

Let's do problems!!

March 6

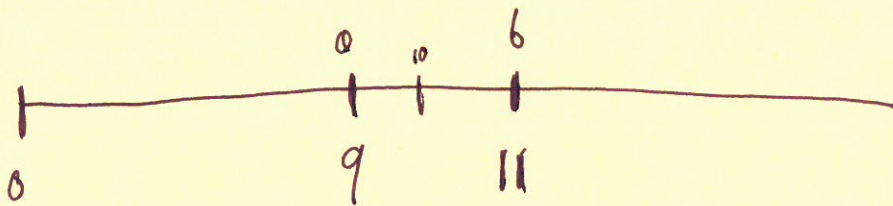
- (1) Give 1 example of when you would use a vector image and 1 example of when you would use a raster.

2) assume I have 2 values

$$a = 9 \quad b = 11$$

give an formulation to linearly interpolate  
between a and b

and give values at  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$  (~~of parametrization~~)  
(at parametrization)



$$9(1-t) + 11t$$

$$t = \frac{1}{4} \quad 9\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) + \frac{11}{4} = 9.5$$

$$t = \frac{1}{2} \quad 9\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{11}{2} = 10$$

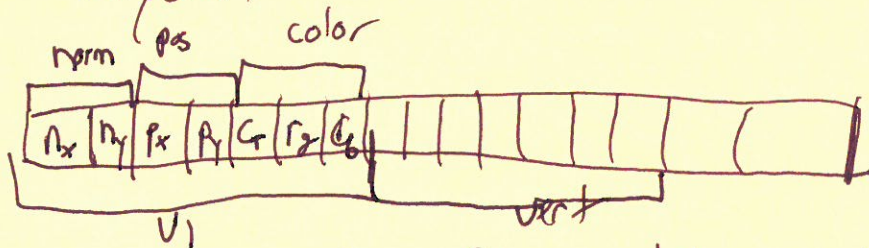
recall the function  
glVertexAttribPointer (, ...)

input into vertex shader to be

#version 330 core

layout (location = 0) in vec2 aNormal;  
layout (location = 1) in vec2 aPos;  
layout (location = 2) in vec3 aColor;

(1) Sketch a picture of the memory layout



(2) give inputs for glVertexAttribPointer  
for this interface



Assume that I have  
a value for the top and  
bottom of a viewport

$$\textcircled{b} \leq y \leq t$$

I need a trans  
 $y \in [b, t] \rightarrow y' \in [-1, 1]$

derive the transformation!

$$b \leq y \leq t$$
$$\Leftrightarrow 0 \leq y - b \leq t - b$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 0 \leq \frac{y - b}{t - b} \leq 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 0 \leq 2 \frac{y - b}{t - b} \leq 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -1 \leq 2 \frac{y - b}{t - b} - 1 \leq 1$$