P01 Pacman Game

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For the codes, please refer to the attached files.

1 Question 1: A* search (3 points)

python pacman.py -1 bigMaze -z .5 -p SearchAgent -a fn=astar,heuristic=manhattanHeuristic

```
def aStarSearch(problem, heuristic=nullHeuristic):
  """Search the node that has the lowest combined cost and heuristic first."""
 start = problem.getStartState()
 queue = util.PriorityQueue()
  queue.push((0,start,[]),0)
  visited = []
  while not queue.isEmpty():
     cost, curr, actions = queue.pop()
     if problem.isGoalState(curr):
     for succ in problem.getSuccessors(curr):
         if succ[0] in visited:
             continue
         priority = cost + succ[2] + heuristic(succ[0],problem)
         queue.push((cost+succ[2],succ[0],actions+[succ[1]]),priority)
         visited.append(succ[0])
 return actions
```

2 Question 2: Corners Problem: Heuristic (3 points)

python pacman.py -l mediumCorners -p SearchAgent -a fn=aStarSearch, prob=CornersProblem,heuristic=cornersHeuristic --frameTime 0 I represent the state as below

pacmanx, pacmany, 0, 0, 0, 0

where the last four numbers indicating whether there is food in the corner. And the goal state is

Actually, I design lots of heuristic functions which are all listed below. The best one may be the heuristic that calculates maximum maze distance between current point and unvisited corners (using BFS). This is obviously admissible and consistent, since every time the pacman reach to a corner, the total distance can be reduced, and the heuristic value of the goal state is 0. And this is a strategy putting computation on pruning but not searching, where the pruning time may cost a lot. The result also shows that only 802 nodes are needed to expanded by my heuristics.

```
class CornersProblem(search.SearchProblem):
   This search problem finds paths through all four corners of a layout.
   You must select a suitable state space and successor function
   def __init__(self, startingGameState):
       Stores the walls, pacman's starting position and corners.
       self.walls = startingGameState.getWalls()
       self.startingPosition = startingGameState.getPacmanPosition()
       top, right = self.walls.height-2, self.walls.width-2
       self.corners = ((1,1), (1,top), (right, 1), (right, top))
       for corner in self.corners:
          if not startingGameState.hasFood(*corner):
              print 'Warning: no food in corner ' + str(corner)
       self._expanded = 0 # DO NOT CHANGE; Number of search nodes expanded
       # Please add any code here which you would like to use
       # in initializing the problem
       self.startingGameState = startingGameState
       visited = [0,0,0,0]
       for (i,corner) in enumerate(self.corners):
          if self.startingPosition == corner:
              visited[i] = 1
       self.startState = (self.startingPosition, visited)
   def getStartState(self):
       0.00
       Returns the start state (in your state space, not the full Pacman state
       space)
       return self.startState
   def isGoalState(self, state):
       Returns whether this search state is a goal state of the problem.
       if state[1] == [1,1,1,1]:
          return True
       return False
   def getSuccessors(self, state):
       0.00
       Returns successor states, the actions they require, and a cost of 1.
        As noted in search.py:
          For a given state, this should return a list of triples, (successor,
          action, stepCost), where 'successor' is a successor to the current
          state, 'action' is the action required to get there, and 'stepCost'
          is the incremental cost of expanding to that successor
       successors = []
```

```
for action in [Directions.NORTH, Directions.SOUTH, Directions.EAST, Directions.WEST
          # Add a successor state to the successor list if the action is legal
          # Here's a code snippet for figuring out whether a new position hits a wall:
          # x,y = currentPosition
             dx, dy = Actions.directionToVector(action)
          # nextx, nexty = int(x + dx), int(y + dy)
          # hitsWall = self.walls[nextx][nexty]
          x, y = state[0]
          dx, dy = Actions.directionToVector(action)
          nextx, nexty = int(x + dx), int(y + dy)
          if not self.walls[nextx][nexty]:
              nextCorner = [item for item in state[1]]
              if (nextx,nexty) in self.corners:
                  i = self.corners.index((nextx,nexty))
                  nextCorner[i] = 1
              nextState = ((nextx,nexty),nextCorner)
              successors.append((nextState,action,1))
       self._expanded += 1 # DO NOT CHANGE
       return successors
   def getCostOfActions(self, actions):
       Returns the cost of a particular sequence of actions. If those actions
       include an illegal move, return 999999. This is implemented for you.
       if actions == None: return 999999
       x,y= self.startingPosition
       for action in actions:
          dx, dy = Actions.directionToVector(action)
          x, y = int(x + dx), int(y + dy)
          if self.walls[x][y]: return 999999
       return len(actions)
def cornersHeuristic(state, problem):
   A heuristic for the CornersProblem that you defined.
     state: The current search state
             (a data structure you chose in your search problem)
     problem: The CornersProblem instance for this layout.
   This function should always return a number that is a lower bound on the
   shortest path from the state to a goal of the problem; i.e. it should be
   admissible (as well as consistent).
   corners = problem.corners # These are the corner coordinates
   walls = problem.walls # These are the walls of the maze, as a Grid (game.py)
   top, right = walls.height-2, walls.width-2
   pos = state[0]
   cornerFlag = state[1]
   ## Heuristic 1 (503)
```

```
\# res = 0
# for i,corner in enumerate(corners):
    if not cornerFlag[i]:
         res += abs(pos[0] - corner[0]) + abs(pos[1] - corner[1])
## Heuristic 2 (1057)
# remaining_corners = []
# dis = []
# num_visited = 0
# for i,corner in enumerate(corners):
     if not cornerFlag[i]:
         num_visited += 1
         remaining_corners.append(corner)
         dis.append(abs(pos[0] - corner[0]) + abs(pos[1] - corner[1]))
# dis.sort()
# res = 0 if len(dis) == 0 else dis[0]
# dis = []
# for i in range(len(remaining_corners)):
     for j in range(i+1,len(remaining_corners)):
         a = remaining_corners[i]
         b = remaining_corners[j]
         dis.append(abs(a[0] - b[0]) + abs(a[1] - b[1]))
# dis.sort()
# res += sum(dis[:4-num_visited])
# # Heuristic 3 (693)
# # Find a path getting through all the foods
# remaining_points = []
# curr_point = pos
# for i,corner in enumerate(corners):
   if not cornerFlag[i]:
         remaining_points.append(corner)
\# res = 0
# while len(remaining_points) > 0:
     distance = []
     for i,point in enumerate(remaining_points):
         distance.append((abs(curr_point[0] - point[0]) + abs(curr_point[1] - point[1])
   \hookrightarrow ,i))
#
    distance.sort()
    res += distance[0][0]
    index = distance[0][1]
     curr_point = remaining_points[index]
     remaining_points = remaining_points[:index] + remaining_points[index+1:] # pop out
   \hookrightarrow the point with minimum distance
# return res
# Heuristic 4 (1135/802)
from util import manhattanDistance
remaining_points = []
for i,corner in enumerate(corners):
   if not cornerFlag[i]:
       remaining_points.append(corner)
if len(remaining_points) == 0:
   return 0
# res = max(map(lambda x:manhattanDistance(pos,x), remaining_points))
res = max(map(lambda x:mazeDistance(pos,x,problem.startingGameState), remaining_points)
```

We can see that the heuristic is admissible and consistent that it can find the optimal solution the same as what UCS found.

```
(python27) D:\Assignments\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\search>python pacman.py -1 mediumCorners -p SearchAgent -a fn = us.prob=CornersProblem --frameTime 0
[SearchAgent] using function us [SearchAgent] using problem type CornersProblem
Path found with total cost of 106 in 0.2 seconds
Search nodes expanded: 1967
Pacman emerges victorious! Score: 434
Average Score: 434.0
Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)
Record: Win

(python27) D:\Assignments\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\search>python pacman.py -1 mediumCorners -p SearchAgent -a fn = aStarSearch, prob=CornersProblem, heuristic=cornersHeuristic --frameTime 0
[SearchAgent] using function aStarSearch and heuristic cornersHeuristic
[SearchAgent] using problem type CornersProblem
Path found with total cost of 106 in 3.6 seconds
Search nodes expanded: 802
Pacman emerges victorious!
Corner: 434.0
Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)
Record: Win

(python27) D:\Assignments\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\search>_
```

3 Question 3: Eating All The Dots (4 points)

python pacman.py -l trickySearch -p SearchAgent -a fn=astar, prob=FoodSearchProblem,heuristic=foodHeuristic --frameTime 0.

I reuse the heuristic function in Question 2 that calculates the maximum maze distance from the current position of the pacman to each food. This is also obviously admissible and consistent, since every time the pacman get to one food, the total distance can be reduced, and the heuristic value of the goal state is 0. And using this heuristics, only 4111 nodes are expanded.

```
def foodHeuristic(state, problem):
   position, foodGrid = state
   foodLst = foodGrid.asList()
   # print(position) # (10, 3)
   # print(foodLst) # [(1, 1), (1, 4), (1, 5), (2, 1), (3, 1), (4, 1), (4, 4), (5, 1), (7,
       \hookrightarrow 4), (10, 4), (13, 4), (13, 5), (14, 5)]
   ## Heuristic 1 (5403)
   \# sumup = 0
   # for food in foodLst:
         sumup += abs(position[0] - food[0]) + abs(position[1] - food[1])
   # return sumup
   # # Heuristic 2 (6101)
   # remaining_points = [food for food in foodLst]
   # curr_point = position
   \# res = 0
   # # Find a path getting through all the foods
   # while len(remaining_points) > 0:
```

```
#
     distance = []
     for i,point in enumerate(remaining_points):
#
#
         distance.append((abs(curr_point[0] - point[0]) + abs(curr_point[1] - point[1])
    \hookrightarrow ,i))
#
     distance.sort()
     res += distance[0][0]
#
     index = distance[0][1]
#
     curr_point = remaining_points[index]
     remaining_points = remaining_points[:index] + remaining_points[index+1:] # pop out
    \hookrightarrow the point with minimum distance
# return res
# Heuristic 3 (9445/4111)
from util import manhattanDistance
if len(foodLst) == 0:
   return 0
# res = max(map(lambda x:manhattanDistance(position,x), foodLst))
res = max(map(lambda x:mazeDistance(position,x,problem.startingGameState), foodLst))
return res
```

We can see that the heuristic is admissible and consistent that it can find the optimal solution the same as what UCS found.

```
(python27) D:\Assignments\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\search>python pacman.py -1 trickySearch -p SearchAgent -a fn=
ucs, prob=FoodSearchProblem --frameTime 0
[SearchAgent] using function ucs
[SearchAgent] using problem type FoodSearchProblem
Path found with total cost of 60 in 28.6 seconds
Search nodes expanded: 16689
Pacman emerges victorious! Score: 570
Average Score: 570.0
Scores: 570.0
Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)
Record: Win

(python27) D:\Assignments\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\search>python pacman.py -1 trickySearch -p SearchAgent -a fn=
astar,prob=FoodSearchProblem, heuristic=foodHeuristic --frameTime 0
[SearchAgent] using problem type FoodSearchProblem
Fath found with total cost of 60 in 19.3 seconds
Search nodes expanded: 4111
Pacman emerges victorious! Sore: 570
Average Score: 570.0
Scores: 570.0
Win Rate: 1/1 (1.00)
Record: Win

(python27) D:\Assignments\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\search>__
```

4 Question 4: Minimax (5 points)

python autograder.py -q q2 --no-graphics

```
class MinimaxAgent(MultiAgentSearchAgent):

   def DFMinimax(self, depth, gameState, currAgent):
        actions = gameState.getLegalActions(currAgent)
        if depth > self.depth or len(actions) == 0:
            return (self.evaluationFunction(gameState),Directions.STOP)
        if currAgent == 0: # MAX node
            maxVal = []
            for action in actions:
```

```
state = gameState.generateSuccessor(currAgent,action)
    maxVal.append((self.DFMinimax(depth,state,1)[0],action))
    return max(maxVal)

else: # MIN node
    minVal = []
    for action in actions:
        state = gameState.generateSuccessor(currAgent,action)
        if currAgent == gameState.getNumAgents() - 1:
            minVal.append((self.DFMinimax(depth+1,state,0)[0],action))
        else: # one by one action
            minVal.append((self.DFMinimax(depth,state,currAgent+1)[0],action))
    return min(minVal)

def getAction(self, gameState):
    _, action = self.DFMinimax(1,gameState,0)
    return action
```

The figure below shows my agent passes all the tests.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
  (python27) D:\Assignmen
                                                                                                                       ts\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\multiagent>python autograder.py -q q2 --no-graphics
    tarting on 9-30 at 14:42:06
Question q2
  *** PASS: test_cases\q2\0-1ecture-6-tree.test
*** PASS: test_cases\q2\0-sma11-tree.test
*** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-1-minmax.test
*** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-1-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-3-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-3-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-4-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-5-minmax.test

**** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-7-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-7-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\1-8-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\2-1a-vary-depth.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\2-1b-vary-depth.test
                  PASS: test_cases\q2\2-2a-vary-depth.test
   kojeoje
                  PASS: test_cases\q2\2-2b-vary-depth.test
PASS: test_cases\q2\2-3a-vary-depth.test
PASS: test_cases\q2\2-3b-vary-depth.test
PASS: test_cases\q2\2-3b-vary-depth.test
   kojeoje
               PASS: test_cases\q2\2-3b-vary-depth. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\2-4a-vary-depth. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\2-4b-vary-depth. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\2-one-ghost-31evel. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\3-one-ghost-41evel. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\4-two-ghosts-31evel. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\4-two-ghosts-41evel. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\4-ted-root. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\7-1a-check-depth-one-ghost. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\7-1b-check-depth-one-ghost. test
PASS: test_cases\q2\7-1c-check-depth-one-ghost. test
   kojeoje
   cokoko
    **
 skoskosk
   kokok
    **
  *** FASS: test_cases\q2\(\frac{1}{1}\) - check-depth-one-ghost. test
*** PASS: test_cases\q2\(\frac{7}{1}\) - check-depth-one-ghost. test
*** PASS: test_cases\q2\(\frac{7}{2}\) - check-depth-two-ghosts. test
*** PASS: test_cases\q2\(\frac{7}{2}\) - check-depth-two-ghosts. test
*** PASS: test_cases\q2\(\frac{7}{2}\) - check-depth-two-ghosts. test
*** Running MinimaxAgent on smallClassic 1 time(s).

According to the content of the content 
  Average Score: 84.0
Scores: 84.0
Win Rate: 0/1 (0.00)
  Record: Loss

*** Finished running MinimaxAgent on smallClassic after 1 seconds.

*** Won 0 out of 1 games. Average score: 84.000000 ***

*** PASS: test_cases\q2\8-pacman-game.test
### Question q2: 5/5 ###
Finished at 14:42:07
 Provisional grades
    uestion q2: 5/5
   Cota1: 5/5
Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
 (python27) D:\Assignments\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\multiagent>
```

5 Question 5: $\alpha - \beta$ Pruning (5 points)

python autograder.py -q q3 --no-graphics

```
class AlphaBetaAgent(MultiAgentSearchAgent):

def DFMinimax(self, depth, gameState, currAgent, alpha, beta):
    actions = gameState.getLegalActions(currAgent)
    if depth > self.depth or len(actions) == 0:
        return (self.evaluationFunction(gameState),Directions.STOP)
    if currAgent == 0: # MAX node
        val = (-0x3f3f3f3f,Directions.STOP)
```

```
for action in actions:
           state = gameState.generateSuccessor(currAgent,action)
           val = max(val,(self.DFMinimax(depth,state,1,alpha,beta)[0],action))
           if val[0] > beta:
              return val
           alpha = max(alpha,val[0])
       return val
   else: # MIN node
       val = (0x3f3f3f3f,Directions.STOP)
       for action in actions:
           state = gameState.generateSuccessor(currAgent,action)
           if currAgent == gameState.getNumAgents() - 1:
              val = min(val,(self.DFMinimax(depth+1,state,0,alpha,beta)[0],action))
           else: # one by one action
              val = min(val,(self.DFMinimax(depth,state,currAgent+1,alpha,beta)[0],
                  → action))
           if val[0] < alpha:</pre>
              return val
           beta = min(beta,val[0])
       return val
def getAction(self, gameState):
   _, action = self.DFMinimax(1,gameState,0,-0x3f3f3f3f,0x3f3f3f3f)
```

The figure below shows my agent passes all the tests.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
   (python27) D:\Assignments\Ar
Starting on 9-30 at 14:44:30
                                                                                                                                 ts\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\multiagent>python autograder.py -q q3 --no-graphics
  Question q3
     *** PASS: test_cases\q3\0-lecture-6-tree.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\0-small-tree.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-1-minmax.test
 *** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-1-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-2-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-3-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-4-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-5-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-6-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-7-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\1-8-minmax.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\2-1a-vary-depth.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\2-1a-vary-depth.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\2-2a-vary-depth.test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\2-2a-vary-depth.test
                     PASS: test_cases\q3\2-2b-vary-depth.test
PASS: test_cases\q3\2-3a-vary-depth.test
PASS: test_cases\q3\2-3b-vary-depth.test
     kojeoje
*** PASS: test_cases\q3\2-3a-vary-depth. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\2-4a-vary-depth. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\2-4a-vary-depth. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\2-one-ghost-3level. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\3-one-ghost-4level. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\5-two-ghosts-3level. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\5-two-ghosts-4level. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\5-two-ghosts-4level. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\7-la-check-depth-one-ghost. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\7-la-check-depth-one-ghost. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\7-la-check-depth-one-ghost. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\7-la-check-depth-two-ghosts. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\7-2a-check-depth-two-ghosts. test

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\7-2c-check-depth-two-ghosts. test

***
    Record: Loss

*** Finished running AlphaBetaAgent on smallClassic after 1 seconds.

*** Won 0 out of 1 games. Average score: 84.000000 ***

*** PASS: test_cases\q3\8-pacman-game.test
  ### Question q3: 5/5 ###
 Finished at 14:44:32
   Provisional grades
      uestion q3: 5/5
 Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
   (python27) D:\Assignments\ArtificalIntelligence\P01_Pacman\multiagent>
```