

# Búsqueda Binaria y métodos de ordenamiento

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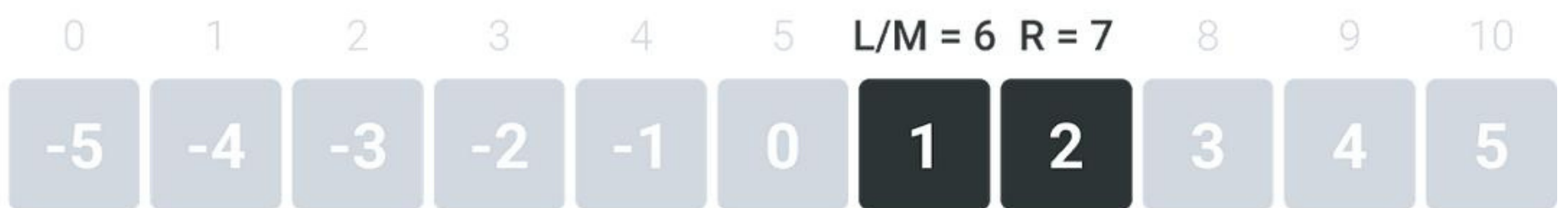
Loop 1



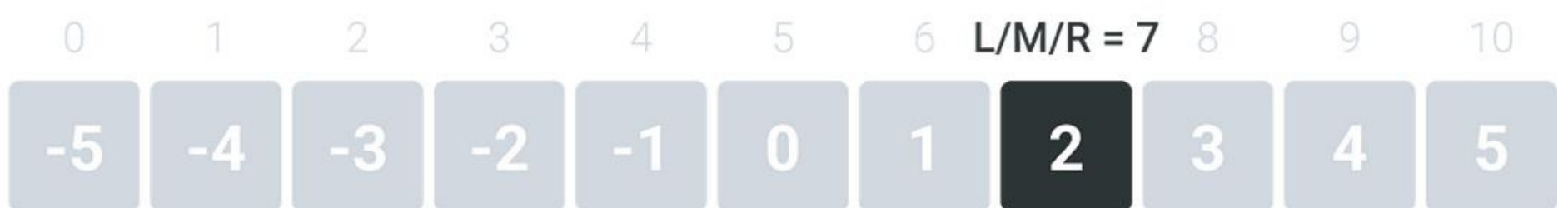
Loop 2



Loop 3



Loop 4



● Active ● Inactive

L = Left R = Right M = Middle

# Búsqueda Binaria



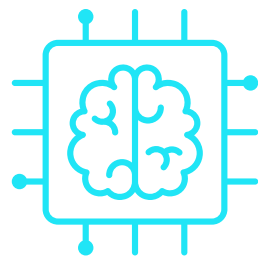


# Ejercicio

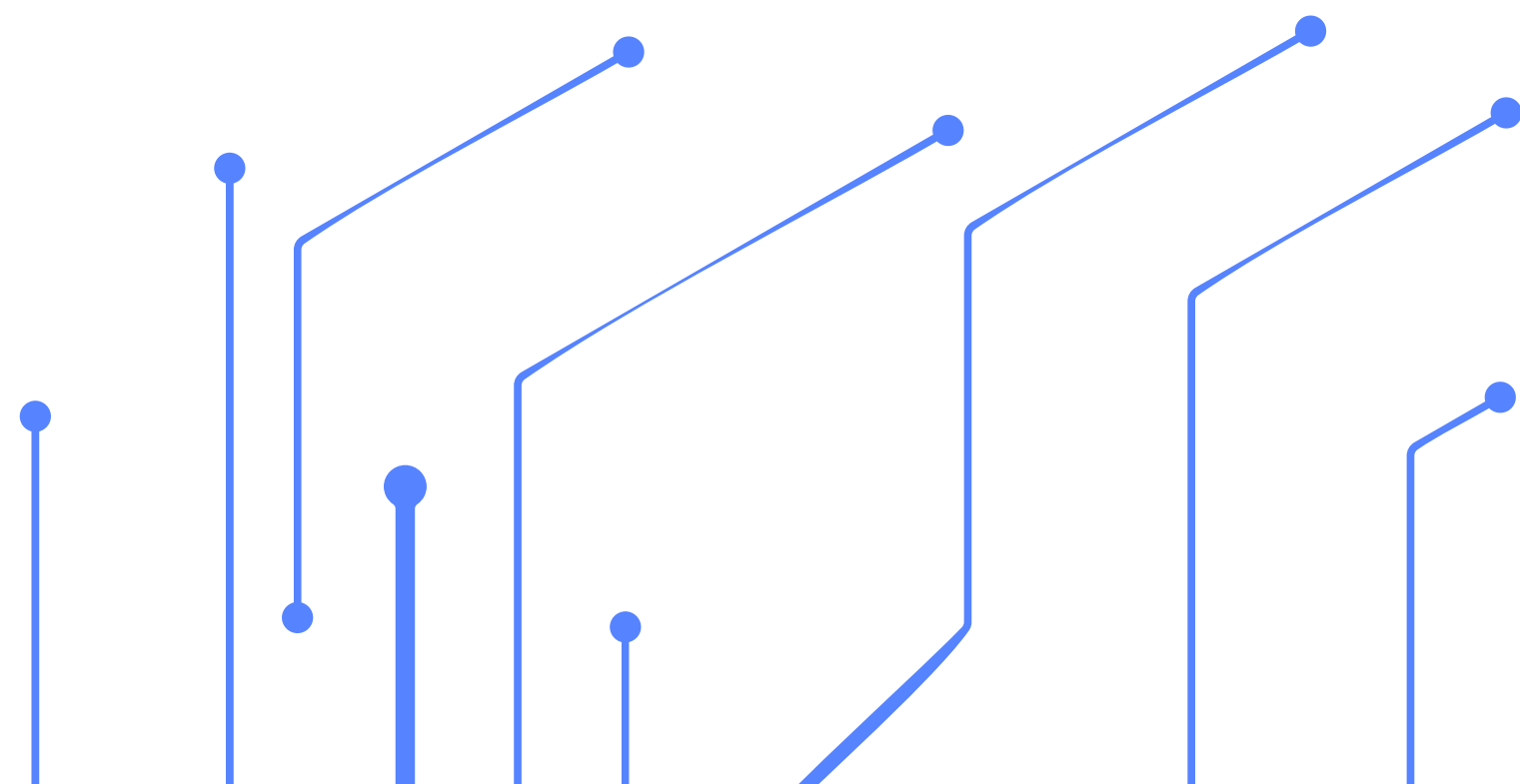
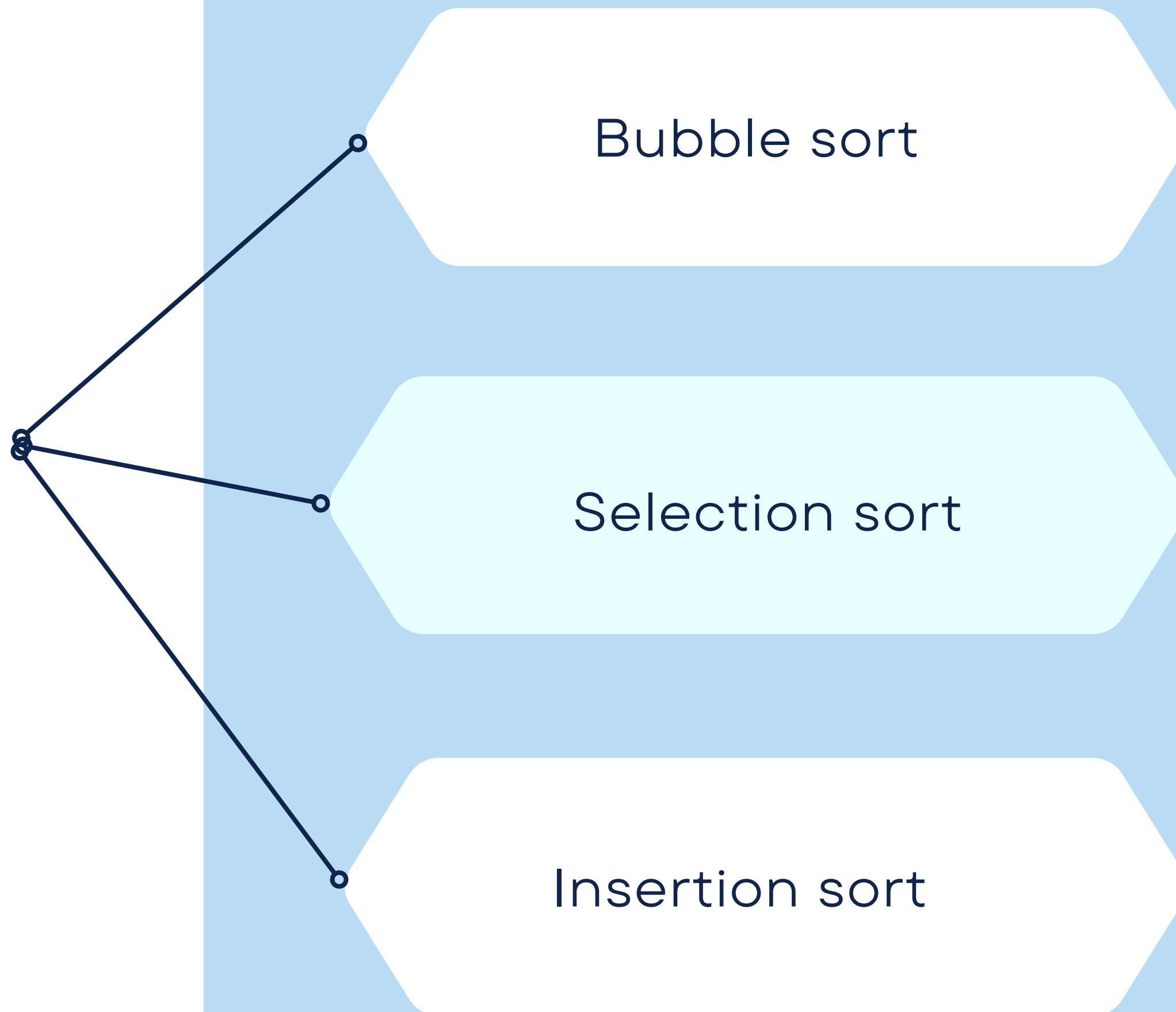
DISEÑE UN ALGORITMO DE BÚSQUEDA BINARIA, EL CUAL, SI ENCUENTRA EL NÚMERO BUSCADO, RETORNARÁ “TRUE”, EN CASO CONTRARIO, RETORNARÁ “FALSE”.

EL CÓDIGO DEBERÁ DE CONTAR CON DOS FUNCIONES:

- Búsqueda binaria iterativa.
- Búsqueda binaria recursiva.



# Sorting



# Bubble sort

First pass

7	6	4	3
---	---	---	---



6	7	4	3
---	---	---	---



6	4	7	3
---	---	---	---



6	4	3	7
---	---	---	---

Second pass

6	4	3	7
---	---	---	---



4	6	3	7
---	---	---	---



4	3	6	7
---	---	---	---

Third pass

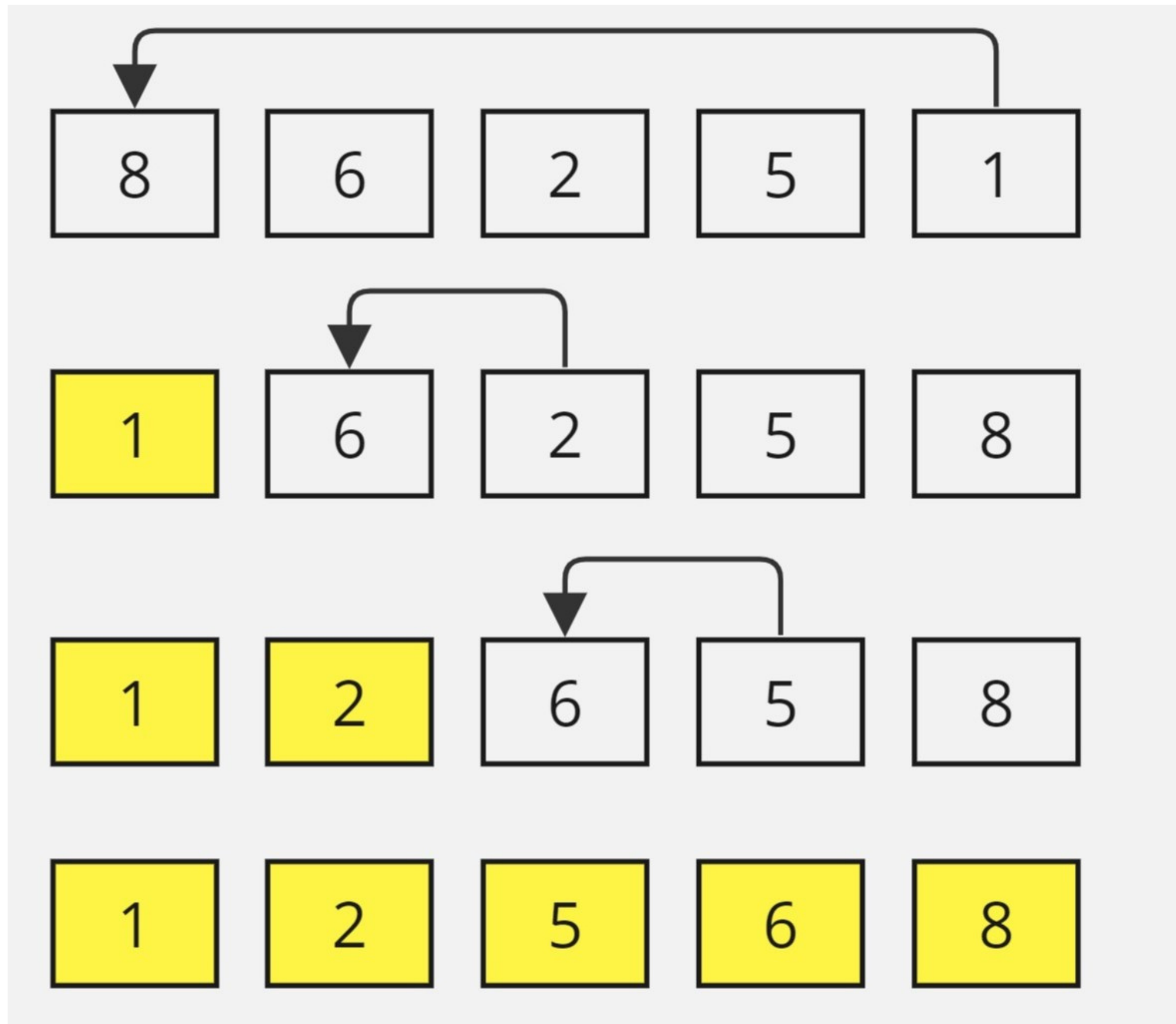
4	3	6	7
---	---	---	---



3	4	6	7
---	---	---	---

J bubbleSort.java > ...

```
1  public class bubbleSort {
2      public static int[] sort(int arr[]){
3          for(int i = 0 ; i < arr.length - 1 ; i++){
4              for(int j = 0 ; j < arr.length - 1 ; j++){
5                  if(arr[j] > arr[j + 1]){
6                      int temp = arr[j];
7                      arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
8                      arr[j + 1] = temp;
9                  }
10             }
11         }
12         return arr;
13     }
```



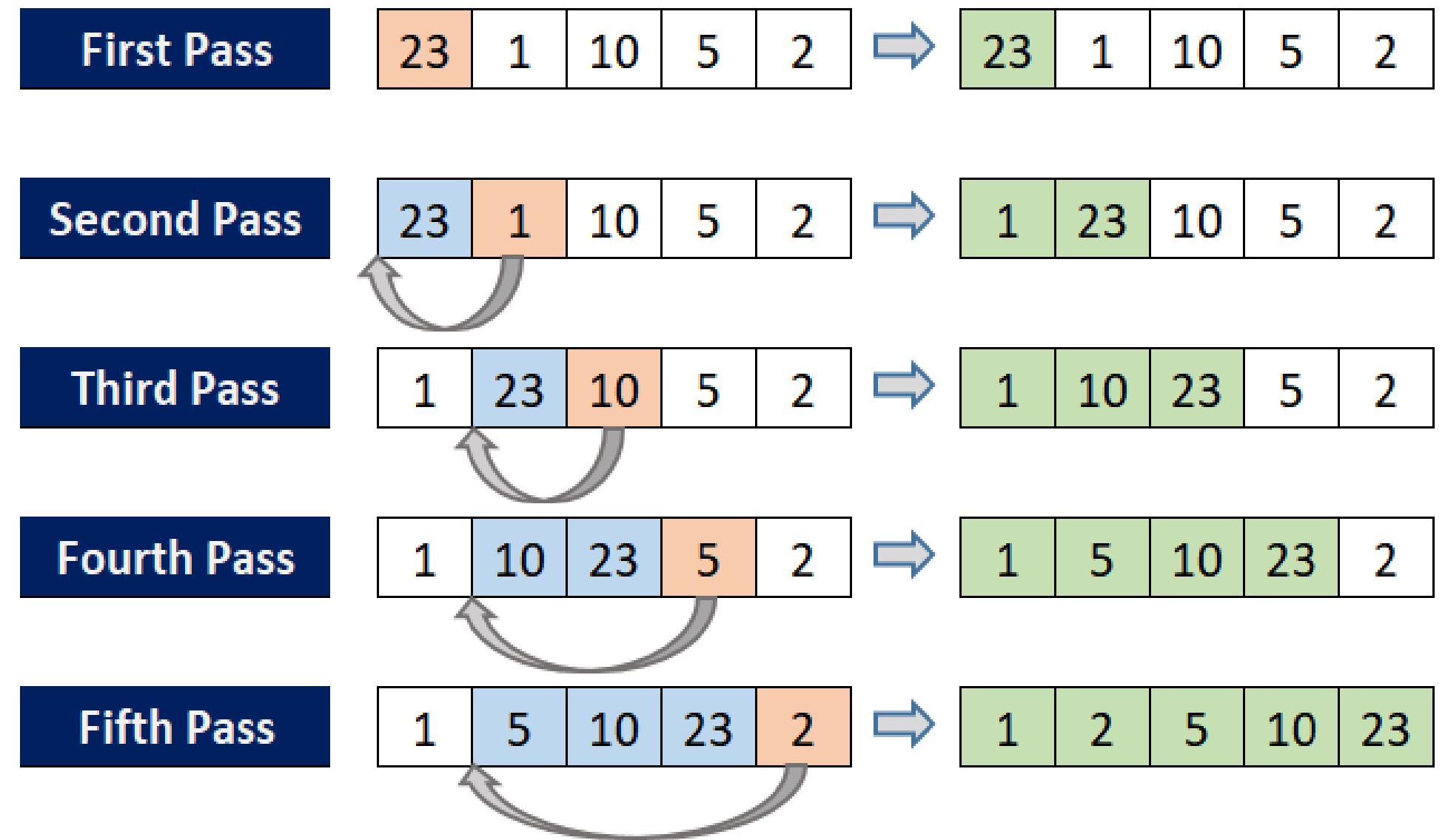
# Selection sort

J selectionSort.java > ...

```
1  public class selectionSort {
2      public static int[] sort(int arr[]){
3          for(int i = 0 ; i < arr.length - 1 ; i++){
4              int min = i;
5              for(int j = i + 1; j < arr.length ; j++){
6                  if(arr[min] > arr[j]){
7                      min = j;
8                  }
9              }
10             int temp = arr[min];
11             arr[min] = arr[i];
12             arr[i] = temp;
13         }
14         return arr;
15     }
16 }
```



# Insertion sort



J insertionSort.java > ...

```
1  public class insertionSort {
2      public static int[] sort(int[] arr){
3          for(int i = 1 ; i < arr.length ; i++){
4              int key = arr[i];
5              int j = i - 1;
6              while(j >= 0 && arr[j] > key){
7                  arr[j+1] = arr[j];
8                  j = j - 1;
9              }
10             arr[j + 1] = key;
11         }
12         return arr;
13     }
14 }
```