

Oefenopgaven Intermediate JavaScript Programming Techniques 5

Vraag 1 van 23

In JavaScript, which term is used to describe a special function that enables you to create instances of custom objects?

- A. Constructor.**
- B. Client-side array.
- C. Property.
- D. Method.

Vraag 2 van 23

Consider the following code block:

```
function vehicle(wheels, brand) {  
    this.wheels = wheels;  
    this.brand = brand;  
}  
var v1 = vehicle(4, "BMW");  
document.write(v1);
```

What will be the output of this code block?

- A. [object Object]
- B. undefined**
- C. 4, BMW
- D. Vehicle1(wheels, brand) {
 this.wheels = wheels;
 this.brand = brand;
}

Vraag 3 van 23

Which statement about the prototype property is true?

- A. It is only available in JavaScript predefined objects.
- B. It is only available in custom objects.
- C. It is only available in DOM objects.
- D. It is available in every JavaScript object.**

Vraag 4 van 23

Which of the following statements about inheritance in JavaScript is true?

- A. JavaScript** supports both prototypal and class-based inheritance.
- B. JavaScript supports only class-based inheritance.
- C. Prototype-based inheritance is an example of class-based inheritance.
- D. A class can inherit the properties of another class using the extend keyword.

Vraag 5 van 23

Consider the following code. Which element represents the iterable?

```
function* sample() {  
    var x = 0;  
    while(true)  
        yield x++;  
}  
var example = sample();
```

- A. x
- B. sample
- C. example
- D. yield

Vraag 6 van 23

What is the purpose of the yield operator in the generator functions?

- A. To pause or resume a generator function.
- B. To throw an exception from the generator.
- C. To return the next item in the sequence.
- D. To return a generator object.

Vraag 7 van 23

In a custom JavaScript object, how does a method access the properties of an instance of the custom object when it is called?

- A. By using the this keyword.
- B. By passing in a reference to the instance as a parameter.
- C. By directly accessing the properties by their names.
- D. By using the element keyword.

Vraag 8 van 23

Consider the following code block:

```
var car1 = {  
    name: "BMW",  
    model: "i8",  
    display: function() {  
        return this.name + this.model;  
    }  
}  
var newCar = {  
    name: "Audi",  
    model: "A8"  
}  
document.write(car1.display.call(newCar));
```

What will be the output of this code block?

- A. BMWi8
- B. AudiA8**
- C. BMWi8AudiA8
- D. ReferenceError

Vraag 9 van 23

Which property is used to add additional fields to a custom object?

- A. prototype**
- B. addField
- C. addNew
- D. new

Vraag 10 van 23

When creating a custom object in JavaScript, what is instantiation?

- A. The process** of creating new copies of an object.
- B. The process of defining a constructor.
- C. The process of defining properties and methods of a custom object.
- D. The process of returning specific method parameters to the calling statement.

Vraag 11 van 23

What is the purpose of the **yield** operator in the following code block?

```
function* genId() {  
    var id = 0;  
    while(true)  
        yield id++;  
}  
var gen = genId();
```

- A. Pauses** the generator function.
- B. Continues with the next iteration of the while block.
- C. Specifies that the genId() function is a generator function.
- D. Increments the value of the id variable.

Vraag 12 van 23

Consider the following code block:

```
class Example { // class declaration
    _____(test) {
        this.test = test;
    }
    display() {
        document.write('This is a sample.');
```

Identify the missing keyword.

- A. this
- B. super
- C. constructor**
- D. example

Vraag 13 van 23

Which of the following functions is declared using the function* keyword and returns iterable objects?

- A. class
- B. generator**
- C. constructor
- D. iterator

Vraag 14 van 23

Which object can access items in a collection, one at a time?

- A. Class
- B. Generator
- C. Constructor
- D. Iterator**

Vraag 15 van 23

What will be the output of the following code block?

```
var v1 = new Vehicle1(4, "BMW");  
class Vehicle1 {  
    constructor(wheels, brand) {  
        this.wheels = wheels;  
        this.brand = brand;  
    }  
}  
document.write(v1.wheels + v1.brand);
```

- A. undefined
- B. [object Object]
- C. 4BMW
- D. **ReferenceError**

Vraag 16 van 23

What does a constructor do?

- A. **Creates an empty template from which real-time objects, called instances, can be generated.**
- B. Creates a database-like structure into which you can store custom objects.
- C. Creates an instance of a custom object, and a new constructor is needed for each instance.
- D. Creates properties and methods that can be passed into custom objects.

Vraag 17 van 23

What is inheritance?

- A. Calling a function inside another function.
- B. **Deriving the state and behavior of another object.**
- C. Creating and initializing objects.
- D. Assigning the values of one object to another.

Vraag 18 van 23

What is the term for a JavaScript function used to create a custom object?

- A. **Constructor.**
- B. Initializer.
- C. New.
- D. Loader.

Vraag 19 van 23

The following code is part of a constructor function. If methodName is a function that is defined later in the code, what is the difference between the following expressions?

```
// First expression
    this.methodName = methodName;
// Second expression
    this.methodName = methodName();
```

- A. There is no difference in the first and the second expression.
- B. The first expression identifies methodName as a variable, not a function.
- C. The second expression is invalid and will generate a syntax error.
- D. The second expression will result in a function call as soon as an object of the constructor function is created.**

Vraag 20 van 23

Which JavaScript keyword is used to access the functions of the parent object?

- A. constructor
- B. this
- C. super**
- D. new

Vraag 21 van 23

Which of the following statements is true of constructors in JavaScript?

- A. JavaScript classes do not need a constructor.
- B. For each class, at most, one constructor can be defined.**
- C. Constructors are defined using the function keyword but have a name similar to that of the class.
- D. Constructors are only needed when objects of a class are created without the new keyword.

Vraag 22 van 23

Consider the following code block:

```
class Example { // class declaration
    constructor(test) {
        this.test = test;
    }
    display() {
        document.write('This is a sample.');
```



```
    }
}
class Sample extends Example {
    constructor(test) {
        _____(test); // Missing keyword
    }
    display() {
        document.write('This is a sample.');
```



```
    }
}
```

Which of the following keywords should be added in the above code?

- A. this
- B. super**
- C. constructor
- D. example

Vraag 23 van 23

What is the first step in creating a custom object in JavaScript?

- A. Defining a constructor.**
- B. Creating a property.
- C. Naming property values.
- D. Creating a method.