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Neural Circuit Documentation for Hexapod

Overview

This directory contains C# scripts that model the neural circuit (spiking neurons) of a hexapod robot. The system is organized into several components that process external commands, generate rhythmic neural activity, and translate this activity into leg movements.

Components

HexapodState.cs

Holds the state variables for the hexapod, including neural and motor variables.

Neural State:

- float[] CPGs = new float[10];
 Central Pattern Generator (CPG) state variables, encoding oscillatory neural activity.
- Motor State:
 - o Q1, Q2, Q3: Joint angles for each of the 6 legs.
 - E, LP, L2P, L3P: Additional state variables for each leg (position, error, etc.).

• Directional and Movement State:

- o DIR1, DIR2, DIR3, DIR4: Directional signals derived from stimuli.
- FW, BW, TL, TR, L, R, MOV: Forward, backward, turn left, turn right, left, right, and movement signals.

2. Stimuli.cs

Processes external commands (inputs) and updates the internal state of the hexapod.

Inputs:

- go, bk, spinL, spinR, left, right: External control signals (e.g., from user or higher-level controller).
- o dt: Time step.

Processing:

- Uses a Naka-Rushton function to normalize and process the inputs.
- Updates the state variables in HexapodState (e.g., FW, BW, TL, TR, L, R, MOV, DIR1, DIR2, DIR3, DIR4).

• Outputs:

• Updated fields in HexapodState.

3. CPG.cs

Implements the Central Pattern Generator, which produces rhythmic neural activity for locomotion.

• Inputs:

float[] CPGs: The current state of the CPGs (from HexapodState).

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o dt: Time step.

• Processing:

- Updates the CPG state variables using a set of coupled differential equations.
- The equations use parameters (e.g., Ao, Bo, Co, Do, etc.) to control the oscillatory dynamics.

• Outputs:

• Updated CPGs array, encoding the neural oscillations for locomotion.

4. Locomotion.cs

Translates neural activity (from the CPG) into joint commands for the hexapod's legs.

• Inputs:

- References to joint angles and state variables (Q1, Q2, Q3, E, LP, L2P, L3P).
- T: Target position or timing signal.
- o CPGXY, CPGZ: Neural signals from the CPG.
- o dt: Time step.

Processing:

 Runs an internal loop to update joint angles and positions based on the CPG signals and current state.

Outputs:

• Updated joint angles and state variables (by reference).

5. HexapodSimulation.cs

Demonstrates how the above components interact in a simulation loop.

• Inputs:

- o Initial state setup.
- External commands to Stimuli. Update (e.g., go: 1 for forward movement).

Processing:

- Updates stimuli, CPG, and locomotion in each simulation step.
- o Applies CPG outputs to locomotion for each leg.

Outputs:

o Logs and updated state variables, which could be used to drive a simulated or real robot.

Inputs and Outputs Summary

Inputs

- External control signals: go, bk, spinL, spinR, left, right
- Time step: dt
- Current state variables (from HexapodState)

Outputs

- Updated neural state: CPGs
- Updated movement state: Q1, Q2, Q3 (joint angles), E, LP, L2P, L3P

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• Directional and movement signals: DIR1, DIR2, DIR3, DIR4, FW, BW, TL, TR, L, R, MOV

Data Flow Diagram

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[External Inputs]

↓
Stimuli.Update

↓
[HexapodState] ↔ CPG.Update

↓
Locomotion.Update

↓
[Joint Angles & Positions]
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For further details, see the inline comments and code in each file.