

# When NOT to Use Neural Networks

*(Sometimes simpler is better)*

## Small Dataset

N < 1000 samples  
NNs will overfit; use linear models, trees

## Interpretability Required

Need to explain decisions  
(medical, legal, finance)

## Tabular Data

Structured data with few features  
Gradient boosting often wins

## Simple Relationships

Linear or nearly linear patterns  
Linear regression works fine

## Limited Compute

Edge devices, real-time constraints  
Simpler models are faster

## Domain Knowledge Exists

Physics, rules are known  
Encode them directly

**Decision Rule: Start simple, add complexity only when needed**

Linear Model -> Decision Trees/Boosting -> Neural Networks

## DO Use NNs When:

- + Large dataset (N > 10,000)
- + Complex patterns (images, text, audio)
- + High-dimensional inputs

## Strong Alternatives:

- + State-of-the-art needed
- + ~~XGBoost / LightGBM~~  
Ample compute available
- Random Forest
- Logistic/Linear Regression
- Support Vector Machines
- Bayesian methods