Week 9 - Assignment

1) Use R to figure out how many elements in the vector below are greater than 2. rooms <- c(1, 5, 2, 3, 1, NA, 3, 1, 3, 2, NA, 1, 8, 3, 1, 4, NA, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1, 7, 1, NA, 4, 3, 1, 7, 2, 1, NA, 1, 1, 3)

Use R to figure out how many elements in the vector below are greater than 2.

Trin 1

We have tried to simplify the process by asking ChatGPT for a simpler command that would do the same calculation and achieve the same result by using a simplified formula.

Trin 2 - Kommandoen

The formula used, as suggested by ChatGPT, is "sum(rooms > 2, na.rm = TRUE)"

Trin 3 - Script

```
##Bruger R til at finde ud af, hvor mange elementer der er større end 2 rooms <- c(1, 5, 2, 3, 1, NA, 3, 1, 3, 2, NA, 1, 8, 3, 1, 4, NA, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1, rooms

#Tæller elementer større end 2, uden at tage højde for NAs.

sum(rooms > 2, na.rm = TRUE)
```

Trin 4 - Console

```
> sum(rooms>2 , na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 13
```

Trin 5 - Resultatet

The result would then be 13 values, greater than 2

2) Which function tells you the type of data the 'rooms' vector above contains?

Which function tells you the type of data the 'rooms' vector above contains?

Trin 1

We have tried to simplify the process by asking ChatGPT for a simpler command that would do the same calculation and achieve the same result by using a simplified formula.

Trin 2 - Kommandoen

By using the function "class(rooms)", R will tell you the definition of *rooms*.

Trin 3 - Script

Which function tells you the type of data the 'rooms' vector above contains? class(rooms)

Trin 4 - Console

```
> class(rooms)
[1] "numeric"
```

Trin 5 - Resultatet

R will then classify *rooms* as a numeric value

3) What is the result of running the median() function on the above 'rooms' vector?

What is the result of running the median() function on the above 'rooms' vector?

Trin 1

We ran the median function on the "rooms" vector in chatGPT and got 2 as the result.

Trin 2 - Kommandoen

By using the function"median(rooms, na.rm = TRUE)", R will tell you the median.

Trin 3 - Script

```
# What is the result of running the median() function on the above 'rooms' vector? median(rooms, na.rm = TRUE)
```

Trin 4 - Console

```
> median(rooms , na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 2
```

Trin 5 - Resultatet

The Median is 2

4) In order to submit a screenshot of RStudio, do the following first: Inside your R Project (.Rproj), install the 'tidyverse' package and use the download.file() and read_csv() function to read the SAFI_clean.csv dataset into your R project as 'interviews' digital object (see instructions in https://datacarpentry.org/r-socialsci/setup.html and 'Starting with Data' section). Take a screenshot of your RStudio interface showing

a) the line of code you used to create the object 'interviews', incl. the output in the console

Trin 1

We installed the install.packages ("tidyverse")

Trin 2 - Kommandoen

By using the function"interviews <- read csv("data/SAFI clean.csv", na="NULL")"

Trin 3 - Script

```
install.packages("tidyverse")
library(tidyverse)
```

```
interviews <- read_csv("data/SAFI_clean.csv" , na="NULL")</pre>
```

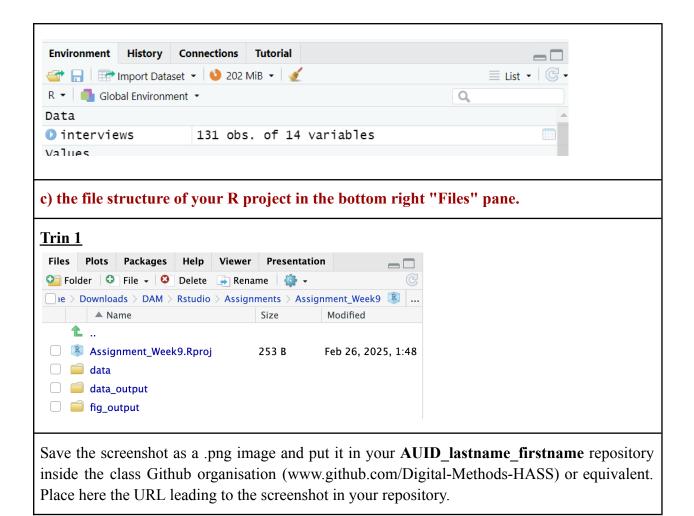
Trin 4 - Console

Trin 5 - Resultatet

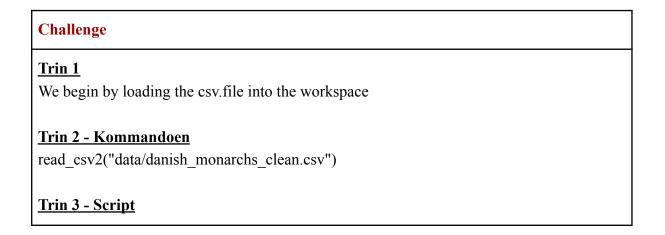
See above

b) the 'interviews' object in the "Environment" top right pane, and

Trin 1



5) Challenge: Tidy up your Danish monarchs dataset (you created last week) sufficiently so that you can load it into R as a tibble using the read_csv() and calculate the mean() and median() duration of their rule over time. Remember you can reload the dataset infinitely and tweak the loading as you discover issues:)



```
read_csv2("data/danish_monarchs_clean.csv")
  konger <- read_csv2("data/danish_monarchs_clean.csv")</pre>
  Periode <- konger["Periode"]
  Periode_uden_NA <- Periode[!is.na(Periode)]
  mean(Periode_uden_NA)
  median(Periode_uden_NA)
Trin 4 - Console
Rows: 54 Columns: 14
   Column specification
Delimiter:
chr (5): 51kker_Foedsels_aar, Sikker_doeds_aar, Sikker_start_ regeringsaar, Sikker_slut_regeringsaar, Navn dbl (9): Foedsels_aar, Foedsels_maaned, Foedsels_dag, Doeds_aar, Doeds_maaned, Doeds_dag, Start_regeringsaar, Slut_regeringsa...
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. 
 i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
   A tibble: 54 × 14
Foedsels_aar Foedsels_maaned Foedsels_dag Sikker_Foedsels_aar Doeds_aar Doeds_maaned Doeds_dag Sikker_doeds_aar
                                         <db1> <chr>
             908
                                            NA Usikker
                                                                          987
                                                                                                   NA Sikker
                                            NA Usikker
                                                                                                   NA Sikker
             NA
                              NA
                                            NA Usikker
                                                                         1018
                                                                                         NA
                                                                                                   NA Sikker
             995
                                            NA Sikker
NA Sikker
                                                                                                   NA Sikker
NA Sikker
                                                                         <u>1</u>035
            1020
                                                                         1042
                                                                                         NA
                                            NA Sikker
NA Usikker
                                                                         1047
1047
                                                                                                   NA Sikker
28 Sikker
            <u>1</u>024
                                                                                                   NA Sikker
7 Sikker
             NΑ
                                            NA Usikker
                                                                         1080
# i 44 more rows
# i6 more variables: Start_regeringsaar <dbl>, Slut_regeringsaar <dbl>, Periode <dbl>, `Sikker_start_ regeringsaar` <chr>, # Sikker_slut_regeringsaar <chr>, Navn <chr> # i Use `print(n = ...)` to see more rows
 > Periode <- konger["Periode"]
 > Periode_uden_NA <- Periode[!is.na(Periode)]
 > mean(Periode_uden_NA)
 [1] 18.92157
 > median(Periode_uden_NA)
 [1] 16
Trin 5 - Resultatet
The Mean is 18.92157
The Median is 16
```