

Química

Ligações iônicas

Prof. Diego J. Raposo
UPE – Poli
2025.1

PRESENCIAIS	Segunda	Terça	Quarta	Quinta	Sexta	Sábado
10h30 - 12h10			Yasmin			
12h10 - 13h50	João Victor			João Victor		
16h20 - 18h00					Yasmin	
ONLINE	Segunda	Terça	Quarta	Quinta	Sexta	Sábado
20h00 - 21h00	Yasmin	Yasmin	João Victor		João Victor	



Link grupo da monitoria no zap

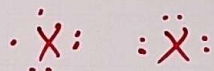
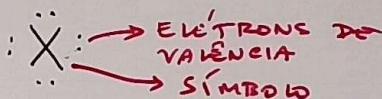
CAP. 8
SEC. 8.1

CONCEITOS BÁSICOS DE LIGAÇÃO QUÍMICA

- ÁTOMOS SE LIGAM PARA OBTER CONFIGURAÇÃO DE GÁS NOBRE \rightarrow $8e^-$ NA CAMADA + EXTERNA

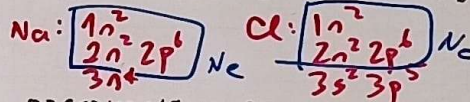
- VEREMOS LIGAÇÕES QUÍMICAS ENTRE METAIS DO BLOCO S E AMETAIS DO BLOCO P \downarrow REGRA DO OCTETO

- NOTAÇÃO DE LEWIS:

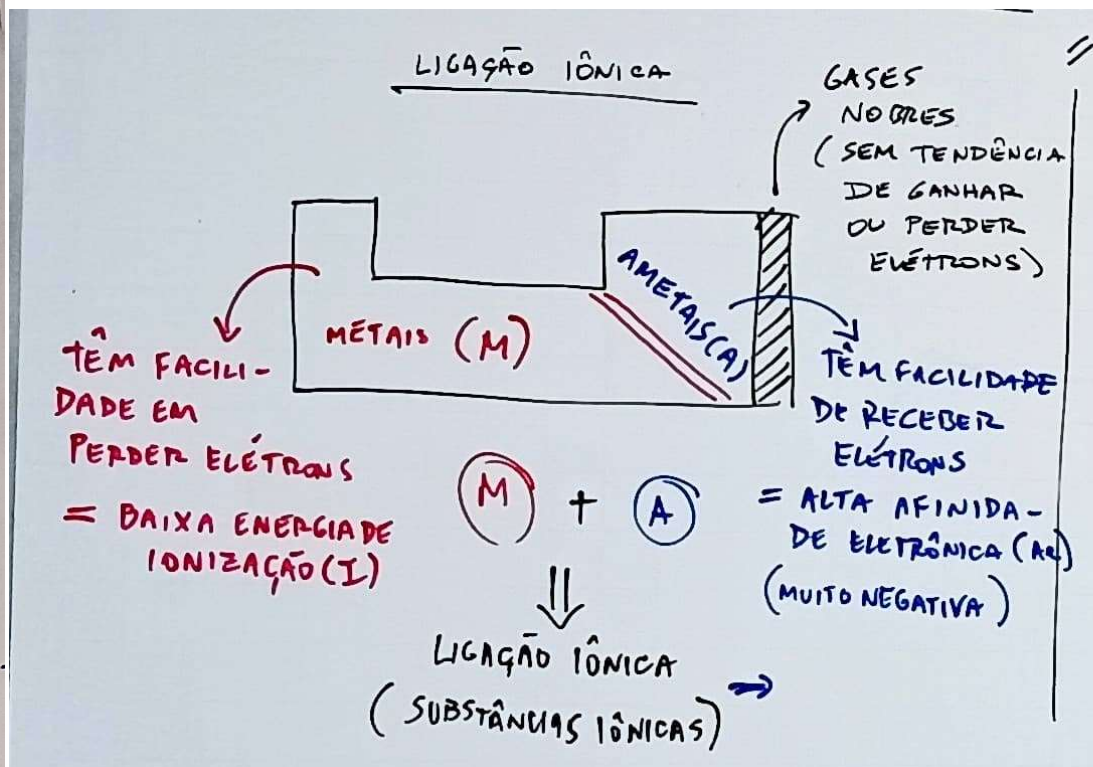
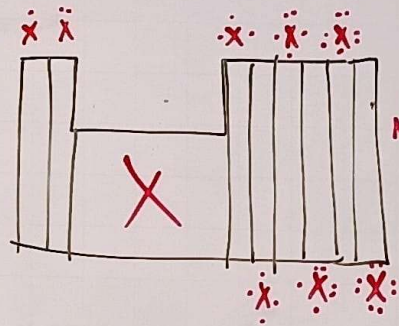


NÚMERO DE ELÉTRONS DE VALENCIA

FAZENDO CONFIG. ELETRÔNICAS

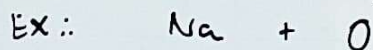
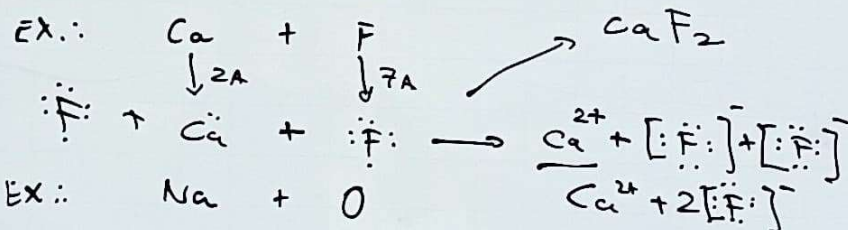
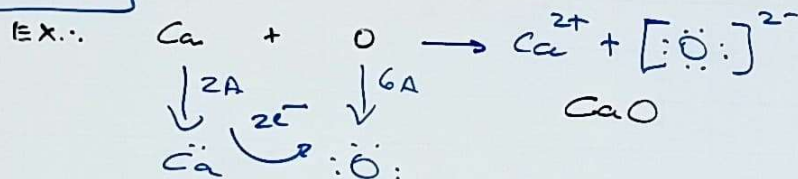
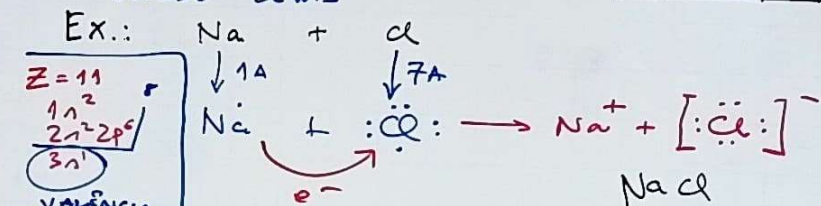


OBSERVANDO A TABELA



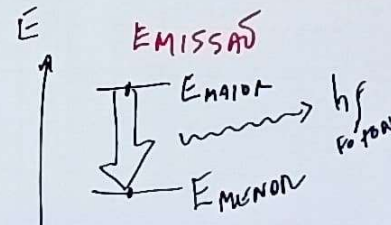
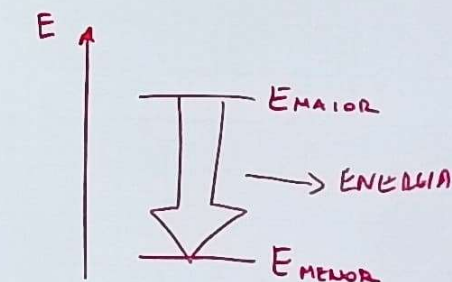
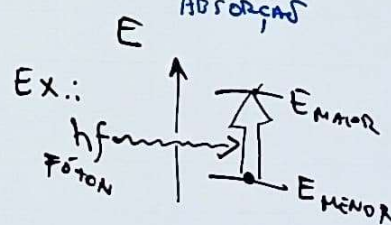
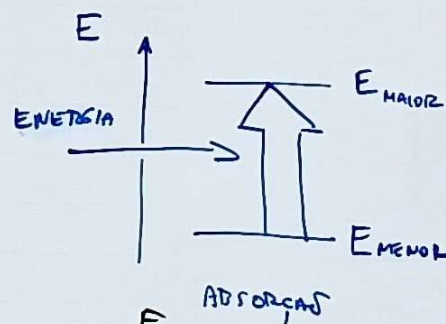
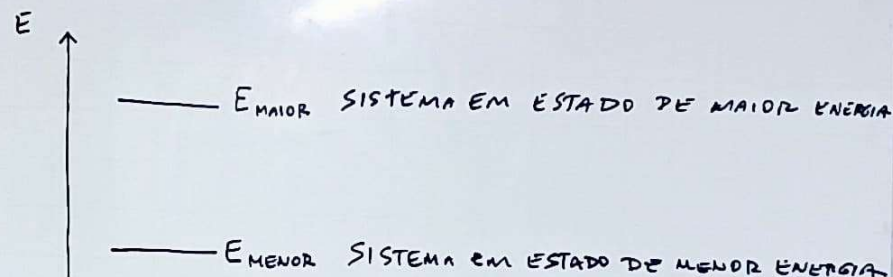


USANDO LEWIS

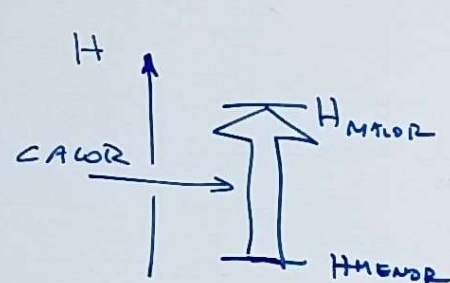
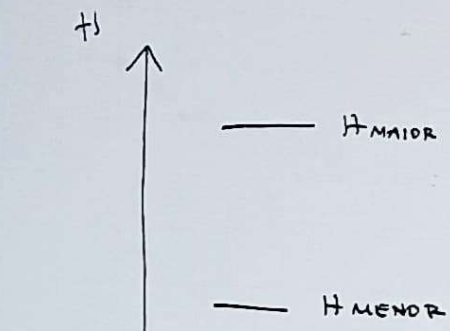


ENERGIAS NA FORMAÇÃO DE COMPOSTOS IÔNICOS

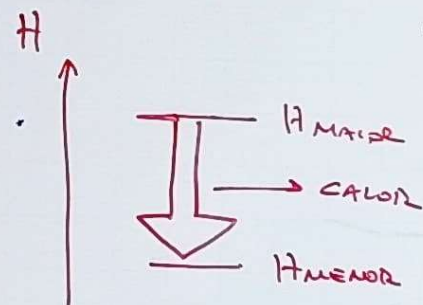
- ALTERAÇÕES NA ENERGIA DE UM SISTEMA:



VARIAÇÃO DA ENERGIA NA FORMA DE CALOR : ENTALPIA



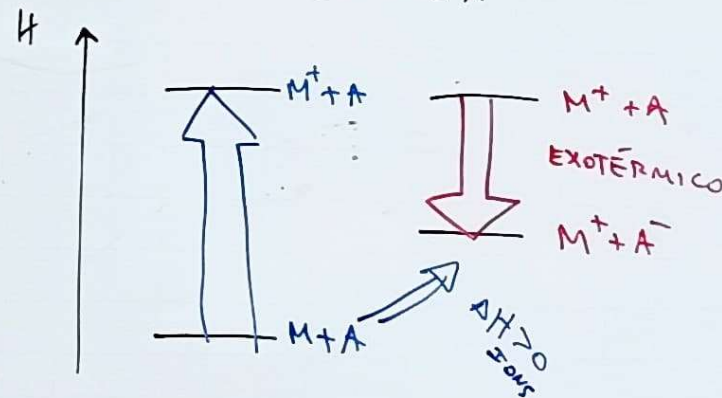
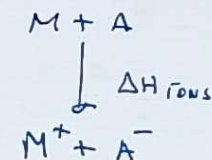
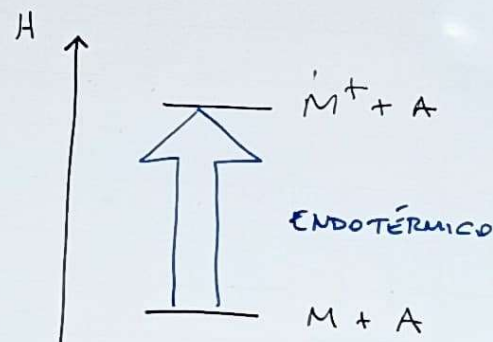
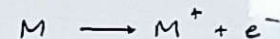
ABSORÇÃO
 $\Delta H > 0$
ENDOTÉRMICOS

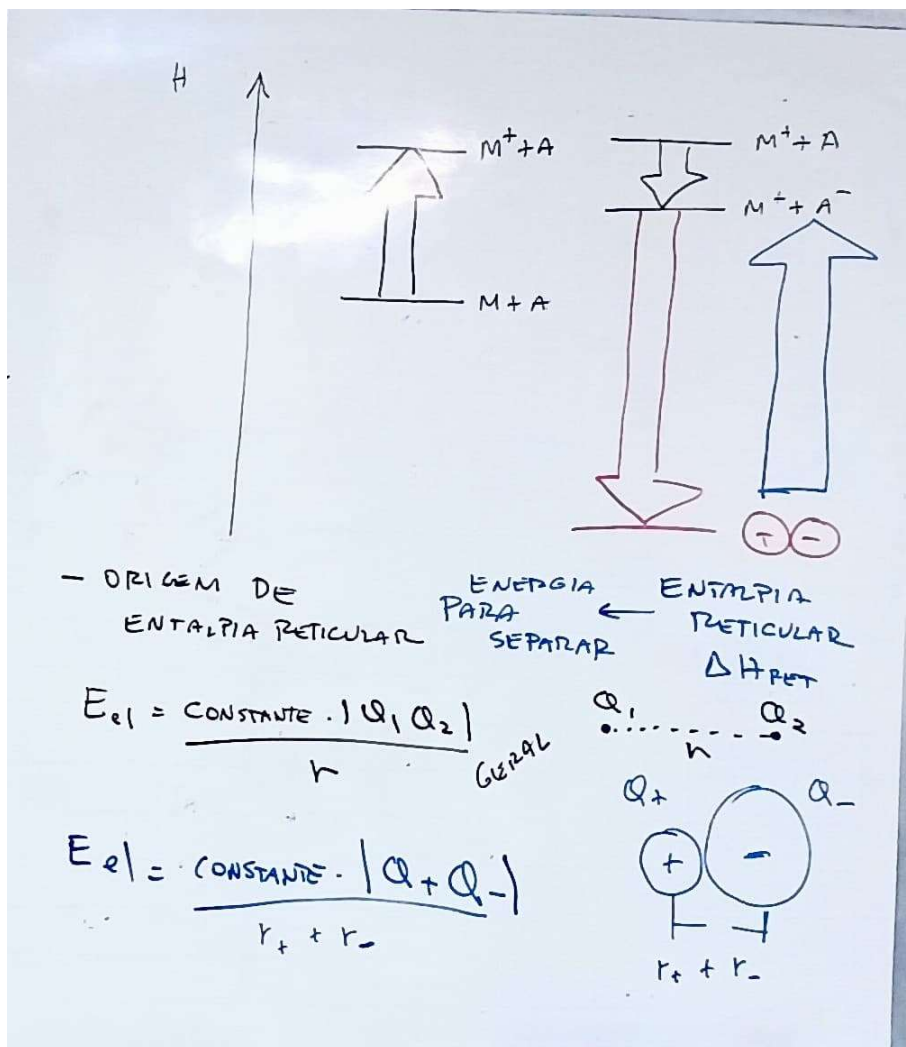


EMISSÃO
 $\Delta H < 0$
EXOTÉRMICOS

ETAPAS NA FORMAÇÃO DA LIGAÇÃO IÔNICA

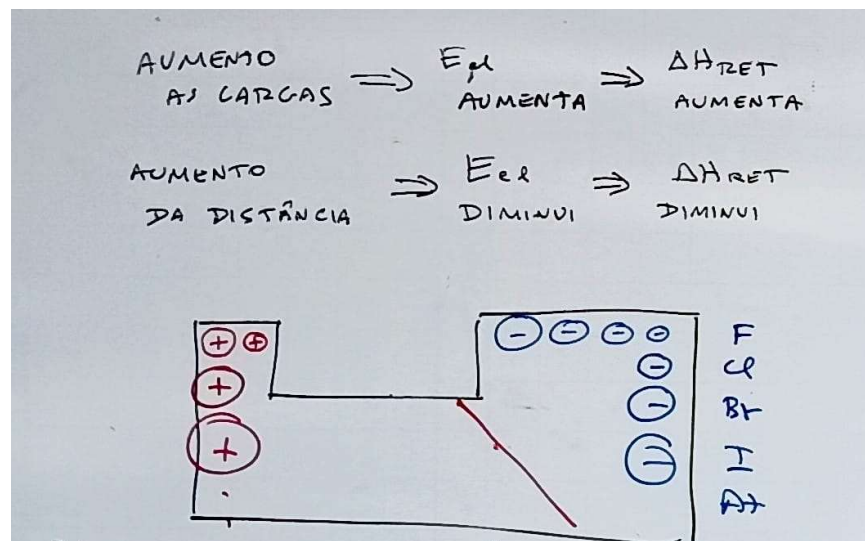
1) FORMAÇÃO DOS ÍONS





Existem duas definições para “energia reticular”:

- A energia para separar os íons (Brown):
 $\text{MA(s)} \rightarrow \text{M}^+(\text{g}) + \text{A}^-(\text{g})$ entalpia positiva
- A energia associada à formação do sal a partir dos íons (outros livros):
 $\text{M}^+(\text{g}) + \text{A}^-(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{MA(s)}$ entalpia negativa
- Vamos seguir o livro.



Composto	Energia reticular (kJ/mol)	Composto	Energia reticular (kJ/mol)
LiF	1.030	MgCl ₂	2.326
LiCl	834	SrCl ₂	2.127
LiI	730		
NaF	910	MgO	3.795
NaCl	788	CaO	3.414
NaBr	732	SrO	3.217
NaI	682		
KF	808	ScN	7.547
KCl	701		
KBr	671		
CsCl	657		
CsI	600		

	1	2	13/III	14/IV	15/V	16/VI	17/VII	18/VIII
2	Li ⁺ 76	Be ²⁺ 45	B ³⁺ 23	C	N ³⁻ 171	O ²⁻ 140	F ⁻ 133	Ne
3	Na ⁺ 102	Mg ²⁺ 72	Al ³⁺ 54	Si	P ³⁻ 212	S ²⁻ 184	Cl ⁻ 181	Ar
4	K ⁺ 138	Ca ²⁺ 100	Ga ³⁺ 62	Ge	As ³⁻ 222	Se ²⁻ 198	Br ⁻ 196	Kr
5	Rb ⁺ 152	Sr ²⁺ 118	In ³⁺ 80	Sn	Sb	Te ²⁻ 221	I ⁻ 220	Xe
6	Cs ⁺ 167	Ba ²⁺ 135	Tl ³⁺ 89	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn

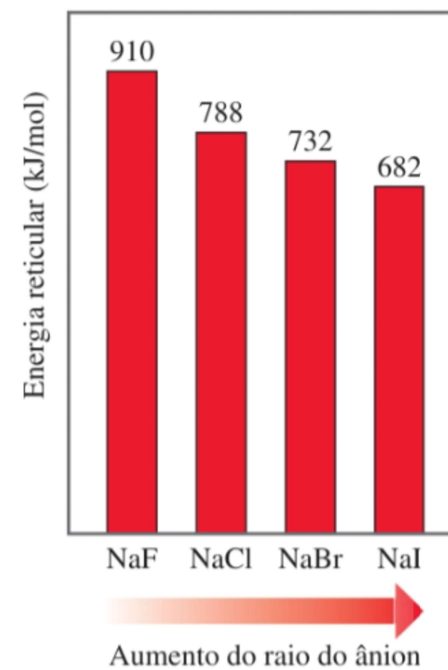
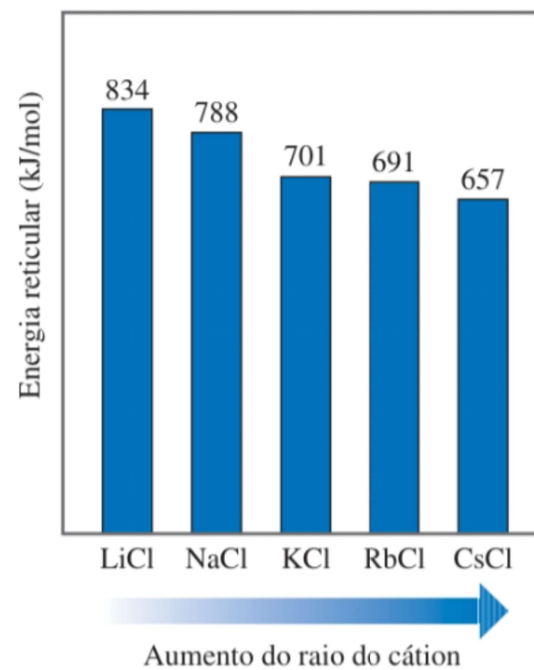
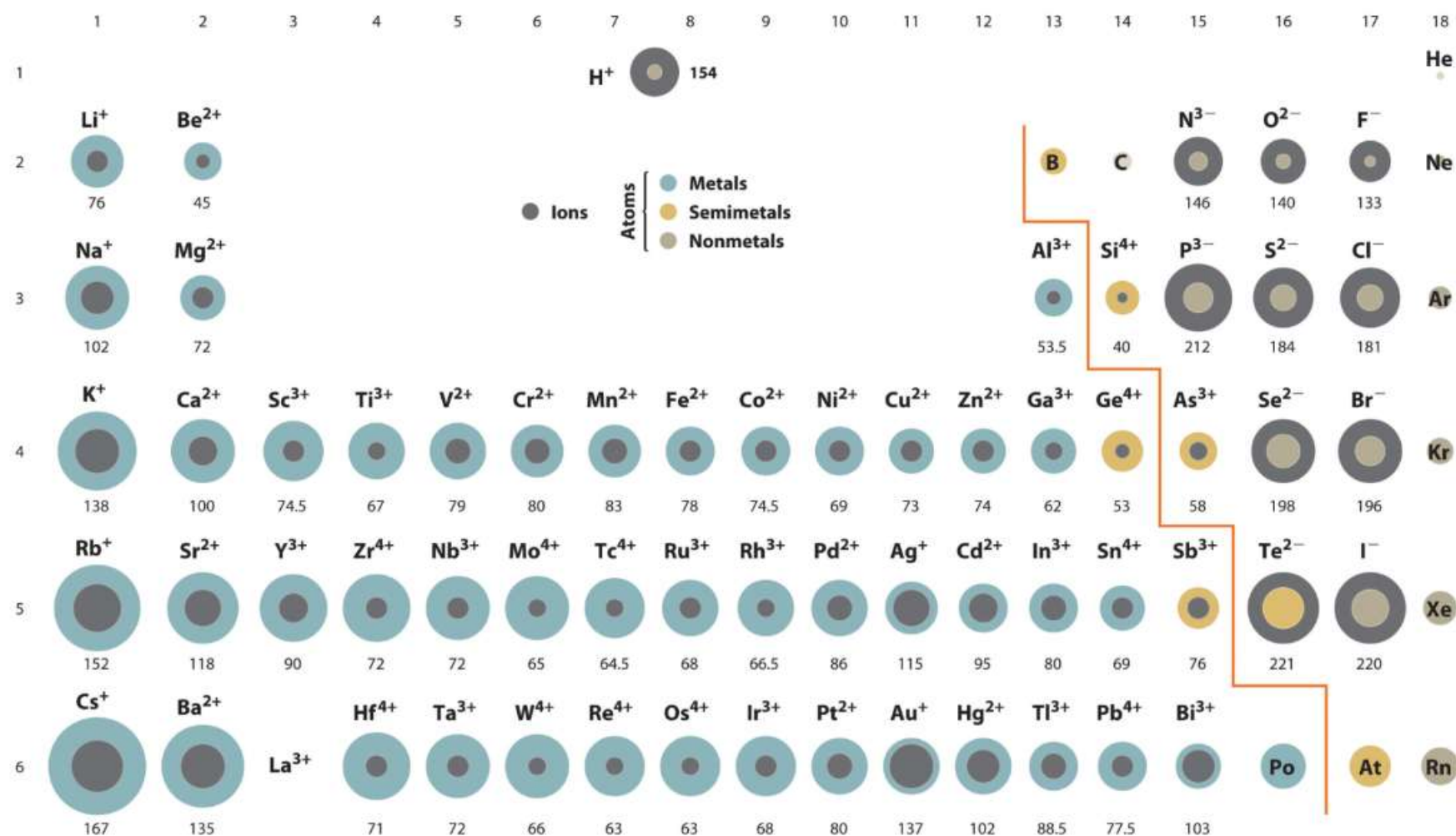


Figure 7.9 Ionic Radii (in Picometers) of the Most Common Oxidation States of the s-, p-, and d-Block Elements

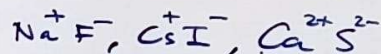
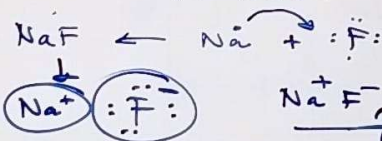
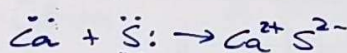
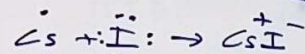
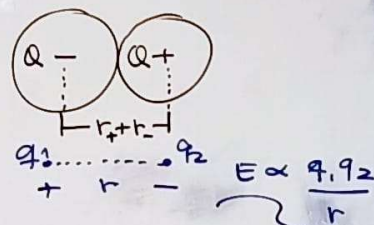


ORDENE OS SAIS A SEGUIR EM ORDEM CRESCENTE
DE ENERGIA RETICULAR: NaF, CsI, CaS
(1) (2) (3)

$$E_e = \frac{k(Q_1 + Q_2)}{r_1 + r_2}$$

CONSTANTE

E_e ALTA
⇓
FORÇA ELEVADA L.I.
⇓
 ΔH_{RET} ALTA
⇓
PF ALTO

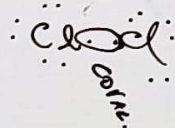


CARGAS MAIORES

$\rightarrow E_e \rightarrow \Delta H_{RET} \text{ MAIOR}$

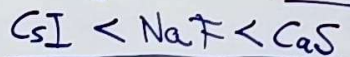
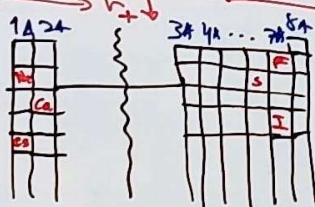
NaF

CsI

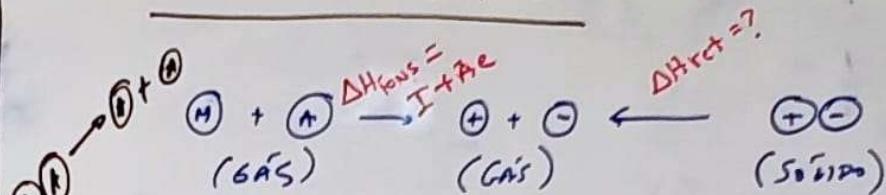


$\Delta H_{RET} \text{ MAIOR}$

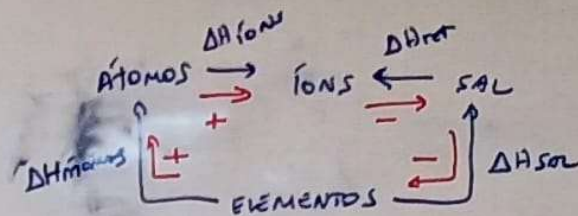
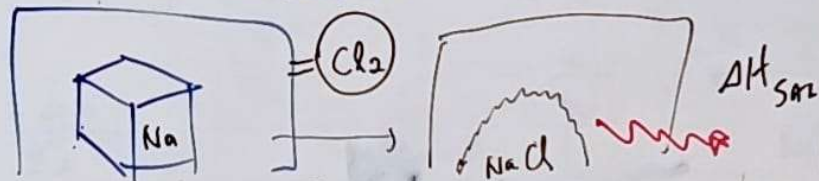
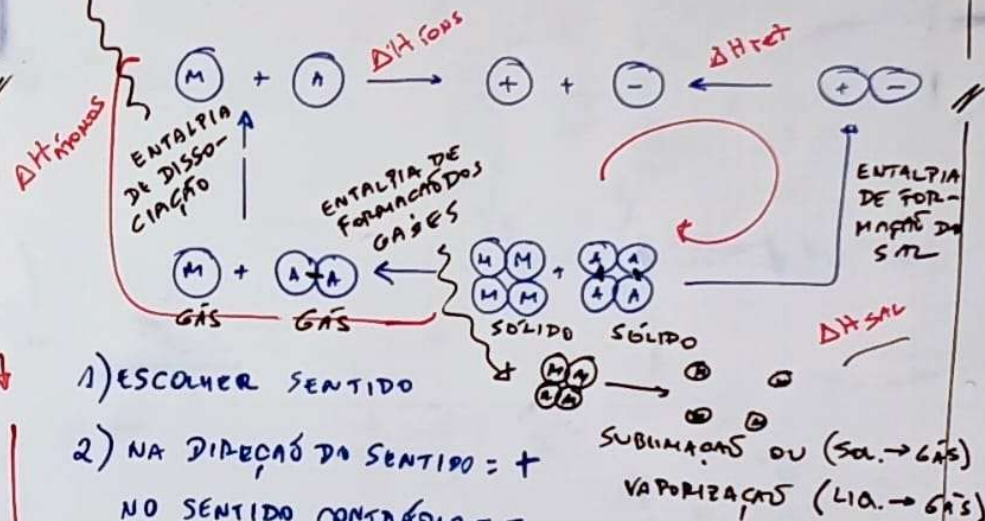
$\Delta H_{RET} \text{ MAIOR}$
CATIONS ANIONS



CICLO DE HABER-DORN



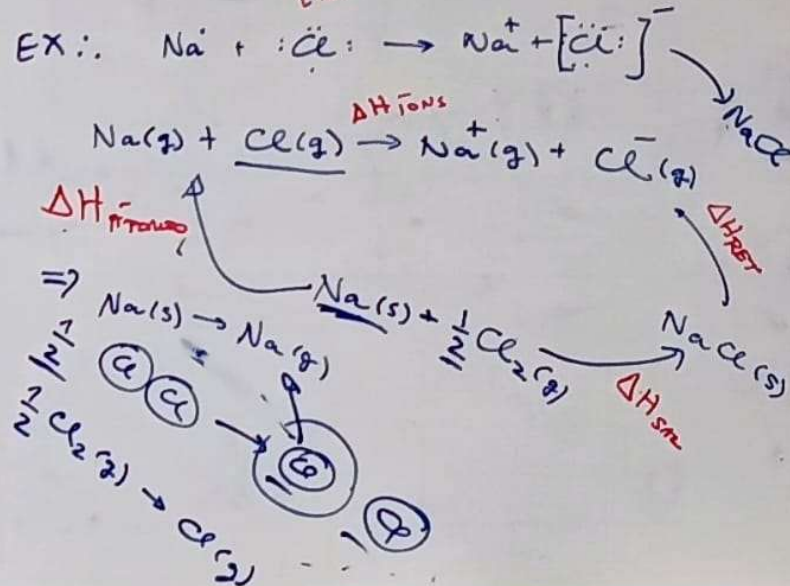
FAZER CICLO TERMODINÂMICO PARA DETERMINAR ΔH_{ret} A PARTIR DE DADOS EXPERIMENTAIS

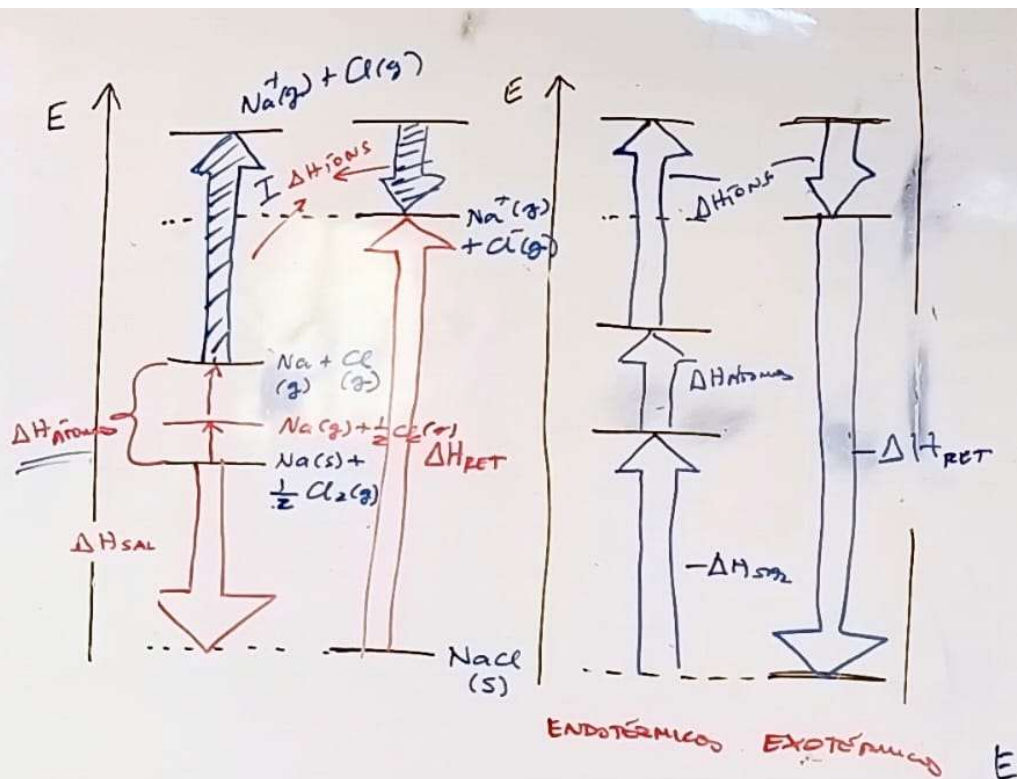


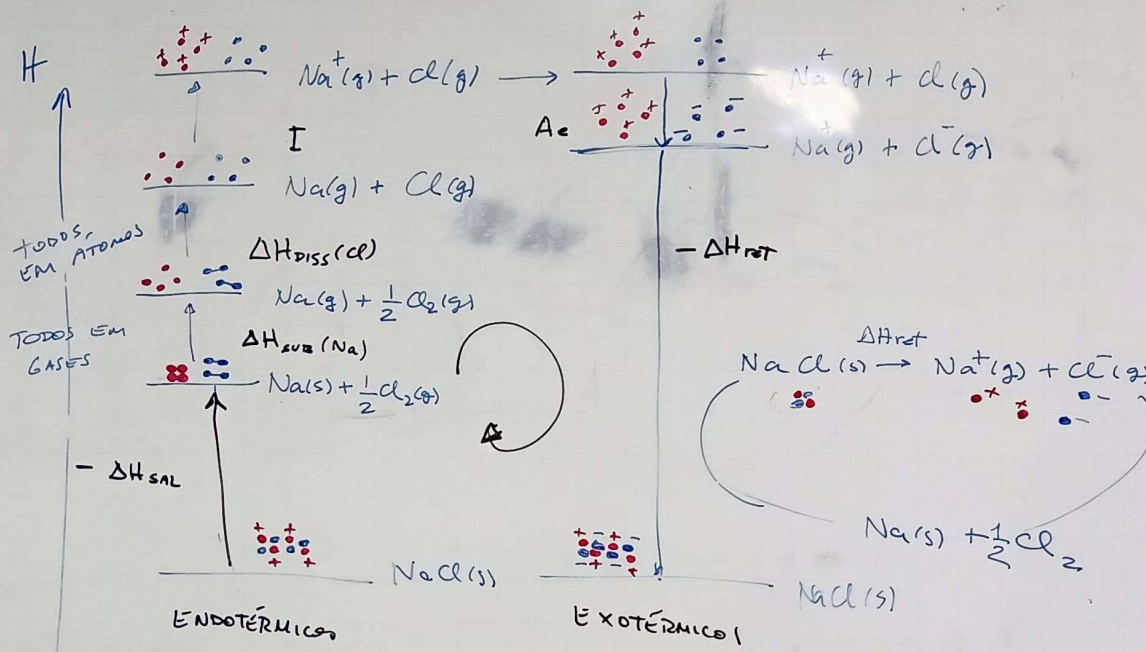
$$-\Delta H_{\text{ret}} - \Delta H_{\text{sol}} + \Delta H_{\text{átomos}} + \Delta H_{\text{íons}} = 0$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{ret}} = \Delta H_{\text{átomos}} + \Delta H_{\text{íons}} - \Delta H_{\text{sol}}$$

TO-NAO GÁS
QUEREMOS
LIBERAR



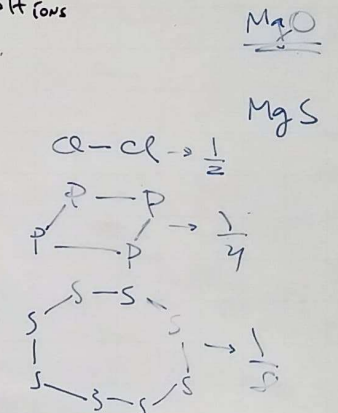
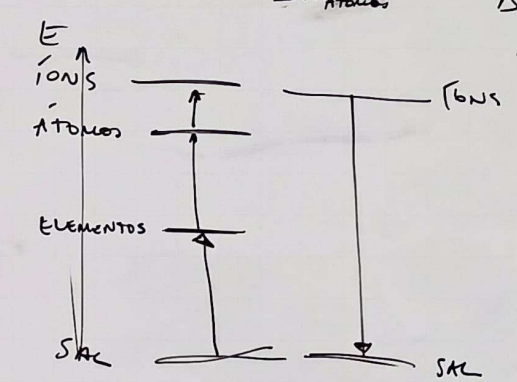




$$-\Delta H_{sal} + \Delta H_{sub} + \Delta H_{diss} + I + Ae - \Delta H_{ret} = 0$$

DESEJO

$$\Delta H_{ret} = \underbrace{\Delta H_{sub}(Na) + \Delta H_{diss}(Cl_2)}_{\Delta H_{atmos}} + \underbrace{I + Ae}_{\Delta H_{ions}} = \Delta H_{sal}$$

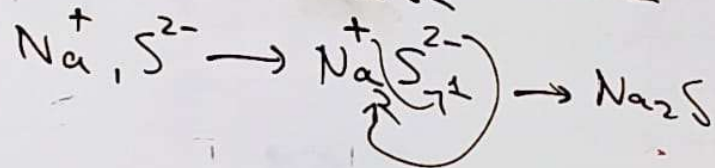
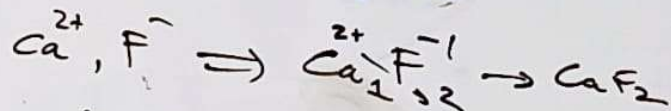
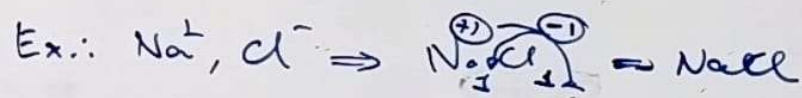
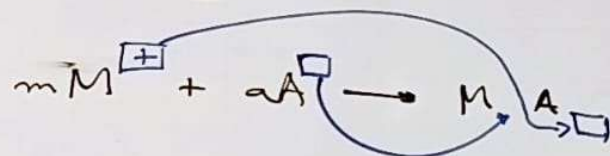


FÓRMULA DOS SALIS

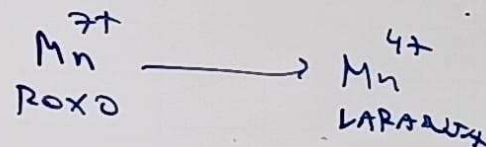
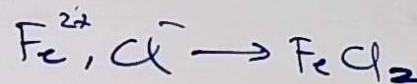
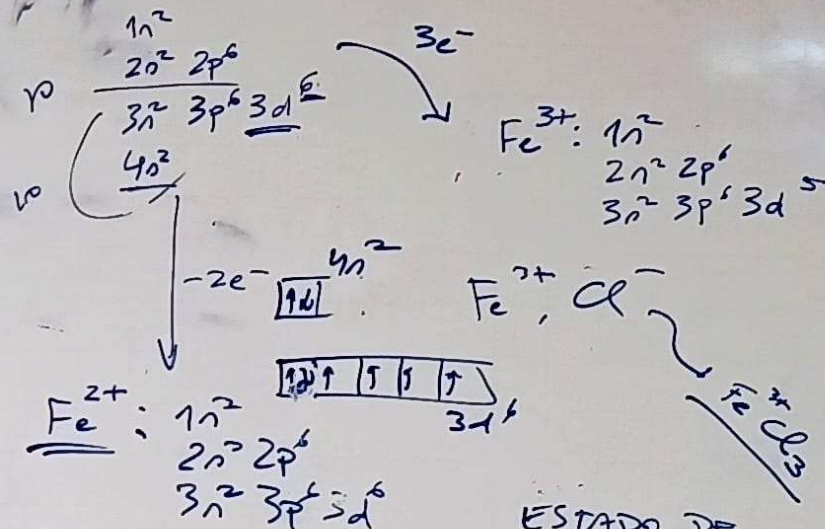
	GRUPO	CARGA
METAIS	1A →	+1
↓	2A →	+2
CATIONES	3A →	+3

CARGAS

AMETAIS	5A	-3
↓	6A	-2
ANIONS	7A	-1



Fe (Z = 26):



ESTADO DE OXIDAÇÃO

FÓRMULA DO SAL

Bons estudos!