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Course/Section:CPE232/ CPE31S6	Date Submitted: 11/28/2023
Instructor: Dr. Jonathan Vidal Taylar	Semester and SY: 1st sem 2023-2024
Activity 13: OpenStack Prerequisite Installation	

1. Objectives

Create a workflow to install OpenStack using Ansible as your Infrastructure as Code (laC).

2. Intended Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of cloud services
- 2. Evaluate different Cloud deployment and service models
- 3. Create a workflow to install and configure OpenStack base services using Ansible as documentation and execution.

3. Resources

Oracle VirtualBox (Hypervisor)

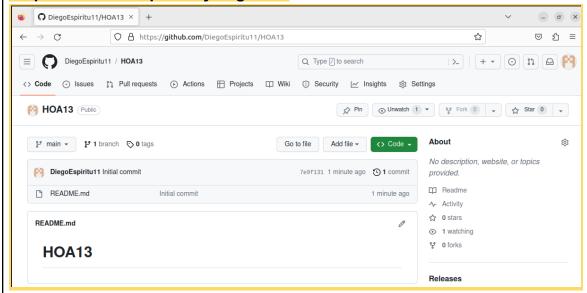
1x Ubuntu VM or Centos VM

4. Tasks

- 1. Create a new repository for this activity.
- 2. Create a playbook that converts the steps in the following items in https://docs.openstack.org/install-guide/
 - a. NTP
 - b. OpenStack packages
 - c. SQL Database
 - d. Message Queue
 - e. Memcached
 - f. Etcd
 - g. Create different plays in installing per server type (controller, compute etc.) and identify it as a group in Inventory file.
 - h. Add, commit and push it to your GitHub repo.



Step 1: Create a repository in github.



Step 2: Clone the created repository.

```
diego@workstation:~$ git clone https://github.com/DiegoEspiritu11/HOA13.git
Cloning into 'HOA13'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 3, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (3/3), done.
diego@workstation:~$
```

Step 3: Creating a file inside the directory (ansible.cfg, inventory).

```
diego@workstation:~$ cd HOA13
diego@workstation:~/HOA13$ touch ansible.cfg inventory
diego@workstation:~/HOA13$ ls
ansible.cfg inventory README.md
diego@workstation:~/HOA13$
```

Step 4: Put the ip address into the inventory file.

```
diego@workstation: ~/HOA13

GNU nano 6.2 inventory

defaults]
192.168.56.105
```

Step 5: Necessary file for ansible.cfg

```
diego@workstation: ~/HOA13

GNU nano 6.2 ansible.cfg *

[defaults]

inventory = inventory
host_key_checking = False

deprecation_warnings = False

remote_use = diego
private_key_file = ~/.ssh
```

Step 6: Creating a playbook playbook that converts the steps in the following items in https://docs.openstack.org/install-guide/

```
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ mkdir roles
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ mkdir roles
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ ls
ansible.cfg inventory READNE.nd roles
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ close$ mkdir ntp
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ mkdir ntp
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ mkdir tasks
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ mkdir tasks
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ mkdir tasks
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ mkdir openstack
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ mkdir openstack
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diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd tasks
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd tasks
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd tasks
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd ...
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd ...
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ mkdir sql
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd ...
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd tasks
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd dasks
diego@workstation:-/HOA13$ roles$ openstack$ cd da
```

Step 7: Create a file inside of the main directory (HOA13) and name it openstack.yml, create a playbook for running the installation of openstack.

```
diego@workstation: ~/HOA13
GNU nano 6.2
                                                              openstack.yml *
hosts: all
become: true
pre tasks:
- name: Install Updates (Ubuntu)
 apt:
   upgrade: dist
    update_cache: yes
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
hosts: all
become: true
roles:
  - role: ntp
  - role: openstack
  - role: sql
  - role: mesque
  - role: memcache
  - role: etcd
```

Step 8: Scripts for other playbooks.

NTP:

```
diego@workstation: ~/HOA13/roles/ntp/tasks

GNU nano 6.2

- name: Installing Chrony (Ubuntu)
apt:
    name: chrony
    state: latest

- replace:
    dest: /etc/chrony/chrony.conf
    regexp: server NTP_SERVER iburst
    replace: server 192.168.56.105 iburst
    backup: yes

- name: add key to chrony.conf
ansible.builtin.lineinfile:
    dest: /etc/chrony/chrony.conf
line: allow 10.0.00/24
backup: yes

- name: Verifying Installation (Chrony for Ubuntu)
service:
    name: chrony
    state: restarted
enabled: true
```

Openstack: diego@workstation: ~/HOA13/roles/openstack/tasks GNU nano 6.2 main.yml * name: Installng OpenStack (Ubuntu) apt: name: - nova-compute - python3-openstackclient state: latest

```
SQL Database:
                                                         diego@workstation: ~/HOA13/roles/sql/tasks
  GNU nano 6.2
                                                                          main.yml
  name: Installing Packages (SQL for Ubuntu)
       - mariadb-server
       - python3-pymysql
    state: latest
  name: Create Config File
   path: /etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d/99-openstack.cnf
    state: touch
    owner: root
    group: root
mode: 0777
  name: Editing Config File
    dest: /etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d/99-openstack.cnf
    state: present
  backup: yes
with_items:
     - '[mysqld]'
- 'bind-address = 10.0.0.11'
    - 'default-store-engine = innodb'
- 'innodb_file_per_table = on'
- 'max_connections = 4096'
- 'collation-server = utf8_general_ci'
- 'character-ser-server = utf8'
  name: Restarting Service
   name: mysql
    state: restarted enabled: true
   name: Finalizing Installation
      command: mysql_secure_installation
      responses:
   register: secure_mariadb
   failed_when: "'... Failed!' in secure_mariadb.stdout_lines"
```

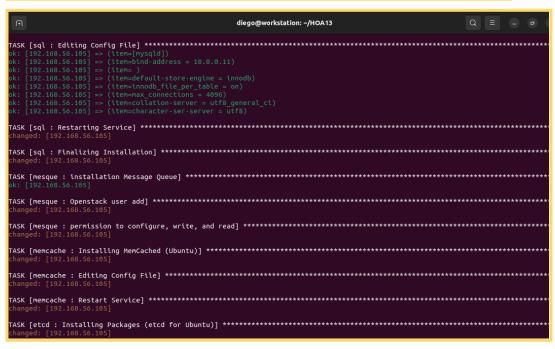
Message Queue: diego@workstation: ~/HOA13/roles/mesque/tasks GNU nano 6.2 main.yml name: Configuring rabbitmq-server shell: | rabbitmqctl add_user openstack server54321 rabbitmqctl set_permissions openstack ".*" ".*"

Memcached:

Etcd:

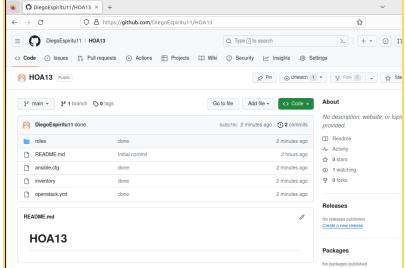
Step 8: Running the openstack.yml

```
diego@workstation: ~/HOA13
diego@workstation:~/HOA13$ ansible-playbook --ask-become-pass openstack.yml
BECOME password:
ok: [192.168.56.105]
ok: [192.168.56.105]
ok: [192.168.56.105]
ok: [192.168.56.105]
ok: [192.168.56.105]
ok: [192.168.56.105]
TASK [ntp : Verifying Installation (Chrony for Ubuntu)] ***********************
changed: [192.168.56.105]
TASK [openstack : Installng OpenStack (Ubuntu)] **************************
ok: [192.168.56.105]
TASK [sql : Installing Packages (SQL for Ubuntu)] ******************************
ok: [192.168.56.105]
```



Step 9: Git add, commit and push in the github.

```
diego@workstation:~/HOA13$ git add *
diego@workstation:~/HOA13$ git commit -m "done"
[main 0a6b70c] done
 9 files changed, 162 insertions(+)
 create mode 100644 ansible.cfg
 create mode 100644 inventory
 create mode 100644 openstack.yml
 create mode 100644 roles/etcd/tasks/main.yml
 create mode 100644 roles/memcache/tasks/main.yml
 create mode 100644 roles/mesque/tasks/main.yml
 create mode 100644 roles/ntp/tasks/main.yml
 create mode 100644 roles/openstack/tasks/main.yml
 create mode 100644 roles/sql/tasks/main.yml
diego@workstation:~/HOA13$ git push origin
Username for 'https://github.com': DiegEspiritu11
Password for 'https://DiegEspiritu11@github.com':
Enumerating objects: 25, done.
Counting objects: 100% (25/25), done.
Delta compression using up to 3 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (11/11), done.
Writing objects: 100% (24/24), 3.03 KiB | 1.01 MiB/s, done.
Total 24 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
To https://github.com/DiegoEspiritu11/HOA13.git
7e9f131..0a6b70c main -> main diego@workstation:~/HOA13$
 O DiegoEspiritu11/HOA13 × +
             O A https://github.com/DiegoEspiritu11/HOA13
```



https://github.com/DiegoEspiritu11/HOA13.git

Reflections:

Answer the following:

1. What are the benefits of implementing OpenStack? The advantages of implementing OpenStack include its scalability and ease of use activate automation, it is quick to design and simple to implement, and it has a It will provide you with installation tasks that will help you improve your abilities. It is a free and open-source cloud platform for managing distributed computing, network, and storage resources.

Conclusions:

In the end, we can learn about the pros and disadvantages of OpenStack and how it works. We can design a procedure for installing OpenStack using Ansible as your infrastructure as code. We may evaluate the benefits and drawbacks of cloud services. We may assess various cloud deployment and service models and design a procedure for installing and configuring OpenStack foundation services with Ansible as documentation and execution.