

ICC311 Estructuras de Datos

Semestre I, 2020

Profesor: Pablo Valenzuela

Semana 05 - Parte 00

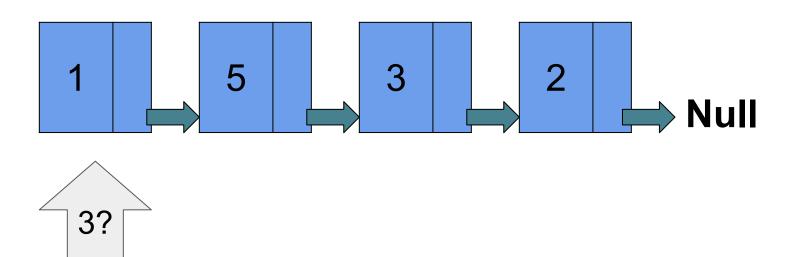
Tópicos:

- Sets
- HashSet
 - Método agregar
 - HashCode

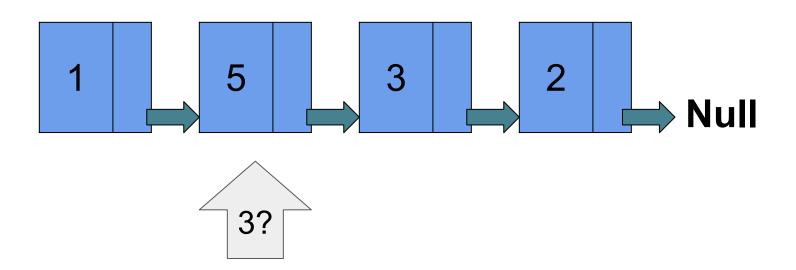


Cosas que ya hemos visto!

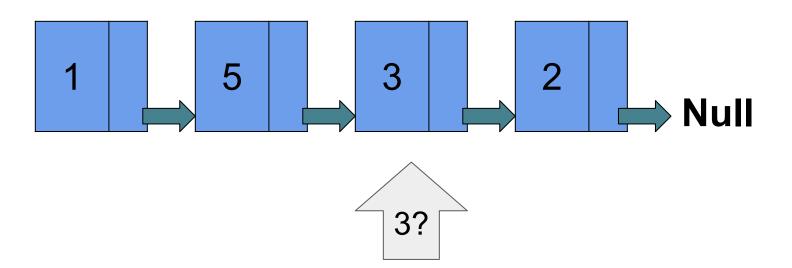




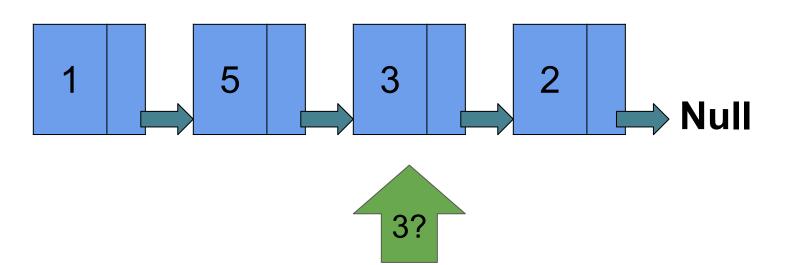




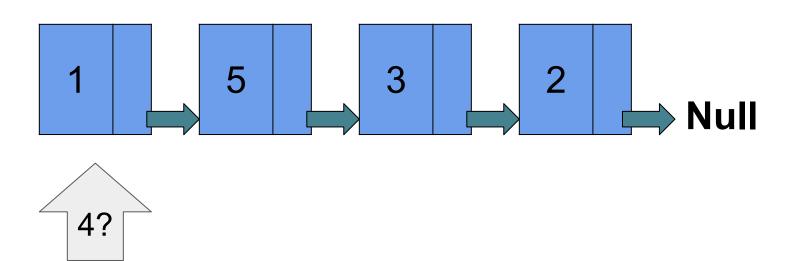




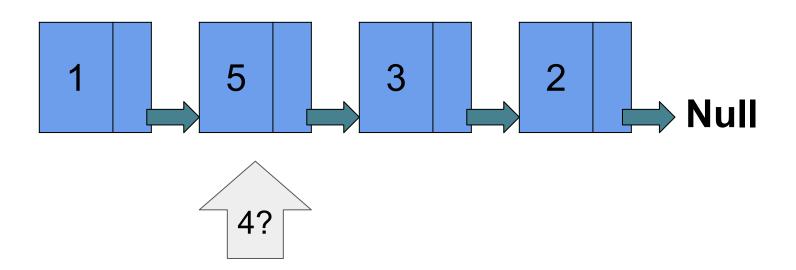




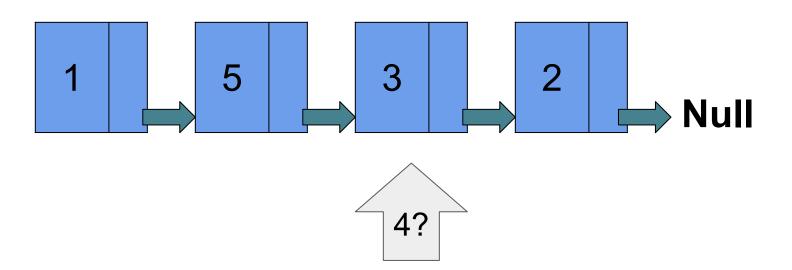




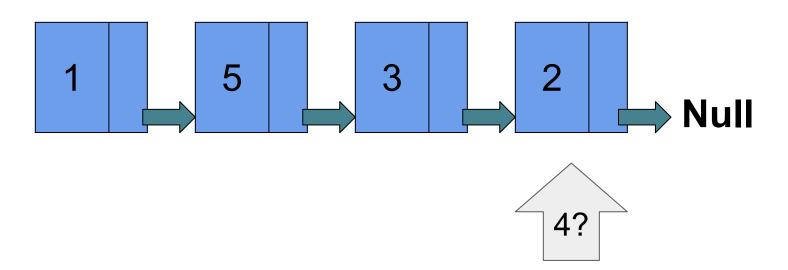




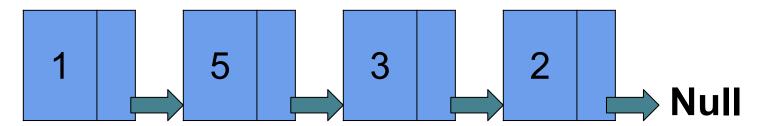
















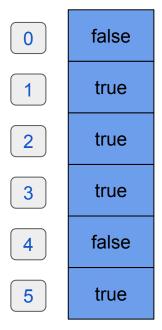
Alternativa → **Sets**



Sets

- **Set**, corresponde a la representación de una colección de elementos que no puede contener elementos duplicados.
- Un ejemplo de caso de uso para Set puede ser un mazo estándar de 52 cartas, donde cada carta sería un elemento de la colección y cada una de ellas es única.
- Algunas implementaciones de sets son: HashSet, LinkedHashSet y TreeSet.





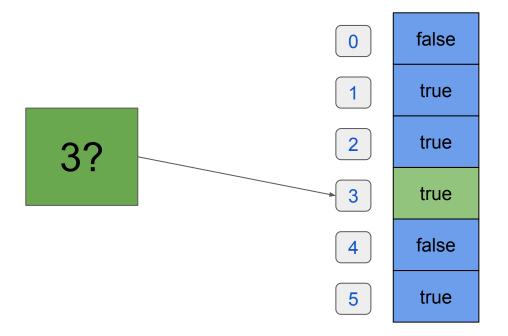


Buscar nº

3?

false true true 2 true false 4 5 true

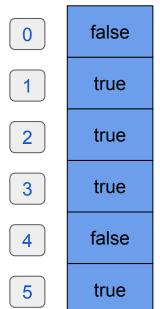




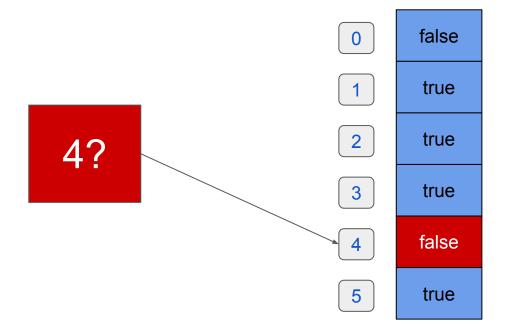


Buscar nº

4?









HashSet

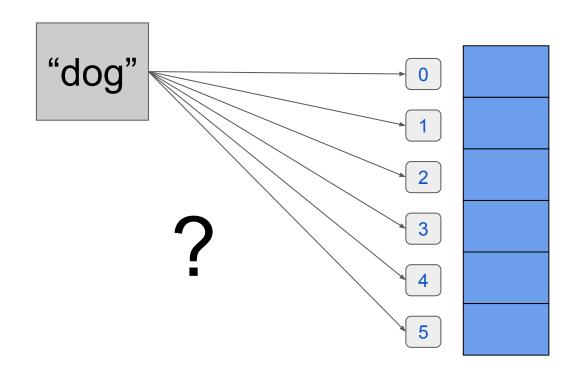


HashSet

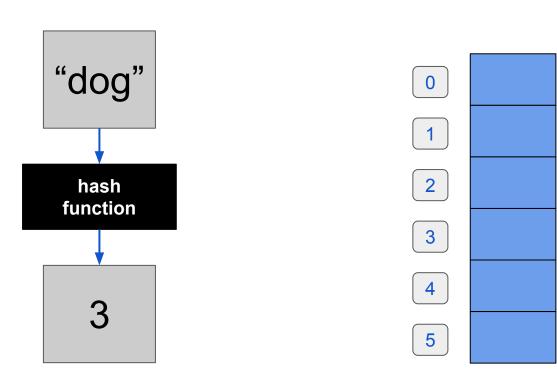
```
public class HashSet {
    private String[] valores;

public HashSet(int tamaño){
    valores = new String[tamaño];
}
```

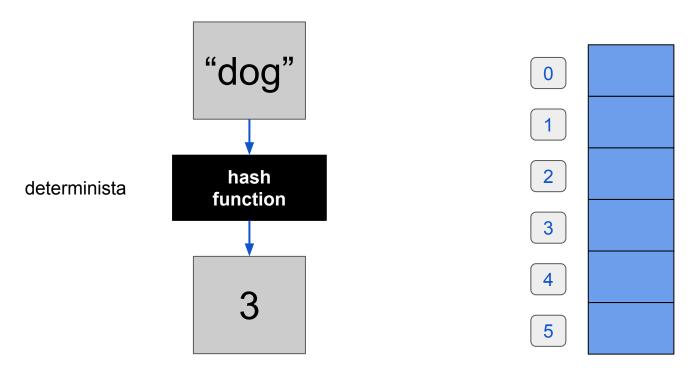




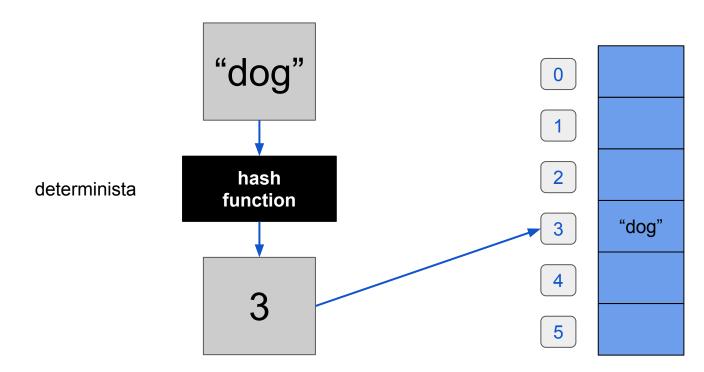




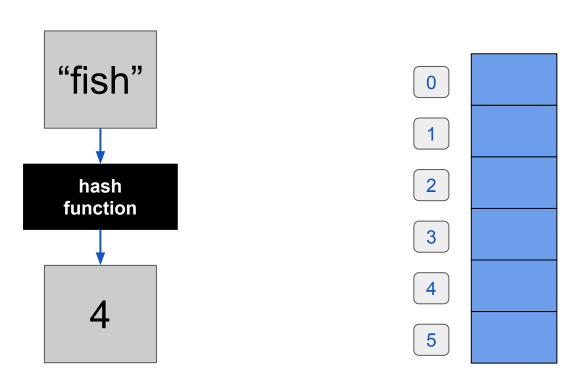




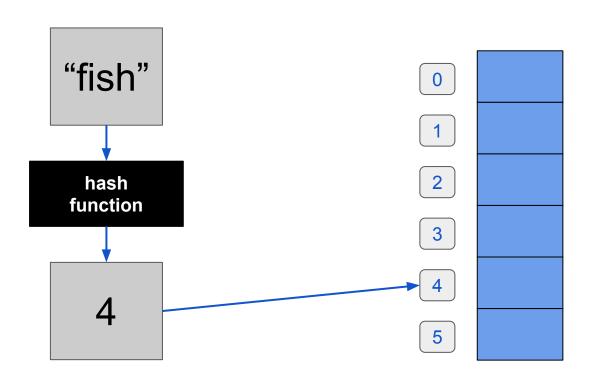




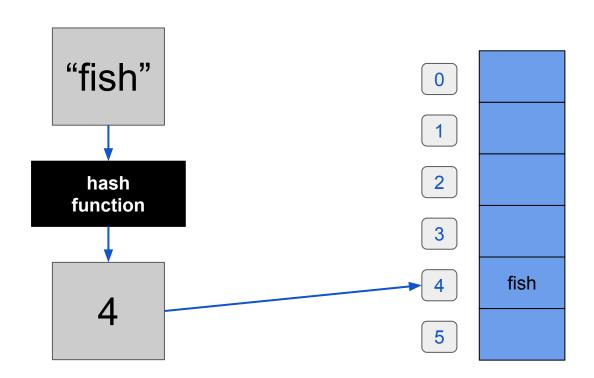












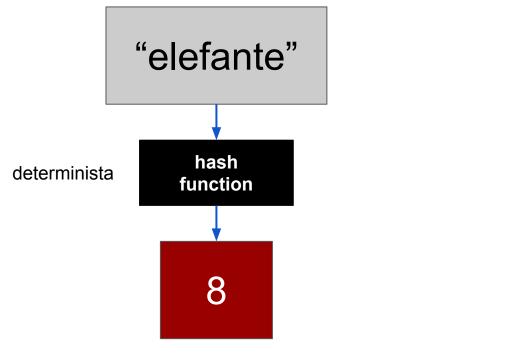


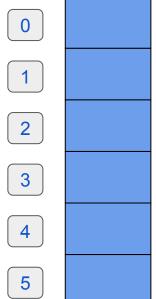
```
public class HashSet {
    private String□ valores;
    private int hashCode(String valor) {
        return valor.length();
    public HashSet(int tamaño) {
        valores = new String[tamaño];
    public boolean add(String valor) {
        int index = hashCode(valor);
        if (valores[index] == null) {
           valores[index] = valor;
            return true;
        } else return false;
```



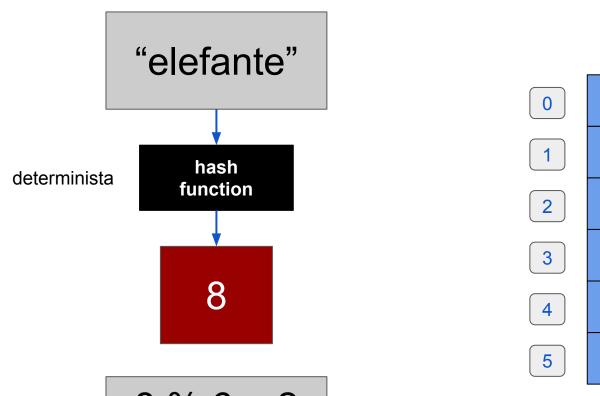
Caso hashCode más grande que el tamaño del hash set?



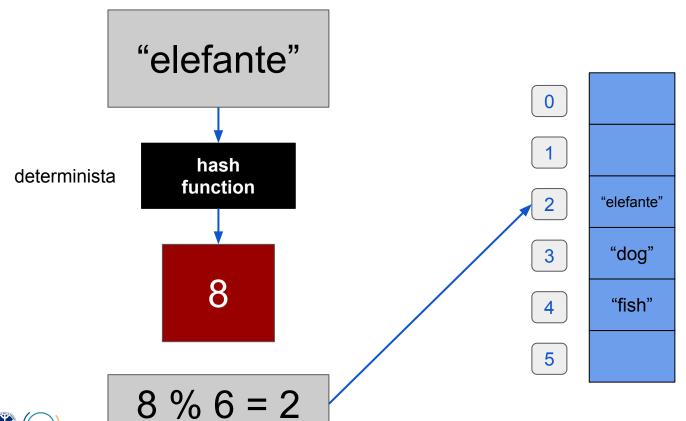














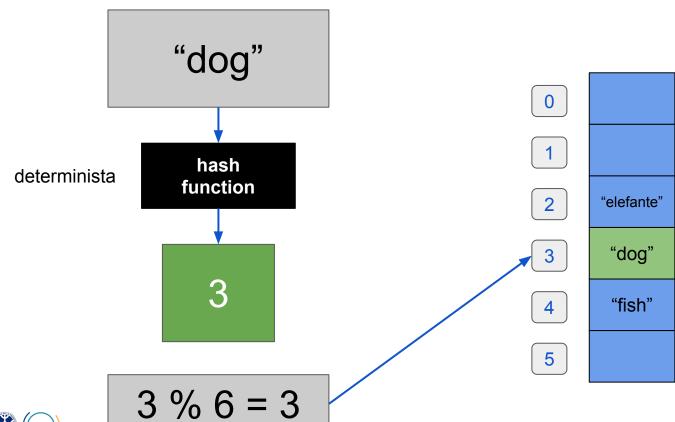
HashSet: hashCode() y add()

```
public class HashSet {
        private String□ valores;
        private int hashCode(String valor) {
@
            return valor.length();
        public HashSet(int tamaño) {
            valores = new String[tamaño];
        public boolean add(String valor) {
            int index = hashCode(valor) % valores.length;
            if (valores[index] == null) {
                valores[index] = valor;
                 return true;
             } else return false;
```

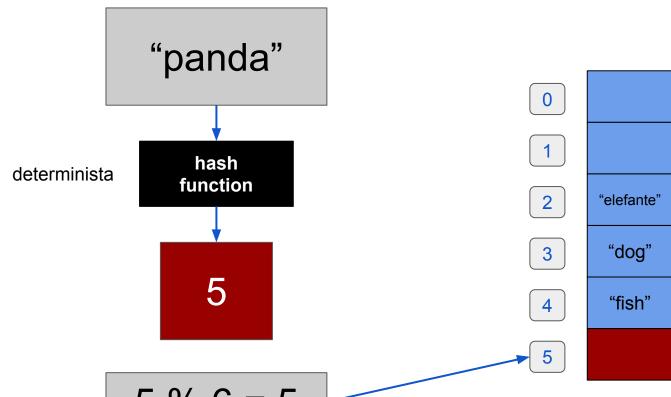


¿Cómo verificamos si un HashSet contiene cierto valor?











Recapitulación



Recapitulación

- **Set**, corresponde a la representación de una colección de elementos tal que:
 - no existen elementos duplicados
- HashSet, corresponde a la implementación de set donde,
 - los elementos son almacenados en un arreglo
 - cada elemento tiene asociado un hashcode que es utilizado para determinar su índice en el arreglo





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