## Oefenopgaven Intermediate JavaScript Programming Techniques 3

#### Vraag 1 van 24

How can you check if a user's browser has Java enabled or not?

- A. Using the <noscript> tag.
- B. Using the javaEnabled() method of the navigator object.
- C. Using the platform property of the navigator object.
- D. Using the isJavaScriptEnabled property of the navigator object.

### Vraag 2 van 24

Which of the following hierarchical dot notations is an invalid reference?

- A. window.navigator
- B. window.location
- C. document.history
- D. document.forms

## Vraag 3 van 24

Which of the following expressions uses the correct hierarchy?

- A. window.document.forms.length;
- B. navigator.document.forms.length;
- C. history.document.forms.length;
- D. screen.document.forms.length;

## Vraag 4 van 24

Which line of code will allow you to redirect the browser to the page which you were previously viewing?

- A. history.back();
- B. history.backward();
- C. history.go(1);
- D. history.forward();

## Vraag 5 van 24

What is the limitation of a Virtual DOM?

- A. The Virtual DOM is a lot slower than the real DOM.
- B. Rendering Virtual DOM takes less system resources than rendering the real DOM does.
- C. With the Virtual DOM, each element in the real DOM will have to be updated when rendering.
- **D.** Changes made to the Virtual DOM are not directly reflected on the webpage.

# Vraag 6 van 24

Which of the following objects is used to get information about the user's browser?

- A. navigator
- B. document
- C. window
- D. browser

### Vraag 7 van 24

What is the one property associated with the history object?

- A. length
- B. go
- C. back
- D. forward

## Vraag 8 van 24

Which of the following objects can be used to access cookies?

- A. navigator
- B. window
- C. location
- D. document

## Vraag 9 van 24

What is the purpose of the navigator object?

- A. To allow navigation in the webpage.
- B. To allow navigation to some other page.
- C. To relay information about the web server being accessed.
- **D.** To relay information about the web browser being used.

# Vraag 10 van 24

What is the purpose of the location object?

- A. To get the geographical location of a user.
- B. To get the location of a user in the network.
- C. To specify URLs in the script.
- D. To identify an area on a webpage.

#### Vraag 11 van 24

Which code is the JavaScript equivalent of clicking a browser's back button?

- A. history -= 1
- B. history.go(-1);
- C. history.go(back);
- D. history.rewind();

#### Vraag 12 van 24

You have opened a window to

http://www.myweb.com/faq/answers.htm?protocol=email. Consider the following alert:

```
alert(location.protocol);
```

What will this alert display if added to the code of your document?

- A. http:
- B. email
- C. protocol=email
- D. www

## Vraag 13 van 24

Which of the following statements is NOT true of the window object?

- A. It is the default object in JavaScript.
- B. It is subordinate to the navigator object.
- C. It represents the browser's frame and the elements associated with it.
- D. alert(), prompt(), and confirm() methods are associated with the window object.

#### Vraag 14 van 24

Which JavaScript object reflects information about the browser being used to view the webpage?

- A. window
- B. document
- C. location
- D. navigator

## Vraag 15 van 24

What is the default object in JavaScript?

- A. Window
- B. Document
- C. Location
- D. Navigator

## Vraag 16 van 24

Which of the following objects can be used to access information about the current URL in a script?

- A. window
- B. document
- C. location
- D. navigator

## Vraag 17 van 24

Which of the following is the container of the form object?

- A. document
- B. window
- C. navigator
- D. array

## Vraag 18 van 24

Which JavaScript object represents the frame of the browser and the mechanisms associated with it?

- A. window
- B. document
- C. image
- D. navigator

### Vraag 19 van 24

Which JavaScript object allows you to access previously visited webpage URLs?

- A. History.
- B. Location.
- C. Document.
- D. Navigator.

## Vraag 20 van 24

Which method will bring a window object to the top?

- A. window.blur()
- B. window.focus()
- C. window.moveBy()
- D. window.moveTo()

#### Vraag 21 van 24

Which method of the history object is used to create a new history entry?

- A. go()
- B. replaceState()
- C. newState()
- D. pushState()

## Vraag 22 van 24

What is diffing?

- A. Debugging the virtual DOM.
- B. Identifying the Virtual DOM elements that have changed.
- C. Diminishing the Virtual DOM for different browsers.
- D. Updating the real DOM with the Virtual DOM.

## Vraag 23 van 24

Which property of the **image** object can be used to check if the image has finished loading?

- A. finished
- B. loaded
- C. complete
- D. onload

#### Vraag 24 van 24

How many arguments does the generic syntax for the window.open() method use?

- A. One.
- B. Three.
- C. Five.
- D. Seven.