

# Domain Applications

Week 11: Code, Finance, and Healthcare Agents

PhD Course in Agentic Artificial Intelligence

12-Week Research-Level Course

## Bloom's Taxonomy Levels Covered

- **Remember:** Define SWE-bench, code agent, FinAgent, clinical decision support
- **Understand:** Explain domain-specific requirements for agent deployment
- **Apply:** Implement a code agent using flow engineering (structured pipelines)
- **Analyze:** Compare agent architectures across different domains
- **Evaluate:** Assess regulatory and safety requirements for each domain
- **Create:** Design a domain-specific agent with appropriate safeguards

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By end of lecture, you will understand how agents adapt to real-world domains.

## High Maturity: Software Development

- Clear success criteria (tests pass, code works)
- Sandboxed execution environments
- Active deployment: GitHub Copilot, Cursor, Devin

## Medium Maturity: Finance

- Well-defined tasks (analysis, research, reporting)
- Heavy regulatory constraints (compliance)
- Emerging: Trading assistants, document analysis

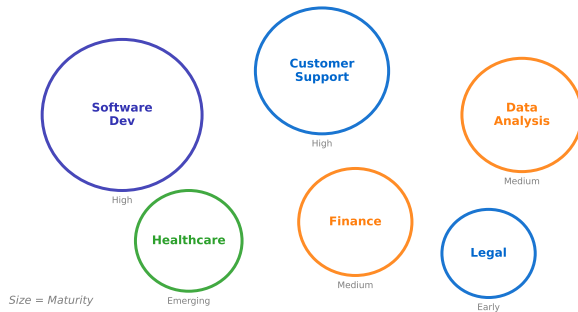
## Emerging: Healthcare

- High stakes, requires human oversight
- Regulatory approval (FDA, HIPAA)
- Focus: Decision support, not autonomous action

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Maturity correlates with ability to verify outputs and contain errors.

## Agent Application Domains



Software development leads in maturity; healthcare is emerging.

# Code Agents: The Leading Domain

## Why Code is Ideal for Agents

- Clear success criteria: Tests pass or fail
- Safe sandbox: Run code in containers
- Immediate feedback: Execution reveals errors
- Rich context: Codebase provides grounding

## Key Capabilities

- Bug fixing and debugging
- Feature implementation from specifications
- Code review and refactoring
- Documentation generation

## Current State

- SWE-bench: Best agents solve ~50% of real GitHub issues
- Production systems: Copilot, Cursor, Devin, Claude Code

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Code agents now outperform average developers on specific benchmarks.

## **SWE-bench (Jimenez et al., 2024)**

- 2,294 real GitHub issues from 12 Python repositories
- Task: Generate code patch to resolve issue
- Verification: Patch must pass repository tests

## **AlphaCodium: Flow Engineering (Ridnik et al., 2024)**

- Structured multi-stage pipeline (not single-shot)
- Stages: Problem reflection, public tests, AI tests, code iteration
- Key insight: Test against multiple cases before submitting

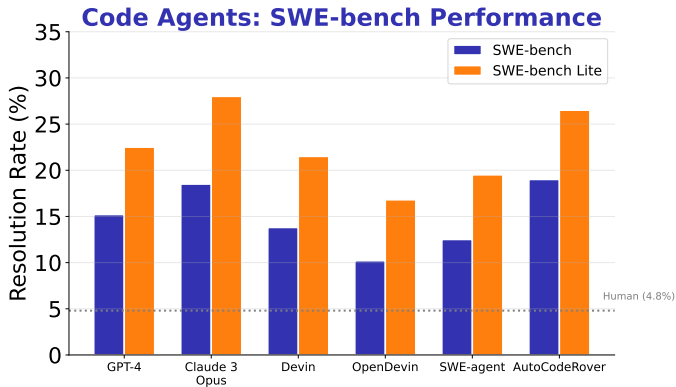
## **Flow Engineering Principles**

- Break complex tasks into simpler stages
- Generate and run tests iteratively
- Use structured output at each stage

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Flow engineering = structured pipelines for complex coding tasks.

# Code Agents: SWE-bench Performance



Code agents now outperform average human developers on SWE-bench.

## High-Value Applications

- **Research:** Earnings analysis, market research synthesis
- **Trading:** Strategy backtesting, execution assistance
- **Compliance:** Regulatory document analysis, audit trails
- **Operations:** Report generation, data reconciliation

## Unique Challenges

- **Regulatory:** SEC, FINRA, MiFID II compliance requirements
- **Explainability:** Must justify recommendations
- **Latency:** Markets move in milliseconds
- **Risk:** Errors have direct financial consequences

## Current Deployments

- **FinAgent:** Multimodal trading agent (research)
- **Bloomberg Terminal AI:** Document analysis, Q&A

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Finance requires compliance (regulatory) awareness at every step.



## Finance Agent Applications

### Research

Market analysis  
News synthesis  
Report generation

### Trading

Strategy backtest  
Risk assessment  
Portfolio opt

### Compliance

Regulatory check  
Audit support  
Documentation

### Advisory

Client profiling  
Recommendation  
Explain decisions

### Operations

Data extraction  
Reconciliation  
Exception handling

### Risk Mgmt

Scenario analysis  
Stress testing  
Early warning

Finance agents span research, trading, compliance, and operations.

## Architecture (Li et al., 2024)

- Multimodal: Text (news, filings), numeric (prices, fundamentals), charts
- Dual memory: Short-term (recent trades), long-term (market patterns)
- Tool use: Market data APIs, technical indicators, portfolio analytics

## Key Components

- **Market Perception:** Process multi-modal market signals
- **Agent Memory:** Store and retrieve trading experience
- **Decision Module:** ReAct-style reasoning for trade decisions

## Results

- Outperforms baselines on paper trading benchmarks
- Caveat: Simulated environment, not live trading

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Multimodal perception is critical for financial markets.

## Potential Applications

- Clinical decision support (diagnosis assistance)
- Drug interaction checking
- Patient triage and routing
- Medical literature synthesis

## Critical Constraints

- **Regulation:** FDA approval for clinical use
- **Privacy:** HIPAA compliance required
- **Liability:** Who is responsible for errors?
- **Verification:** Medical claims must be evidence-based

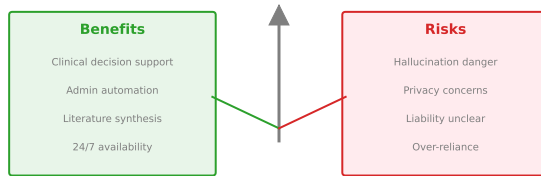
## Current Approach

- Human-in-the-loop: Agents suggest, clinicians decide
- Focus on augmentation, not automation

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Healthcare agents must support clinicians, not replace them.

## Healthcare Agent Considerations



**Human oversight essential | Narrow use cases first**

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**Healthcare requires careful balance of benefits vs risks.**

## Verification Strategy by Domain

- **Code:** Run tests, syntax checking, type checking
- **Finance:** Backtesting, compliance rules, risk limits
- **Healthcare:** Evidence linking, confidence thresholds, human review

## Human-in-the-Loop Intensity

- **Code:** Low (automated tests catch most errors)
- **Finance:** Medium (compliance review for significant actions)
- **Healthcare:** High (clinician approval for all recommendations)

## Common Success Factors

- Domain-specific tools and knowledge bases
- Clear escalation paths for uncertainty
- Audit trails for accountability

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Adapt verification intensity to domain risk level.

## This Week

- Jimenez et al. (2024). “SWE-bench: Can Language Models Resolve Real-World GitHub Issues?” arXiv:2310.06770
- Ridnik et al. (2024). “AlphaCodium: Code Generation with Flow Engineering.” arXiv:2401.08500
- Li et al. (2024). “FinAgent: A Multimodal Foundation Agent for Financial Trading.” arXiv:2402.18485

## Supplementary

- Yang et al. (2024). “SWE-agent: Agent-Computer Interfaces Enable Software Engineering.” arXiv:2405.15793
- Singhal et al. (2023). “Large Language Models Encode Clinical Knowledge.” Nature

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Focus on SWE-bench for understanding code agent evaluation.

# Summary and Key Takeaways

## Domain Insights

- **Code:** Most mature; clear success criteria, safe sandboxing
- **Finance:** High value but requires compliance awareness
- **Healthcare:** Highest stakes; human oversight essential

## Design Principles

- Match verification intensity to domain risk
- Build domain-specific tools and knowledge
- Design clear human escalation paths

## Next Week

- Research Frontiers and Final Projects

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Domain expertise + agent capabilities = real-world impact.