NoteDay3

Diamond

2020/7/8

chapter 3 Visuation:ggplot2

park_name = col_character(),

type = col_character(),

visitors = col_double(),
year = col_double()

getwd()

##

##

##

)

install first package, ggplot2, by installing tidyverse Test work place simply.

```
## [1] "D:/zju/ / / DataScienceAndApplications"
1.Load data
#National Parks in California
ca <- read_csv("data/ca.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     region = col_character(),
     state = col_character(),
     code = col_character(),
##
    park_name = col_character(),
##
##
     type = col_character(),
##
     visitors = col_double(),
##
     year = col_double()
## )
#Acadia National Park
acadia <- read_csv("data/acadia.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     region = col_character(),
##
     state = col_character(),
    code = col_character(),
```

```
#Southeast US National Parks
se <- read_csv("data/se.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
    region = col_character(),
     state = col_character(),
##
##
    code = col_character(),
##
    park_name = col_character(),
    type = col_character(),
##
    visitors = col_double(),
##
    year = col_double()
## )
#2016 Visitation for all Pacific West National Parks
visit_16 <- read_csv("data/visit_16.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
    region = col_character(),
##
##
    state = col_character(),
##
    code = col_character(),
    park_name = col_character(),
##
##
    type = col_character(),
##
    visitors = col_double(),
##
     year = col_double()
## )
#All Nationally designated sites in Massachusetts
mass <- read csv("data/mass.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
     region = col_character(),
##
     state = col_character(),
##
    code = col_character(),
##
    park name = col character(),
##
    type = col_character(),
##
    visitors = col double(),
##
    year = col_double()
## )
```

A Grammar of Graphics!

```
\begin{split} & \operatorname{ggplot}(\operatorname{data} = <\operatorname{DATA}>) + <\operatorname{GEOM\_FUNCTION}>(\operatorname{mapping} = \operatorname{aes}(<\operatorname{MAPPINGS}>), \operatorname{stat} = <\operatorname{STAT}>, \operatorname{position} \\ & = <\operatorname{POSITION}>) + <\operatorname{COORDINATE\_FUNCTION}> + <\operatorname{FACET\_FUNCTION}> \end{split}
```

You can uniquely describe any plot as a combination of these 7 parameters.

```
head(ca)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
## region state code park_name
                                                        visitors year
                                                type
## <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                                <chr>
                                                             <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 PW
          CA
                CHIS Channel Islands National Park National Park
                                                               1200 1963
                CHIS Channel Islands National Park National Park
                                                               1500 1964
## 2 PW
          CA
                                                              1600 1965
## 3 PW
       CA
                CHIS Channel Islands National Park National Park
## 4 PW
                CHIS Channel Islands National Park National Park
                                                               300 1966
       CA
## 5 PW
       CA
                CHIS Channel Islands National Park National Park
                                                               15700 1967
                CHIS Channel Islands National Park National Park
                                                               31000 1968
## 6 PW
```

#view(ca) other worksheet will come out

Hello,Li YinHe