Week 2/24-2/28 Notes

- Downloaded Kafka, mySQL, and Docker onto personal computer

My Task:

Create Python Function for Randomization of Kafka Topic Name for login/registry:

Conditions:

 Make sure name doesn't already exist in database (can't have two of the same name)

Note: we want to use random words (not numbers) for this name to make it easier to understand

Right now:

```
topic_name = None

# Special case: If entity is an "Agent", create a Kafka topic

if entity_type == "Agent":

topic_name = data["name"].replace(" ", "_").lower()

create_kafka_topic(topic_name)

send_kafka_message(topic_name, {"message": f"New Agent registered: {data['name']}"})

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```

Potential Libraries:

random-word:

- Library used to generate random words (simply/easy)
 - Appends random names to Kafka Topic Name

faker:

- Library used to generate random words, names, addresses
 - Appends random names to Kafka Topic Name
 - Can generate wider variety of random data

Consider:

If name doesn't already exist in database:

Keep name as is (ex. "example_agent_1")

OR

Append random words to all names so that all Kafka Topic Names are randomized

For Next Week:

- Check status of my team
- Share my own progress
- Come up with next task
- Status review

Progress

 Registered myself in the system and generated my private key so that I can register an Agent (Test my code)

- Randomization of Kafka Topic Name
 - Stored in Database

Next steps:

Add code to newest version

- Working on Next Task:
 - Tests need to be done by 3/20
 - Researching how we can host the HSML API
 - Needs to be able to access it and call it from BL Plugin
 - Idea: takes input, authenticates and provides access to Kafka topic (question: should it be in EC2 container/inside local server? How to securely host it?

Note:

- Verification Codes Doc in GitHub (functions & missing functions)

Running in Kafka/Docker Environment (as a package)

Pros:

- Everything is centralized
- Easier to manage
- Can integrate Kafka for logging in/failed logins

Cons:

- Issues with scaling (if there's high traffic)
- Security might need additional attention (making sure Docker network is secure)

Running in EC2 Container

Pros:

- Easier to scale
- Integrates with AWS services
- Requires less management

Cons:

Less direct control

*Likely the more secure option

Additional:

Want full control:

- Kubernetes (EKS) or EC2 with Docker

Kubernetes: auto-scaling, self-healing, better security, high availability

Less management:

AWS Fargate (check next slide)

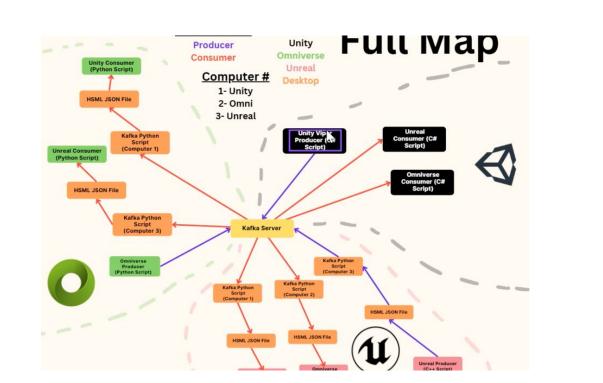
Hosting HSML API

- AWS ECS (Elastic Container Service) with Fargate (could be better choice)
 - Works well for Kafka-based API authentication system
 - High availability
 - Auto-scaling

"AWS Fargate is a serverless compute engine that allows users to run containers without managing servers. It works with Amazon Elastic Container Service (ECS) and Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (EKS). "

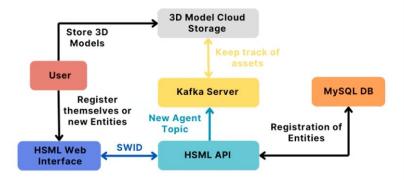
EC2: best option

- Full control
- Comfortable managing Docker & security ourselves
- Direct, simple, Kafka integration
- Don't need auto-scaling

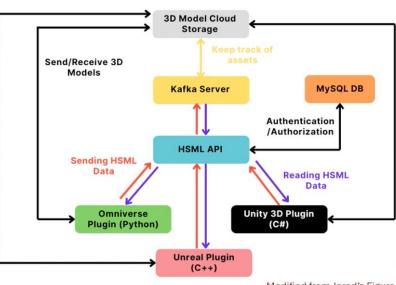


Demo System Architecture

Registration



High Level Design



Modified from Jared's Figure