

## L05: PCA & t-SNE

### Dimensionality Reduction for Visualization and Preprocessing

Methods and Algorithms – MSc Data Science

**By the end of this lecture, you will be able to:**

- ① Apply PCA for dimensionality reduction and feature extraction
- ② Interpret variance explained and choose number of components
- ③ Use t-SNE for visualization of high-dimensional data
- ④ Compare linear (PCA) vs non-linear (t-SNE) methods

**Finance Application:** Portfolio risk decomposition, asset clustering

From many features to meaningful low-dimensional representations

# The Business Problem

## Curse of Dimensionality

- Portfolio with 100+ assets: hard to visualize relationships
- Customer data with dozens of features: redundant information
- High dimensions cause sparsity and computational issues

## Solutions

- **PCA:** Linear projection preserving maximum variance
- **t-SNE:** Non-linear embedding preserving local structure

Reduce dimensions while preserving important information

## Scree Plot: Choosing Components

01\_scree\_plot/chart.pdf

02\_principal\_components/chart.pdf

03\_reconstruction/chart.pdf

## t-SNE: Perplexity Effect

04\_tsne\_perplexity/chart.pdf

05\_pca\_vs\_tsne/chart.pdf

06\_cluster\_preservation/chart.pdf

07\_decision\_flowchart/chart.pdf