

Aggressive Compression of MobileNets Using Hybrid Ternary Layers

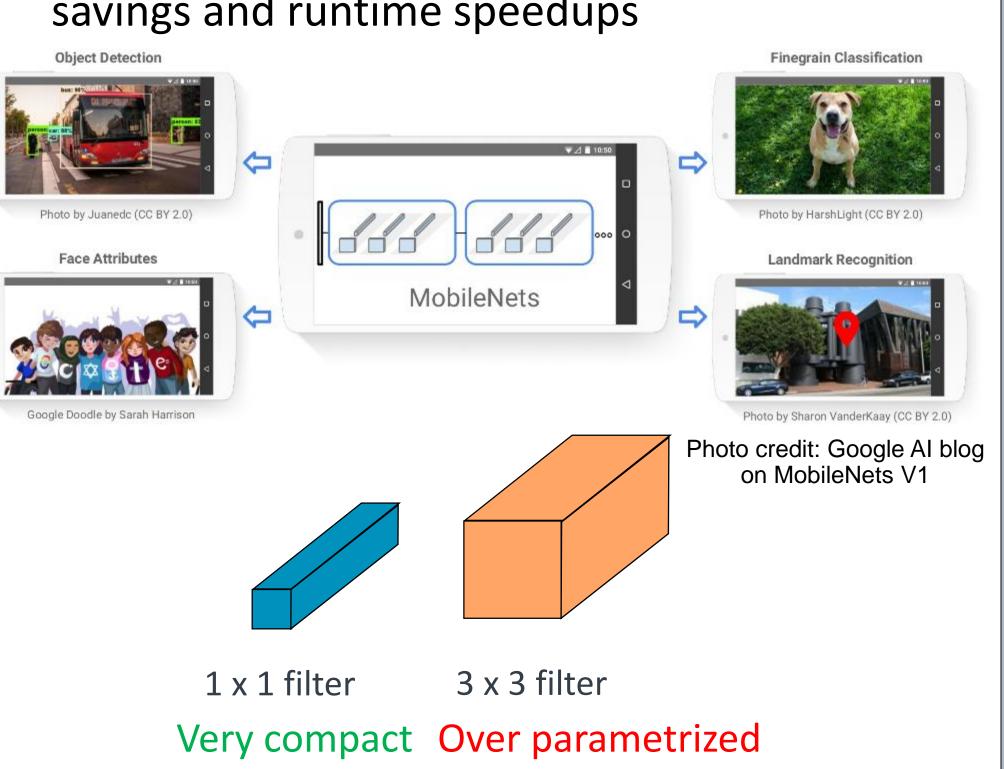
Dibakar Gope, Jesse Beu, Urmish Thakker, and Matthew Mattina

Arm ML Research Lab

arm Research

Challenge

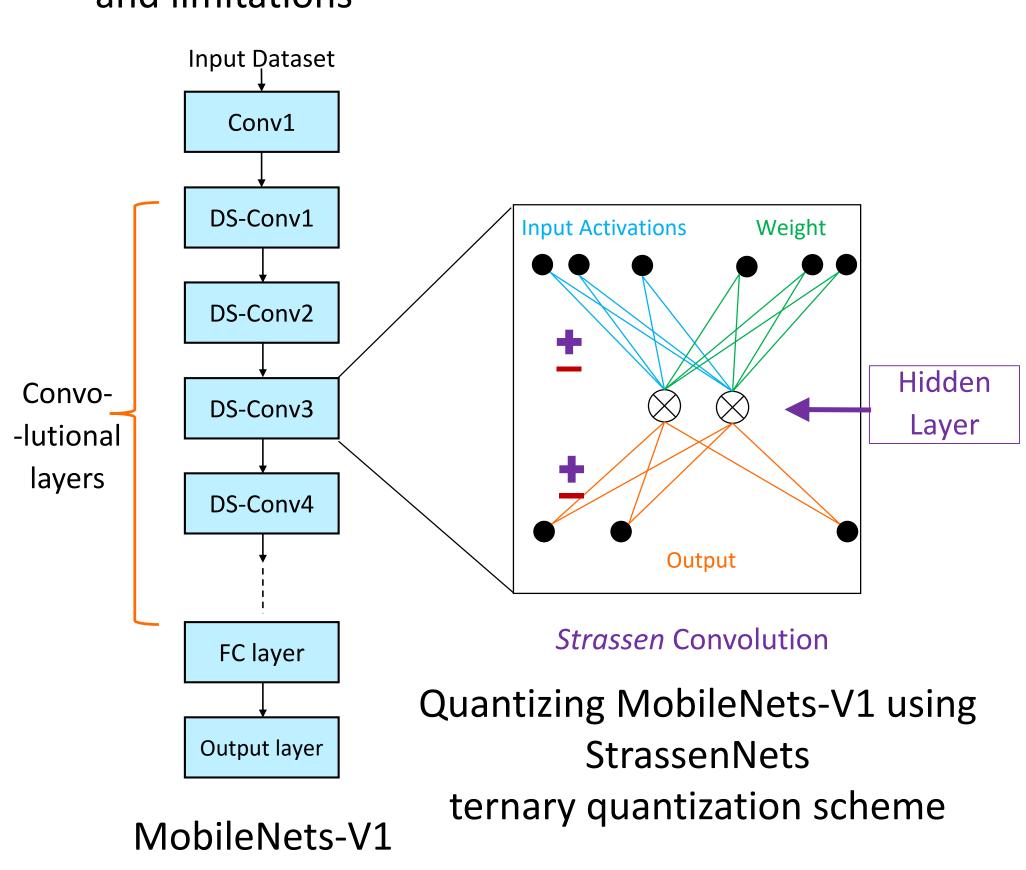
- MobileNets [1] family of CV networks are increasingly deployed at mobile/edge devices
- Quantizing MobileNets to ternary weights (2bit) is necessary to realize siginificant energy savings and runtime speedups



- MobileNets V1 13 depthwise separable (DS) convolutional layers
- Model complexity dominated by compact 1 x 1 filters

Prior Solutions

- Ternary weight networks (TWN) [2]
- (-) Drops accuracy
- StrassenNets [3]
 - (+) 99% reduction in MULs for 3 x 3 filters
 - (+) mostly ternary weights, preserve accuracy
- (-) Never looked into DS (1 x 1) layers
- Prior solutions come with their own advantages and limitations



Observations with Prior Solutions Accuracy (Top-1) vs #Operations 3x3 conv using ternary \mathbf{W}_{h} StrassenNets StrassenNets Increase in ADDS $W_a vec(A)$ $\#ADDs\ of\ (3x3\ conv + 1x1\ conv)$ #MACs of 3x3 traditional conv 1x1 conv ternary V Traditional 3x3 convolution TWN using full-precision weights 1x1 conv Increase in ADDS **#MACs/ADDs Operations (M)** $\#ADDs\ of\ (1x1\ conv + 1x1\ conv)$ ternary **W** #MACs of 1x1 traditional conv StrassenNets

- 9.6% drop in accuracy using Ternary Weight Networks
- Modest savings in model size using StrassenNets
- >300% increase in ADDs/Ops for iso accuracy using StrassenNets
- Use of Wide hidden layers for closely approximating each 1 x 1 filter of MobileNets → >300% increase in ADDs using StrassenNets

Different filters respond differently to ternary quantization

Different sensitivity of individual filters to StrassenNets

Application of StrassenNets to 3 x 3 and 1 x 1 convolution

Traditional 1x1 convolution

using full-precision weights

 $W_a vec(A)$

1x1 conv

ternary **W**

0.24 0.29 -0.23 -0.12 -0.40 0.78 -0.88 0.92 -0.45

★ -1 2 -1 -1 2 -1 -1 2 -1

2 hidden units: 0.02, 4 hidden units: 0.00

Vertical Lines detector

0.24 0.29 -0.23

0 -1 0

L2-loss:
2 hidden units: 0.00

-0.12 -0.40 0.78
-0.88 0.92 -0.45

Feature map

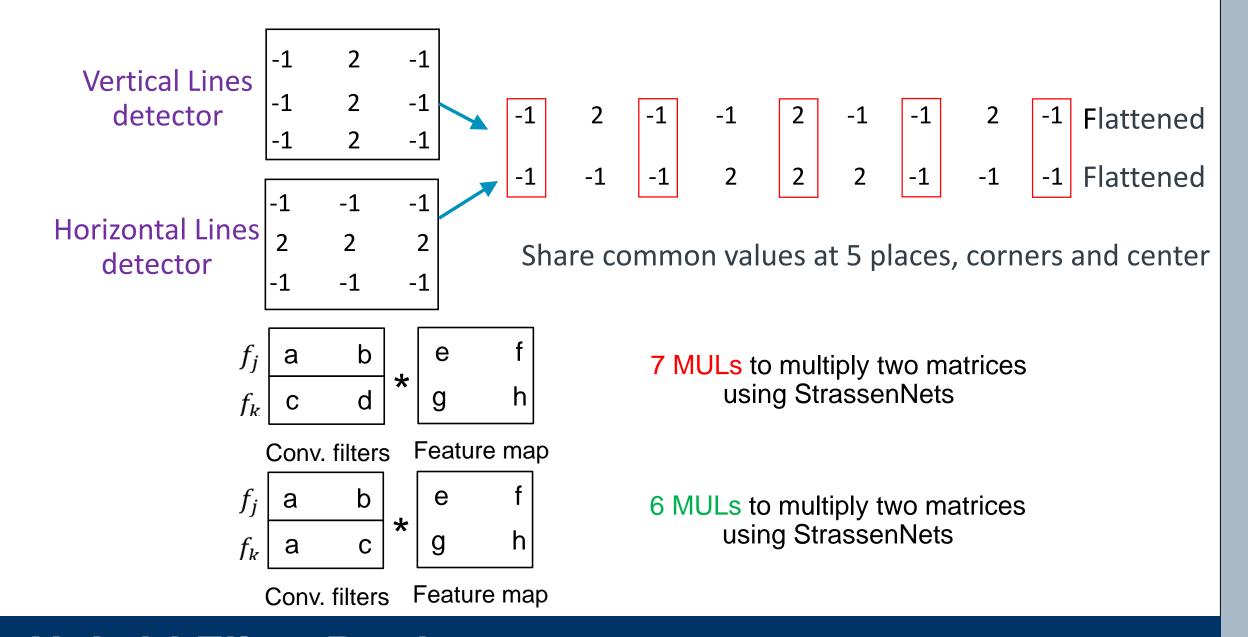
Sharpen filter

2 hidden units: 0.09
4 hidden units: 0.09,
8 hidden units: 0.01

Not all filters do require wide hidden layers to be

approximated well using StrassenNets

Different sensitivity of group of filters to StrassenNets



Per-Layer Hybrid Filter Banks

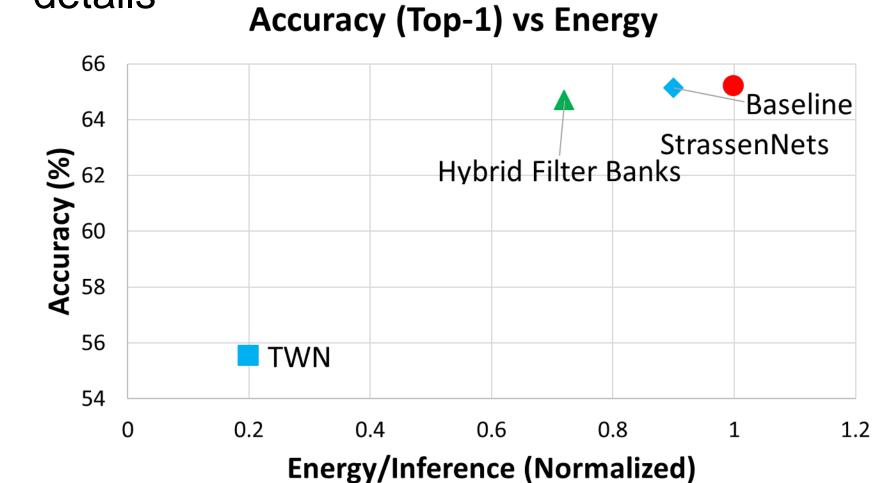
Exploit the difference in sensitivity of individual and groups of filters to ternary quantization

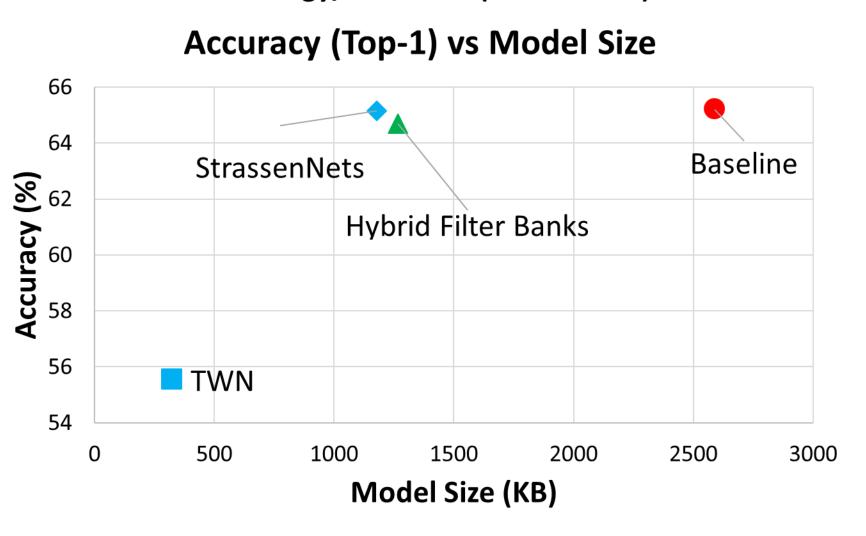
- Bank similar value structure filters together
- Share hidden units of StrassenNets
- Use fewer hidden units → fewer ADDs/Ops to approximate a major portion of filters at each layer
- See our paper (https://arxiv.org/abs/1911.01028)
 for Mathematical proof, details

Use Traditional convolution Conv1 Use full-precision weights DS-Conv1 **Previous Depthwise** DS-Conv2 Quantization critical DS-Conv3 tolerant filters filters DS-Conv4 Channel concatenation A MobileNets pointwise layer FC layer with hybrid filter bank Use StrassenNets Output layer Use fewer hidden units Restrict increase in ADDs MobileNet-V1

Evaluation Results

- Dataset: ImageNet, Network: MobileNet-V1 (width multiplier of 0.5)
- 47% reduction in MULs, only 48% reduction in ADDs, when compared to >300%
- 51% reduction in MobileNets-V1 model size,
- 28% reduction in energy/inference
- No degradation in inference throughput on an area-equivalent ML accelerator comprising both MAC and adder units
- 0.27% loss in top-1 accuracy
- Hybrid filter banks is effective in compressing ResNet architecture comprising 3x3 convolutional filters also; see our paper for details





Top-1 accuracy, energy/inference, and model size of hybrid filter banks and improvement over state-of-the-art ternary quantization schemes

Read Our Paper for Details

Gope et al., "Ternary MobileNets via Per-Layer Hybrid Filter Banks", 2019

arXiv link: https://arxiv.org/abs/1911.01028

References

- [1] Howard et al., "MobileNets: Efficient Convolutional Neural Networks for Mobile Vision Applications", 2017
- [2] Li et al., "Ternary weight networks," NeurIPS 2016
- [3] Tschannen et al., "StrassenNets: Deep Learning with a Multiplication Budget", ICML 2018