

# Raspbian ISS edition

## 1 Impostazione iniziali

```
1 sudo apt-get update
2 sudo apt-get upgrade
```

### 1.1 Configurazione di rete

```
1 auto lo
2
3 iface lo inet loopback
4
5 auto eth0
6 iface eth0 inet static
7     address 192.168.137.2
8     netmask 255.255.255.0
9     gateway 192.168.137.1
10
11 allow-hotplug wlan0
12 iface wlan0 inet dhcp
13 pre-up wpa_supplicant -Dwext -i wlan0 -c /boot/mywifi.conf -B
14 iface default inet dhcp
```

Listing 1: /etc/network/interfaces

```
1 ctrl_interface=DIR=/var/run/wpa_supplicant GROUP=netdev
2 update_config=1
3
4 ap_scan=1
5 eapol_version=1
6 fast_reauth=1
7
8 network={
9     ssid="<SSID>"
10    scan_ssid=1
11    key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
12    psk="<PASSWORD>"
13 }
```

Listing 2: /boot/mywifi.conf

### 1.2 Bash

```
1 [ -z "$PS1" ] && return
2
3 shopt -s histappend
4 HISTCONTROL=ignoreboth
5 HISTSIZE=1000
6 HISTFILESIZE=2000
7
8 shopt -s checkwinsize
9
10 if [ -z "$debian_chroot" ] && [ -r /etc/debian_chroot ]; then
11     debian_chroot=$(cat /etc/debian_chroot)
12 fi
13
14 case "$TERM" in
```

```

15     xterm-color) color_prompt=yes;;
16 esac
17
18 force_color_prompt=yes
19
20 if [ -n "$force_color_prompt" ]; then
21     if [ -x /usr/bin/tput ] && tput setaf 1 >&/dev/null; then
22         color_prompt=yes
23     else
24         color_prompt=
25     fi
26 fi
27
28 if [ "$color_prompt" = yes ]; then
29     PS1='${debian_chroot:+($debian_chroot)}\[\033[01;32m\]\u@\h\[\033[00m\]
        \[\033[01;34m\]\w \${\033[00m\} '
30 else
31     PS1='${debian_chroot:+($debian_chroot)}\u@\h:\w\$ '
32 fi
33 unset color_prompt force_color_prompt
34
35 case "$TERM" in
36 xterm*|rxvt*)
37     PS1="\[\e]0;${debian_chroot:+($debian_chroot)}\u@\h: \w\a\]$PS1"
38     ;;
39 *)
40     ;;
41 esac
42
43 if [ -x /usr/bin/dircolors ]; then
44     test -r ~/.dircolors && eval "$(dircolors -b ~/.dircolors)" || eval
        "$(dircolors -b)"
45     alias ls='ls --color=auto'
46     alias grep='grep --color=auto'
47     alias fgrep='fgrep --color=auto'
48     alias egrep='egrep --color=auto'
49 fi
50
51 alias ll='ls -l'
52 alias la='ls -A'
53 alias l='ls -CF'
54
55 if [ -f ~/.bash_aliases ]; then
56     . ~/.bash_aliases
57 fi
58
59 if [ -f /etc/bash_completion ] && ! shopt -oq posix; then
60     . /etc/bash_completion
61 fi

```

Listing 3: /home/pi/.bashrc

## 1.3 Software

```
1 sudo apt-get install vim htop ncdu mc
```

# 2 Tight VNC

## 2.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install tightvncserver
```

## 2.2 Configurazione

```
1 su pi -c "vncserver :1"
2 exit 0
```

Listing 4: /etc/rc.local

Per impostare la password per il server VNC, sul terminale di raspberry eseguire il comando:

```
1 sudo vncserver :1
```

## 3 udhcp

### 3.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install udhcpd
```

### 3.2 Configurazione

```
1 start 192.168.137.1
2 end 192.168.137.1
3 interface eth0
4 max_leases 1
5 opt lease 160
6 option subnet 255.255.255.252
```

Listing 5: /etc/udhcpd.conf

```
1 # Comment the following line to enable
2 #DHCPD_ENABLED="no"
3
4 # Options to pass to busybox' udhcpd.
5 #
6 # -S Log to syslog
7 # -f run in foreground
8
9 DHCPD_OPTS="-S"
```

Listing 6: /etc/default/udhcpd

## 4 samba

### 4.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install samba
```

## 4.2 Configurazione

```
1 [global]
2   workgroup = INFOLAB
3   netbios name = raspberrypi
4   realm = raspberrypi
5   server string = %h server
6   security = user
7   map to guest = Bad User
8   guest account = pi
9   syslog only = yes
10  log level = 0
11  name resolve order = host wins bcast
12  #hosts allow = 192.168.137.1
13  printing = bsd
14  printcap name = /dev/null
15
16  # dns proxy = no
17  # disable spoolss = yes
18  # hostname lookups = yes
19  # local master = yes
20  # preferred master = yes
21  # os level = 65
22  # encrypt passwords = yes
23
24 [home_pi]
25   path = /home/pi/
26   read only = No
27   create mask = 0644
28   guest ok = Yes
```

Listing 7: /etc/samba/smb.conf

Per riavviare il servizio

```
1 sudo service samba restart
```

## 5 screen

### 5.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install screen
```

### 5.2 Configurazione

```
1 #turn welcome message off
2 startup_message off
3
4 #use 256 colors
5 term screen-256color
6
7 #information statusbar
8
9 hardstatus off
10 hardstatus alwayslastline
11 hardstatus string '%{= kG}[ %{G}%H %{g}][%= %{=
    kw}%??-Lw%??{r} (%{W}%n*%f%t%? (%u)%??{r}) %{w}%??+Lw%??%= %{g}][%{B} %m-%d %{W}
    %c %{g}]'
```

```
13 #turn off visual bell
14 vbell off
```

Listing 8: /home/pi/.screenrc

## 6 i2c

### 6.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install i2c-tools
```

### 6.2 Configurazione

```
1 # blacklist spi and i2c by default (many users don't need them)
2
3 #blacklist spi-bcm2708
4 #blacklist i2c-bcm2708
```

Listing 9: /etc/modprobe.d/raspi-blacklist.conf

```
1 # /etc/modules: kernel modules to load at boot time.
2 #
3 # This file contains the names of kernel modules that should be loaded
4 # at boot time, one per line. Lines beginning with "#" are ignored.
5 # Parameters can be specified after the module name.
6
7 snd-bcm2835
8 i2c-bcm2708
9 i2c-dev
```

Listing 10: /etc/modules

## 7 pi-blasters

### 7.1 Installazione

```
1 git clone https://github.com/sarfata/pi-blasters.git
2
3 sudo apt-get install autoconf
4
5 ./autogen.sh
6 ./configure
7 make
8
9 #To start pi-blasters and have it relaunched automatically on every reboot:
10 sudo make install
11
12 #To start pi-blasters manually run:
13 sudo ./pi-blasters
```

## 8 Wiging Pi

### 8.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install git-core
```

```
1 git clone git://git.drogon.net/wiringPi
```

```
1 cd ~/wiringPi
2 git pull origin
```

```
1 cd ~/wiringPi
2 ./build
```

## 9 Pi4J

### 9.1 Installazione

```
1 wget http://pi4j.googlecode.com/files/pi4j-0.0.5.deb
```

```
1 sudo dpkg -i pi4j-0.0.5.deb
```

### 9.2 Configurazione

When attempting to compile a Java program using the Pi4J libraries, make sure to include the Pi4J lib folder in the classpath:

```
1 javac -classpath .:classes:/opt/pi4j/lib/*' ...
```

When attempting to start a Java program using the Pi4J libraries, make sure to include the Pi4J lib folder in the classpath:

```
1 sudo java -classpath .:classes:/opt/pi4j/lib/*' ...
```

## 10 Java RxTx Library

### 10.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install librxTx-javat
```

## 11 Configurazione

```
1 sudo ln -s /usr/lib/jni/librxTxSerial-2.2pre1.so
   /usr/lib/jvm/jdk-8-oracle-arm-vfp-hflt/jre/lib/a librxTxSerial.so
2 sudo ln -s /usr/lib/jni/librxTxSerial-2.2pre1.so
   /usr/lib/jvm/jdk-8-oracle-arm-vfp-hflt/jre/lib/arm/librxTxSerial.so
```

## 12 shellinabox

### 12.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install shellinabox
```

## 13 BrickPi

### 13.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo git clone https://github.com/DexterInd/BrickPi.git
```

```
1 cd ~/BrickPi/Setup\ Files/  
2 sudo bash install.sh
```

## 14 BrickPi Python

### 14.1 Installazione

```
1 git clone https://github.com/DexterInd/BrickPi_Python.git
```

```
1 sudo apt-get install python-setuptools
```

```
1 cd ~/BrickPi_Python/  
2 sudo python setup.py install
```

## 15 Open CV

### 15.1 Installazione

```
1 sudo apt-get install build-essential cmake pkg-config python-dev libgtk2.0-dev  
2 sudo apt-get install libgtk2.0 zlib1g-dev libpng-dev libjpeg-dev libtiff-dev  
3 sudo apt-get install libjasper-dev libavcodec-dev swig
```

```
1 wget http://downloads.sourceforge.net/project/opencvlibrary/  
   opencv-unix/2.4.7/opencv-2.4.7.tar.gz
```

```
1 cd ~/opencv-2.4.7/
```

```
1 cmake -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=RELEASE -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX=/usr/local  
   -DBUILD_PERF_TESTS=OFF -DBUILD_opencv_gpu=OFF -DBUILD_opencv_ocl=OFF
```

```
1 make
```

```
1 sudo make install
```

## 16 Open CV Raspicam Library

### 16.1 Installazione

```
1 http://sourceforge.net/projects/raspicam/files/
```

```
1 tar xvzf raspicamxx.tgz  
2 cd raspicamxx  
3 mkdir build  
4 cd build  
5 cmake ..
```

```
1 make  
2 sudo make install
```

## 16.2 Configurazione

```
1 raspicam_test  
2 raspicam_cv_test
```

Link utili