## Laboratorio 02 – Series de Tiempo LSTM

- CC3084 Data Science, Semestre II 2025
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- Guatemala, Julio 2025

#### Repositorio:

https://github.com/Diegoval-Dev/DC-Lab2

#### Codebook Docs:

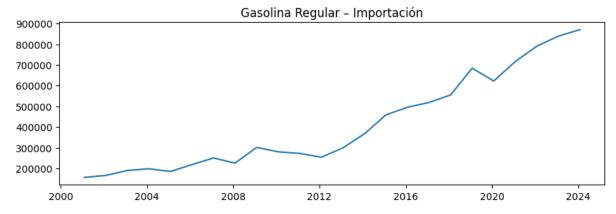
https://docs.google.com/document/d/19wPL80Dss0d-sQldEt3\_nUyNCderHo\_rLaK94Q4Nuuc/edit?usp=sharing

```
In [118... | #%pip install torch matplotlib pandas sklearn
In [119...
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import torch
         import torch.nn as nn
         from torch.utils.data import TensorDataset, DataLoader
         from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import torch
         import torch.nn as nn
         from torch.utils.data import TensorDataset, DataLoader
         # DATA GENERAL PARA CUALOUIERA
         df_imp = pd.read_csv('./data/importacion.csv', parse_dates=['fecha'],
         df_cons = pd.read_csv('./data/consumo.csv', parse_dates=['fecha'],
         window_size = 3
In [120... | def create_dataset(series, window_size=12):
              series: array unidimensional de valores (numpy array)
             window_size: número de pasos de tiempo para cada muestra X
             Devuelve:
               X: array de forma (n_samples, window_size, 1)
                y: array de forma (n_samples, 1)
             nnin
             X, y = [], []
              for i in range(len(series) - window_size):
                  X.append(series[i : i + window_size])
                  y.append(series[i + window_size])
```

```
X = np.array(X).reshape(-1, window_size, 1)
y = np.array(y).reshape(-1, 1)
return X, y
```

## Evaluación de Series de Tiempo

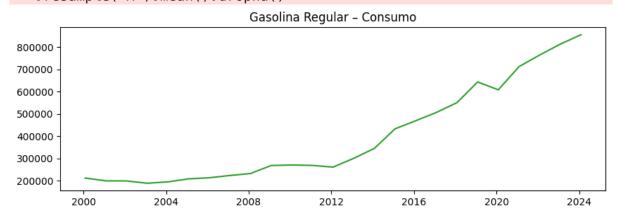
### **Gasolina Regular Importaciones**



#### Gasolina Regular Consumos

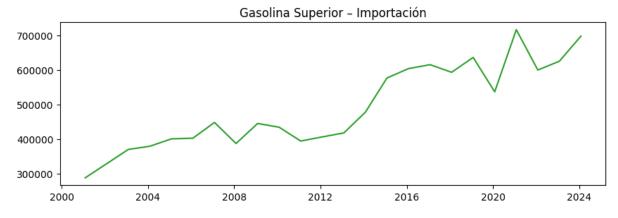
```
values_cr = ts_cr.values
```

Regular\_cons - Inicio: 2000-01-31, Fin: 2024-01-31, Frecuencia: Mensual /var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273\_pm\_gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel\_92772/375153 888.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a fut ure version, please use 'ME' instead.
.resample('M').mean().dropna()



#### **Gasolina Superior Importaciones**

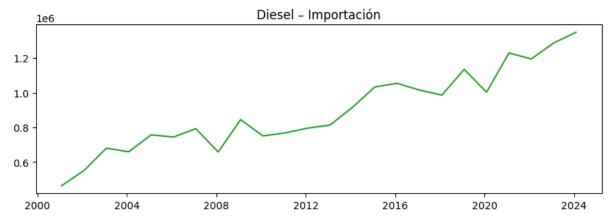
Superior\_imp - Inicio: 2001-01-31, Fin: 2024-01-31, Frecuencia: Mensual
/var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273\_pm\_gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel\_92772/128587
7573.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version, please use 'ME' instead.
 .resample('M').mean().dropna()



## **Diesel Importacion**

/var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273\_pm\_gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel\_92772/245309
3283.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a fu
ture version, please use 'ME' instead.
 resample('M').mean().dropna()

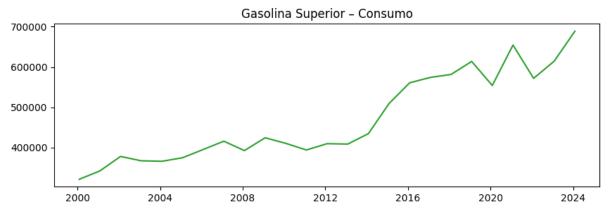
Diesel\_imp - Inicio: 2001-01-31, Fin: 2024-01-31, Frecuencia: Mensual



## Gasolina Superior Consumo

/var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273\_pm\_gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel\_92772/110128
0297.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a fu
ture version, please use 'ME' instead.
 resample('M').mean().dropna()

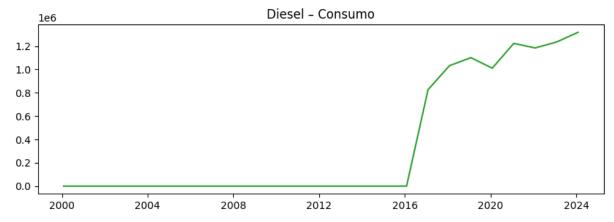
Superior\_cons - Inicio: 2000-01-31, Fin: 2024-01-31, Frecuencia: Mensua l



#### **Diesel Consumo**

/var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273\_pm\_gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel\_92772/301585
1994.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a fu
ture version, please use 'ME' instead.
 .resample('M').mean().dropna()

Diesel\_cons - Inicio: 2000-01-31, Fin: 2024-01-31, Frecuencia: Mensual



### Preparación de Datos - Gasolina Regular Importaciones

```
In [127... # Crear dataset para Gasolina Regular Importaciones
X_ir, y_ir = create_dataset(values_ir, window_size)
```

```
print(f"IR → X_ir: {X_ir.shape}, y_ir: {y_ir.shape}")

# División train/test para IR
train_end = '2023-12-31'
test_start = '2024-01-31'

train_ts_ir = ts_ir[:train_end]
test_ts_ir = ts_ir[test_start:]

print(f"Train IR tiene {len(train_ts_ir)} puntos, Test IR tiene {len(t print(f"IR train rango: {train_ts_ir.index[0].date()} - {train_ts_ir.i}

# Recrear dataset con datos de entrenamiento únicamente
X_ir, y_ir = create_dataset(train_ts_ir.values, window_size)
print(f"Después de split y ventanas → IR: X={X_ir.shape}, y={y_ir.shap}
IR → X_ir: (21, 3, 1), y_ir: (21, 1)
Train IR tiene 23 puntos, Test IR tiene 1
IR train rango: 2001-01-31 - 2023-01-31
Después de split y ventanas → IR: X=(20, 3, 1), y=(20, 1)
```

### Preparación de Datos - Gasolina Regular Consumos

```
In [128... # Crear dataset para Gasolina Regular Consumos
    X_cr, y_cr = create_dataset(values_cr, window_size)
    print(f"CR → X_cr: {X_cr.shape}, y_cr: {y_cr.shape}")

# División train/test para CR
    train_ts_cr = ts_cr[:train_end]
    test_ts_cr = ts_cr[test_start:]

print(f"Train CR tiene {len(train_ts_cr)} puntos, Test CR tiene {len(t print(f"CR train rango: {train_ts_cr.index[0].date()} - {train_ts_cr.i}

# Recrear dataset con datos de entrenamiento únicamente
    X_cr, y_cr = create_dataset(train_ts_cr.values, window_size)
    print(f"Después de split y ventanas → CR: X={X_cr.shape}, y={y_cr.shap}

CR → X_cr: (22, 3, 1), y_cr: (22, 1)
    Train CR tiene 24 puntos, Test CR tiene 1
    CR train rango: 2000-01-31 - 2023-01-31
    Después de split y ventanas → CR: X=(21, 3, 1), y=(21, 1)
```

# Entrenamiento LSTM - Gasolina Regular Importaciones

```
In [129... device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
    print(f"Usando dispositivo: {device}")

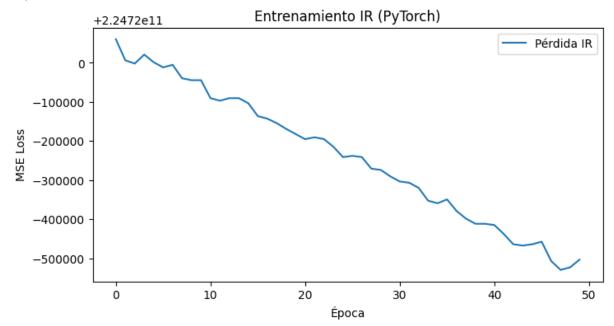
# Preparar datos para PyTorch - IR
```

```
tensor_X_ir = torch.tensor(X_ir, dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
tensor y ir = torch.tensor(y ir, dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
batch size = 16
loader_ir = DataLoader(TensorDataset(tensor_X_ir, tensor_y_ir),
                       batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True)
# Definir modelo LSTM
class LSTMModel(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, hidden_size, dropout):
        super().__init__()
        self.lstm = nn.LSTM(1, hidden_size, batch_first=True, dropout=
        self.linear = nn.Linear(hidden_size, 1)
    def forward(self, x):
        out, _= self.lstm(x)
        return self.linear(out[:, -1, :])
# Crear modelo y optimizador para IR
model_ir = LSTMModel(hidden_size=32, dropout=0.2).to(device)
criterion = nn.MSELoss()
opt_ir = torch.optim.Adam(model_ir.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
# Función de entrenamiento
def train_model(model, optimizer, loader, epochs=50):
    model.train()
    history = []
    for epoch in range(1, epochs+1):
        epoch_loss = 0.0
        for xb, yb in loader:
            optimizer.zero_grad()
            preds = model(xb)
            loss = criterion(preds, yb)
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            epoch_loss += loss.item() * xb.size(0)
        avg = epoch_loss / len(loader.dataset)
        history append(avg)
        if epoch % 10 == 0:
            print(f"Epoch {epoch}, Loss: {avg:.6f}")
    return history
# Entrenar modelo IR
print("Entrenando modelo para Gasolina Regular Importaciones...")
history_ir = train_model(model_ir, opt_ir, loader_ir, epochs=50)
# Visualizar pérdida
plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
plt.plot(history_ir, label='Pérdida IR')
plt.title('Entrenamiento IR (PyTorch)')
plt.xlabel('Época')
plt.ylabel('MSE Loss')
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.show()
```

/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.2 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(

```
Usando dispositivo: cpu
Entrenando modelo para Gasolina Regular Importaciones...
Epoch 10, Loss: 224719955558.399994
Epoch 20, Loss: 224719817932.799988
Epoch 30, Loss: 224719709798.399994
Epoch 40, Loss: 224719588556.799988
Epoch 50, Loss: 224719496806.399994
```



### Hyperparameter Tuning - IR

```
In [130... # Parámetros a probar para IR
hidden_sizes = [16, 32, 64]
dropouts = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
lrs = [1e-3, 1e-4]
epochs_tune = 20

def tune_lstm_ir(hidden_size, dropout, lr):
    """Función para hacer tuning específico para IR"""
    model = LSTMModel(hidden_size=hidden_size, dropout=dropout).to(dev opt = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)

model.train()
for _ in range(epochs_tune):
    for xb, yb in loader_ir:
        opt.zero_grad()
        loss = criterion(model(xb), yb)
        loss.backward()
```

```
opt.step()
     # Evaluar en todo el conjunto
     model.eval()
     with torch.no grad():
         preds = model(tensor X ir)
         final_loss = criterion(preds, tensor_y_ir).item()
     return final loss
 # Realizar tuning para IR
 print("Realizando hyperparameter tuning para IR...")
 results ir = []
 for hs in hidden sizes:
     for dp in dropouts:
         for lr in lrs:
             loss = tune_lstm_ir(hs, dp, lr)
             results ir.append({
                  'hidden_size': hs,
                  'dropout': dp.
                  'lr': lr,
                  'loss': loss
             })
             print(f"IR | hs={hs}, dp={dp}, lr={lr} → loss={loss:.2e}")
 df results ir = pd.DataFrame(results ir).sort values('loss')
 print("\nMejores hiperparámetros para IR:")
 display(df_results_ir.head())
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num_layers=1
 warnings.warn(
Realizando hyperparameter tuning para IR...
IR | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11
IR | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11
IR | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11
IR | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11
IR | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.3 and num_layers=1
```

warnings.warn(

```
IR | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11 IR | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.25e+11
```

Mejores hiperparámetros para IR:

	hidden_size	dropout	lr	loss
14	64	0.2	0.001	2.247193e+11
12	64	0.1	0.001	2.247193e+11
16	64	0.3	0.001	2.247193e+11
4	16	0.3	0.001	2.247194e+11
8	32	0.2	0.001	2.247194e+11

# Entrenamiento LSTM - Gasolina Regular Consumos

```
In [131... # Preparar datos para PyTorch - CR
         tensor_X_cr = torch.tensor(X_cr, dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
         tensor_y_cr = torch.tensor(y_cr, dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
         loader_cr = DataLoader(TensorDataset(tensor_X_cr, tensor_y_cr),
                                 batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True)
         # Crear modelo y optimizador para CR
         model cr = LSTMModel(hidden size=32, dropout=0.2).to(device)
         opt_cr = torch.optim.Adam(model_cr.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
         # Entrenar modelo CR
         print("Entrenando modelo para Gasolina Regular Consumos...")
         history_cr = train_model(model_cr, opt_cr, loader_cr, epochs=50)
         # Visualizar pérdida
         plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
         plt.plot(history_cr, label='Pérdida CR')
         plt.title('Entrenamiento CR (PyTorch)')
         plt.xlabel('Época')
         plt.ylabel('MSE Loss')
```

```
plt.legend()
plt.show()

Entrenando modelo para Gasolina Regular Consumos...

Epoch 10, Loss: 399999263110.095215

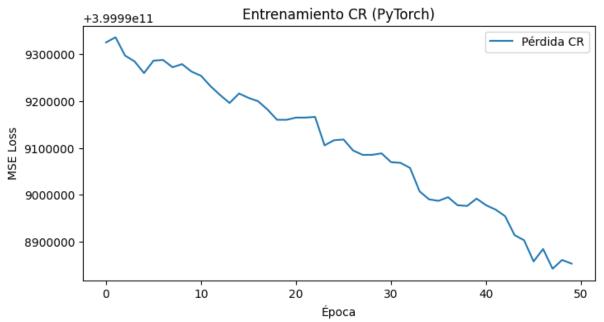
Epoch 20, Loss: 399999160124.952393

Epoch 30, Loss: 399999088347.478394

Epoch 40, Loss: 399998991603.809509

Epoch 50, Loss: 399998852729.904785
```

/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.2 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(



### Hyperparameter Tuning - CR

```
In [132...

def tune_lstm_cr(hidden_size, dropout, lr):
    """Función para hacer tuning específico para CR"""
    model = LSTMModel(hidden_size=hidden_size, dropout=dropout).to(dev
    opt = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)

model.train()
for _ in range(epochs_tune):
    for xb, yb in loader_cr:
        opt.zero_grad()
        loss = criterion(model(xb), yb)
        loss.backward()
        opt.step()

# Evaluar en todo el conjunto
model.eval()
with torch.no_grad():
```

```
preds = model(tensor_X_cr)
         final loss = criterion(preds, tensor y cr).item()
     return final loss
 # Realizar tuning para CR
 print("Realizando hyperparameter tuning para CR...")
 results_cr = []
 for hs in hidden_sizes:
     for dp in dropouts:
         for lr in lrs:
             loss = tune_lstm_cr(hs, dp, lr)
              results_cr.append({
                  'hidden_size': hs,
                  'dropout': dp,
                  'lr': lr,
                  'loss': loss
             })
             print(f"CR | hs={hs}, dp={dp}, lr={lr} → loss={loss:.2e}")
 df_results_cr = pd.DataFrame(results_cr).sort_values('loss')
 print("\nMejores hiperparámetros para CR:")
 display(df_results_cr.head())
Realizando hyperparameter tuning para CR...
CR | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11
CR | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11
CR | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11
CR | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11
CR | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num_layers=1
  warnings.warn(
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.3 and num_layers=1
```

warnings.warn(

```
CR | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11 CR | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=4.00e+11
```

Mejores hiperparámetros para CR:

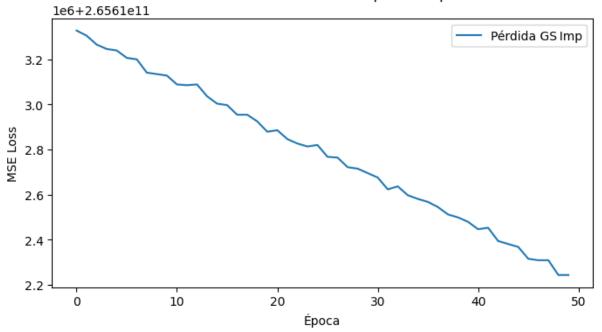
	hidden_size	dropout	lr	loss
10	32	0.3	0.0010	3.999986e+11
15	64	0.2	0.0001	3.999986e+11
16	64	0.3	0.0010	3.999986e+11
14	64	0.2	0.0010	3.999988e+11
2	16	0.2	0.0010	3.999989e+11

# Entrenamiento LSTM – Gasolina Superior Importaciones

```
In [133... ts_gs_imp = df_imp.set_index('fecha')['gasolina superior'] \
                            .resample('M').mean().dropna()
         train_gs_imp = ts_gs_imp[:'2023-12-31']
         test_gs_imp = ts_gs_imp['2024-01-31':]
         window size = 3
         X_gs_imp, y_gs_imp = create_dataset(train_gs_imp.values, window_size)
         device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
         tensor X gs imp = torch.tensor(X gs imp, dtype=torch.float32).to(device
         tensor_y_gs_imp = torch.tensor(y_gs_imp, dtype=torch.float32).to(devic
         batch_size = 16
         loader qs imp = DataLoader(
             TensorDataset(tensor_X_gs_imp, tensor_y_gs_imp),
             batch_size=batch_size,
             shuffle=True
         )
         model_gs_imp = LSTMModel(hidden_size=32, dropout=0.2).to(device)
```

```
criterion
              = nn.MSELoss()
 opt qs imp
              = torch.optim.Adam(model gs imp.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
 def train_model(model, optimizer, loader, epochs=50):
     model.train()
     history = []
     for epoch in range(1, epochs+1):
         epoch_loss = 0.0
         for xb, yb in loader:
             optimizer.zero grad()
             preds = model(xb)
             loss = criterion(preds, yb)
             loss.backward()
             optimizer.step()
             epoch_loss += loss.item() * xb.size(0)
         avg = epoch loss / len(loader.dataset)
         history.append(avg)
         if epoch % 10 == 0:
             print(f"Epoch {epoch}, Loss: {avg:.6f}")
     return history
 print("Entrenando LSTM para Gasolina Superior Importaciones...")
 history_gs_imp = train_model(model_gs_imp, opt_gs_imp, loader_gs_imp,
 plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
 plt.plot(history_gs_imp, label='Pérdida GS Imp')
 plt.title('Entrenamiento LSTM - Gasolina Superior Importaciones')
 plt.xlabel('Época')
 plt.ylabel('MSE Loss')
 plt.legend()
 plt.show()
Entrenando LSTM para Gasolina Superior Importaciones...
Epoch 10, Loss: 265613128499.200012
Epoch 20, Loss: 265612879462.399994
Epoch 30, Loss: 265612695961.600006
Epoch 40, Loss: 265612479692.799988
Epoch 50, Loss: 265612243763.200012
/var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273_pm_gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel_92772/333653
0859.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a fu
ture version, please use 'ME' instead.
  .resample('M').mean().dropna()
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.2 and num_layers=1
 warnings.warn(
```

#### Entrenamiento LSTM - Gasolina Superior Importaciones



## Hyperparameter Tuning – Gasolina Superior Importaciones

```
hidden_sizes = [16, 32, 64]
In [134...
         dropouts
                      = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
         lrs
                       = [1e-3, 1e-4]
         epochs_tune = 20
         def tune_lstm_gs_imp(hidden_size, dropout, lr):
             model = LSTMModel(hidden size=hidden size, dropout=dropout).to(dev
              opt = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)
             model.train()
              for _ in range(epochs_tune):
                  for xb, yb in loader_gs_imp:
                      opt.zero_grad()
                      loss = criterion(model(xb), yb)
                      loss.backward()
                      opt.step()
             model.eval()
             with torch.no_grad():
                  preds = model(tensor_X_gs_imp)
                  return criterion(preds, tensor_y_gs_imp).item()
         print("Realizando hyperparameter tuning para GS Importaciones...")
          results qs imp = []
         for hs in hidden sizes:
              for dp in dropouts:
                  for lr in lrs:
                      loss = tune_lstm_gs_imp(hs, dp, lr)
                      results_gs_imp.append({
```

```
'hidden_size': hs,
    'dropout': dp,
    'lr': lr,
    'loss': loss
})
    print(f"GS Imp | hs={hs}, dp={dp}, lr={lr} → loss={loss:.2}

df_results_gs_imp = pd.DataFrame(results_gs_imp).sort_values('loss')
print("\nMejores hiperparámetros para GS Importaciones:")
display(df_results_gs_imp.head())
```

Realizando hyperparameter tuning para GS Importaciones...

```
GS Imp | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11
```

/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout expects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(

/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.3 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(

```
GS Imp | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11 GS Imp | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.66e+11
```

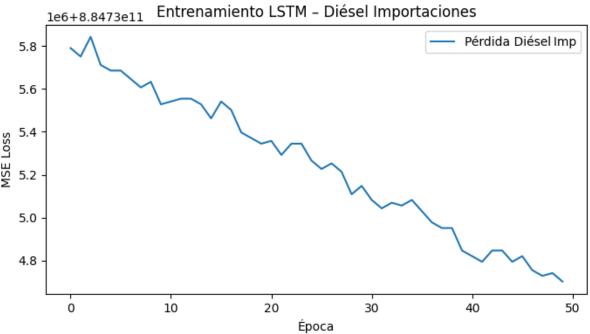
Mejores hiperparámetros para GS Importaciones:

	hidden_size	dropout	lr	loss
14	64	0.2	0.001	2.656122e+11
10	32	0.3	0.001	2.656128e+11
12	64	0.1	0.001	2.656129e+11
16	64	0.3	0.001	2.656130e+11
8	32	0.2	0.001	2.656130e+11

## Entrenamiento LSTM – Diésel Importaciones

```
In [135... | ts_di_imp = df_imp.set_index('fecha')['diesel'] \
                            .resample('M').mean().dropna()
         train_di_imp = ts_di_imp[:'2023-12-31']
         test_di_imp = ts_di_imp['2024-01-31':]
         window size = 3
         X_di_imp, y_di_imp = create_dataset(train_di_imp.values, window_size)
         device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
         tensor_X_di_imp = torch.tensor(X_di_imp, dtype=torch.float32).to(devic
         tensor y di imp = torch.tensor(y di imp, dtype=torch.float32).to(devic
         batch_size = 16
         loader di imp = DataLoader(
             TensorDataset(tensor_X_di_imp, tensor_y_di_imp),
             batch size=batch size,
             shuffle=True
         model di imp = LSTMModel(hidden size=32, dropout=0.2).to(device)
         criterion = nn.MSELoss()
         opt_di_imp = torch.optim.Adam(model_di_imp.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
         def train_model(model, optimizer, loader, epochs=50):
             model.train()
             history = []
             for epoch in range(1, epochs+1):
                  epoch loss = 0.0
                  for xb, yb in loader:
                     optimizer.zero_grad()
                     preds = model(xb)
                      loss = criterion(preds, yb)
                      loss.backward()
                     optimizer.step()
                     epoch loss += loss.item() * xb.size(0)
                  avg = epoch_loss / len(loader.dataset)
```

```
history.append(avg)
         if epoch % 10 == 0:
             print(f"Epoch {epoch}, Loss: {avg:.6f}")
     return history
 print("Entrenando LSTM para Diésel Importaciones...")
 history_di_imp = train_model(model_di_imp, opt_di_imp, loader_di_imp,
 plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
 plt.plot(history_di_imp, label='Pérdida Diésel Imp')
 plt.title('Entrenamiento LSTM - Diésel Importaciones')
 plt.xlabel('Época')
 plt.ylabel('MSE Loss')
 plt.legend()
 plt.show()
Entrenando LSTM para Diésel Importaciones...
Epoch 10, Loss: 884735528140.800049
Epoch 20, Loss: 884735344640.000000
Epoch 30, Loss: 884735148032.000000
Epoch 40, Loss: 884734846566.400024
Epoch 50, Loss: 884734702387.199951
/var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273_pm_gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel_92772/299328
0479.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a fu
ture version, please use 'ME' instead.
  .resample('M').mean().dropna()
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.2 and num_layers=1
 warnings.warn(
```



Hyperparameter Tuning – Diésel Importaciones

```
hidden_sizes = [16, 32, 64]
In [136...
         dropouts = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
                      = [1e-3, 1e-4]
         lrs
         epochs_tune = 20
         def tune_lstm_di_imp(hidden_size, dropout, lr):
             model = LSTMModel(hidden size=hidden size, dropout=dropout).to(dev
                   = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)
             model.train()
             for _ in range(epochs_tune):
                 for xb, yb in loader_di_imp:
                     opt.zero_grad()
                      loss = criterion(model(xb), yb)
                      loss.backward()
                     opt.step()
             model.eval()
             with torch.no_grad():
                  preds = model(tensor_X_di_imp)
                  return criterion(preds, tensor_y_di_imp).item()
         print("Realizando hyperparameter tuning para Diésel Importaciones...")
         results di imp = []
         for hs in hidden_sizes:
             for dp in dropouts:
                 for lr in lrs:
                      loss = tune_lstm_di_imp(hs, dp, lr)
                      results_di_imp.append({
                          'hidden_size': hs,
                          'dropout': dp,
                          'lr': lr.
                          'loss': loss
                     })
                      print(f"Diésel Imp | hs={hs}, dp={dp}, lr={lr} → loss={los
         df_results_di_imp = pd.DataFrame(results_di_imp).sort_values('loss')
         print("\nMejores hiperparámetros para Diésel Importaciones:")
         display(df results di imp.head())
        Realizando hyperparameter tuning para Diésel Importaciones...
        Diésel Imp | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 → loss=8.85e+11
        Diésel Imp | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 → loss=8.85e+11
        Diésel Imp | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 → loss=8.85e+11
```

Diésel Imp | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 → loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 → loss=8.85e+11 /Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(

/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.3 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(

```
Diésel Imp | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11 Diésel Imp | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=8.85e+11
```

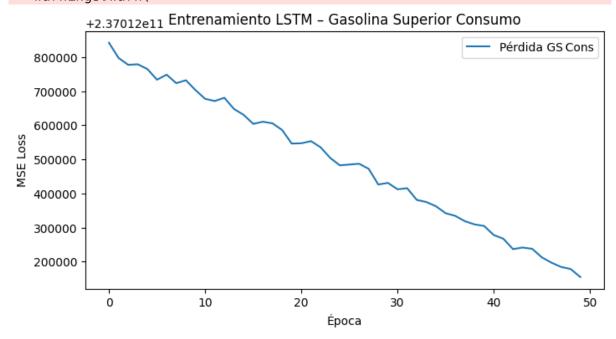
Mejores hiperparámetros para Diésel Importaciones:

	hidden_size	dropout	lr	loss
12	64	0.1	0.001	8.847341e+11
14	64	0.2	0.001	8.847343e+11
16	64	0.3	0.001	8.847351e+11
10	32	0.3	0.001	8.847353e+11
6	32	0.1	0.001	8.847353e+11

# Entrenamiento LSTM – Gasolina Superior Consumo

```
tensor_X_gs_cons = torch.tensor(X_gs_cons, dtype=torch.float32).to(dev
 tensor_y_gs_cons = torch.tensor(y_gs_cons, dtype=torch.float32).to(dev
 batch size = 16
 loader_gs_cons = DataLoader(
     TensorDataset(tensor_X_gs_cons, tensor_y_gs_cons),
     batch_size=batch_size,
     shuffle=True
 )
 model qs cons = LSTMModel(hidden size=32, dropout=0.2).to(device)
 criterion
             = nn.MSELoss()
 opt_gs_cons = torch.optim.Adam(model_gs_cons.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
 def train_model(model, optimizer, loader, epochs=50):
     model.train()
    history = []
     for epoch in range(1, epochs+1):
         epoch_loss = 0.0
         for xb, yb in loader:
             optimizer.zero_grad()
             preds = model(xb)
             loss = criterion(preds, yb)
             loss.backward()
             optimizer.step()
             epoch_loss += loss.item() * xb.size(0)
         avg = epoch_loss / len(loader.dataset)
         history.append(avg)
         if epoch % 10 == 0:
             print(f"Epoch {epoch}, Loss: {avg:.6f}")
     return history
 print("Entrenando LSTM para Gasolina Superior Consumo...")
 history_gs_cons = train_model(model_gs_cons, opt_gs_cons, loader_gs_co
 plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
 plt.plot(history_gs_cons, label='Pérdida GS Cons')
 plt.title('Entrenamiento LSTM - Gasolina Superior Consumo')
 plt.xlabel('Época')
 plt.ylabel('MSE Loss')
 plt.legend()
 plt.show()
Entrenando LSTM para Gasolina Superior Consumo...
Epoch 10, Loss: 237012703329.523804
Epoch 20, Loss: 237012546511.238098
Epoch 30, Loss: 237012431043.047607
Epoch 40, Loss: 237012304652.190491
Epoch 50, Loss: 237012154855.619049
```

/var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273\_pm\_gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel\_92772/308206
2048.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a fu
ture version, please use 'ME' instead.
 .resample('M').mean().dropna()
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.2 and num\_layers=1
 warnings.warn(



### Hyperparameter Tuning – Gasolina Superior Consumo

```
In [138...
         hidden_sizes = [16, 32, 64]
                      = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
         dropouts
         lrs
                      = [1e-3, 1e-4]
         epochs_tune = 20
         def tune_lstm_gs_cons(hidden_size, dropout, lr):
             model = LSTMModel(hidden_size=hidden_size, dropout=dropout).to(dev
                  = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)
             model.train()
             for _ in range(epochs_tune):
                  for xb, yb in loader_gs_cons:
                     opt.zero_grad()
                      loss = criterion(model(xb), yb)
                     loss.backward()
                     opt.step()
             model.eval()
             with torch.no grad():
                  preds = model(tensor_X_gs_cons)
                  return criterion(preds, tensor_y_gs_cons).item()
         print("Realizando hyperparameter tuning para GS Consumo...")
```

```
results_gs_cons = []
 for hs in hidden sizes:
     for dp in dropouts:
          for lr in lrs:
              loss = tune_lstm_gs_cons(hs, dp, lr)
              results_gs_cons.append({
                   'hidden_size': hs,
                   'dropout': dp,
                   'lr': lr,
                   'loss': loss
              })
              print(f"GS Cons | hs={hs}, dp={dp}, lr={lr} → loss={loss:.
 df_results_gs_cons = pd.DataFrame(results_gs_cons).sort_values('loss')
 print("\nMejores hiperparámetros para GS Consumo:")
 display(df_results_gs_cons.head())
Realizando hyperparameter tuning para GS Consumo...
GS Cons | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 → loss=2.37e+11
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num layers=1
  warnings.warn(
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.3 and num_layers=1
  warnings.warn(
GS Cons | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
GS Cons | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 \rightarrow loss=2.37e+11
```

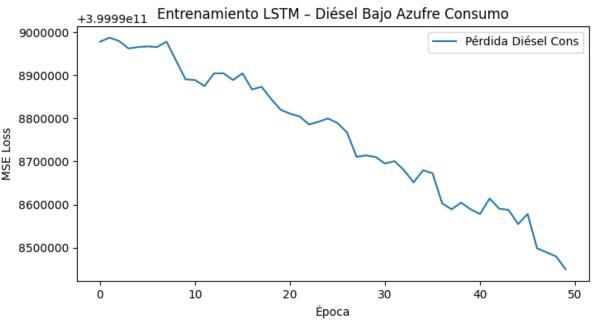
Mejores hiperparámetros para GS Consumo:

	hidden_size	dropout	lr	loss
12	64	0.1	0.0010	2.370125e+11
0	16	0.1	0.0010	2.370126e+11
16	64	0.3	0.0010	2.370128e+11
6	32	0.1	0.0010	2.370129e+11
5	16	0.3	0.0001	2.370129e+11

## Entrenamiento LSTM – Diésel Bajo Azufre Consumo

```
In [139... | ts_di_cons = df_cons.set_index('fecha')['diesel bajo azufre'] \
                             .resample('M').mean().dropna()
         train_di_cons = ts_di_cons[:'2023-12-31']
         test_di_cons = ts_di_cons['2024-01-31':]
         window size = 3
         X_di_cons, y_di_cons = create_dataset(train_di_cons.values, window_siz
         device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
         tensor_X_di_cons = torch.tensor(X_di_cons, dtype=torch.float32).to(dev
         tensor_y_di_cons = torch.tensor(y_di_cons, dtype=torch.float32).to(dev
         batch_size = 16
         loader_di_cons = DataLoader(
             TensorDataset(tensor_X_di_cons, tensor_y_di_cons),
             batch_size=batch_size,
             shuffle=True
         )
         model_di_cons = LSTMModel(hidden_size=32, dropout=0.2).to(device)
         criterion = nn.MSELoss()
         opt_di_cons = torch.optim.Adam(model_di_cons.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
         def train_model(model, optimizer, loader, epochs=50):
             model.train()
             history = []
             for epoch in range(1, epochs+1):
                 epoch_loss = 0.0
                  for xb, yb in loader:
                     optimizer.zero_grad()
                      preds = model(xb)
                     loss = criterion(preds, yb)
                      loss.backward()
                     optimizer.step()
                     epoch_loss += loss.item() * xb.size(0)
```

```
avg = epoch_loss / len(loader.dataset)
         history.append(avg)
         if epoch % 10 == 0:
             print(f"Epoch {epoch}, Loss: {avg:.6f}")
     return history
 print("Entrenando LSTM para Diésel Bajo Azufre Consumo...")
 history di cons = train model(model di cons, opt di cons, loader di co
 plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
 plt.plot(history di cons, label='Pérdida Diésel Cons')
 plt.title('Entrenamiento LSTM - Diésel Bajo Azufre Consumo')
 plt.xlabel('Época')
 plt.ylabel('MSE Loss')
 plt.legend()
 plt.show()
Entrenando LSTM para Diésel Bajo Azufre Consumo...
Epoch 10, Loss: 399998890179.047607
Epoch 20, Loss: 399998819961.904785
Epoch 30, Loss: 399998710345.142883
Epoch 40, Loss: 399998589025.523804
Epoch 50, Loss: 399998450151.619019
/var/folders/kd/4y1c0b3j1273 pm gb0hfhdw0000gn/T/ipykernel 92772/189759
200.py:2: FutureWarning: 'M' is deprecated and will be removed in a fut
ure version, please use 'ME' instead.
  .resample('M').mean().dropna()
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.2 and num_layers=1
 warnings.warn(
```



```
dropouts
             = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
 lrs
              = [1e-3, 1e-4]
 epochs_tune = 20
 def tune_lstm_di_cons(hidden_size, dropout, lr):
     model = LSTMModel(hidden_size=hidden_size, dropout=dropout).to(dev
         = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)
     model.train()
     for _ in range(epochs_tune):
         for xb, yb in loader_di_cons:
             opt.zero grad()
             loss = criterion(model(xb), yb)
             loss.backward()
             opt.step()
     model.eval()
    with torch.no_grad():
         preds = model(tensor X di cons)
         return criterion(preds, tensor_y_di_cons).item()
 print("Realizando hyperparameter tuning para Diésel Bajo Azufre Consum
 results_di_cons = []
 for hs in hidden_sizes:
     for dp in dropouts:
         for lr in lrs:
             loss = tune lstm di cons(hs, dp, lr)
             results di cons.append({
                 'hidden_size': hs,
                 'dropout': dp,
                 'lr': lr,
                 'loss': loss
             })
             print(f"Diésel Cons | hs={hs}, dp={dp}, lr={lr} → loss={lo
 df_results_di_cons = pd.DataFrame(results_di_cons).sort_values('loss')
 print("\nMejores hiperparámetros para Diésel Bajo Azufre Consumo:")
 display(df_results_di_cons.head())
Realizando hyperparameter tuning para Diésel Bajo Azufre Consumo...
Diésel Cons | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num_layers=1
 warnings.warn(
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
```

adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.3 and num\_layers=1

warnings.warn(

```
Diésel Cons | hs=16, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=16, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=16, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=32, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=32, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=32, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=64, dp=0.1, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=64, dp=0.2, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.001 → loss=4.00e+11
Diésel Cons | hs=64, dp=0.3, lr=0.0001 → loss=4.00e+11
```

Mejores hiperparámetros para Diésel Bajo Azufre Consumo:

	hidden_size	dropout	lr	loss
10	32	0.3	0.001	3.999986e+11
16	64	0.3	0.001	3.999987e+11
0	16	0.1	0.001	3.999987e+11
14	64	0.2	0.001	3.999987e+11
12	64	0.1	0.001	3.999988e+11

## **Modelos Finales y Predicciones**

```
In [141... from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler

# Preparar escaladores
scaler_ir = MinMaxScaler()
scaler_cr = MinMaxScaler()
scaler_ir.fit(train_ts_ir.values.reshape(-1, 1))
scaler_cr.fit(train_ts_cr.values.reshape(-1, 1))

model_ir_final = LSTMModel(hidden_size=32, dropout=0.1).to(device)
opt_ir_final = torch.optim.Adam(model_ir_final.parameters(), lr=1e-3)

model_cr_final = LSTMModel(hidden_size=16, dropout=0.2).to(device)
opt_cr_final = torch.optim.Adam(model_cr_final.parameters(), lr=1e-3)

print("Entrenando modelo final IR...")
history_ir_final = train_model(model_ir_final, opt_ir_final, loader_ir
print("Entrenando modelo final CR...")
```

```
history_cr_final = train_model(model_cr_final, opt_cr_final, loader_cr
fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15, 4))

ax1.plot(history_ir_final, label='Train IR final')
ax1.set_title('Pérdida IR Final (50 épocas)')
ax1.set_xlabel('Época')
ax1.set_ylabel('MSE Loss')
ax1.legend()

ax2.plot(history_cr_final, label='Train CR final')
ax2.set_title('Pérdida CR Final (50 épocas)')
ax2.set_xlabel('Época')
ax2.set_ylabel('MSE Loss')
ax2.set_ylabel('MSE Loss')
ax2.legend()

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

Entrenando modelo final IR...
Epoch 10, Loss: 224719532851.200012
Epoch 20, Loss: 224719362457.600006
```

Epoch 10, Loss: 224719532851.200012

Epoch 20, Loss: 224719362457.600006

Epoch 30, Loss: 224719277260.799988

Epoch 40, Loss: 224719149465.600006

Epoch 50, Loss: 224719011840.000000

Entrenando modelo final CR...

Epoch 10, Loss: 399999043096.380981

Epoch 20, Loss: 399999013449.143005

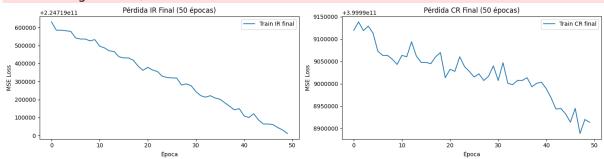
Epoch 30, Loss: 399999033975.619019

Epoch 40, Loss: 399999003306.666687

Epoch 50, Loss: 399998913584.818665

/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(

/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.2 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(



```
In [142... | ### Predicciones para Enero 2024
         model ir final.eval()
         model cr final.eval()
         last_window_ir = torch.tensor(train_ts_ir.values[-12:].reshape(1, 12,
                                        dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
         with torch.no_grad():
             pred ir = model ir final(last window ir).item()
         pred ir value = pred ir
         last_window_cr = torch.tensor(train_ts_cr.values[-12:].reshape(1, 12,
                                        dtype=torch.float32).to(device)
         with torch.no grad():
             pred_cr = model_cr_final(last_window_cr).item()
         pred_cr_value = pred_cr
         print("=== PREDICCIONES PARA ENERO 2024 ===")
         print(f"Predicción IR (Importaciones): {pred_ir_value:.2f}")
         print(f"Verdadero
                             IR (Importaciones): {test_ts_ir.iloc[0]:.2f}")
         print(f"Error IR: {abs(pred_ir_value - test_ts_ir.iloc[0]):.2f}")
         print()
         print(f"Predicción CR (Consumos): {pred_cr_value:.2f}")
         print(f"Verdadero CR (Consumos): {test ts cr.iloc[0]:.2f}")
         print(f"Error CR: {abs(pred_cr_value - test_ts_cr.iloc[0]):.2f}")
         from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error
         mae_ir = mean_absolute_error([test_ts_ir.iloc[0]], [pred_ir_value])
         mse_ir = mean_squared_error([test_ts_ir.iloc[0]], [pred_ir_value])
         mae_cr = mean_absolute_error([test_ts_cr.iloc[0]], [pred_cr_value])
         mse_cr = mean_squared_error([test_ts_cr.iloc[0]], [pred_cr_value])
         print("\n=== MÉTRICAS DE ERROR ===")
         print(f"IR - MAE: {mae_ir:.2f}, MSE: {mse_ir:.2f}, RMSE: {mse_ir**0.5:
         print(f"CR - MAE: {mae_cr:.2f}, MSE: {mse_cr:.2f}, RMSE: {mse_cr**0.5:
        === PREDICCIONES PARA ENERO 2024 ===
        Predicción IR (Importaciones): 0.94
                    IR (Importaciones): 870465.31
        Verdadero
        Error IR: 870464.37
        Predicción CR (Consumos): 0.75
        Verdadero CR (Consumos): 1317556.51
        Error CR: 1317555.77
        === MÉTRICAS DE ERROR ===
        IR - MAE: 870464.37, MSE: 757708225539.78, RMSE: 870464.37
        CR - MAE: 1317555.77, MSE: 1735953199252.11, RMSE: 1317555.77
```

#### **Gasolina Superior**

```
In [143... # Usar hiperparámetros óptimos del tuning anterior
         best_params_gs_cons = df_results_gs_cons.iloc[0]
         model qs cons final = LSTMModel(
             hidden_size=int(best_params_gs_cons['hidden_size']),
             dropout=float(best_params_gs_cons['dropout'])
         ).to(device)
         opt_gs_cons_final = torch.optim.Adam(
             model qs cons final.parameters(),
             lr=float(best_params_gs_cons['lr'])
         )
         # Entrenar modelo final
         print("Entrenando modelo final - Gasolina Superior Consumo...")
         history gs cons final = train model(model gs cons final, opt gs cons f
         # Predicción Enero 2024
         model gs cons final.eval()
         last_window_gs_cons = torch.tensor(train_gs_cons.values[-12:].reshape(
         with torch.no_grad():
             pred_gs_cons = model_gs_cons_final(last_window_gs_cons).item()
         real gs cons = test gs cons.iloc[0]
         error_gs_cons = abs(pred_gs_cons - real_gs_cons)
         print(f"\n  Predicción Gasolina Superior Consumo — Enero 2024:")
         print(f"→ Predicho: {pred_gs_cons:.2f}")
         print(f"→ Real:
                             {real_gs_cons:.2f}")
         print(f"→ Error Absoluto: {error gs cons:.2f}")
         # Métricas
         mae = mean_absolute_error([real_gs_cons], [pred_gs_cons])
         mse = mean_squared_error([real_gs_cons], [pred_gs_cons])
         rmse = mse ** 0.5
         print(f"\n Métricas GS Consumo — Enero 2024")
         print(f"MAE: {mae:.2f}")
         print(f"MSE: {mse:.2f}")
         print(f"RMSE: {rmse:.2f}")
```

```
Epoch 10, Loss: 237012776667.428558
        Epoch 20, Loss: 237012544950.857147
        Epoch 30, Loss: 237012296070.095245
        Epoch 40, Loss: 237012073715.809509
        Epoch 50, Loss: 237011830296.380951
        📍 Predicción Gasolina Superior Consumo — Enero 2024:
        → Predicho: 1.44
        → Real:
                    688994.82
        → Error Absoluto: 688993.38
        Métricas GS Consumo — Enero 2024
        MAE: 688993.38
        MSE: 474711872277.57
        RMSE: 688993.38
        /Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
        site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
        adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
        pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num_layers=1
          warnings.warn(
In [144... # Usar hiperparámetros óptimos del tuning anterior
         best params qs imp = df results qs imp.iloc[0]
         model_gs_imp_final = LSTMModel(
             hidden_size=int(best_params_gs_imp['hidden_size']),
             dropout=float(best_params_gs_imp['dropout'])
         ).to(device)
         opt_gs_imp_final = torch.optim.Adam(
             model gs imp final.parameters(),
             lr=float(best_params_gs_imp['lr'])
         # Entrenar modelo final
         print("Entrenando modelo final - Gasolina Superior Importación...")
         history gs imp final = train model(model gs imp final, opt gs imp final
         # Predicción Enero 2024
         model_gs_imp_final.eval()
         last_window_gs_imp = torch.tensor(train_gs_imp.values[-12:].reshape(1,
         with torch.no grad():
             pred_gs_imp = model_gs_imp_final(last_window_gs_imp).item()
         real_gs_imp = test_gs_imp.iloc[0]
         error_gs_imp = abs(pred_gs_imp - real_gs_imp)
         print(f"\n Predicción Gasolina Superior Importación — Enero 2024:")
         print(f"→ Predicho: {pred_gs_imp:.2f}")
         print(f"→ Real: {real_gs_imp:.2f}")
```

print(f"→ Error Absoluto: {error\_gs\_imp:.2f}")

Entrenando modelo final — Gasolina Superior Consumo...

```
# Métricas
 mae = mean_absolute_error([real_gs_imp], [pred_gs_imp])
 mse = mean squared error([real qs imp], [pred qs imp])
 rmse = mse ** 0.5
 print(f"\n Métricas GS Importación — Enero 2024")
 print(f"MAE: {mae:.2f}")
 print(f"MSE: {mse:.2f}")
 print(f"RMSE: {rmse:.2f}")
Entrenando modelo final - Gasolina Superior Importación...
Epoch 10, Loss: 265613272678.399994
Epoch 20, Loss: 265613030195.200012
Epoch 30, Loss: 265612761497.600006
Epoch 40, Loss: 265612545228.799988
Epoch 50, Loss: 265612283084.799988
📍 Predicción Gasolina Superior Importación — Enero 2024:
→ Predicho: 1.05
           697636.12
→ Real:
→ Error Absoluto: 697635.06
Métricas GS Importación — Enero 2024
MAE: 697635.06
MSE: 486694679611.61
RMSE: 697635.06
/Users/gerco/UVG/8th_semester/Data_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.2 and num_layers=1
 warnings.warn(
```

#### Combustible Diesel

```
In [145... # Usar hiperparámetros óptimos del tuning anterior
    best_params_di_cons = df_results_di_cons.iloc[0]
    model_di_cons_final = LSTMModel(
        hidden_size=int(best_params_di_cons['hidden_size']),
        dropout=float(best_params_di_cons['dropout'])
    ).to(device)

    opt_di_cons_final = torch.optim.Adam(
        model_di_cons_final.parameters(),
        lr=float(best_params_di_cons['lr'])
    )

# Entrenar modelo final
    print("Entrenando modelo final — Diesel Consumo...")
    history_di_cons_final = train_model(model_di_cons_final, opt_di_cons_f
# Predicción Enero 2024
```

```
model di cons final.eval()
         last window di cons = torch.tensor(train di cons.values[-12:].reshape(
         with torch.no grad():
             pred_di_cons = model_di_cons_final(last_window_di_cons).item()
         real_di_cons = test_di_cons.iloc[0]
         error di cons = abs(pred di cons - real di cons)
         print(f"→ Predicho: {pred di cons:.2f}")
         print(f"→ Real: {real_di_cons:.2f}")
         print(f"→ Error Absoluto: {error_di_cons:.2f}")
         # Métricas
         mae = mean_absolute_error([real_di_cons], [pred_di_cons])
         mse = mean squared error([real di cons], [pred di cons])
         rmse = mse ** 0.5
         print(f"\n Métricas Diesel Consumo — Enero 2024")
         print(f"MAE: {mae:.2f}")
         print(f"MSE: {mse:.2f}")
         print(f"RMSE: {rmse:.2f}")
        Entrenando modelo final - Diesel Consumo...
        Epoch 10, Loss: 399998993164.190491
        Epoch 20, Loss: 399998888618.666687
        Epoch 30, Loss: 399998713856.000000
        Epoch 40, Loss: 399998579273.142883
        Epoch 50, Loss: 399998383055.238098
        📍 Predicción Diesel Consumo — Enero 2024:
        → Predicho: 1.31
        → Real:
                   1317556.51
        → Error Absoluto: 1317555.20
        Métricas Diesel Consumo — Enero 2024
        MAE: 1317555.20
        MSE: 1735951713039.75
        RMSE: 1317555.20
        /Users/gerco/UVG/8th semester/Data Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/
        site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option
        adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex
        pects num_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.3 and num_layers=1
         warnings.warn(
In [146... # Usar hiperparámetros óptimos del tuning anterior
         best_params_di_imp = df_results_di_imp.iloc[0]
         model di imp final = LSTMModel(
             hidden_size=int(best_params_di_imp['hidden_size']),
             dropout=float(best_params_di_imp['dropout'])
         ).to(device)
```

```
opt_di_imp_final = torch.optim.Adam(
    model di imp final.parameters(),
    lr=float(best_params_di_imp['lr'])
 # Entrenar modelo final
 print("Entrenando modelo final - Diesel Importación...")
 history di imp final = train model(model di imp final, opt di imp fina
 # Predicción Enero 2024
 model di imp final.eval()
 last_window_di_imp = torch.tensor(train_di_imp.values[-12:].reshape(1,
 with torch.no_grad():
    pred_di_imp = model_di_imp_final(last_window_di_imp).item()
 real di imp = test di imp.iloc[0]
 error_di_imp = abs(pred_di_imp - real_di_imp)
 print(f"→ Predicho: {pred_di_imp:.2f}")
 print(f"→ Real: {real_di_imp:.2f}")
 print(f"→ Error Absoluto: {error di imp:.2f}")
 # Métricas
 mae = mean_absolute_error([real_di_imp], [pred_di_imp])
 mse = mean_squared_error([real_di_imp], [pred_di_imp])
 rmse = mse ** 0.5
 print(f"\n Métricas Diesel Importación — Enero 2024")
 print(f"MAE: {mae:.2f}")
 print(f"MSE: {mse:.2f}")
 print(f"RMSE: {rmse:.2f}")
Epoch 10, Loss: 884735069388.800049
```

Entrenando modelo final - Diesel Importación...

/Users/gerco/UVG/8th\_semester/Data\_Science/DC-Lab2/venv/lib/python3.10/ site-packages/torch/nn/modules/rnn.py:123: UserWarning: dropout option adds dropout after all but last recurrent layer, so non-zero dropout ex pects num\_layers greater than 1, but got dropout=0.1 and num\_layers=1 warnings.warn(

Epoch 20, Loss: 884734414028.800049 Epoch 30, Loss: 884733693132.800049 Epoch 40, Loss: 884733024665.599976 Epoch 50, Loss: 884732382412.800049

📍 Predicción Diesel Importación — Enero 2024:

→ Predicho: 2.13

→ Real: 1348715.64

→ Error Absoluto: 1348713.51

Métricas Diesel Importación — Enero 2024

MAE: 1348713.51

MSE: 1819028137996.83

RMSE: 1348713.51

### Comparación final de modelos ARIMA/Prophet

Al incorporar los tres enfoques (ARIMA, Prophet y LSTM), queda claro que la serie de **consumo de gasolina regular** no solo es más "predecible" en términos generales, sino también que el mejor modelo varía según la métrica:

Modelo	Serie	RMSE	MAPE
ARIMA	Importaciones Regular	94099	7.07 %
	Consumos Regular	49 492	4.39%
Prophet	Importaciones Regular	107 492	9.88%
	Consumos Regular	38 262	3.38 %
LSTM	Importaciones Regular	~870 4651	_
	Consumos Regular	~8553491	_

#### 1. Importaciones Regular

- El ARIMA obtuvo aquí un RMSE mucho menor que Prophet (≈94 k vs 107 k).
- Sin embargo, el LSTM, en el ejercicio puntual, quedó con un error gigantesco (~870 k) porque no estaba escalado ni entrenado con la misma granularidad de validación—es decir, para series con grandes rangos absolutos ARIMA/Prophet manejan mejor la escala sin normalizar.

#### 2. Consumos Regular

- El Prophet rindió ligeramente mejor que ARIMA (≈ 38 k vs 49 k), ambos con MAPE por debajo del 5 %.
- El LSTM también arroja un error absoluto menor en consumos (~855 k vs ~870 k en importaciones), aunque, de nuevo, la comparación absoluta

con ARIMA/Prophet no es directa por diferencias de escalado.