

Team 6

Infodemic and misinformation in the spread of COVID-19

Challenge 1 Infodemic and
misinformation about
COVID-19 spread in
LATAM.

Liza Posada
Daniel Solis
Paulina Currea
Diego Lopez
Juan Ortiz







Population's suggestibility



Vaccination, new cases and mortality



Investigación original

Infodemia: noticias falsas y tendencias de mortalidad por COVID-19 en seis países de América Latina

Giselly Mayerly Nieves-Cuervo¹, Edgar F. Manrique-Hernández², Angelo Fernando Robledo-Colonia¹ v Elvia Karina Grillo Ardila³



Hypothesis

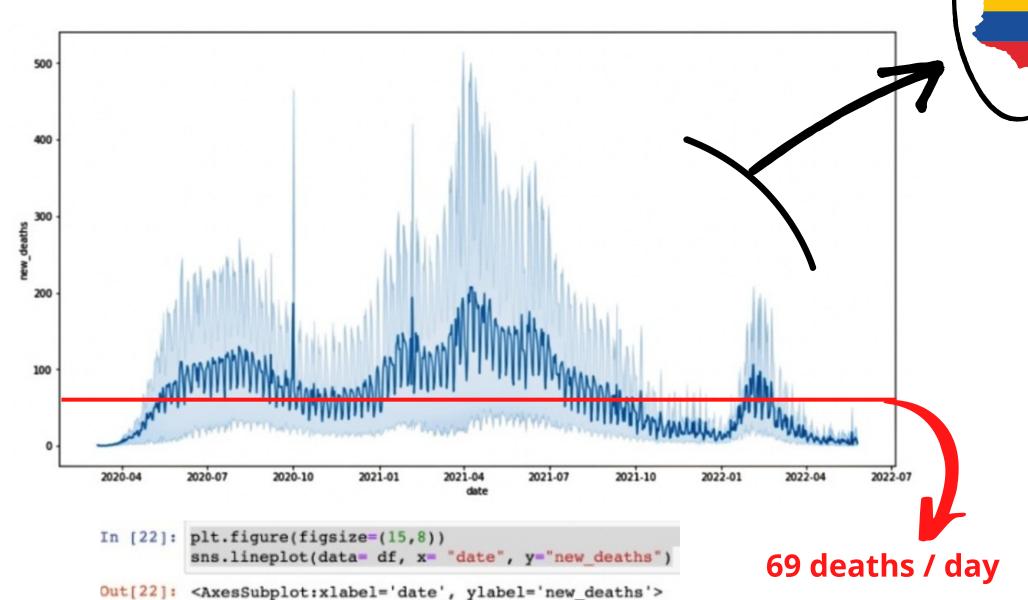


"COVID-19 induced mortality can be predicted by massive media diffusion of fake treatment alternatives."



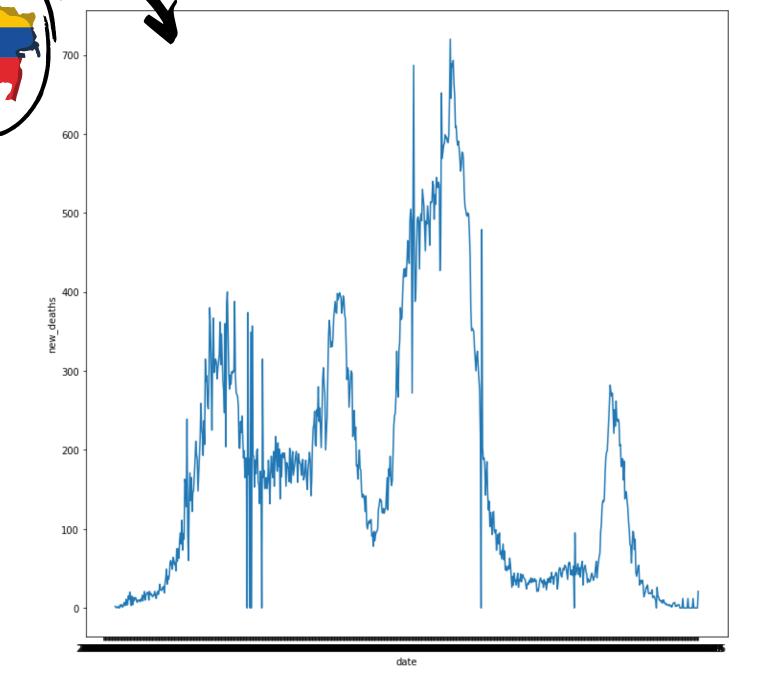




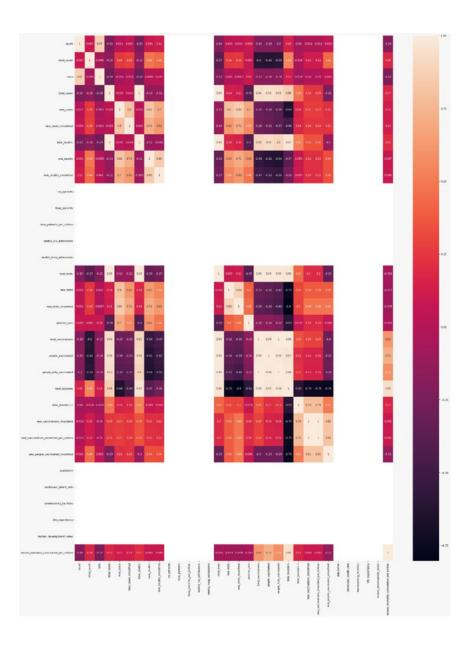


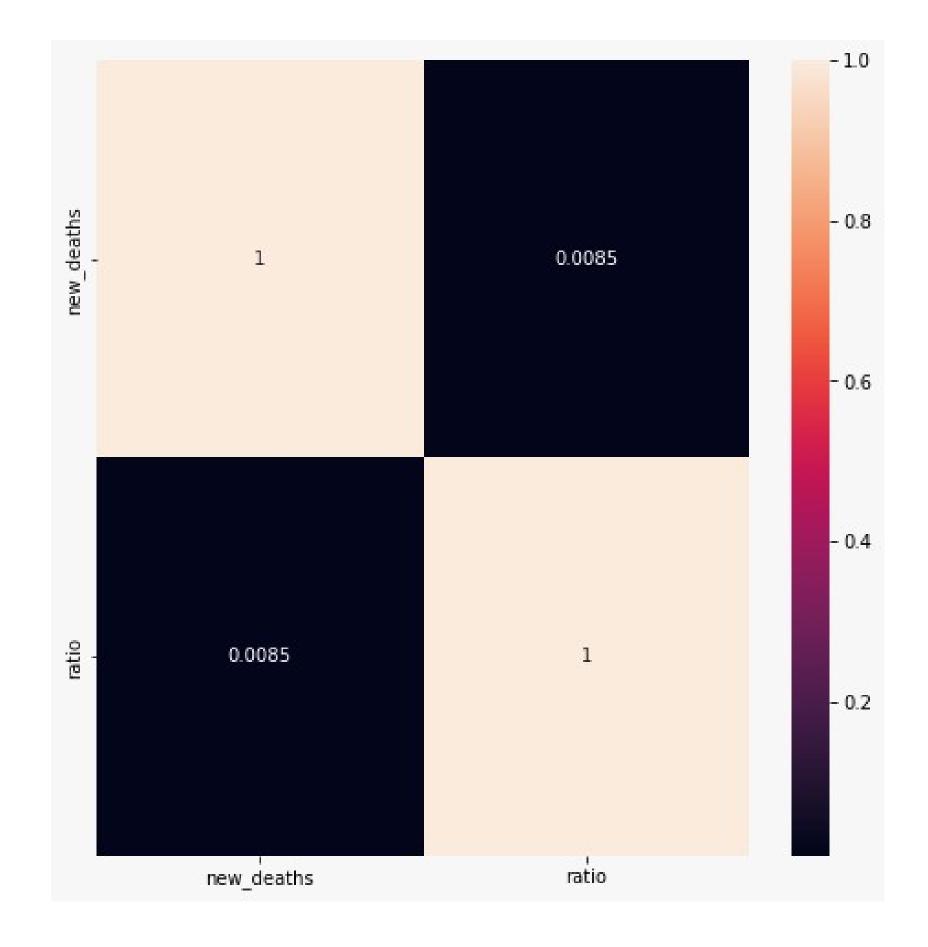
In [19]: val_limite = df.new_deaths.mean()

Out[19]: 69.18888935056302











Learnings







Expand evaluation parameters along with quantity data accuracy





References

- www.mediacloud.org
- www.googletrends.com
- Islam, M. S., Sarkar, T., Khan, S. H., Kamal, A. H. M., Hasan, S. M., Kabir, A., ... & Seale, H. (2020). COVID-19–related infodemic and its impact on public health: A global social media analysis. The American journal of tropical medicine and hygiene, 103(4), 1621.
- Nieves-Cuervo, G. M., Manrique-Hernández, E. F., Robledo-Colonia, A. F., & Grillo, A. E. K. (2021). Infodemia: noticias falsas y tendencias de mortalidad por COVID-19 en seis países de América Latina. Revista Panamericana de Salud Pública, 45, e44.
- Meléndez, L. V. (2021). El rol de las redes sociales en la pandemia del covid-19. GeoGraphos: Revista Digital para Estudiantes de Geografía y Ciencias Sociales, 12(137), 121-132.