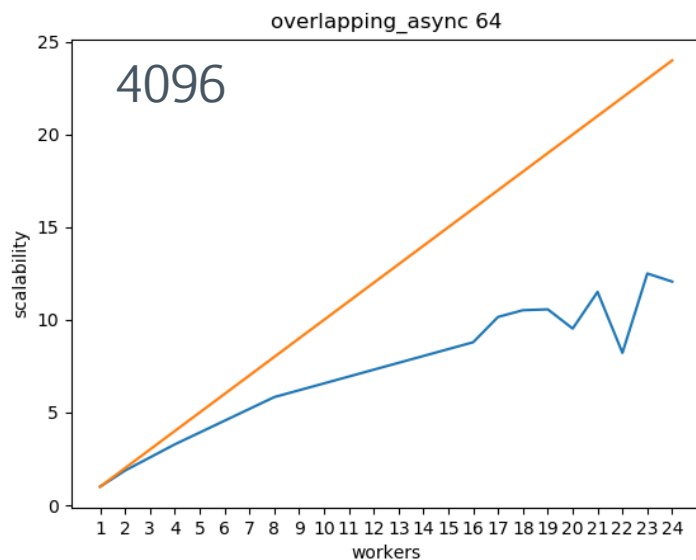
$\pi$ 

# Overlapping



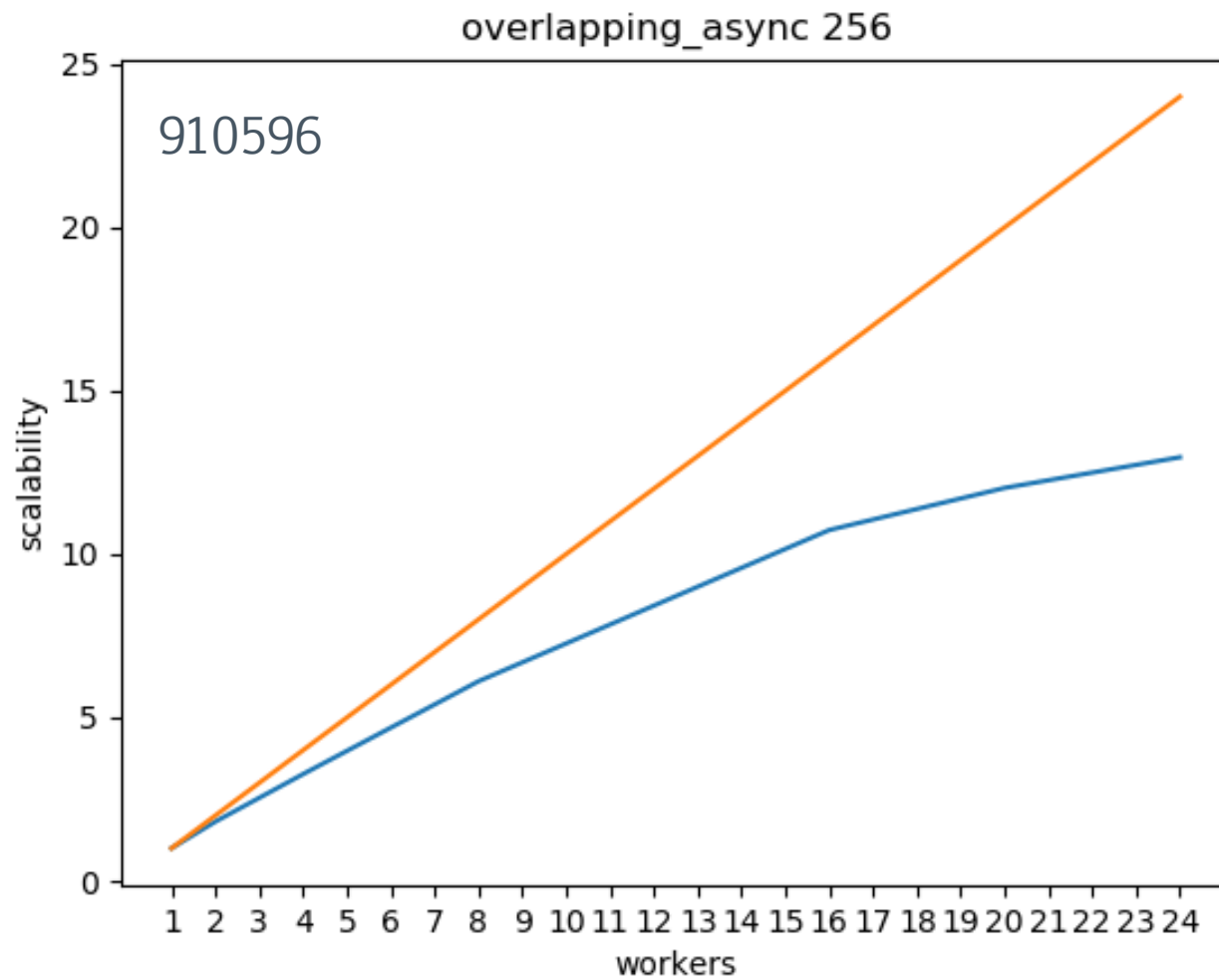
$\pi$ 

# Overlapping Async



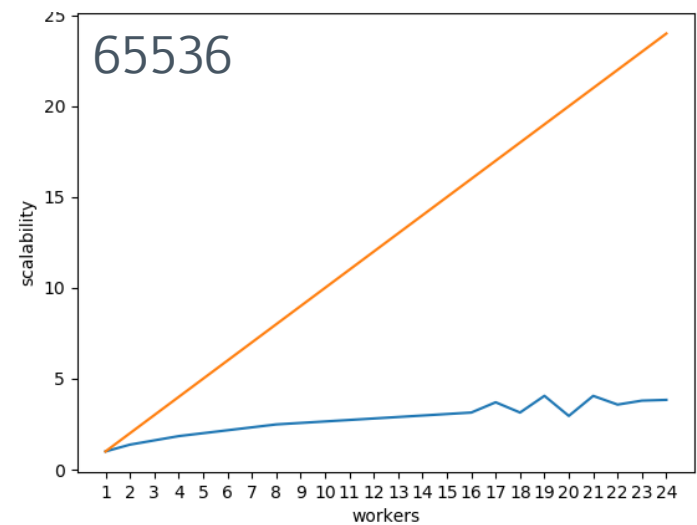
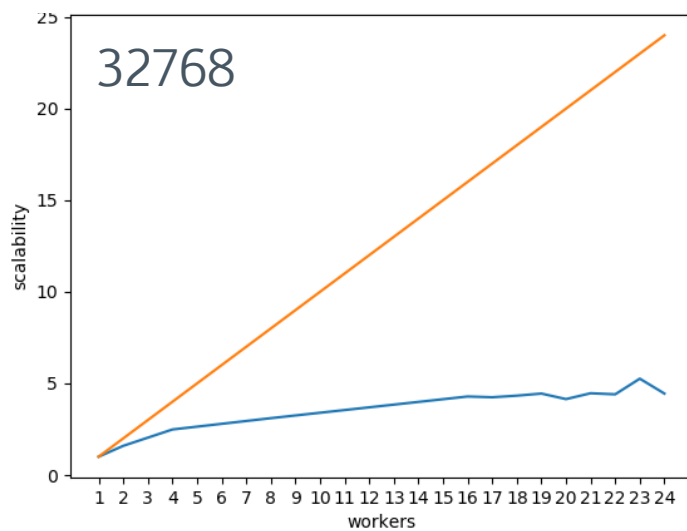
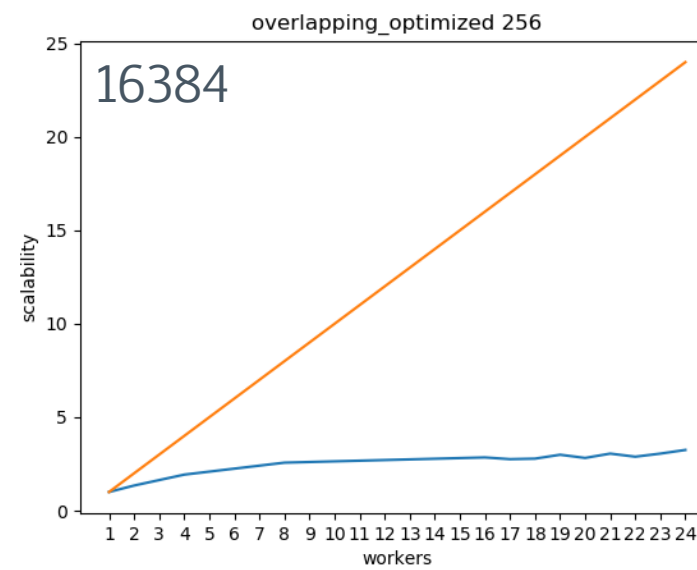
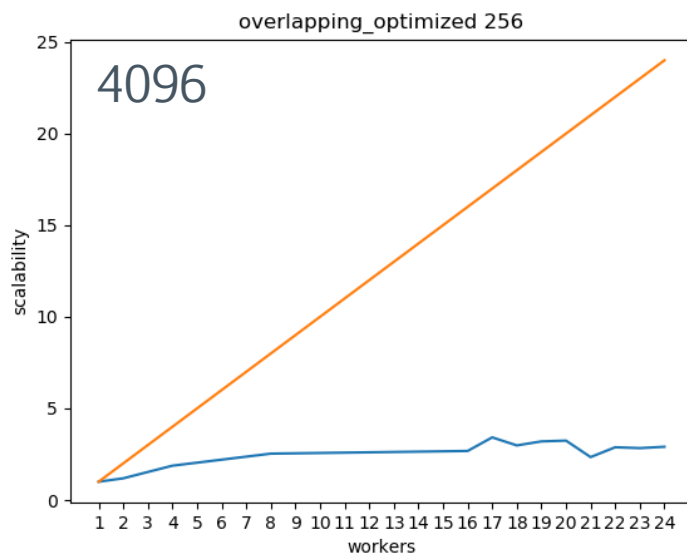
$\pi$ 

# Overlapping Async



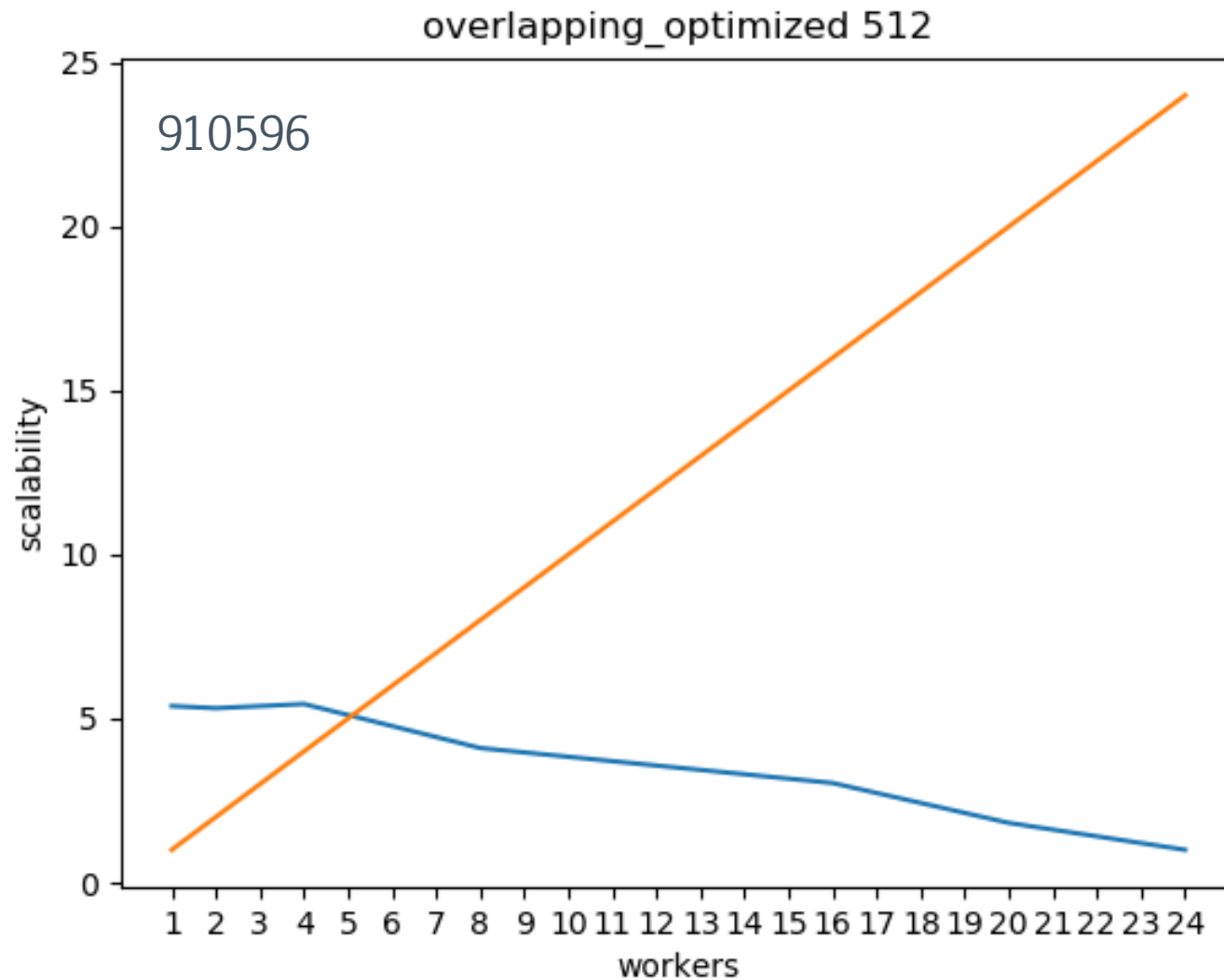
$\pi$ 

# Overlapping Optimized



$\pi$ 

# Overlapping Optimized



Time

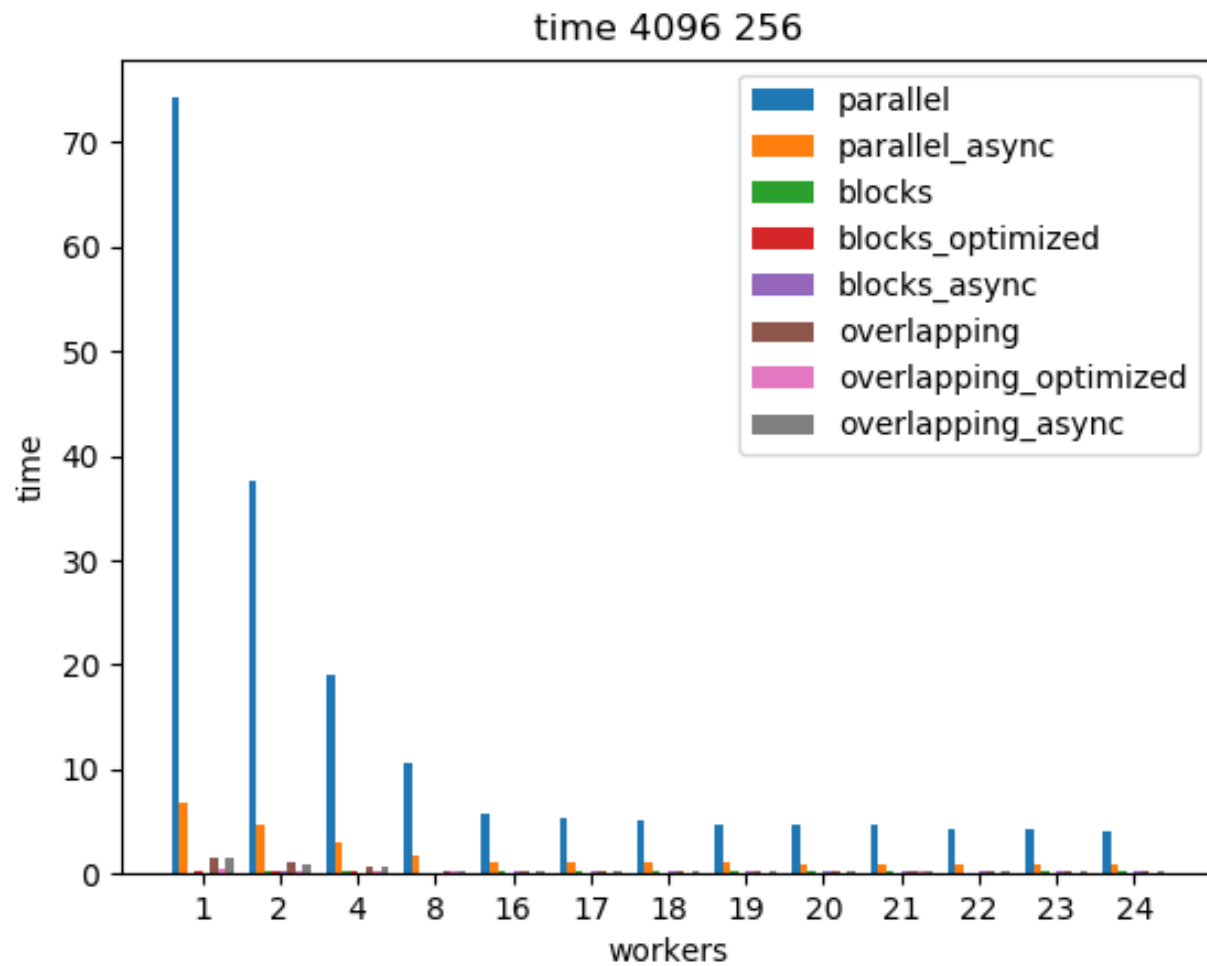
$\pi$

## Parameters

- › Max number of iterations 100
- › Number of physical cores 24
- › Error tolerated  $10^{-10}$
- › Block size 256

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# Random matrix 4096

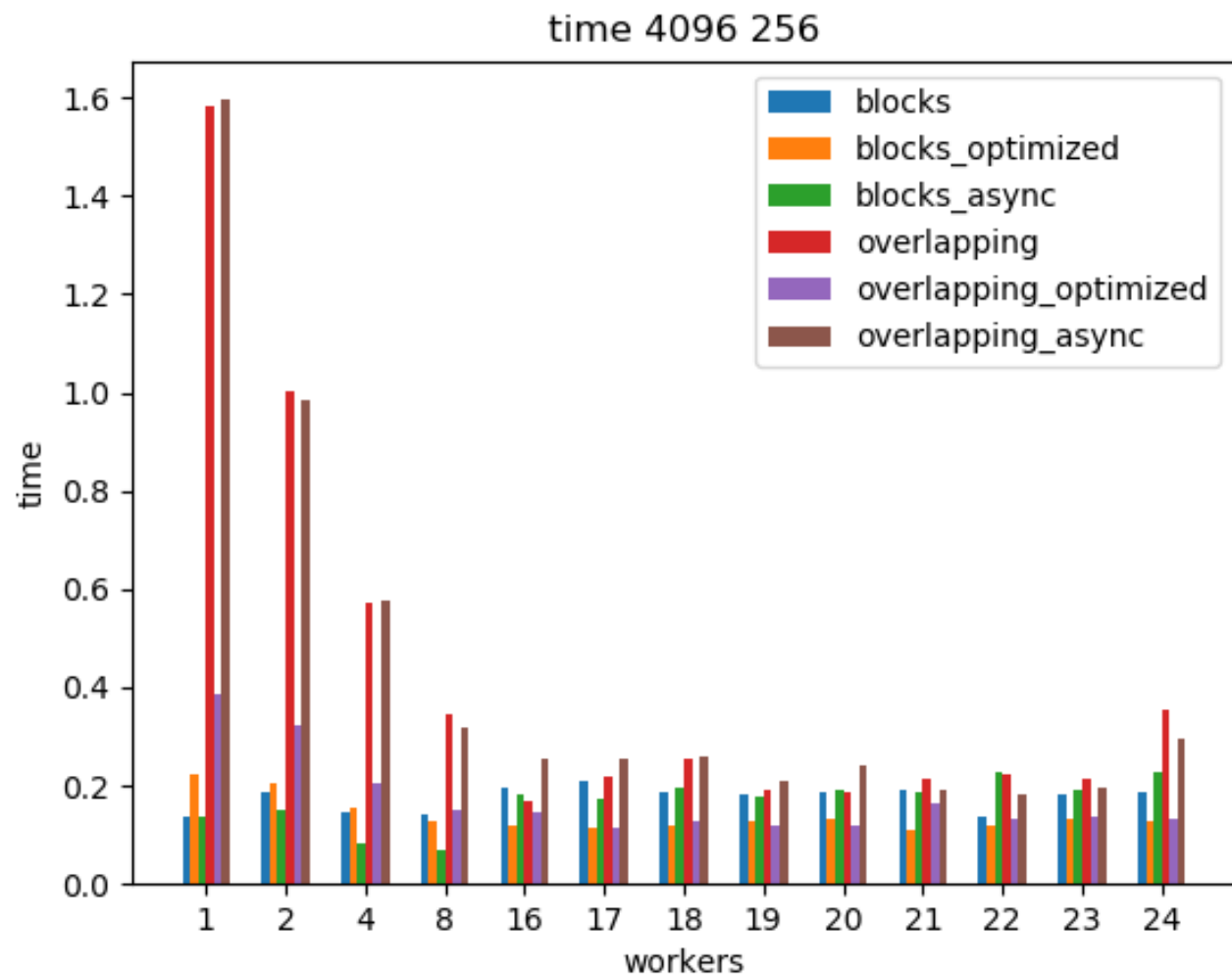


All algorithms



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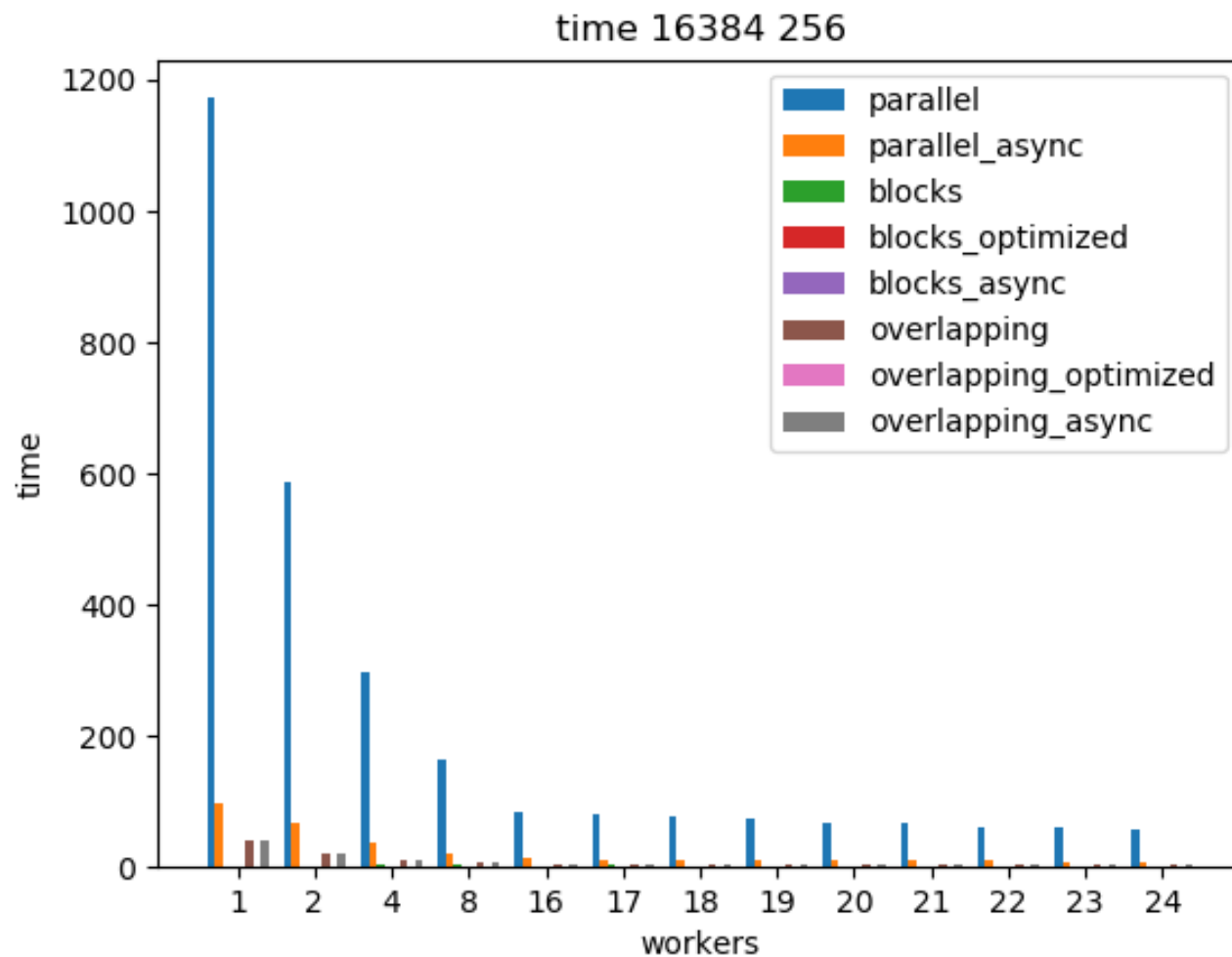
# Random matrix 4096



Blocks algorithms

$\pi$ 

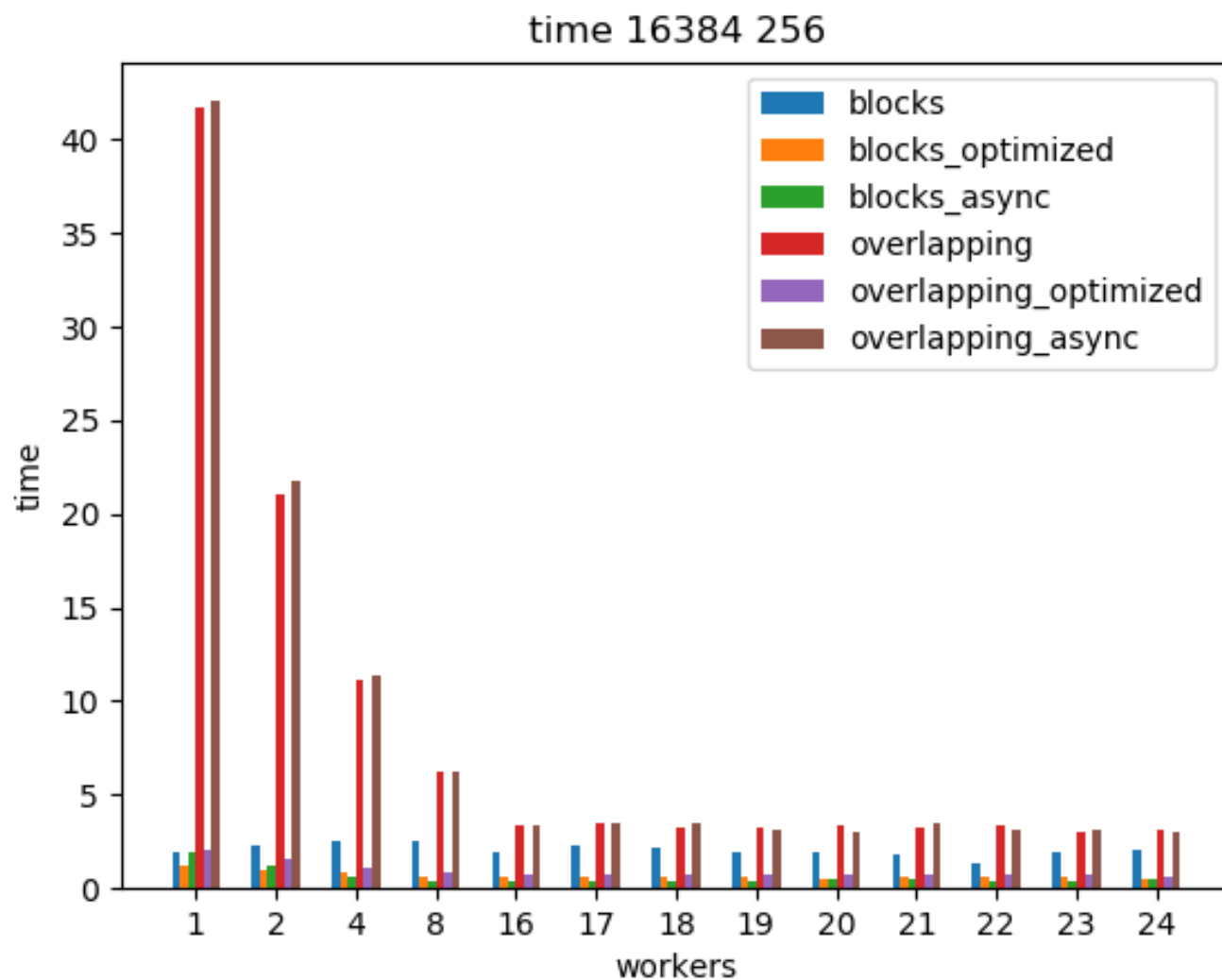
# Random matrix 16384



All algorithms

$\pi$ 

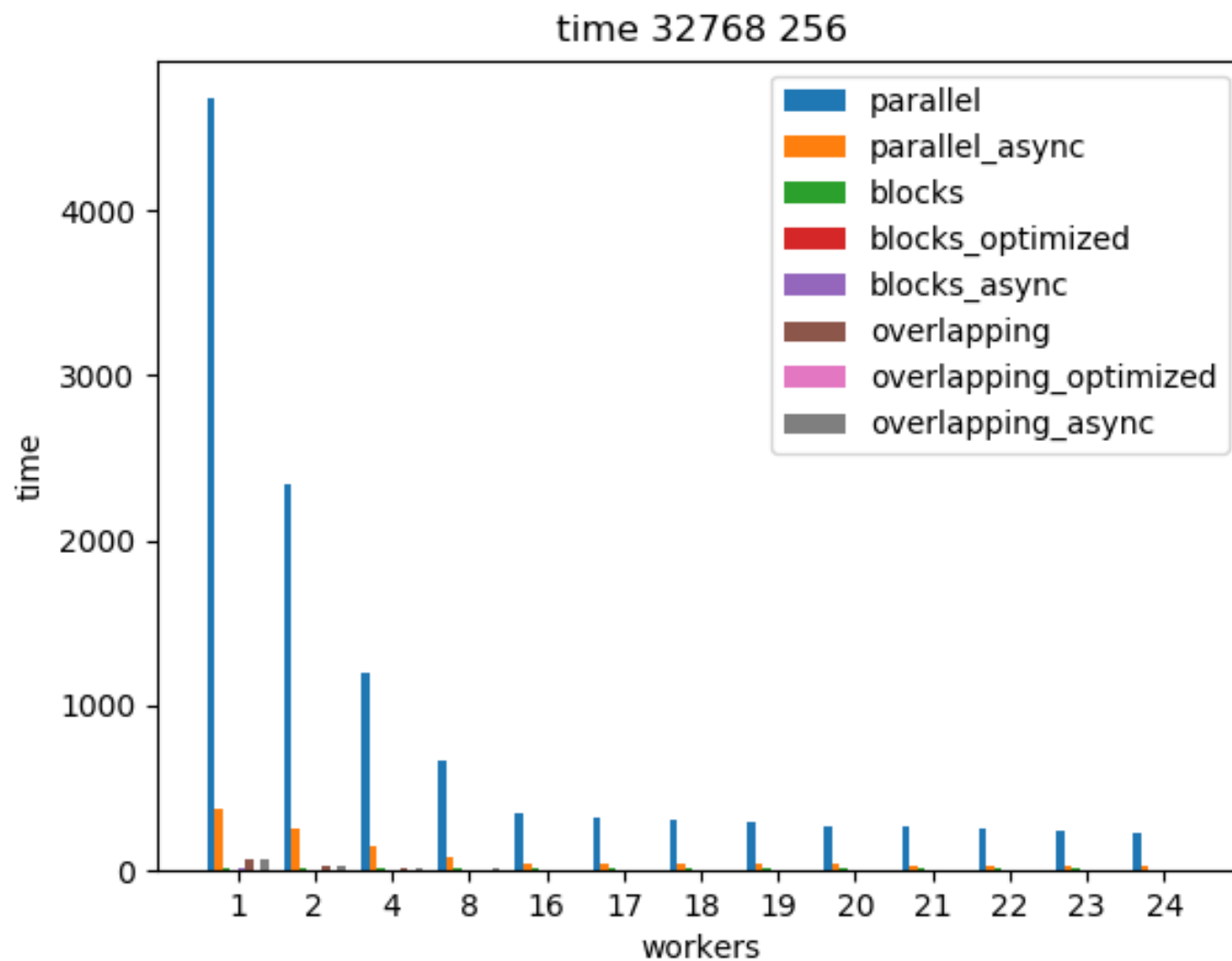
# Random matrix 16384



Blocks algorithms

$\pi$ 

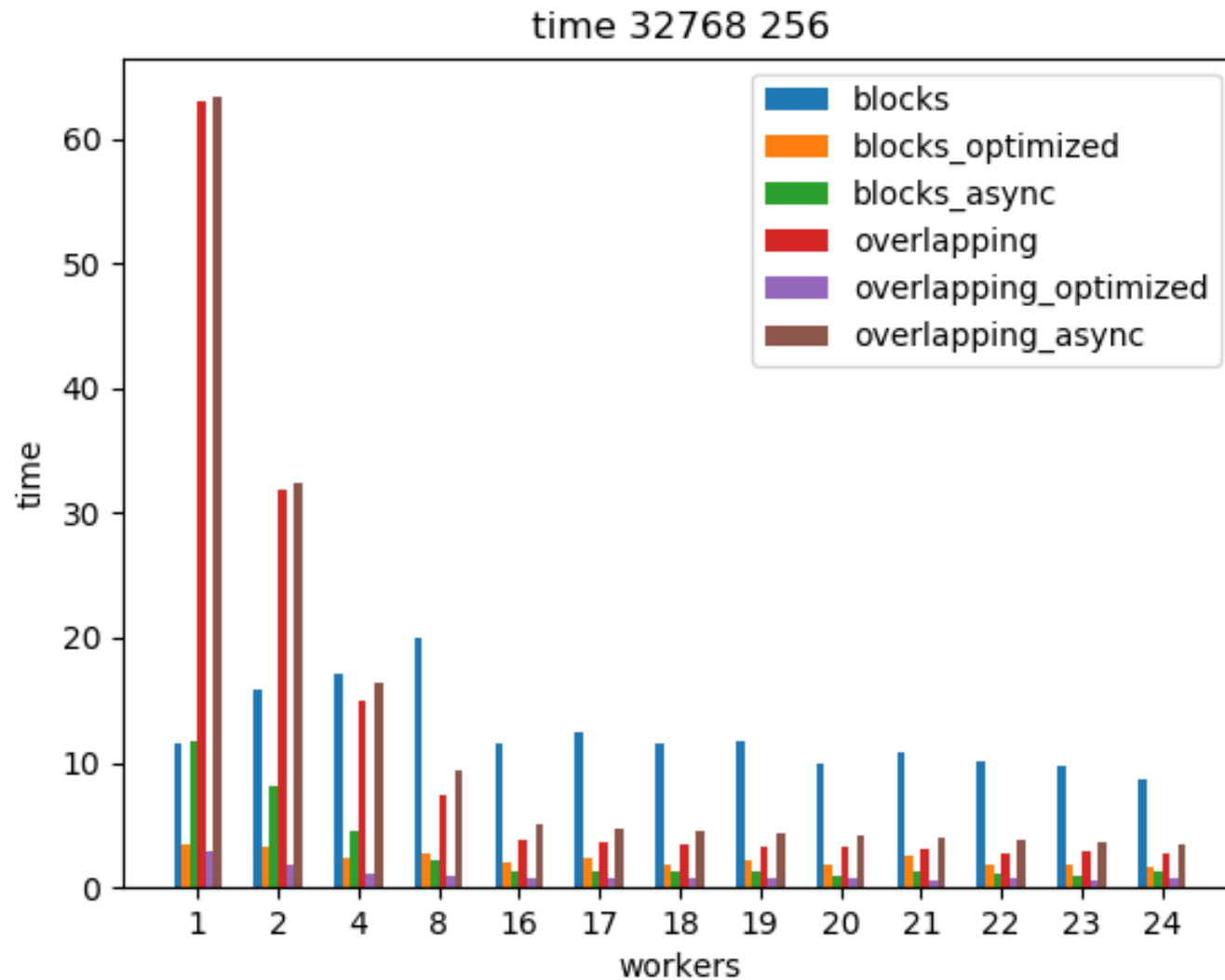
# Random matrix 32768



All algorithms

$\pi$ 

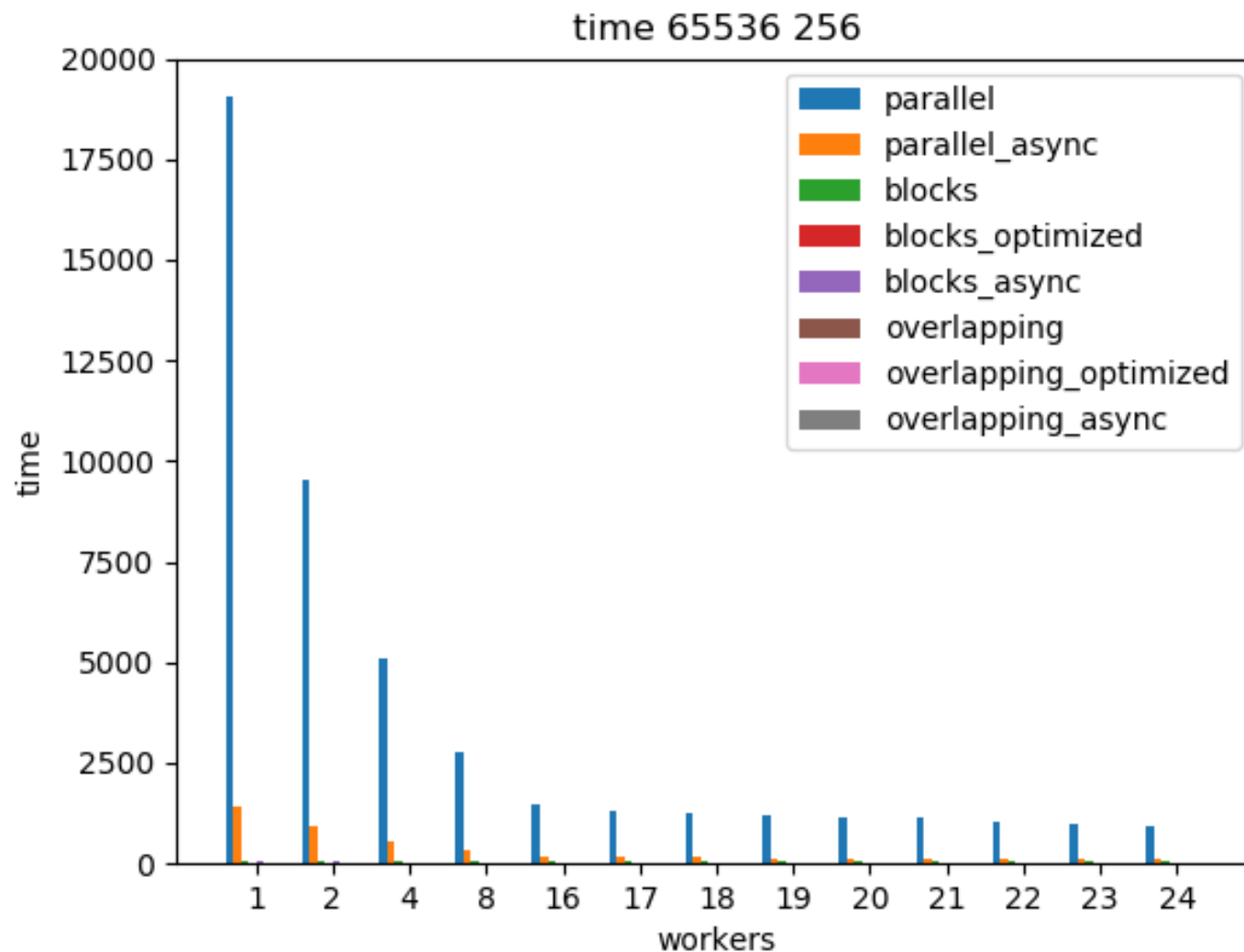
# Random matrix 32768



Blocks algorithms

$\pi$ 

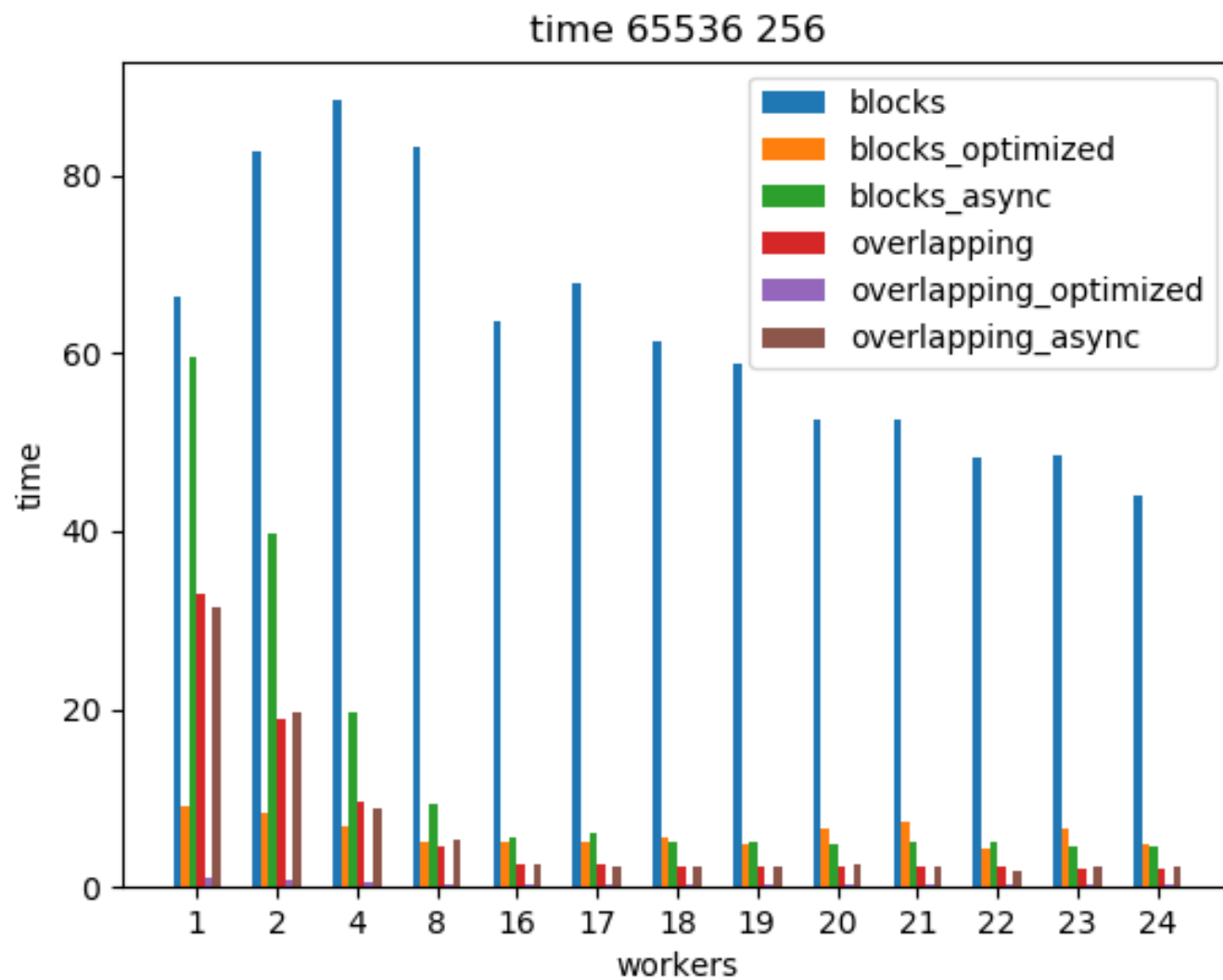
# Random matrix 65536



All algorithms

$\pi$ 

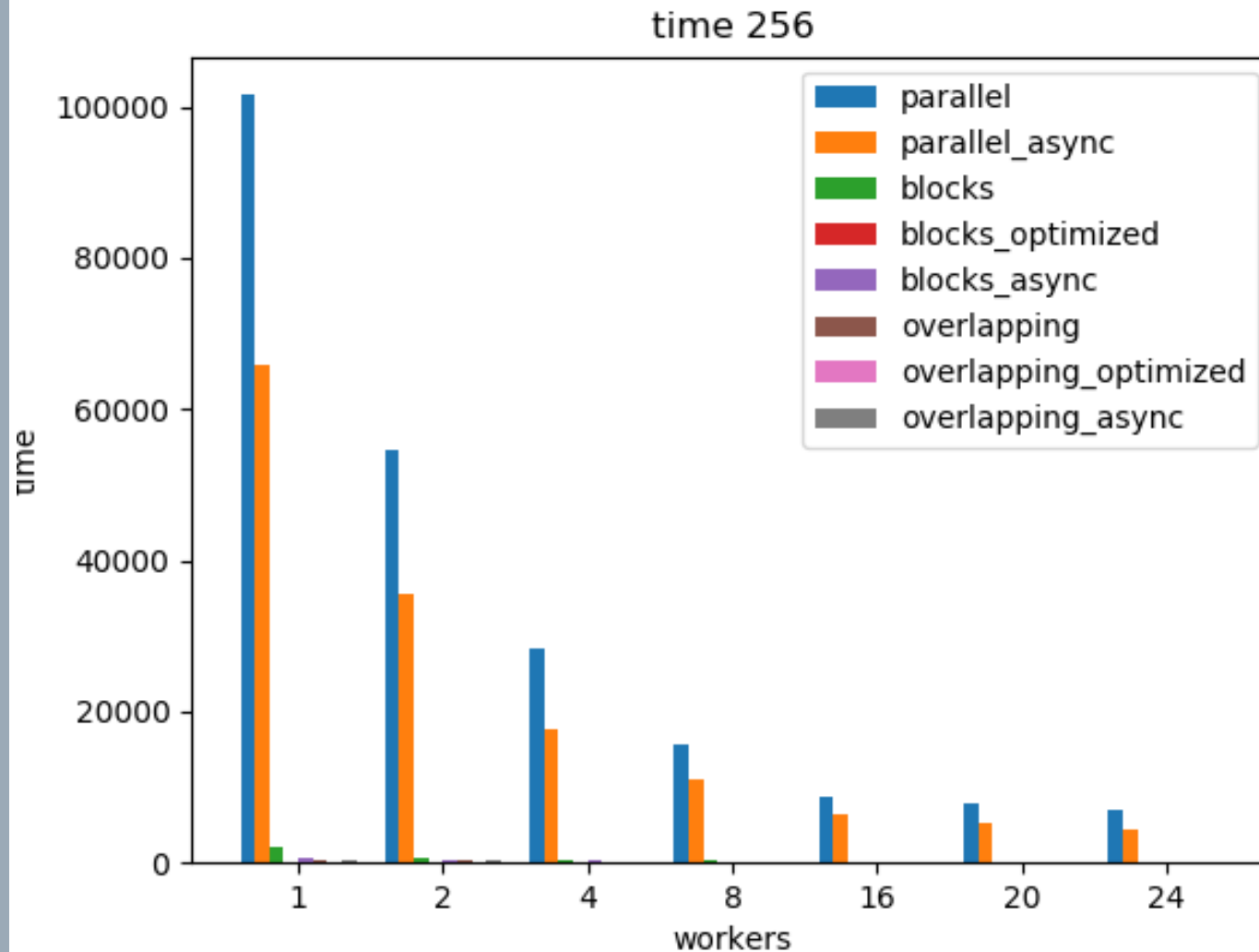
# Random matrix 65536



Blocks algorithms

$\pi$ 

# Transition matrix 910596

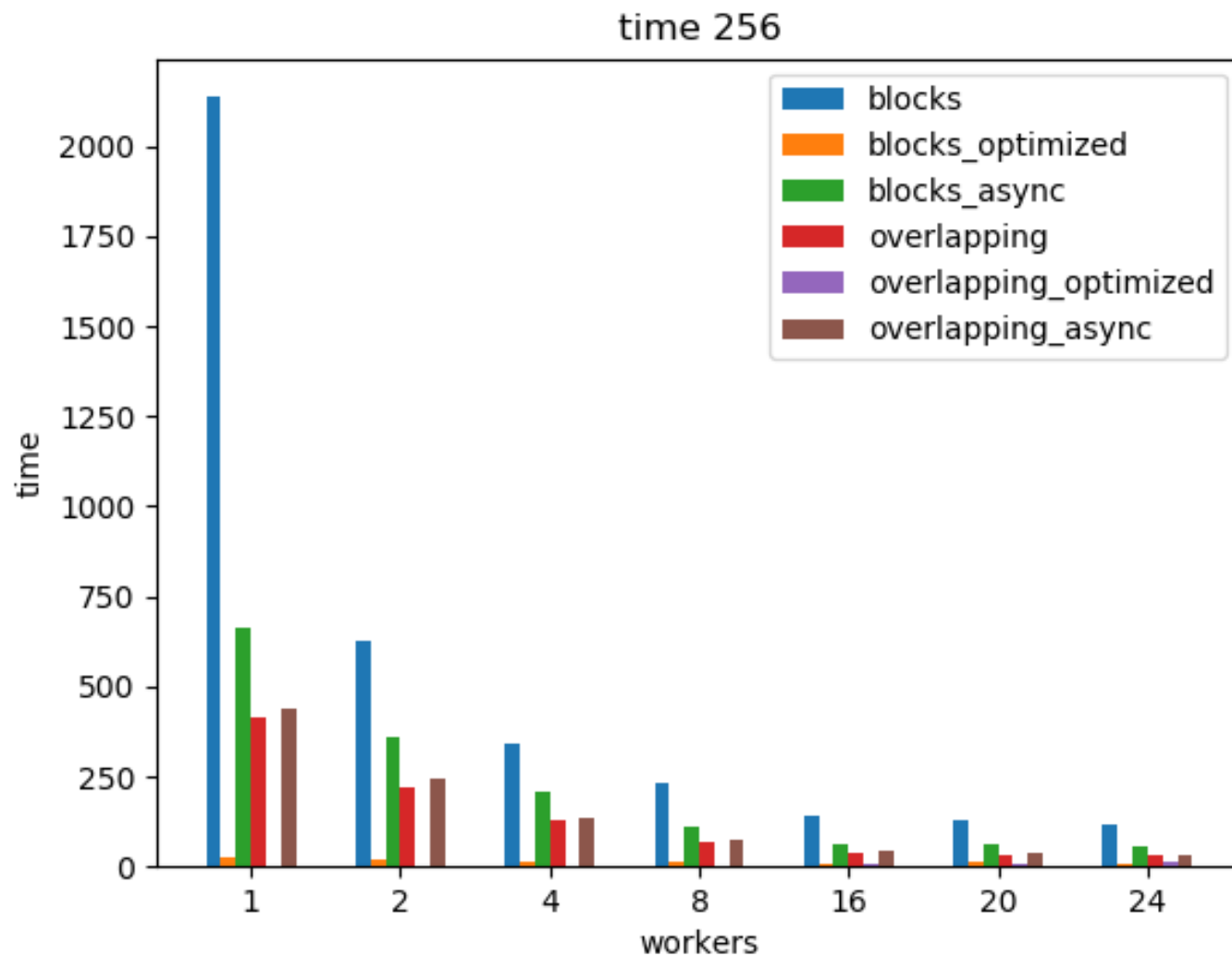


All algorithms



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# Transition matrix 910596

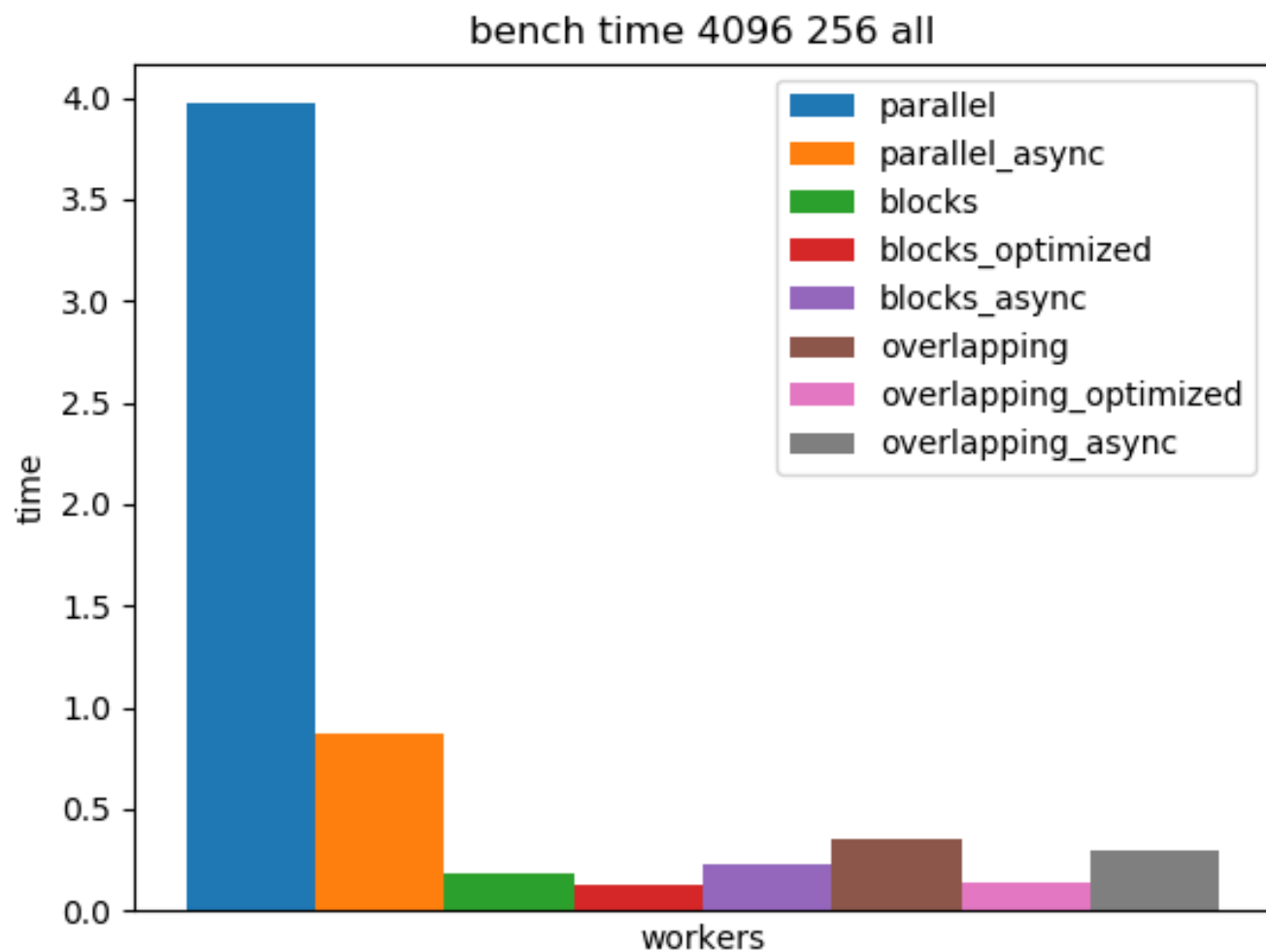


Blocks algorithms

# Benchmark

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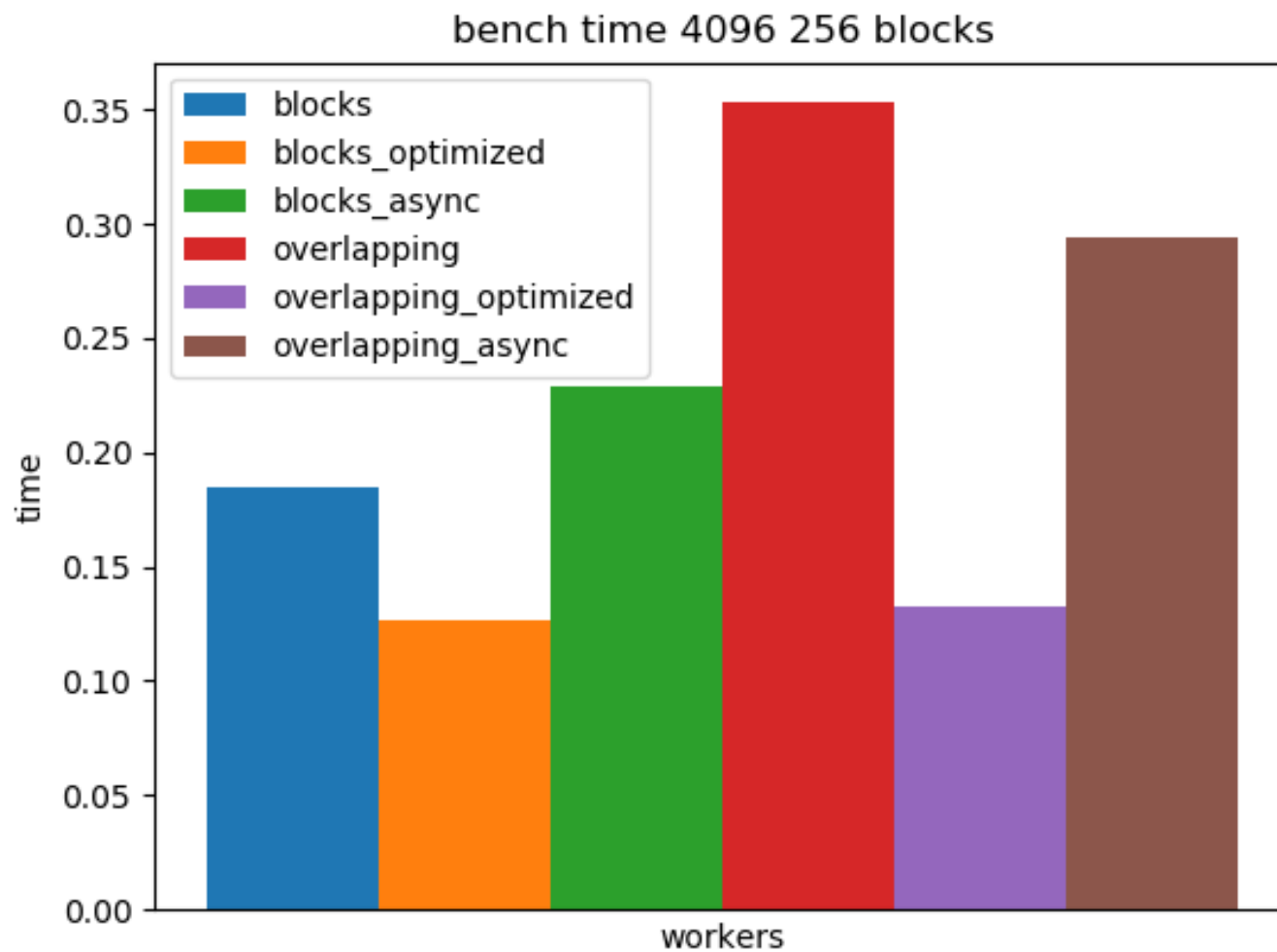
# Random matrix 4096



All algorithms

$\pi$ 

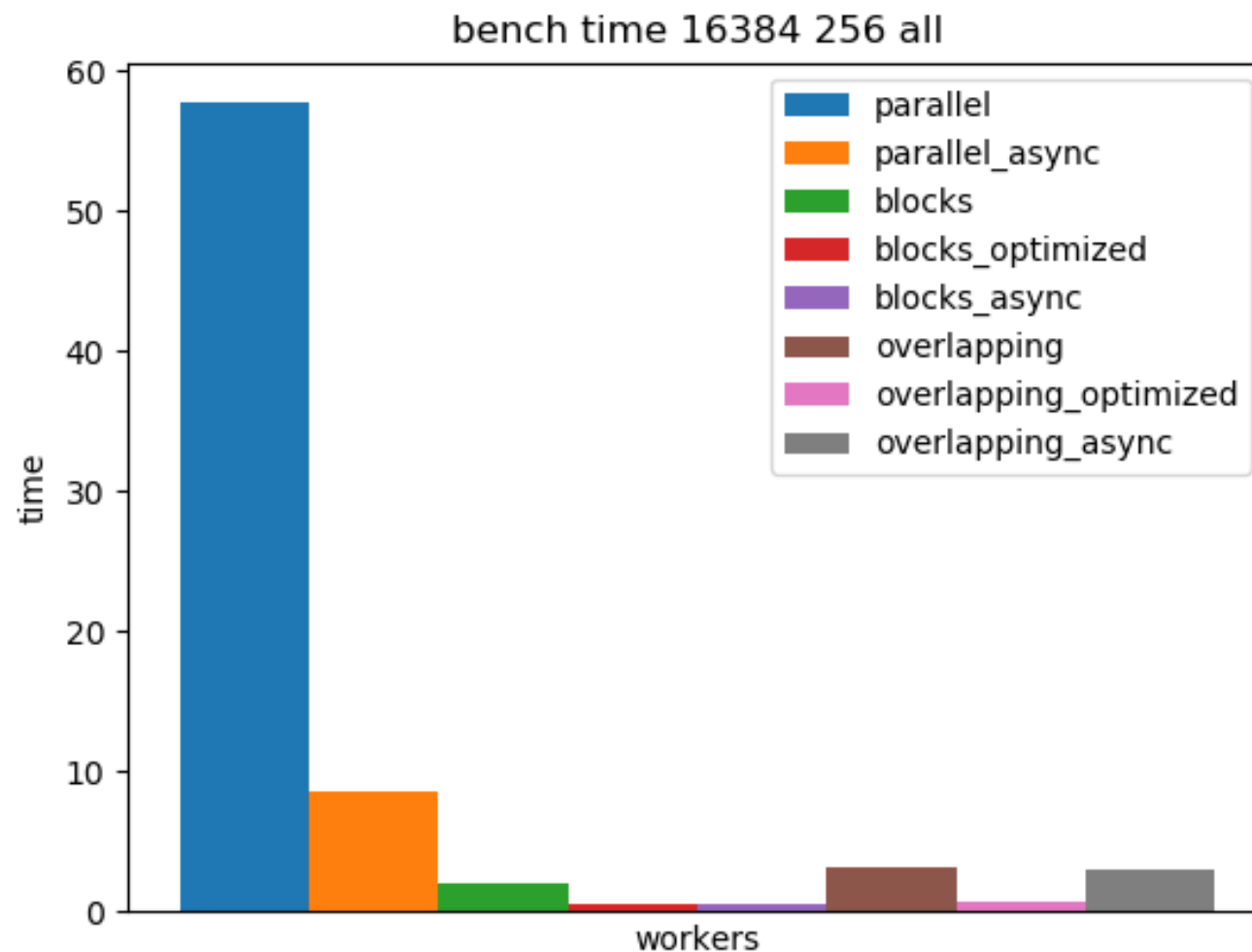
# Random matrix 4096



Blocks algorithms

$\pi$ 

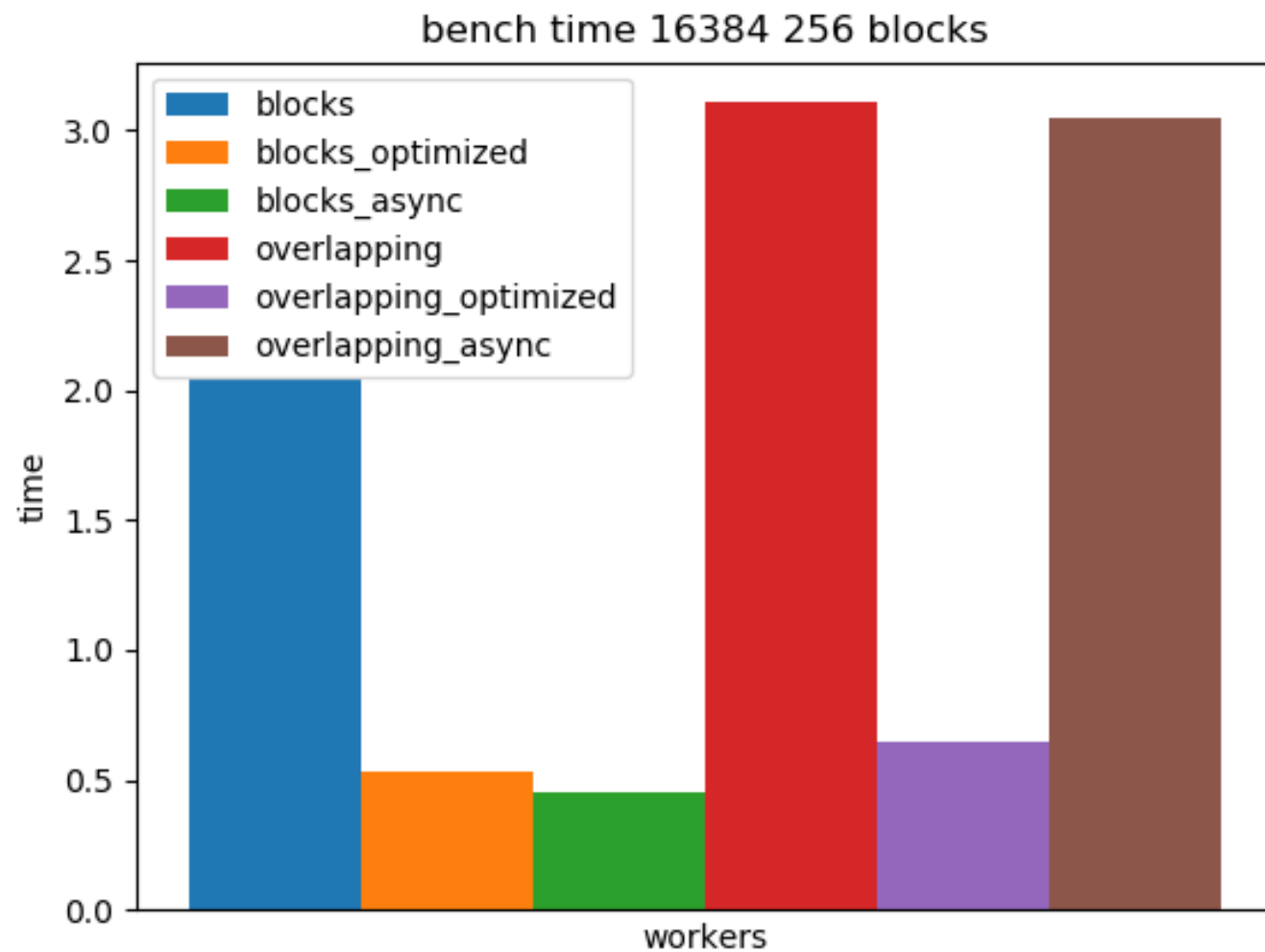
# Random matrix 16384



All algorithms

$\pi$ 

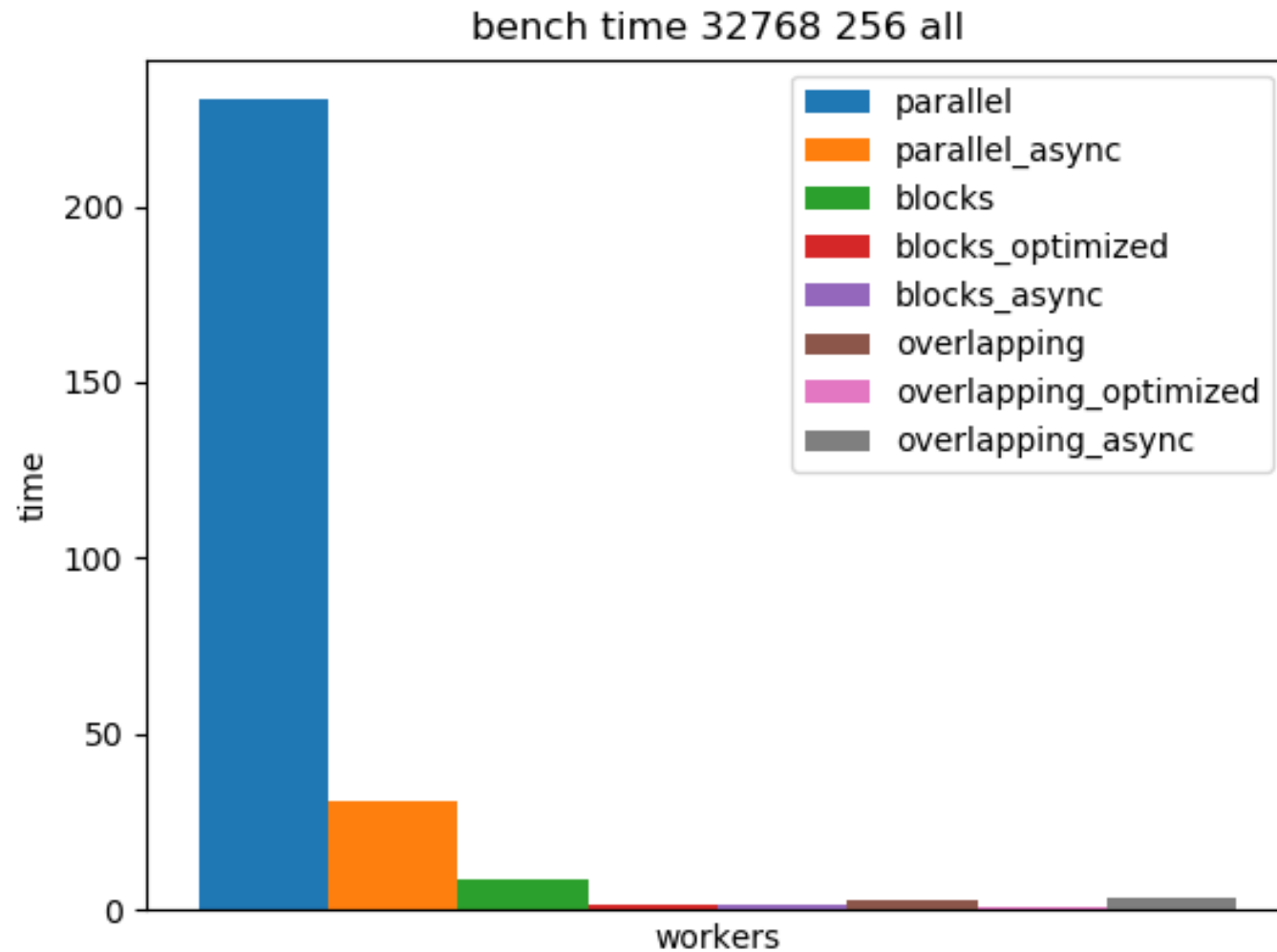
# Random matrix 16384



Blocks algorithms

$\pi$ 

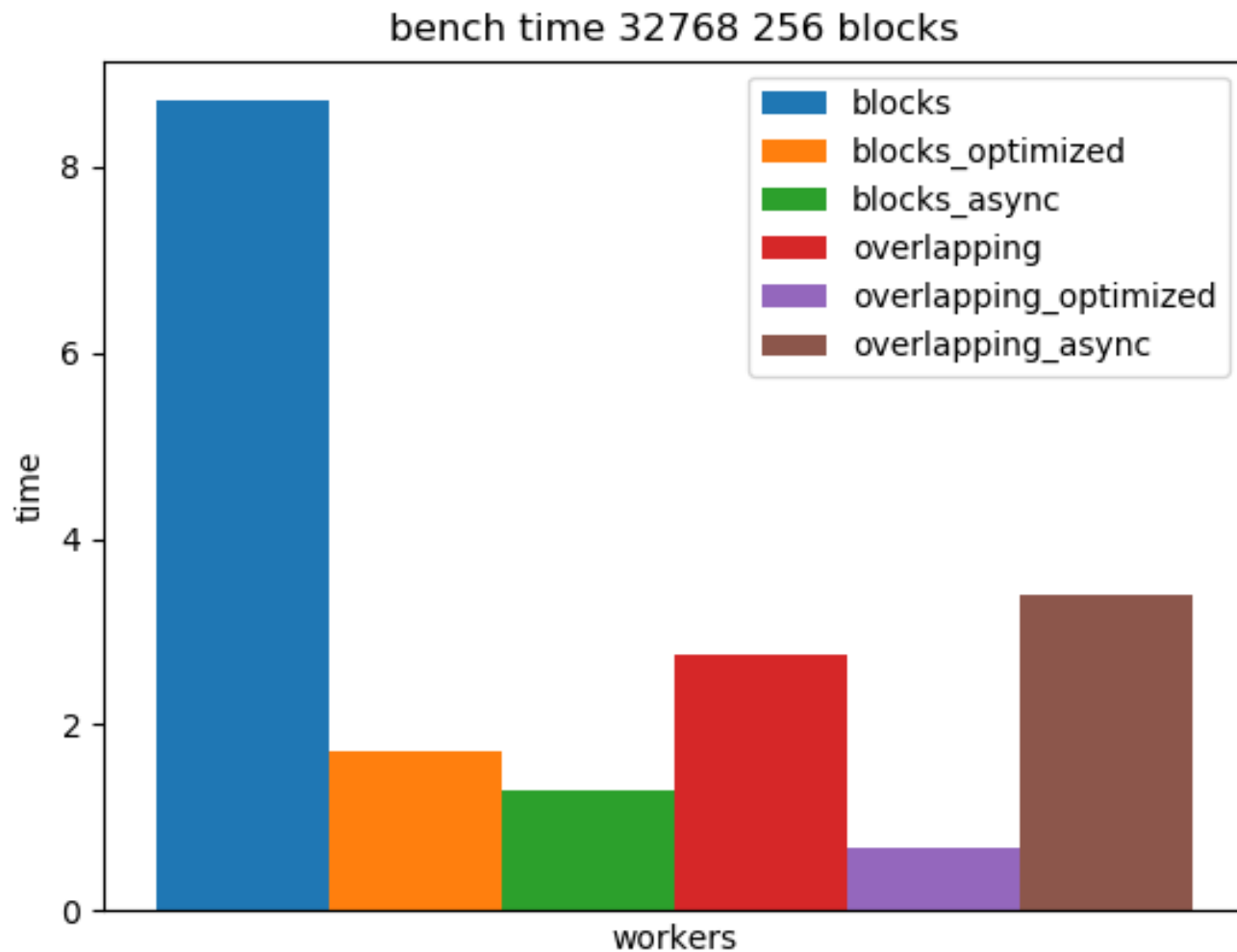
# Random matrix 32768



All algorithms

$\pi$ 

# Random matrix 32768

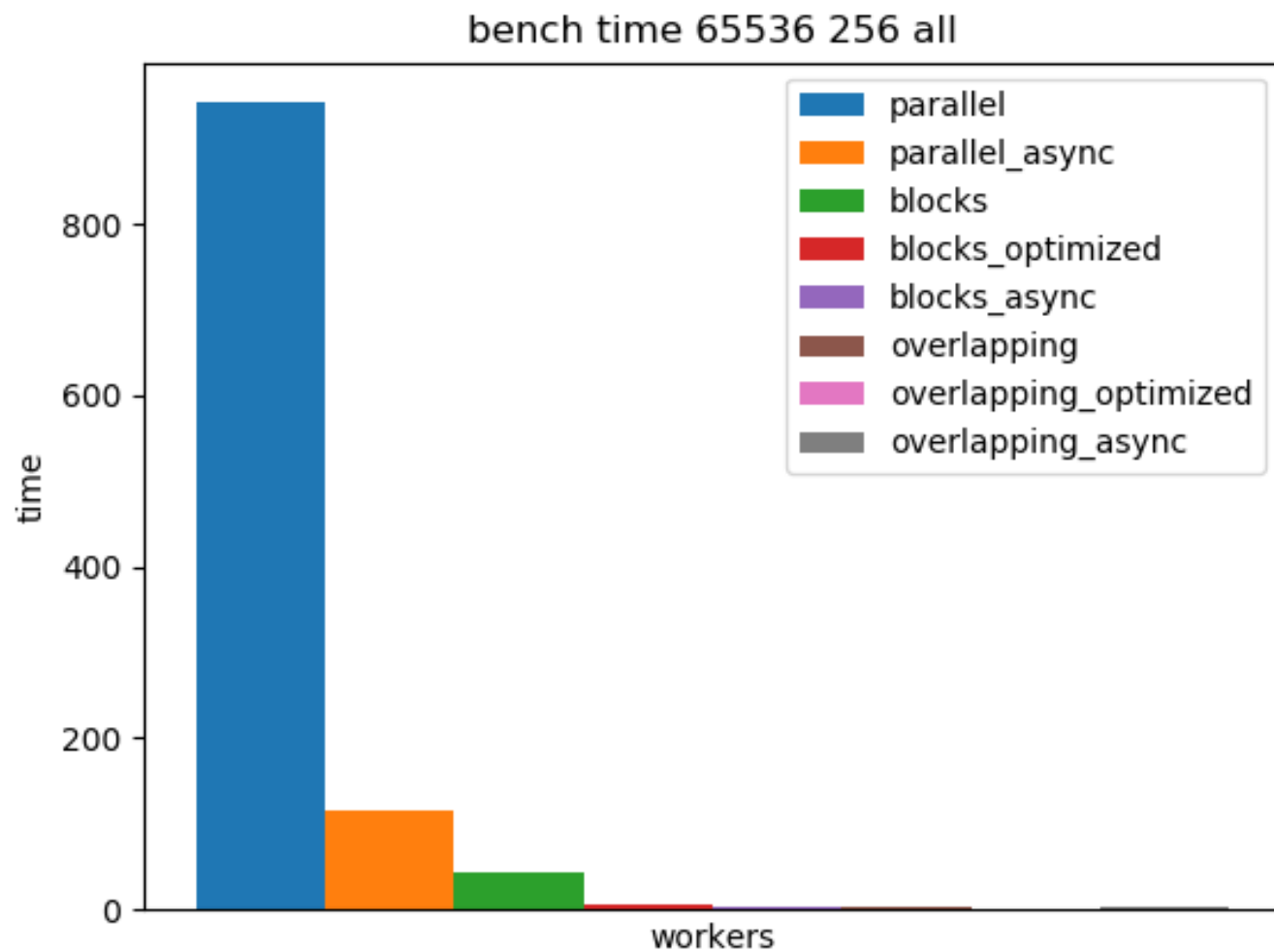


Blocks algorithms



$\pi$ 

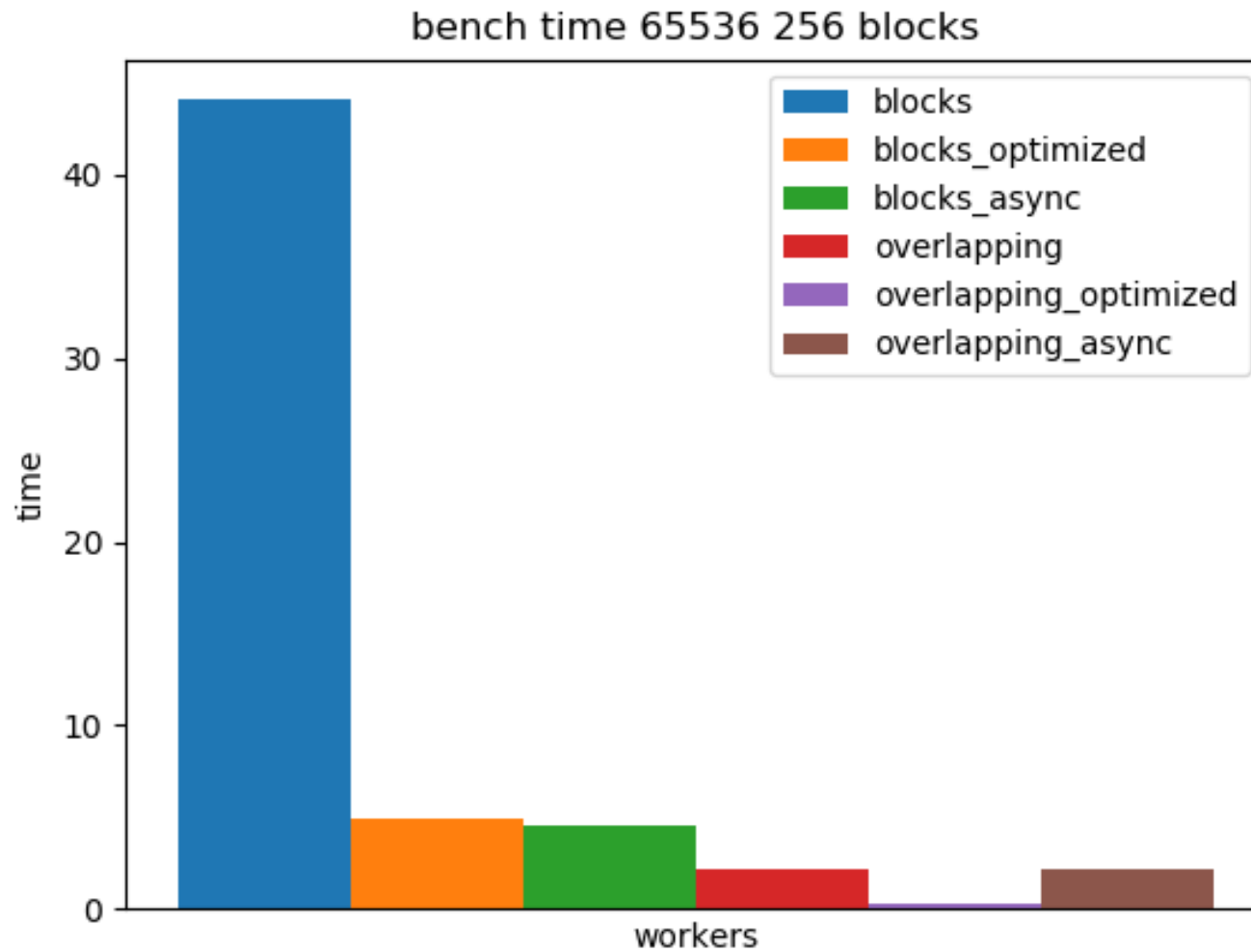
# Random matrix 65536



All algorithms

$\pi$ 

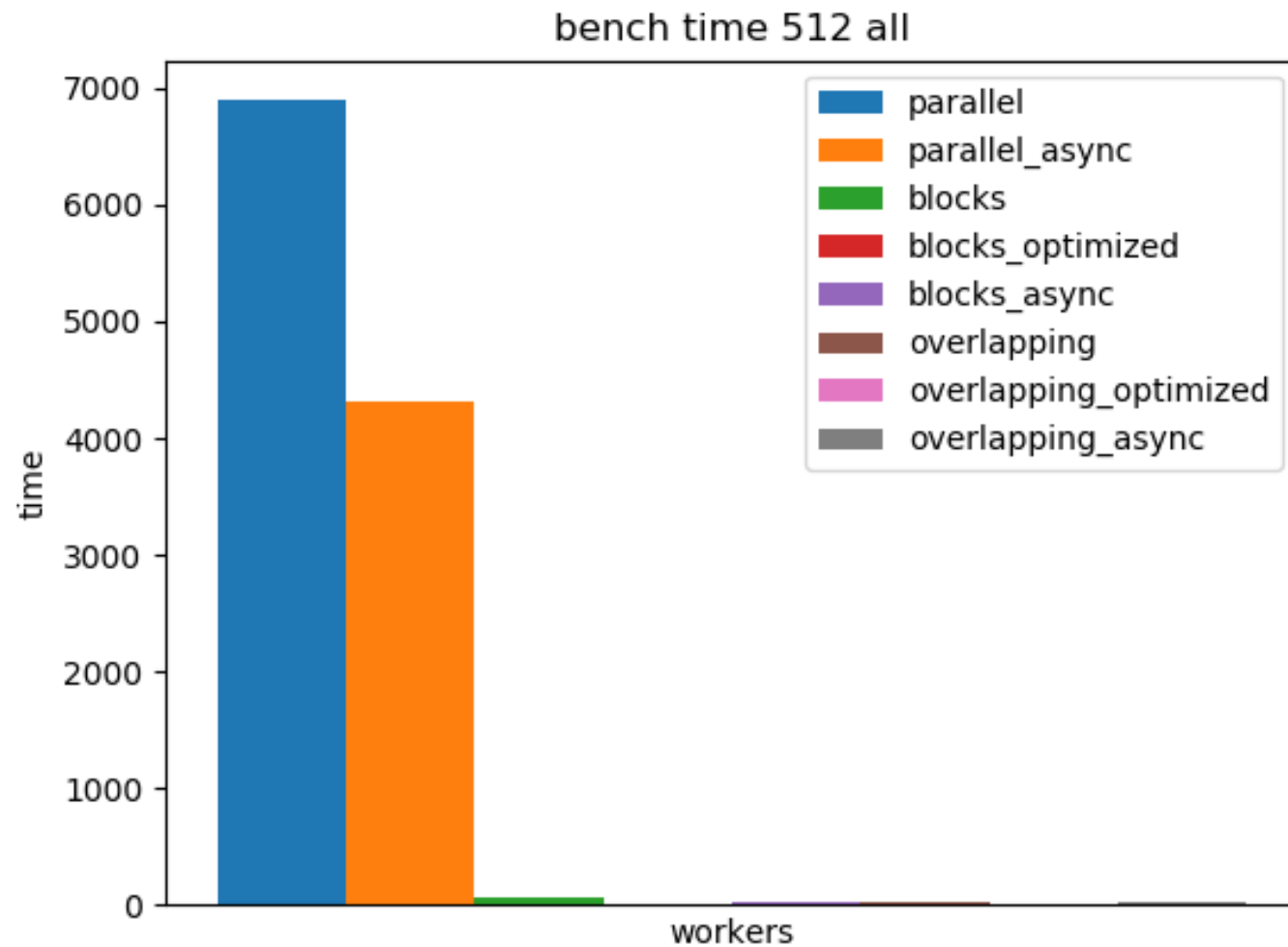
# Random matrix 65536



Blocks algorithms

$\pi$ 

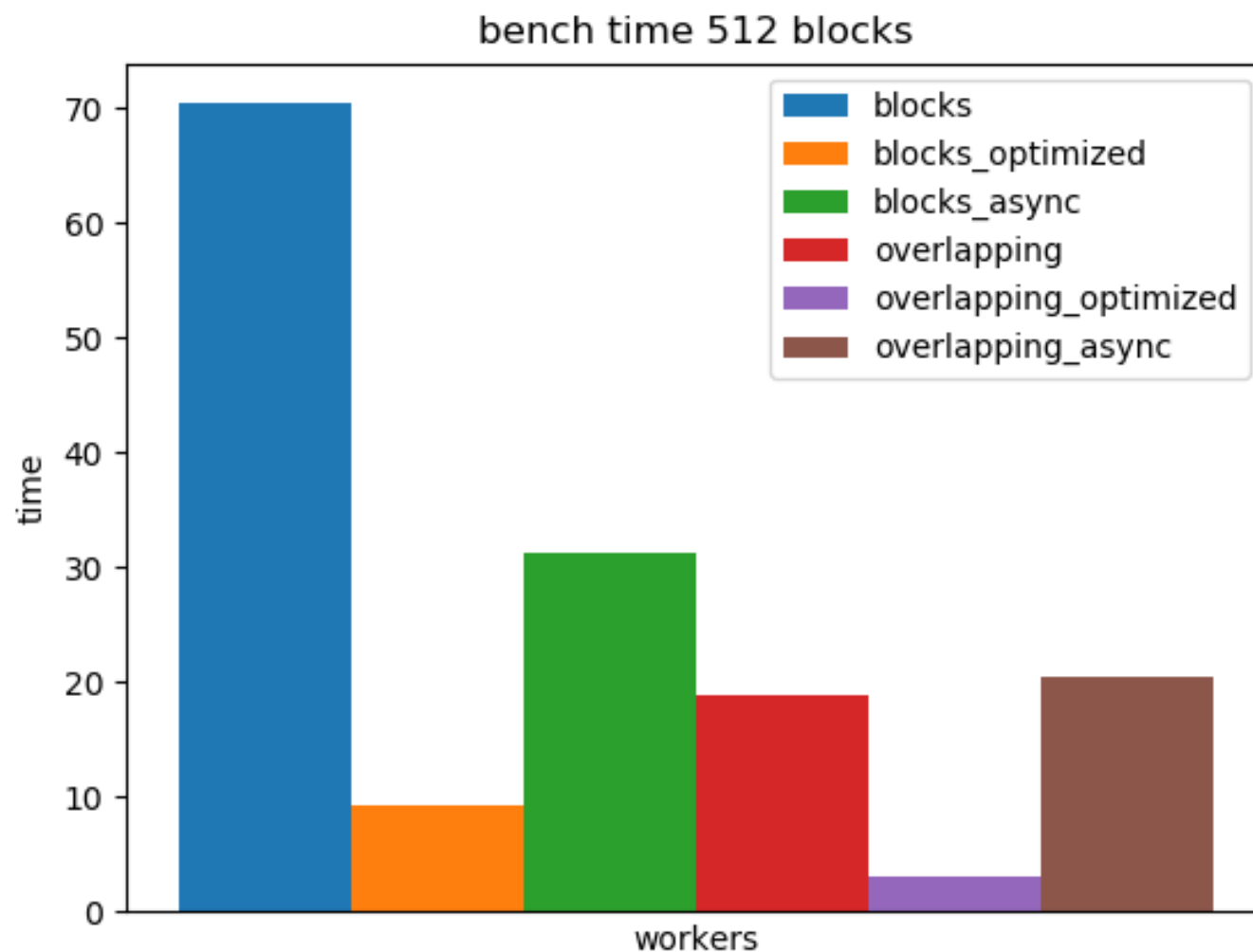
# Transition matrix 910596



All algorithms

$\pi$ 

# Transition matrix 910596



Blocks algorithms

# Conclusions