Lab 16 - Text IO

Instructions: Complete each problem. If you're struggling with a problem, feel free to ask questions on the class forum.

This lab is optional, but it gives you valuable programming experience. You should definitely complete the lab if you can.

Problem 1 – Create a MonoGame project, add assets, load content, and draw

Start up the IDE and create a new MonoGame Windows Project (or appropriate MonoGame project for your OS) named Lab16. Save the project in a reasonable location on the computer.

Download or create a png file, use the Pipeline tool to convert it into an xnb file, and add the xnb file as content to your project.

Declare Texture2D and Rectangle fields in the Game1 class to hold/draw your asset.

In the Gamel LoadContent method, load your asset into your Texture2D field and create an appropriate Rectangle object for your Rectangle field so the sprite is centered in the screen.

In the Game1 Draw method, draw your asset.

Problem 2 – Add code to move the asset around the screen

Declare a constant field in the Game1 class that specifies how many pixels your asset will move on each update (if the appropriate keys are pressed).

In the Game1 Update method, add code to get the current keyboard state and put it in a variable.

Use the variable from the previous step to decide how to move your asset. Use standard WASD key controls.

Problem 3 – Add text display and centering

Declare a field called offscreenCount to keep track of how many times the player moves your asset partially off the screen. Initialize the field to 0.

Declare a SpriteFont field to hold a sprite font for your text display.

Declare and initialize a <code>vector2</code> field for the text display position in the window.

Use the Pipeline tool to build a new Sprite Font with whatever characteristics you want. Add the xnb file for the sprite font as content to your project.

Linux Users: I've provided a compiled xnb file for an Arial 20 point sprite font in the zip file.

In the Gamel LoadContent method, load your Sprite Font asset into your SpriteFont field.

In the Game1 Draw method, draw a text message that tells the number of times the asset has gone off the screen. At this point, that number will always be 0.

In the Gamel Update method, add code to increment the counter if any part of the asset is off the screen. Now your text display should work properly.

NOTE: Of course, the counter doesn't really give a count of how many times you went off screen because it gets incremented on every update while you're off the screen. You don't have to do a true counter for this, but take a moment to think about how you'd do that.

Make it so if the player presses the space bar, the sprite is moved to the center of the screen.