



CONTROLS
DATA MANAGEMENT
PROCESS AUTOMATION

Three phase thyristor for resistive, inductive and temperature dependent (complex) loads





TC 3001

Three phase thyristor unit for resistive, inductive and temperature dependent (complex) loads

The TC 3001 is a universal thyristor unit used to control a wide selection of three phase loads. It operates with any load configuration for all types of electrical heating. Self contained units are available for currents up to 1000A, above this the control electronics and power module are separate and extend the current capacity up to 1800A and beyond.

The TC 3001 provides precision control of direct and transformer connected heaters, variable temperature coefficient elements (e.g. platinum, tungsten, molybdenum disilicide and silicon carbide), short-wave infrared lamps, induction and RF heating and immersed electrodes for glass heating.

Safety - As with all Eurotherm products the TC 3001 has been designed to ensure operator safety and load protection. When installed and used in compliance with user manual HA174834 it meets the essential requirements of the EEC Low Voltage Directive. The self contained units are fully shrouded in an IP20 rated protective case with commissioning and diagnostics points available on the front fascia. High speed semiconductor fuses and other protection circuits are built in. Automatic alarm shutdown protects the load and supply by quenching the thyristors if the unit detects an abnormal event.

CE mark- The TC3001 is CE marked to show compliance with the essential protection requirements of the Low Voltage Directive. It is designed so that it can be used as part of a CE compliant system but it is the responsibility of the installer to establish the CE compliance of the overall system. The TC3001 technical construction file is approved by a Competent Body (LCIE France). A Declaration of Compliance with the European Directives is available on request.

EMC- Eurotherm certifies that the TC3001 products, when installed and used in accordance with their User Manual, meets the following test standards and enables the system or installation in which they are installed to comply with the EMC Directive with regard to the TC3001 products.

ı	EMC tests	EMC test standa	ards			
Immunity	Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	(06/1995)			
	Fast transients	EN 61000-4-4	(01/1995)			
	Radioelectric frequency	prEN 61000-4-3	(1984)			
	electromagnetic fields					
Emission	Radiated	EN 55011-2	(1991)			
	The choice of the Conducted Emission application standard depends on the					
	application:					
	· EN50081-2 (1991)					
	 Without external filter in Burst firing on resistive load up to 150A nominal With an external series filter for other configurations prEN 61800-3 (1996) 					
	- Without external filter					
	Applies to the second environment (industrial environment)					

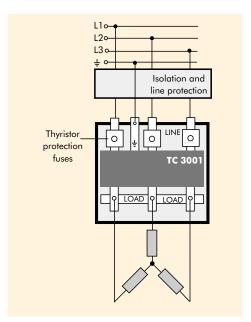
External series filters

To reduce the conducted emissions that occur when using thyristor units, Eurotherm can supply external filters.

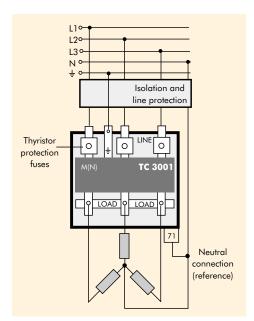
Nominal current of TC3001	Serial filter order code		
25A to 60A 75A to 100A Above 100A consult your Eurotherm office	FILTER/TRI63A/00 FILTER/TRI/100A/00		

Easy to connect to any load - The diagrams show how the TC 3001 can be used with any three phase load (three wire star or delta, four wire star with neutral and six wire open delta). The TC 3001 is insensitive to phase rotation so the phases can be connected in any order. The unit also synchronises itself to the supply frequency, further easing installation.

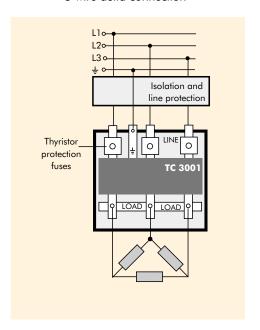
3 wire star connection



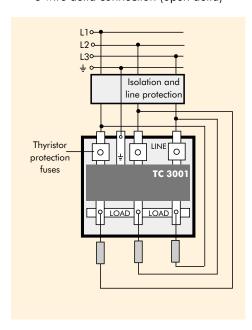
4 wire star connection



3 wire delta connection

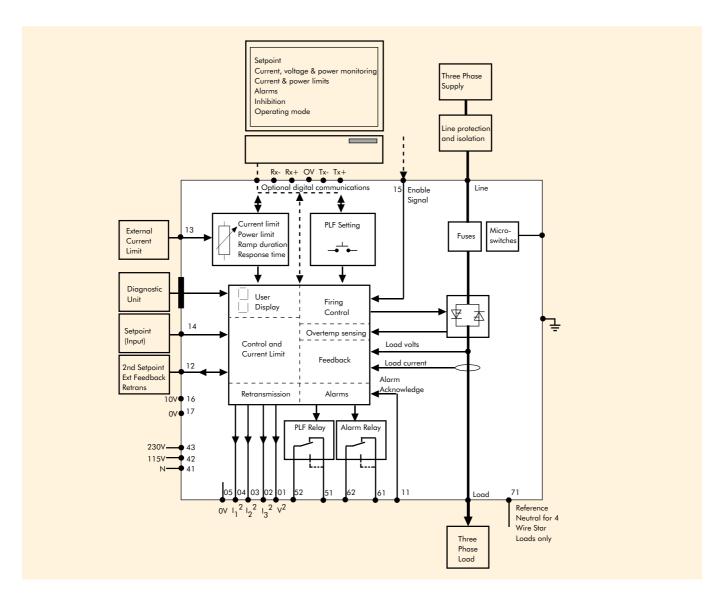


6 wire delta connection (open delta)



Digital communications - The TC 3001 is available with digital communications option giving access to all operating parameters of the thyristor unit. Especially important for supervisory systems are:

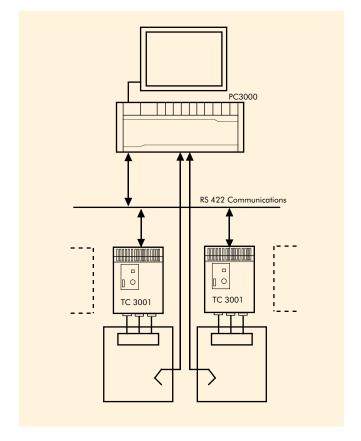
- Power setpoint
- Load and supply alarms
- Line current in all three phases
- Line voltage
- Load power
- PLF and current limit settings
- Operating mode



TC3001 with optional digital communications

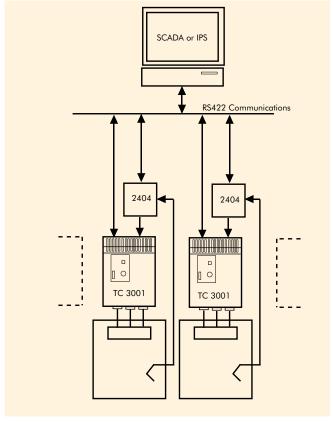
Digital communications applications

Full remote control - Allows the TC 3001 to be totally controlled over the digital communications link by a central control system such as Eurotherm's PC 3000 or a PLC. Simplified control wiring leads to significant cost savings - a single communications link connects a number of power switches. Removing the need for analogue outputs in the central system also saves money. The second advantage is better control at the central system which now has full knowledge of load state, power, current and voltage. Special control strategies can be implemented using this extra information .



Local control, remote monitoring - Digital communications also permits easy integration of the TC 3001 into plant supervisory system, a SCADA package or Eurotherm's IPSG for example.

The TC 3001 is controlled using its analogue input by a temperature controller in the normal way and the communications link allows a central monitoring station to log operating data and alert operators to alarms and other abnormal conditions. This gives the plant manager better control of his energy costs and allows scheduled maintenance to reduce the risk of breakdowns and maximise production.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Current 25A to 1000A Self contained. 1350A to 1800A using separate driver and power assemblies. (Higher ratings available on special order)

Rated voltage 240V to 690V line to line (+10%, -15%).

Operating voltage 100V to 690V line to line

Unit inhibited below 70% of calibrated operating voltage (or 50% if selected)

Supply frequency 42Hz to 68Hz with automatic sensing. Unit inhibited outside 40Hz to 70Hz

Auxiliary supply 100V to 240V (+10%, -15%). Selected when ordering. Consumption 20VA plus fans (see below)

Environment Pollution degree 2 (IEC 664)
Altitude Maximum altitude 2000m

Storage temperature -10°C to 70°C

Operating temperature 0°C to 50°C with unit mounted vertically. 40°C for 500A units (50°C if derated to 450A)

Cooling Natural cooling up to 75A

Two fans for 100A and 250A, (additional auxiliary supply consumption 25VA per fan) air flow 160 Cu M/H each Three fans from 300A to 500A, (additional auxiliary supply consumption 25VA per fan) air flow 160 Cu M/H each

One fan for 700A and 1000A (115 VA) air flow 1060 Cu M/H

Two fans for 1150A to 1800A (115 VA each) air flow 1060 Cu M/H each

Over-temperature shutdown for fan cooled units

Power dissipation Allow for 2Watts per amp per phase (includes thyristors and fuses)

Humidity 5% to 95% RH non condensing

Enclosure protection IP20 (IEC 529)

Electrical safety Complies with EEC Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC dated 19/2/73 amended by directive 93/68/EEC dated 22/7/93

EN 61010 installation category 3 (voltage transients must not exceed 4.0KV)

Electrical protection RC snubber network and varistor

Built in high speed fuses for thyristor protection only. Line protection to be provided separately

Installation

Dimensions See back page

Weight Up to 150A - 16Kg; 250A - 18Kg; 300A to 500A - 21Kg, 750 to 1000A - 46Kg

Load

Load types Resistive, short-wave infrared, inductive, transformer and temperature dependent resistive

Load configuration 3 wire star, 4 wire star with neutral, 3 wire delta, 6 wire open delta

Control type Three phases of a three phase system

Phase rotation Phase rotation insensitive - connect phases in any order

Operation

Firing modes Logic, single cycle, burst (1 to 255 supply cycles), phase angle

Phase angle start, or start and end, for use with logic and burst firing for control of inductive loads

and to reduce flicker interference from very large loads. (Order URP or UDR for soft start or soft start and end)

Delayed firing Delayed firing of first cycle with burst or logic firing into inductive loads to control current surges

Safety ramp A 32 supply cycles initial (safety) ramp is selectable for use on each power up

Current limit Senses three line currents. Compares the highest with front panel setting or external current limit if used. Exceeding the limit

quenches firing (logic or burst mode) or reduces firing angle to limit current (phase angle)

Adjustments Burst length, soft start/end length, firing delay, ramp length PLF adjustment, setpoint limit and current limit can all be adjusted by front

panel potentiometers

Firing rotation For resistive loads the first thyristor fired for each burst is rotated for equal power distribution throughout the load

(order Load type = RES). This rotation is suppressed for inductive loads to avoid current surges (order Load type = IND)

Retransmission

Current $I_{1}^{2}, I_{2}^{2}, I_{3}^{2}$. 0-10V = 0-100% of nominal current

Voltage V^2 . 0-10V=0-100% of calibrated operating voltage²

Controlled parameter Either V_{LOAD}², VxI, I_{AVE}² or external feedback depending on control mode 0-10V = 0-100% of controlled parameter

Control

Analogue input Voltage: 0-5V, 1-5V, 0-10V, 2-10V. Input impedance $> 100k\Omega$

Current: 0-20mA, 4-20mA. Input impedance = 100Ω

Second input Same input ranges, minimum of two inputs wins (only without digital communications)

Logic input Range selected from analogue input. >50% =ON, <25%=OFF

Control modes V^2 Normal mode to eliminate power variations caused by supply fluctuations

(feedback) V x I True power control for use without closed loop temperature control or for specialist applications

Leading of glass under special circumstances

External input Controls an externally measured parameter (e.g. direct voltage or current after rectification) l^2 to V^2 transfer For best temperature control of variable resistance elements over large temperature ranges

(only with digital communications)

Setpoint limit Proportional scaling of setpoint signal by front fascia potentiometer (P3)

Feedback linearity Phase angle $\pm 1\%$, Burst firing $\pm 2\%$ for all feedback modes

Stability Phase angle ±1%, Burst firing ±2% for +10% to -15% supply variation, for 0°C to 50°C ambient temperature and for load impedance

changes of $\pm 30\%$ (for V x I or I^2 control)

Alarms

Inhibition alarms Loss of one phase of the supply

Under voltage (70% or 50% of calibrated operating voltage depending on configuration)

Frequency outside 40 to 70Hz limits Over current (logic or burst firing)

Thyristor short circuit (Note with short circuit thyristors, current can continue to flow)

Indicating alarms

Over voltage (indication 20% above calibrated operating voltage)

Partial load failure (PLF). Detection one in four to one in eight parallel identical elements per limb of the three phase load.

(PLF sensitivity depends on load configuration and only works above 10% of nominal current)

Load unbalance

Alarm indication Front fascia display, two relays and optional digital communications

Alarm acknowledge External contact to acknowledge alarms and resume normal operation

Digital communications (optional)

Physical link RS422 (4 wire) or RS485 (2 or 4 wire)

Protocol EUROTHERM, MODBUS® or JBUS® also PROFIBUS (consult Eurotherm)

Baud rate 9600 or 19200 baud

Options Communications module also has additional analogue and digital I/O

ORDERING CODE

Basic Product	Current	Max. Line to Line Voltage	Auxiliary Supply	Operating Voltage	Input	Firing Mode		np, soft t/end	Load Connection	Load Type	PLF C	urve
TC 3001												
Current			Code	Auxiliary Supp	ly	Cod	de	Input				Code
25 amps			25A	100 volts		100	VO	0-5 vc	olts			0V5
40 amps			40A	110 to 120 volts		110V12	20	1-5 vc	olts			1V5
60 amps			60A	200 volts		200	VO	0-10	volts			0V10
75 amps			75A	220 to 240 volts		220V2	40	2-10	volts			2V10
100 amps †			100A					0-20n	nΑ		01	mA20
150 amps †			150A	Operating Vol	tage			4-20n	nΑ		41	mA20
250 amps †			250A	100 volts		100	VO					
300 amps †			300A	110 volts		110	VO	Firing	g Mode			
400 amps †			400A	115 volts		115	5V	Logic	(On/Off)			LGC
500 amps †			500A	120 volts		120	VO	Phase	angle			PA
700 amps †			700A	200 volts		200	VO	Burst		1 peri	iod	FC1
1000 amps †			1000A	220 volts		220	VO			2 perio	ods	FC2
1150 amps †	. *		1150A	230 volts		230	VO			4 perio	ods	FC4
1350 amps †	*		1350A	240 volts		240	VO			8 perio	ods	FC8
1500 amps †	. *		1500A	277 volts		277	7V			16 perio	ods	C16
1800 amps †	. *		1800A	380 volts		380	VO			32 perio	ods	C32
† fan cooled				400 volts		400	VO			64 perio	ods	C64
* Separate M	C3001 Driver a	ınd stack		415 volts		415	5V			128 perio	ods	128
Maximum L	ine to Line Vo	oltage		440 volts		440	VO			255 perio	ods	255
240 volts			240V	480 volts		480	VO	Phase	angle burst	1 peri	iod	HC1
440 volts			440V	500 volts		500	VO			2 perio	ods	HC2
480 volts			480V	600 volts		600	VO			4 perio	ods	HC4
500 volts			500V	660 volts		660	VO			8 perio	ods	HC8
690 volts ††			690V	690 volts		690	VO			16 perio	ods	H16
†† Note 690	volt units have i	increased dime	nsions.							32 perio	ods	H32
See diagrams	s.									64 perio	ods	H64
										128 perio	ods	H28
										255 perio	ods	H55

Ramp, soft start/end	Code
No ramp	NRP
Soft start of burst	URP
Soft start and end of burst	UDR
Load Connection	
3 Wire delta	3D
3 Wire star	3S
4 Wire star with neutral	48
6 Wire open delta	6D
Load Type	
Transformer	IND
Other loads	RES
Partial Load Failure (PLF curve)	
Standard curve	SD
Short-wave infrared curve	†† IR
Control Mode (feedback)	
V^2	V2
12	12
Power	W
I ² /V ² transfer	†† TR
External (see inputs and outputs)	EX

Control

Mode

Current

Limit

Inputs and

Outputs

Manual

Language

PLU Alarm

Current Limit		Code
Limit threshold for phase	angle, phas	e angle
burst and burst with URP or	UDR firing r	nodes
Digital communications		†† LCOM
Potentiometer on front fasc	ia	LINT
External signal	0-5V	L0V5
	1-5V	LIV5
	0-10V	L0V10
	2-10V	L2V10
	0-20mA	L0mA20
	4-20mA	L4mA20
Chop off for logic, and burn or UDR)	st tiring (with	
Digital communications Potentiometer on front fasc		†† COM
	0-5V	C0V5
External signal		
	1-5V	CIV5
	0-10V	C0V10
	2-10V	C2V10
	0-20mA	C0mA20
	4-20mA	C4mA20
Inputs and Outputs **		
0-10V controlled parameter		
0-10V external feedback (if	"EX" selecte	d) E0VI0

Comms

Mode

Comms

Protocol

Fuses

Options

PLU Alarm		Code
Detection disabled		000
Open in alarm		PLU
Closed in alarm		IPU
Manual language		
English		ENG
French		FRA
German		GER
Communications Mod	le/Speed	
No comms		000
Read only at	9600 bauds	R96
	19200 bauds	R192
Profibus read only		RAUT
Read and write at	9600 bauds	W96
	19200 bauds	W192
Profibus read and write		WAUT
Communications Prot	ocol	
EUROTHERM		EIP
JBUS®		JBP
MODBUS®		MOP
PROFIBUS		PFP
Fuses		
Internal fuses		FUSES
Fuses with microswitch		FUMS
No fuse		NOFUSE

SPARE FUSES

Unit Current	Fuse Part No.
25A	LA172468U050
40A	LA172468U080
60A	LA172468U080
75A	LA172468U100
100A	LA172468U125
150A	LA172468U200
250A	LA172468U315
300A	LA172468U400
400A	LA172468U500
500A	LA172468U630
700A	CS175633U900
1000A	CS175633U1250

Please note that replacement fuses are marked with a higher current rating than the thyristors. This allows correct operation up to 50°C and does not imply that higher current is permissible.

EXTRAS

0-10V second setpoint

	Code
Diagnostic unit (240V)	260-13-00

Only available with digital communications

PLF closed in alarm (normally open in alarm) IPF

Options

W0VI0

Fan cooled Other specialist options available. Contact Eurotherm Controls for details.

ORDERING CODE (continued)

Maximum line to line and operating voltage

The TC 3001 comes with different voltage thyristors. Select the "Maximum Line to Line voltage" which is closest above the *line to line* voltage for your application for *all* load configurations including four wire star loads with neutral. For best compensation for power supply fluctuations select the "Operating Voltage" nearest to the application *line to line* voltage.

Firing mode

• Logic or burst firing:

Logic firing works with logic output temperature controllers. Power is on or off depending on the logic signal.

Burst firing works with analogue output temperature controllers or PLCs. The TC 3001 time proportions power to match demand. Burst firing gives supply voltage compensation to improve temperature control. The burst length should match the size of the load: we suggest 16 period bursts for small loads, 255 periods for large loads. Reduce burst length if the temperature fluctuates with the bursts. Increase the length to reduce flicker interference to the supply. The burst length is easily changed during commissioning.

• **Single cycle or phase angle firing:** Phase angle firing gives the smoothest and fastest reacting power delivery but it can generate interference. Single cycle firing generates less interference as it delivers only whole supply cycles.

Ramp, soft start/end

If the load cannot tolerate abrupt power changes order URP for ramped power increases or, UDR for ramped increases and decreases .

For inductive loads using burst firing order URP for a soft phase angle start to each burst.

For reduced flicker interference from large loads order UDR for a soft start and end with logic or burst firing.

Load type

If load type (IND) is used, phase rotation is suppressed to reduce current surges. Load type RES provides full phase rotation.

Transformers

Magnetic saturation in a transformer core can cause current surges so firing modes must be selected carefully. Phase angle firing is always acceptable, but may need additional EMC filtering. Burst firing is acceptable with either a firing delay or phase angle start to each burst. If delayed firing is used the delay must be set when commissioning. The transformer must be designed using a flux density of 1.2 TESLA (Weber per square metre) or less so that it does not saturate when fed with a non-sinusoidal supply voltage on the primary. Such a voltage is provided by phase angle firing.

PLF curve

In addition to the standard curve (SD), the TC 3001 has a special curve to detect the failure of short-wave infrared elements. Select (IR) to use it. (Only available with digital comms).

Control mode

Option V^2 gives compensation for supply variations and is suitable for most applications. Current, power and external control modes are available. Please consult Eurotherm for more information on these alternatives.

Current limit

The TC 3001 senses load current and compares it with a preset limit. For logic and burst firing the TC 3001 is quenched if the limit is exceeded. For phase angle firing the firing angle is reduced to limit the current. The limit is set by front fascia potentiometer, external input or optional digital communications.

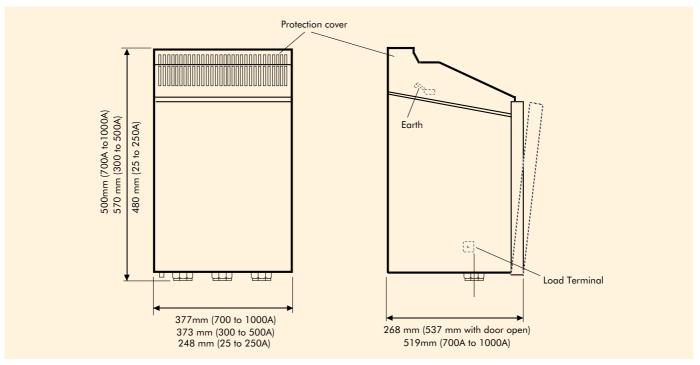
Inputs and outputs

For simplicity only the code for 0-10V retransmission or second setpoint are shown, other ranges are available.

PLU (partial load unbalance) enable

If your load is unbalanced (25% difference between line currents) then select 'PLU Detection Disabled' to avoid nuisance alarms.

DIMENSIONAL DETAILS



NOTE: 690V units up to 500A are the same size as the 500A units shown

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