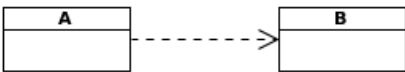

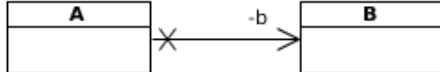
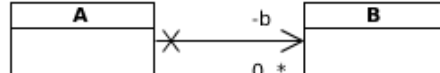
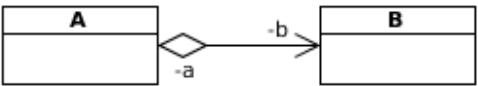
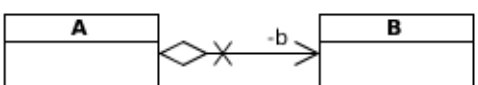
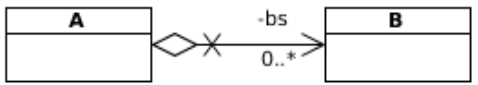
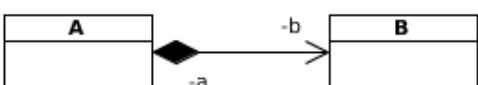
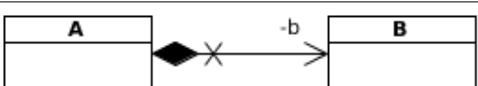
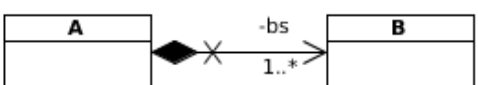
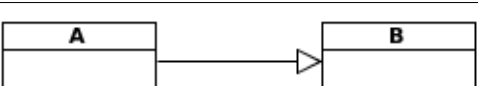
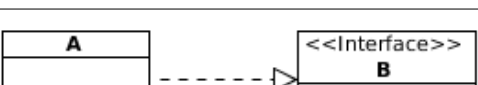


Correspondencia entre Diagrama de Clases y Código

Relación	Representación	Código		Palabra/Frase Vinculada
Dependencia		//Dentro de un Método en A B objB = new B();	public class B { // }	Usa
		//Parametro en método en la clase A public void metodo(B objB){ // }	public class B { // }	
Asociación		public class A { public B b; }	public class B { public A a; }	Asociada con.
		public class A { private B b; }	public class B { // }	
		public class A { private ArrayList b; }	public class B { // }	

Agregación		<pre>public class A { private B b; }</pre>	<pre>public class B { private A a; }</pre>	Es parte de
		<pre>public class A { private B b; }</pre>	<pre>public class B { }</pre>	
		<pre>public class A { private ArrayList bs; }</pre>	<pre>public class B { }</pre>	
Composición		<pre>public class A { private B b; }</pre>	<pre>public class B { private A a; }</pre>	Es parte de. (Diferencia Semántica con la agregación al ser una "relación de Vida")
		<pre>public class A { private B b; }</pre>	<pre>public class B { }</pre>	
		<pre>public class A { private ArrayList bs; }</pre>	<pre>public class B { }</pre>	
Generalización		<pre>public class A extends B { }</pre>	<pre>public class B { }</pre>	Es un(a)
Realización		<pre>public class A implements B { }</pre>	<pre>public interface B { }</pre>	Hace