InsightCloud

API/Developer Documentation

Version 0.6 Beta

September 03, 2015

Contents

Revision Table

Version Number	Date	Description	Authors
0.0 Beta	08/15/2014	First Draft for initial release	DigitalGlobe
0.1 Beta	02/11/2015	Second Draft updated to include new features and updated widgets.	DigitalGlobe
0.2 Beta	04/21/2015	Third Draft updated to include new features and updated widgets.	DigitalGlobe
0.3 Beta	05/27/2015	Fourth Draft updated to include new features and updated widgets.	DigitalGlobe
0.4 Beta	06/09/2015	Fifth Draft updated to include new features and updated widgets.	DigitalGlobe
0.5 Beta	07/23/2015	Sixth Draft updated to include new features and updated widgets.	DigitalGlobe
0.6 Beta	09/03/2015	Seventh Draft updated to include new features and updated widgets.	DigitalGlobe

1 Scope

1.1 Identification

This document applies to InsightCloud Version 0.6 Beta Dated 09/03/2015.

1.2 System Overview

The DigitalGlobe InsightCloud combines an open data processing environment with powerful geospatial analytic algorithms and easy to use tools. The result is that our customers are able to cost effectively exploit massive amounts of location data in near real-time. The InsightCloud abstracts data management, application logic, and the user experience. Our customers can fuse DigitalGlobe Geospatial Big Data™ with their native and 3rd party sources. Experts can design custom Map Algebra algorithms within our framework and our Open APIs enable our analytics to integrate into end user workflows.

Insight Explorer	A portfolio of "easy button" analytic applications that enable interactive mission planning and collaborative mapping at global scale
GBD Analytic Toolkit	A portfolio of geospatial analytic tools that enable interactive analysis of massive volumes of raster and vector data to enable mission planning, predictive modeling, and real-time situational awareness. The GBD Analytic Toolkit leverages the core algorithms of Signature Analyst™ a patented tool that discover unseen patterns in spatial data.
Geospatial Data Hub	A big data processing and exploitation environment built on the Cloudera Enterprise Data Hub that has been adapted to process and exploit high resolution imagery, terrain, map features, human geography, movement tracks, and social media at global scale.

InsightCloud can be delivered via an On-Premise or Software as a Service (SaaS) model. Our On-Premise solution operates within the emerging IC ITE and DCGS Architectures. Our SaaS model runs in the Amazon Cloud and our Classified Datacenter in Herndon, VA.

1.3 Document Overview

The purpose of this document is to:
- Identify the API service calls made by the software.

2 Reference Documents

Document Name	Ver	Location
InsightCloud General Users Guide (GUG)	0.0 Beta	

3 Authentication

3.1 OAuth2

The following is a sample Java example that walks through the authentication and access steps for users who want to access our data via direct calls through API services. Before running the script, users may need to import the insightcloud.digitalglobe.der cert into the JRE cacerts file by downloading the cert and running this command:

```
sudo keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias insightcloud.digitalglobe.der -file
/home/<user>/insightcloud.digitalglobe.der -keystore /usr/lib/jvm/java-7-
oracle/jre/lib/security/cacerts
```

The sample Java:

```
// imports
import org.springframework.security.oauth2.client.OAuth2RestTemplate;
import
org.springframework.security.oauth2.client.token.grant.password.ResourceOwnerPasswordResou
rceDetails;

// initialize RestClient
String tokenUrl = "https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/cas/oauth/token";
String clientId = "your-client-id";
String clientSecret = "your-client-secret";
String username = "your-user-name";
String password = "your-password";

ResourceOwnerPasswordResourceDetails resource =
new ResourceOwnerPasswordResourceDetails();
resource.setAccessTokenUri( tokenUrl );
resource.setClientId( clientId );
resource.setClientSecret( clientSecret );
resource.setUsername( username );
resource.setPassword( password );

OAuth2RestTemplate restTemplate = new OAuth2RestTemplate( resource );
```

3.2 CAS Authentication

CAS Authentication is being depreciated.
The following is a sample Groovy script that walks through the authentication and access steps for users who want to access our data via direct calls through API services. Before running the script, users may need to import the insightcloud.digitalglobe.der cert into the JRE cacerts file by downloading the cert and running this command:

```
sudo keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias insightcloud.digitalglobe.der -file
/home/<user>/insightcloud.digitalglobe.der -keystore /usr/lib/jvm/java-7-
oracle/jre/lib/security/cacerts
```

The sample Groovy script:

```
import java.io.IOException
import java.util.logging.Logger
import java.util.regex.Matcher
import java.util.regex.Pattern
import org.apache.commons.httpclient.HttpClient
import org.apache.commons.httpclient.NameValuePair
import org.apache.commons.httpclient.methods.PostMethod
import org.apache.commons.httpclient.methods.GetMethod
import org.apache.commons.httpclient.methods.DeleteMethod


@Grab("commons-httpclient:commons-httpclient:3.1")

class Client
{
  static final Logger LOG = Logger.getLogger(Client.class.getName())
  String getServiceTicket(String server, String ticketGrantingTicket, String service)
  {
    if (!ticketGrantingTicket)
      return null
    HttpClient client = new HttpClient()
    PostMethod post = new PostMethod("$server/$ticketGrantingTicket")
    post.setRequestBody([new NameValuePair("service", service)].toArray(new
NameValuePair[1]))
    try
    {
      client.executeMethod(post)
      String response = post.getResponseBodyAsString()
      switch (post.getStatusCode())
      {
        case 200:
          return response
        default:
          LOG.warning("Invalid response code ( $post.getStatusCode() ) from CAS server!")
          LOG.info("Response (1k): " + response.substring(0, Math.min(1024, response.length())))
          break
      }
    }
    catch (final IOException e)
```

```
      {
        LOG.warning(e.getMessage())
      }
      finally
      {
        post.releaseConnection()
      }
      return null
    }
    String getTicketGrantingTicket(String server, String username, String password)
    {
      HttpClient client = new HttpClient()
      PostMethod post = new PostMethod(server)
      post.setRequestBody([new NameValuePair("username", username),new
  NameValuePair("password", password)].toArray(new NameValuePair[2]))
      try
      {
        client.executeMethod(post)
        String response = post.getResponseBodyAsString()
        switch (post.getStatusCode())
        {
          case 201:
            Matcher matcher = Pattern.compile(".*action=\".*/(.*?)\".*").matcher(response)
            if (matcher.matches())
              return matcher.group(1)
            LOG.warning("Successful ticket granting request, but no ticket found!")
            LOG.info("Response (1k): " + response.substring(0, Math.min(1024, response.length())))
            break
          default:
            LOG.warning("Invalid response code (${post.getStatusCode()}) from CAS server!")
            LOG.info("Response: $response")
            break
        }
      }
      catch (final IOException e)
      {
        LOG.warning(e.getMessage())
      }
      finally
      {
        post.releaseConnection()
      }
      return null
    }
    void notNull(Object object, String message)
    {
      if (object == null)
        throw new IllegalArgumentException(message)
    }
    void getServiceCall(HttpClient client, String service, String serviceTicket) {
        GetMethod method = new GetMethod(service)
        method.setQueryString([new NameValuePair("ticket", serviceTicket)].toArray(new
  NameValuePair[1]))
```

```
    try
    {
      client.executeMethod(method)
      String response = method.getResponseBodyAsString()
      switch (method.getStatusCode())
      {
        case 200:
          LOG.info("Response: $response")
          break
        default:
          LOG.warning("Invalid response code (" + method.getStatusCode() + ") from CAS
server!")
          LOG.info("Response: $response")
          break
      }
    }
    catch (final IOException e)
    {
      LOG.warning(e.getMessage())
    }
    finally
    {
        method.releaseConnection()
    }
  }
  void logout(String server, String ticketGrantingTicket) {
    HttpClient client = new HttpClient()
    DeleteMethod method = new DeleteMethod("$server/$ticketGrantingTicket")
    try
    {
      client.executeMethod(method)
      switch (method.getStatusCode())
      {
        case 200:
          LOG.info("Logged out")
          break
        default:
          LOG.warning("Invalid response code (" + method.getStatusCode() + ") from CAS
server!")
          LOG.info("Response: $response")
          break
      }
    }
    catch (final IOException e)
    {
      LOG.warning(e.getMessage())
    }
    finally
    {
        method.releaseConnection()
    }
  }
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args)
     {

           String server = "https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/cas/v1/tickets"
           String username = "user.name"
           String password = "user.password"
           String authEndpoint = "https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-
     3/j_spring_cas_security_check"
           String apiEndpoint = "https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-
     3/app/broker/mrgeo/Comms/datasources"

           Client client = new Client()

           // get a ticket-granting ticket from CAS
           String ticketGrantingTicket = client.getTicketGrantingTicket(server, username, password)
           println "TicketGrantingTicket is $ticketGrantingTicket"

           // get a service ticket to access the app
           String serviceTicket = client.getServiceTicket(server, ticketGrantingTicket, authEndpoint)
           println "ServiceTicket is $serviceTicket"

           // CAS puts something in the client's store, so must reuse the client
           HttpClient http = new HttpClient()

           // authenticate with the ticket
           client.getServiceCall(http, authEndpoint, serviceTicket)

           // actually make the API call we want
           client.getServiceCall(http, apiEndpoint, serviceTicket)

           // logout from CAS
           client.logout(server, ticketGrantingTicket)
     }
    }
```

4   External API calls

The following are examples of the interaction between the UI and the external services API calls that are triggered by each widget.

4.1 Terrain

The terrain toolset allows easy to use access to complex terrain calculations, with almost immediate responses for calculations. The functionalities of the tools are explained in this section.

4.1.1 Comms

The Comms widget provides the analyst with a visual output of radio frequency propagation using a set of criteria and an available DEM. It calculates radio frequency propagation loss

against surrounding terrain based on Longley-Rice Irregular Terrain Model algorithm for radio frequency propagation loss. RF propagation result is filtered based on a supplied maximum path loss. The end result for each cell is the number of cells within a radius of interest below or equal to the maximum path loss.

4.1.1.1 View Comms API

The View API is used to execute the analytic request over the specified parameters and return a raster result to the user.

1. Submit a GET request to view a Comms RFP analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-services/Comms;REQUEST=Execute;DataSource={source};BBOX={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat};Operation=LegionRfPropagationOperation;ColorType={type};ColorString={string};originPoint={Lon+Lat};outerRadius={value};transmitterHeight={value};receiverHeight={value};confidence={value};earthConductivity={value};earthDialectric={value};polarity={value};reliability={value};radioClimate={value};surfaceRefractivity={value};frequency={value}

4.1.1.2 Download Comms API

The Download API is used to package the analytic raster result into one of kmz, png, or geotiff formats that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to download a Comms RFP analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-services/Comms;REQUEST=Execute;DataSource={source};BBOX={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat};Operation=LegionRfPropagationOperation;ColorType={type};ColorString={string};originPoint={Lon+Lat};outerRadius={value};transmitterHeight={value};receiverHeight={value};confidence={value};earthConductivity={value};earthDialectric={value};polarity={value};reliability={value};radioClimate={value};surfaceRefractivity={value};frequency={value};FileType={type};FileName={string}

4.1.1.3 Comms Parameters

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
BBOX	Float	<none>	False	False	Coordinates in decimal degrees, separated by commas, of the bounding box corners. In order, these coordinates are Lower Left Lon, Lower Left Lat, Upper Right Lon, Upper Right Lat; bbox always surrounds the origin point.

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
					BBOX=49.122,14.554,49.134,14.565 for example
Datasource	String	ASTER1	True	False	The analytic to operate on such as ASTER1
frequency	Float	300.0	False	False	The frequency of radio signal in MHz (20 MHz to 20 GHz)
outerRadius	Float	3000.0	False	False	The outer radius of the source transmission to consider for each cell (meters).
transmitterHeight	Float	10.0	False	False	The height of the transmitting antenna above the terrain (meters).
transmitterCoord	Point2	<none>	True	True	An x/y coordinate pair for a transmitting tower's location. Repeat parameter for multiple transmitters. Can be substituted with inputPoints1 data source
receiverHeight	Float	10.0	False	False	The height of the receiving antenna above the terrain (meters).
confidence	Float	0.5	False	False	A measure used to describe the expected number of measurements be a given signal strength from multiple locations at a time t (0.0 to 1.0)
earthConductivity	Float	0.005	False	False	The Earth's conductivity for the terrain of the region of interest (Siemens per meter)
earthDialectric	Float	15.0	False	False	The Earth's dielectric constant for the terrain of the region of interest (Relative permittivity)
polarity	Integer	0	False	False	The polarity of the radio signal (0 = horizontal and 1 = vertical).

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
reliability	Float	0.5	False	False	A measure used to describe the expected percentage over a period of time at a target location the signal will be at least a given signal strength (0.0 to 1.0)
radioClimate	Integer	5	False	False	A description of the environment of the region of interest (1 = Equatorial, 2 = Continental Subtropical, 3 = Maritime Subtropical, 4 = Desert, 5 = Continental Temperate, 6 = Maritime Temperate, Over Land, 7 = Maritime Temperate, Over Sea).
surfaceRefractivity	Float	301.0	False	False	The Atmospheric Bending Constant (N-Units).
colorType	String	COLORSCALE	True	False	Determines the type of color scheme (one of COLOR, COLORSCALE, COLORMAP)
colorString	String	204:215+48+39+148,153:252+141+89+148,102:254+224+139+148,51:145+207+96+148,0:26+152+80+148	True	False	Color values separated by '+' 1:255+0+0+148 for example
fileType	String	KMZ	True	False	The filetpye of the return, PNG, GeoTIFF, and KMZ are supported; DOWNLOAD only
fileName	String	<none>	True	False	Resulting filename; DOWNLOAD only

Table 4.1 Comms RFP Parameters

Origin Array String (transmitterCoord)
> Origin Array String must be built in one of two ways. With only one Orgin point
> "ORIGINPOINT:-117.96122799195+38.019902697754" or with multiple points*

"ORIGINPOINT:-117.96122799195+38.019902697754,originPoint:-117.97152767457+38.044965258789,originPoint:-117.9198576001+38.027627459717,originPoint:-117.97959575928+38.033807269287"

*_User beware_: Comms RFP multiple point Origin Array String has little testing; issues may be present.

Parameters	Limits
Longitude	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Latitude	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Datasource	One of: ASTER1, SRTM3, VRICON2M
OuterRadius	Between 1 and 50000 meters inclusive
TransmitterHeight	Between 0 and 5000 meters inclusive
ReceiverHeight	Between 0 and 5000 meters inclusive
Confidence	Between 0 and 1 inclusive
Reliability	Between 0 and 1 inclusive
Polarity	One of '0', '1' where 0=horizontal and 1=vertical
FrequencyMhz	Between 1 and 20000 inclusive
FrequencyGhz	Between 0.001 and 20 inclusive
outputType	One of 'MAX', 'SUM' (may be any case)
fileType	One of 'PNG', 'GEOTIFF', 'KMZ' (may be any case)

Table 4.2 Comms RFP Parameter Limits

4.1.2 Cumulative Viewshed (Cumulative VS)

The Cumulative Viewshed analytic computes a viewshed within a given area of interest from a specified observation point and a search radius. The resulting image creates a Cumulative Exposure Grid (CEG) where each pixel represents the percentage of the surrounding area that is viewable within the specified search radius.

4.1.2.1 View Cumulative VS API

The View API is used to execute the analytic request over the specified parameters and return a raster result to the user.

1. Submit a GET request to view a Cumulative Viewshed analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-
> services/massvs;DataSource={source};Left={value};Bottom={value};Right={value};To
> p={value};ObHeight={value};TargHeight={value};InnerRadius={value};LVA={value};U
> VA={value};sAzimuth={value};eAzimuth={value};colorType={type};color={string};nor
> malize={string};normalizeScaleValue={value};OuterRadius={value}

4.1.2.2   Download Cumulative VS API

The Download API is used to package the analytic raster result into one of kmz, png, or geotiff formats that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to download a Cumulative Viewshed analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-
> services/massvs;DataSource={source};Left={value};Bottom={value};Right={value};Top={v
> alue};ObHeight={value};TargHeight={value};InnerRadius={value};LVA={value};UVA={valu
> e};sAzimuth={value};eAzimuth={value};colorType={type};color={string};normalize={strin
> g};normalizeScaleValue={value};OuterRadius={value};fileType={type};fileName={string}

4.1.2.3 Cumulitive VS Parameters

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
Left	Float	<none>	False	False	Longitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
Bottom	Float	<none>	False	False	Latitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
Right	Float	<none>	False	False	Longitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
Top	Float	<none>	False	False	Latitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
Datasource	String	ASTER1	True	False	The analytic to operate on such as ASTER1
ObserverHeight	Float	2	True	False	Height of the observer's view above the current elevation (meters)

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
TargetHeight	Float	0.01	True	False	Maximum height of the target above the elevation of its location (meters)
InnerRadius	Float	0	True	False	Inner radius of region around observer cell to compute the viewshed (meters)
OuterRadius	Float	10000	True	False	Outer radius of region around observer cell to compute the viewshed (meters)
UpperVertAngle	Float	90	True	False	Upper angle of the observer's view above the horizon (degrees)
LowerVertAngle	Float	-90	True	False	Lower angle of the observer's view below the horizon (degrees)
sAzimuth	Float	0	True	False	Beginning azimuth angle of the observer's view in the horizontal plane with north equal to 0 (degrees)
eAzimuth	Float	360	True	False	Ending azimuth angle of the observer's view in the horizontal plane with north equal to 0 (degrees)
ColorType	String	COLORSCALE	True	False	Determines the type of color scheme (one of COLOR, COLORSCALE, COLORMAP)
Color	String	1:215+48+39+148,2:252+141+89+148,3:254+224+139+148, 4:217+239+139+148,5:145+207+96+148,6:26+152+80+148	True	False	Color values separated by '+' 1:255+0+0+148 for example
fileType	String	KMZ	True	False	The filetpye of the return, PNG, GeoTIFF, and KMZ are supported; DOWNLOAD only

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
fileName	String	\<none\>	True	False	Resulting filename; DOWNLOAD only
normalize	String	RADIUS	True	False	Optional parameter to normalize results (RADIUS, or MINMAX). If not set then results are defaulted to RADIUS.
normalizeScaleValue	String	100	True	False	Optional parameter as the maximum of the linear scale range after normalizing.

Table 4.3 Cumulative Viewshed Parameters

Parameters	Limits
Left	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Right	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Bottom	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Top	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Datasource	One of: ASTER1, SRTM3, VRICON2M
ObHeight	Between 0.01 and 20000 meters inclusive
TargHeight	Between 0.01 and 20000 meters inclusive
InnerRadius	Between 0 and 50000 meters inclusive and ALSO less than OuterRadius
OuterRadius	Between 1 and 50000 meters inclusive
UVA	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
LVA	Between -90 and 90 degress inclusive and ALSO is less than UpperVertAngle
sAzimuth	Between 0 and 360 degrees and ALSO is less than eAzimuth
eAzimuth	Between 0 and 360 degrees
normalize	One of 'RADIUS', 'MINMAX' (may be any case)
normalizeScaleValue	Between 1.0 and 1000 inclusive
fileType	One of 'PNG', 'GEOTIFF', 'KMZ' (may be any case)

Table 4.4 Cumulative Viewshed Parameter Limits

4.1.3 Sightline

The SightLine analytic provides the analyst with a visual line of sight output for any origin point and a given elevation model. This ability to quickly identify areas of high/low visibility provides a logistic advantage to analysts who need to ensure the success of a route where concealment or exposure becomes an issue.

4.1.3.1 View Sightline API

The View API is used to execute the analytic request over the specified parameters and return a raster result to the user.

1. Submit a GET request to view a Sightline analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-services/sightline;
> DataSource={source};Left={value};Bottom={value};Top={value};Right={value};OrgArr
> ayString=ORIGINPOINT:{Lon+Lat};ObHeight={value};TargHeight={value};OuterRadius
> ={value};LVA={value};UVA={value};sAzimuth={value};eAzimuth={value};outputType=
> {string};colorType={type};color={string}

4.1.3.2 Download Sightline API

The Download API is used to package the analytic raster result into one of kmz, png, or geotiff formats that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to download a Sightline analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-services/sightline;
> DataSource={source};Left={value};Bottom={value};Top={value};Right={value};OrgArr
> ayString=ORIGINPOINT:{Lon+Lat};ObHeight={value};TargHeight={value};OuterRadius
> ={value};LVA={value};UVA={value};sAzimuth={value};eAzimuth={value};outputType=
> {string};colorType={type};color={string};fileType={type};fileName={string}

4.1.3.3 Sightline Parameters

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
Left	Float	<none>	False	False	Longitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
Bottom	Float	<none>	False	False	Latitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
Right	Float	<none>	False	False	Longitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
Top	Float	<none>	False	False	Latitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
OrgArrayString	String	<none>	False	False	Can be built in one of two ways. With only one Origin point (See below)
Datasource	String	ASTER1	True	False	The analytic to operate on such as ASTER1
ObserverHeight	Float	2	True	False	Height of the observer's view above the current elevation (meters)
TargetHeight	Float	0.01	True	False	Maximum height of the target above the elevation of its location (meters)
InnerRadius	Float	0	True	False	Inner radius of region around observer cell to compute the viewshed (meters)
OuterRadius	Float	10000	True	False	Outer radius of region around observer cell to compute the viewshed (meters)
UpperVertAngle	Float	90	True	False	Upper angle of the observer's view above the horizon (degrees)
LowerVertAngle	Float	-90	True	False	Lower angle of the observer's view below the horizon (degrees)
sAzimuth	Float	0	True	False	Beginning azimuth angle of the observer's view in the horizontal plane with north equal to 0 (degrees)
eAzimuth	Float	360	True	False	Ending azimuth angle of the observer's view in the horizontal plane with north equal to 0 (degrees)
outputType	String	MAX	True	False	Defines how viewsheds from multiple sources are aggregated. The default MAX simply overlaps the viewsheds while SUM will

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
					add 1 to an output pixel for each overlap.
colorType	String	COLORMAP	True	False	Determines the type of color scheme (one of COLOR, COLORSCALE, COLORMAP)
color	String	1:0+255+0+148,0: 255+0+0+148	True	False	Color values separated by '+' 1:255+0+0+148 for example
fileType	String	KMZ	True	False	The filetpye of the return, PNG, GeoTIFF, and KMZ are supported; DOWNLOAD only
fileName	String	<none>	True	False	Resulting filename; DOWNLOAD only

Table 4.5 Sightline Parameters

Origin Array String

Origin Array String must be built in one of two ways. With only one Orgin point "ORIGINPOINT:-117.96122799195+38.019902697754" or with multiple points* "ORIGINPOINT:-117.96122799195+38.019902697754,originPoint:-117.97152767457+38.044965258789,originPoint:-117.9198576001+38.027627459717,originPoint:-117.97959575928+38.033807269287"

User beware: Sightline multiple point Origin Array String has little testing; issues may be present.

Parameters	Limits
Left	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Right	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Bottom	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Top	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Datasource	One of: ASTER1, SRTM3, VRICON2M
ObserverHeight	Between 0.01 and 20000 meters inclusive
TargetHeight	Between 0.01 and 20000 meters inclusive
InnerRadius	Between 0 and 50000 meters inclusive and ALSO less than OuterRadius
OuterRadius	Between 1 and 50000 meters inclusive

Parameters	Limits
UpperVertAngle	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
LowerVertAngle	Between -90 and 90 degress inclusive and ALSO is less than UpperVertAngle
sAzimuth	Between 0 and 360 degrees and ALSO is less than eAzimuth
eAzimuth	Between 0 and 360 degrees
outputType	One of 'MAX', 'SUM' (may be any case)
fileType	One of 'PNG', 'GEOTIFF', 'KMZ' (may be any case)

Table 4.6 Sightline Parameter Limits

4.1.4 Sitescan

The Sitescan analytic computes the Topographic Position Index (TPI). The TPI algorithm compares each target raster cell and an annular neighborhood defined between the inner and outer radii, and performs a basic landform classification to isolate the Ridge, Upper Slope, Middle Slope, Flat Slope, Lower Slope and Valley classes.

4.1.4.1   View Sitescan API

The View API is used to execute the analytic request over the specified parameters and return a raster result to the user.

1. Submit a GET request to view a Cumulative Viewshed analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-services/sitescan;DataSource={source};Left={value};Bottom={value};Right={value};Top={value};ColorType={type};Color={string};OuterRadius={value};InnerRadius={value}

4.1.4.2   Download Sitescan API

The Download API is used to package the analytic raster result into one of kmz, png, or geotiff formats that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to download a Sitescan analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-services/sitescan;DataSource={source};Left={value};Bottom={value};Right={value};Top={value};ColorType={type};Color={string};OuterRadius={value};InnerRadius={value};FileType={type};FileName={string}

4.1.4.1 Sitescan Parameters

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
Left	Float	<none>	False	False	Longitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
Bottom	Float	<none>	False	False	Latitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
Right	Float	<none>	False	False	Longitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
Top	Float	<none>	False	False	Latitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
Datasource	String	ASTER1	True	False	The analytic to operate on such as SRTM3
InnerRadius	Float	0	True	False	The inner radius of the annular neighborhood around each cell (meters).
outerRadius	Float	1000	True	False	The outer radius of the annular neighborhood around each cell (meters).
colorType	String	COLORMAP	True	False	Determines the type of color scheme (one of COLOR, COLORSCALE, COLORMAP)
Color	String	1:215+48+39+148,2:252+141+89+148,3:254+224+139+148, 4:217+239+139+148,5:145+207+96+148,6:26+152+80+148	True	False	Color values separated by '+' 1:255+0+0+148 for example
fileType	String	KMZ	True	False	The filetpye of the return, PNG, GeoTIFF, and KMZ are supported; DOWNLOAD only
fileName	String	<none>	True	False	Resulting filename; DOWNLOAD only

Table 4.7 Sitescan Parameters

Parameters	Limits
Left	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Right	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Bottom	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Top	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
DataSource	One of: ASTER1, SRTM3
OuterRadius	Between 1 and 25000 inclusive
InnerRadius	Between 0 and 25000 inclusive and ALSO less than OuterRadius
fileType	One of 'PNG', 'GEOTIFF', 'KMZ' (may be any case)

Table 4.8 Sitescan Parameter Limits

4.1.5 Touchdown (HLZ)

The Touchdown (HLZ) identifies suitable landing pad locations for different helicopters based on an origin location (dropped on the map in the viewport), LiDAR/DEM elevation source, Helicopter Type, Time of Day and Environmental Conditions.

4.1.5.1 Touchdown (HLZ) Parameter API

The Parameter API is used to return the set parameter values linked to specific combinations of the pseudo-parameters of helicopter type, time of day, and environment. This API is useful for retrieving basic parameter settings when the user is aware of the above three details.

1. Submit a GET request to see the set parameter values for the combined pseudo-parameters. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-services/hlz/parameters;HelicopterType={string};TimeOfDay={string};Environment={string}

4.1.5.2   View Touchdown (HLZ) API

The View API is used to execute the analytic request over the specified parameters and return a raster result to the user.

1. Submit a GET request to view an HLZ/Touchdown analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-services/hlz;DataSource={source};Left={value};Bottom={value};Top={value};Right={value

```
};Color={string};HlzDiameter={value};MaxHlzSlope={value};ObstacleRadius={value};Appr
oachAngle={value};HoverHeight={value}
```

4.1.5.3   Download Touchdown (HLZ) API

The Download API is used to package the analytic raster result into one of kmz, png, or geotiff formats that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to download an HLZ/Touchdown analytic. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

```
https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/mrgeo-external-
services/hlz;DataSource={source};Left={value};Bottom={value};Top={value};Right={value
};Color={string};HlzDiameter={value};MaxHlzSlope={value};ObstacleRadius={value};Appr
oachAngle={value};HoverHeight={value};FileType={type};FileName={string}
```

4.1.5.4 Touchdown (HLZ) Parameters

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
Left	Float	<none>	False	False	Longitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
Bottom	Float	<none>	False	False	Latitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
Right	Float	<none>	False	False	Longitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
Top	Float	<none>	False	False	Latitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
Datasource	String	<none>	False	False	The elevation dataset to operate on such as VRICON2M
Color	String	0,255,0	True	False	RGB color to render the HLZ
HlzDiameter	Float	25	True	False	Diameter of the HLZ touchdown area (meters)
MaxHlzSlope	Float	7	True	False	Maximum slope of the HLZ touchdown area (percent)
ObstacleRadius	Float	125	True	False	Radius of obstacle avoidance (meters)
ApproachAngle	Float	10	True	False	Angle of approach to the HLZ

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
HoverHeight	Float	0	True	False	Hover height above HLZ (meters)
fileType	String	KMZ	True	False	The filetpye of the return, PNG, GeoTIFF, and KMZ are supported; DOWNLOAD only
fileName	String	<none>	True	False	Resulting filename; DOWNLOAD only

Table 4.9 HLZ/Touchdown Parameters

Parameters	Limits
Left	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Right	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Bottom	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Top	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Datasource	One of: VRICON2m
hlzDiameter	Between 0 and 250 meters inclusive
maxHlzSlope	Between 0 and 90 degrees inclusive
obstacleRadius	Between 0 and 500 meters inclusive
approachAngle	Between 0 and 90 degrees inclusive
hoverHeight	Between 0 and 100 meters inclusive
fileType	One of 'PNG', 'GEOTIFF', 'KMZ' (may be any case)

Table 4.10 HLZ/Touchdown Parameter Limits

There are three pseudo-parameters in Touchdown (HLZ) that are used in the UI to quickly set the parameters for HLZ Diameter, Maximum HLZ Slope, Obstacle Radius, Approach Angle, and Hover Height. These pseudo-parameters are not involved in the REST calls to retrieve HLZ rasters.

Pseudo-Parameter	UI Name	REST Call Name
Helicopter Type	MH-6 / AH-6	MH-6%2520%252F%2520AH-6
Helicopter Type	UH-72A / OH-58D	UH-72A%2520%252F%2520OH-58D
Helicopter Type	AH-1W/Z / AH-64 / UH-1Y/N	AH-1W%252FZ%2520%252F%2520AH-64%2520%252F%2520UH-1Y%252FN
Helicopter Type	UH-60A/L/M / SH-60	UH-60A%252FL%252FM%2520%252F%2

Pseudo-Parameter	UI Name	REST Call Name
		520SH-60
Helicopter Type	MV-22B / CV-22B	MV-22B%2520%252F%2520CV-22B
Helicopter Type	CH-47(D/F)	CH-47(D%252FF)
Helicopter Type	CH-53(E/K)	CH-53(E%252FK)
Helicopter Type	Sling Load Aircraft	Sling%2520Load%2520Aircraft
Helicopter Type	Sling Load long lines	Sling%2520Load%2520long%2520lines
Time of Day	Day	DAY
Time of Day	Night	NIGHT
Environment	Desert/Snow	DESERT%252FSNOW
Environment	Mountain	MOUNTAIN
Environment	Jungle	JUNGLE
Environment	Urban	URBAN

Table 4.11 HLZ/Touchdown Pseudo-Parameters

4.2 Search

The search capability gives users the ability to query a vast amount of vector data rapidly and easily by location, keyword, date/time, etc. This quick access and easy to use API gets you access to a wide variety of vector data including map data and social media records.

4.2.1 Text Analytics

The InsightCloud Text widget provides the analyst with a visual output of up-to-the-second geolocated news from RSS feeds, based on user-defined queries.

General note: the GET call returns an application/json response that changes depending on if and what dimension is used. Below, sections have been divided by the dimensions to provide examples of each type of resulting response.

4.2.1.1 Download Text API

The Download API is used to package all of the posts within the user defined restricted aoi/query/etc. into a shapefile that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to download the results of an InsightCloud Social Media query. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **RSS**:

    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/rss/sentences?bbox

={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&pageSize={value}&for
mat=shp&stream-shape-file=true

4.2.1.2   Posts API

The Posts API is used to retrieve the actual content of the text posts within the user restricted
aoi/query/etc.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call
   via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **RSS**:

   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-
   3/app/broker/sma/sma/rss/sentences?bbox
   ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}

4.2.1.3   Stats API

The Stats API is used to retrieve the number of social media users who have posted within the
given aoi along with the number of posts.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call
   via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **RSS**:

   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-
   3/app/broker/sma/sma/rss/sentences?bbox
   ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&dimensions=stats

4.2.1.4   Stored Query

The Stored Query APIs allow users to save and retrieve a setup of parameters that are preferred,
to be used again later without being forced to rebuild the entire query. Stored queries are linked to
individual users and are not shared.

4.2.1.4.1   Save Query API

Use the Save Query API to append the query to the list of stored queries related to the user.

1. Submit a POST request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The
   REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/user-profile/api/workspace

   With a source body detailing parameters.

4.2.1.4.2   Retrieve List of Stored Queries API

Use the Retrieve List API to view the list of the user's personal stored queries.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST
   call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/user-profile/api/workspace

4.2.1.4.3   Delete Stored Query API

Use the Delete Query API to remove the specified query from the user's list of stored queries.

1. Submit a DELETE request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/user-profile/api/workspace?name={string}

4.2.1.5   Timeline API

The Timeline API is used to retrieve the timeframe of ingested data along with the amount of data ingested.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **RSS**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&dimensions=datetime

4.2.1.6   Top Ten API

The Top Ten API is used to retrieve the top ten returns in a variety of fields, such as source, category, and average sentiment.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **RSS**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/rss/sentences?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&dimensions=topten

4.2.1.7   View Cluster, Cluster Sentiment (aggregation) API

Cluster and Cluster Sentiment can be used to visualize larger numbers of data as aggregations within geohashed regions.

Note: Both Cluster and Cluster Sentiment are triggered via the same call; Sentiment makes use of the pos_sentiment_avg and neg_sentiment_avg in the return.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **RSS**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/rss/sentences?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&dimensions=geohash

4.2.1.8   View Kernel Density, KD Sentiment API

Kernel Density and Kernel Density Sentiment can be used to visualize smaller numbers of data (maximum 100000 items).

Note: Both Kernel Density and Kernel Density Sentiment are triggered via the same call; KD Sentiment makes use of the positiveSentiment and negativeSentiment in the return. **Note: For any KD call be sure to include the pageSize={value} in the call; maximum pageSize=100000.**

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **RSS**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/rss/sentences?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&pageSize={value}

4.2.1.9 Word Cloud API

The Word Cloud API is used to retrieve the 30 most used words in all of the posts within the user defined restricted aoi/query/etc. The Word Cloud has two primary options for dimensions settings: *term* and *sigterm*.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **RSS**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/rss/sentences?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&dimensions={string}

4.2.1.10 Text Analytics Parameters

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
BBOX	Float	<none>	True	False	Coordinates in decimal degrees, separated by commas, of the bounding box corners. In order, these coordinates are Lower Left Lon, Lower Left Lat, Upper Right Lon, Upper Right Lat; bbox always surrounds the origin point. BBOX=49.122,14.554,49.134,14.565 for example
datetimerange	String	<none>	True	False	Date and time restriction on the range of data returned by the request. datetimerange=2015-02-11T08:33:46.812Z,2015-02-11T14:33:46.812Z for example

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
poly	String	\<none\>	True	True*	Coordinates in decimal degrees poly=%5B%5B%5B%5B-77.116721,39.002453%5D,%5B-77.514975,38.77156%5D,%5B-77.185385,38.587165%5D,%5B-76.82009,38.72872%5D,%5B-76.905234,39.01099%5D,%5B-77.116721,39.002453%5D%5D%5D%5D for example *Note: multiple polygons can be specified under poly

dimension	String	\<none\>	True	False	Additional filters for the analytic, displaying specific data in specific fashion.
					dimension=datetime, for example
					Possible dimensions are:
					For Timeline:
					    datetime
					For Word Cloud values:
					    term
					    sigterm
					    hashtag
					For Top Ten values:
					    topten
					For Statistics:
					    stats
					For Map Aggregations:
					    geohash

query	String	\<none\>	True	True	Used for specifying search terms to narrow results. Query follows basic Elastisearch query logic. query=+dmvmusic+AND+positiveSentiment:%3E0.9

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
					6, for example.
format	String	<none>	True	False	The filetype of the return, SHP packaged in ZIP is supported; DOWNLOAD only format=shp for example
stream-shape-file	String	<none>	True	False	Method of downloading the return, streaming is supported; DOWNLOAD only stream-shape-file=true for example

Table 4.12 Social Media Parameters

Parameters	Limits
Longitude	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Latitude	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive

Table 4.13 Social Media Parameter Limits

4.2.2 Social Media Analytics

The InsightCloud Social Media widget provides the analyst with a visual output of up-to-the-second geolocated social media from Twitter feeds, based on user-defined queries.

General note: the GET call returns an application/json response that changes depending on if and what dimension is used. Below, sections have been divided by the dimensions to provide examples of each type of resulting response.

4.2.2.1   Download Social Media API

The Download API is used to package all of the posts within the user defined restricted aoi/query/etc. into a shapefile that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to download the results of an InsightCloud Social Media query. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **Twitter**:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox

={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&pageSize={value}&format=shp&stream-shape-file=true

4.2.2.2 Posts API

The Posts API is used to retrieve the actual content of the social media posts within the user restricted aoi/query/etc.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **Twitter**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox
   ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}

4.2.2.3 Stats API

The Stats API is used to retrieve the number of social media users who have posted within the given aoi along with the number of posts.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **Twitter**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox
   ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&dimensions=stats

4.2.2.4 Stored Query

The Stored Query APIs allow users to save and retrieve a setup of parameters that are preferred, to be used again later without being forced to rebuild the entire query. Stored queries are linked to individual users and are not shared.

4.2.2.4.1 Save Query API

Use the Save Query API to append the query to the list of stored queries related to the user.

1. Submit a POST request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/user-profile/api/workspace

   With a source body detailing parameters.

4.2.2.4.2 Retrieve List of Stored Queries API

Use the Retrieve List API to view the list of the user's personal stored queries.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/user-profile/api/workspace

4.2.2.4.3   Delete Stored Query API

Use the Delete Query API to remove the specified query from the user's list of stored queries.

1. Submit a DELETE request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/user-profile/api/workspace?name={string}

4.2.2.5   Timeline API

The Timeline API is used to retrieve the timeframe of ingested data along with the amount of data ingested.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **Twitter**:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&dimensions=datetime

4.2.2.6   Top Ten API

The Top Ten API is used to retrieve the top ten returns in a variety of fields, such as users, languages and countries.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **Twitter**:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&dimensions=topten

4.2.2.7   View Cluster, Cluster Sentiment (aggregation) API

Cluster and Cluster Sentiment can be used to visualize larger numbers of data as aggregations within geohashed regions.

Note: Both Cluster and Cluster Sentiment are triggered via the same call; Sentiment makes use of the pos_sentiment_avg and neg_sentiment_avg in the return.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **Twitter**:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&dimensions=geohash

4.2.2.8   View Kernel Density, KD Sentiment API

Kernel Density and Kernel Density Sentiment can be used to visualize smaller numbers of data (maximum 100000 items).

Note: Both Kernel Density and KD Sentiment are triggered via the same call; KD Sentiment makes use of the positiveSentiment and negativeSentiment in the return.
Note: For any KD call be sure to include the pageSize={value} in the call; maximum pageSize=100000.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **Twitter**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&pageSize={value}

4.2.2.9   Word Cloud API

The Word Cloud API is used to retrieve the 30 most used words in all of the posts within the user defined restricted aoi/query/etc. The Word Cloud has two primary options for dimensions settings, plus an extra dimension option for Twitter. The three dimension options are: *term*, *sigterm*, and the Twitter-only option of *hashtag*.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Social Media information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following for **Twitter**:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/monocle-3/app/broker/sma/sma/twitter/tweets?bbox ={LLLon,LLLat,URLon,URLat}&datetimerange={datetime}&dimensions={string}

4.2.2.10   Social Media Analytics Parameters

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
BBOX	Float	<none>	True	False	Coordinates in decimal degrees, separated by commas, of the bounding box corners. In order, these coordinates are Lower Left Lon, Lower Left Lat, Upper Right Lon, Upper Right Lat; bbox always surrounds the origin point. BBOX=49.122,14.554,49.134,14.565 for example
datetimerange	String	<none>	True	False	Date and time restriction on the range of data returned by the request. datetimerange=2015-02-11T08:33:46.812Z,2015-02-11T14:33:46.812Z for example

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
poly	String	<none>	True	True*	The polygon parameter restricts the returned results to only those within the user defined polygon. The polygon parameter may be added to any of the APIs. Adding a polygon does not negate the need for a bounding box. Coordinates in decimal degrees poly=%5B%5B%5B%5B-77.116721,39.002453%5D,%5B-77.514975,38.77156%5D,%5B-77.185385,38.587165%5D,%5B-76.82009,38.72872%5D,%5B-76.905234,39.01099%5D,%5B-77.116721,39.002453%5D%5D%5D%5D for example *Note: multiple polygons can be specified under poly
dimension	String	<none>	True	False	Additional filters for the analytic, displaying specific data in specific fashion. dimension=datetime, for example Possible dimensions are: For Timeline: datetime For Word Cloud values: term sigterm hashtag For Top Ten values: topten For Statistics: stats

Parameters	Type	Default	Optional	Multiple	Description
					For Map Aggregations: geohash
query	String	<none>	True	True	The query parameter restricts the returned results to only those with attributes including or matching the query word(s) or phrases. The query parameter may be added to any of the APIs. Used for specifying search terms to narrow results. Query follows basic Elastisearch query logic. query=+dmvmusic+AND+ positiveSentiment:%3E0.9 6, for example.
format	String	<none>	True	False	The filetype of the return, SHP packaged in ZIP is supported; DOWNLOAD only format=shp for example
stream-shape-file	String	<none>	True	False	Method of downloading the return, streaming is supported; DOWNLOAD only stream-shape-file=true for example

Table 4.14 Social Media Parameters

Parameters	Limits
Longitude	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Latitude	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive

Table 4.15 Social Media Parameter Limits

4.2.3 Unified Vector Index

The Unified Vector Index (UVI) provides the analyst with a tool for visually mapping all available vectors within a given aoi. Analysts may then refine the resulting vectors into a desired selection. These quickly polled and returned arrays of points, polylines, and polygons may then be used in further analytical studies of the area.

4.2.3.1   Accounts and Administration

4.2.3.1.1   Groups

The Groups API is used to retrieve the list of available system roles and their IDs for use in setting the "access.groups" value when uploading items.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Group list. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following
     https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/accounts/groups

4.2.3.1.2   User Status

The User Status API is used to list the current status of the user, including user's current role, download limits, current usage info, etc.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Current User information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following
     https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/accounts/currentuser/status

4.2.3.2   Aggregation Queries

In order for users to quickly explore where there is data and what type of data is present, aggregation queries are available. Aggregation queries are useful for visualization of data over large areas, where attempting to visualize individual points would be ineffective.

4.2.3.2.1   List Available Sources API

The List Agg Sources API is used to retrieve the available vector sources and counts for a given bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Anthrometer information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
     https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/aggs/sources?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.2.2   List Available Sources (binned) API

The List Agg Binned API is used to retrieve the binned counts of the available vector sources for a given bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/aggs/sources/binned?north={value}&east={value}&south={value}&west={value}&binCountX={value}&binCountY={value}

4.2.3.2.3 Aggregation Parameters

Parameters	Data Type	Parameter Type	Description
west	String	Query	Longitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
south	String	Query	Latitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
east	String	Query	Longitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
north	String	Query	Latitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
binCountX	Integer	Query	The number of horizontal partitions of the bounding box; total bins limited to 20 *Note: total bins = binCountX x binCountY*
binCountY	Integer	Query	The number of vertical partitions of the bounding box; total bins limited to 20 *Note: total bins = binCountX x binCountY*

Table 4.16 Aggregation UVI Parameters

Parameters	Limits
west	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
east	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
south	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
north	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive

Table 4.17 Aggregation UVI Parameter Limits

4.2.3.1 Facets

4.2.3.1.1 List Fields

The List Fields is used to retrieve a listing of fields that are available to query on for the Facet Search API.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Facet Field information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/facets/fields

4.2.3.1.2   Facet Search

The Facet Search is used to retrieve a listing of available values (up to the value of the "count" parameter) for the given fields in items within the given AOI and within the given date range.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud Facet Search information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/facets?fields={string}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&startDate={string}&endDate={string}&count={value}

4.2.3.1.3   Facets Parameters

Parameters	Data Type	Parameter Type	Description
fields	String	Query	A comma-delimited list of fields to include. Example: item_date,source,item_type
left	String	Query	The left-most x-coordinate of the bounding box, in decimal degrees
right	String	Query	The right-most x-coordinate of the bounding box, in decimal degrees
upper	String	Query	The highest y-coordinate of the bounding box, in decimal degrees
lower	String	Query	The lowest y-coordinate of the bounding box, in decimal degrees
startDate	String	Query	ISO-8601-formatted date string for the start of a date range; startDate runs a query against the field *item_date* *Note: The date range can be specified with ISO-8601 date strings or with expressions using the term "now" to indicate the current date. The date expressions can include simple "date math" by appending "+" or "-" along with a numeral and a unit. For example, to set the start date to one day ago, the start date expression would read "now-1d". The units supported are "y" (year), "M" (month), "w" (week), "d" (day), "h" (hour), "m" (minute), and "s" (second). The date range is inclusive at both ends. If no date range is provided, then all items within the AOI will be included.*

Parameters	Data Type	Parameter Type	Description
endDate	String	Query	ISO-8601-formatted date string for the end of a date range; endDate runs a query against the field *item_date* *Note: The date range can be specified with ISO-8601 date strings or with expressions using the term "now" to indicate the current date. The date expressions can include simple "date math" by appending "+" or "-" along with a numeral and a unit. For example, to set the start date to one day ago, the start date expression would read "now-1d". The units supported are "y" (year), "M" (month), "w" (week), "d" (day), "h" (hour), "m" (minute), and "s" (second). The date range is inclusive at both ends. If no date range is provided, then all items within the AOI will be included.*
count	Integer	Query	The number of values to return per field, default 10

Table 4.18 Facets API Parameters

4.2.3.2   UVI in ESRI ArcMap Add-In

In order for users to easily utilize the API through ESRI software, ESRI endpoints are generated to work best with ArcMap.

Note: Sources are subject to rapid change, and both the list of available sources as well as the vector count within each listed source may be different than the given examples. Basic principles still apply.

4.2.3.2.1   GET Paging ID

The Get Paging ID is used to retrieve a paging id to be used in the Retrieve Page API.

2. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/{source}/{geometry}/{type}/paging?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&ttl={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.2.2   List Vector Geometry

The List Geometry API is used to retrieve the available vector geometries for a given ingestion source and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/{source}/geometries?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.2.3   List Vector Items (Returns Default Fields)

The List Vector Items Default API is used to retrieve the available vector items for a given ingestion source, geometry, vector type, and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/{source}/{geometry}/{type}?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.2.4   List Vector Items (Returns Selected Fields)

The List Vector Items Selected Fields API is used to retrieve only the specified fields associated with the available vector items for a given ingestion source, geometry, vector type, and bounding box.
Note: Geometry is returned by default, no matter what fields are selected.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/{source}/{geometry}/{type}/{fields}?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.2.5   List Vector Sources

The List Sources API is used to retrieve the available vector sources for a given bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/sources?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.2.6   List Vector Types

The List Vector Types API is used to retrieve the available vector types for a given ingestion source, geometry, and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/{source}/{geometry}/types?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.2.7   Query: GET Paging ID

The Get Paging ID is used to retrieve a paging id to be used in the Retrieve Page API.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/query/{geometry}/{type}/paging?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&ttl={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.2.8   Query: List Vector Geometry

The List Geometries via Query API is used to retrieve the available geometries for a given query and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/query/geometries?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.2.9   Query: List Vector Items

The List Vector Items via Query API is used to retrieve only the specified fields associated with the available vector items for a given query, geometry, vector type, and bounding box.
Note: Geometry is returned by default, no matter what fields are selected.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/query/{geometry}/{type}/{fields}?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.2.10   Query: List Vector Types

The List Types via Query API is used to retrieve the available vector types for a given query, geometry, and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/query/{geometry}/types?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.2.11 Retrieve Page of Vector Items

The Retrieve Page API is used to page the service for the vector items specified. This call, in conjunction with GET Paging ID or Query: GET Paging ID, should be used when returning more than 1000 vector items.

1. Submit a POST request to retrieve InsightCloud ESRI UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/esri/paging

   With a header Content-type:application/x-www-form-urlencoded and a body of the paging ID generated in Section: Retrieve Page of Vector Items by Type (GET) or in Section: Retrieve Page of Vector Items by Type and Query (GET)

4.2.3.2.12 ESRI UVI Parameters

Parameters	Data Type	Parameter Type	Description
left	String	Query	Longitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
lower	String	Query	Latitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
right	String	Query	Longitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
upper	String	Query	Latitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
geometry	String	Path	The geometry type for which to list items or types (e.g. "Point")
type	String	Path	The vector item type for which to list items (e.g. "Road" or "Media Outlet")
ttl	String	Query	The time to live for the Elasticsearch paging session.
count	Integer	Query	The number of records to return per shard per page request.
fields	String	Path	The comma-separated list of fields to return for the items.
source	String	Path	The source for which to list items or types.

Parameters	Data Type	Parameter Type	Description
pagingId	String	Form	The paging session ID for which to retrieve a page.

Table 4.19 ESRI UVI Parameters

Parameters	Limits
Left	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Right	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Lower	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Upper	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Fields	Possible field options are: id, itemDate, ingestDate, ingestSource, name, itemType, format, source, geomType, geom, originalCrs, text, attributes, ingestAttributes
Source	Current source options are: ACLED, Anthrometer, Flickr – Gnip, Gazetteer, GDB, GDELT-separated, HGIS, Instagram – Gnip, MASS, MASS Service, OSM, SETD, Tomnod, VK - Gnip *Note: Less in Staging

Table 4.20 ESRI UVI Parameter Limits

4.2.3.3   UVI in Web application

The general API endpoints work with any application.

Note: Sources are subject to rapid change, and both the list of available sources as well as the vector count within each listed source may be different than the given examples. Basic principles still apply.

4.2.3.3.1   Download Vector Items For Given Source and Type

The Download API is used to package all of the Vector Items within the user defined restrictions into a json file that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/{source}/{type}/zip?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.3.2 GET Paging ID

The Get Paging ID is used to retrieve a paging id to be used in the Retrieve Page API.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/{source}/{type}/paging?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&ttl={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.3.3 List Vector Items

The List Vector Items API is used to retrieve the available vector items for a given ingestion source, vector type, and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/{source}/{type}?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.3.4 List Vector Sources

The List Sources API is used to retrieve the available vector sources for a given bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/sources?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.3.5 List Vector Types

The List Item Types API is used to retrieve the available vector types for a given ingestion source and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/{source}/types?left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.3.6 Query: Download Vector Items

The Download API is used to package all of the Vector Items within the user defined restrictions into a json file that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/query/items/zip?q={string}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.3.7   Query: Download Vector Items For Given Type

The Download API is used to package all of the Vector Items within the user defined restrictions into a json file that can be viewed offline in other programs.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/query/{type}/zip?q={string}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.3.8   Query: GET Paging ID

The Get Paging ID is used to retrieve a paging id to be used in the Retrieve Page API.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/query/paging?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&ttl={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.3.9   Query: GET Paging ID For Given Type

The Get Paging ID is used to retrieve a paging id to be used in the Retrieve Page API.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/query/{type}/paging?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}&ttl={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.3.10   Query: List Vector Items (Returns Default Fields)

The List Vector Items via Query Default API is used to retrieve the available vector items for a given query and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:

> https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-
> vector/api/vectors/query/items?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={
> value}&lower={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.3.11   Query: List Vector Items (Returns Selected Fields)

The List Vector Items via Query Selected Fields API is used to retrieve only the specified fields associated with the available vector items for a given query, ingestion source, geometry, vector type, and bounding box.
Note: Geometry is returned by default, no matter what fields are selected.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
    > https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-
    > vector/api/vectors/query/items/{fields}?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&
    > upper={value}&lower={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.3.12   Query: List Vector Items For Given Type (Returns Default Fields)

The List Vector Items Given Type via Query Default API is used to retrieve the available vector items for a given query, vector type, and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
    > https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-
    > vector/api/vectors/query/{type}?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper=
    > {value}&lower={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.3.13   Query: List Vector Items For Given Type (Returns Selected Fields)

The List Vector Items Given Type via Query Selected Fields API is used to retrieve only the specified fields associated with the available vector items for a given query, ingestion source, vector type, and bounding box.
Note: Geometry is returned by default, no matter what fields are selected.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
    > https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-
    > vector/api/vectors/query/{type}/{fields}?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&
    > upper={value}&lower={value}&count={value}

4.2.3.3.14   Query: List Vector Types

The List Types via Query API is used to retrieve the available vector types for a given query and bounding box.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/query/types?q={query}&left={value}&right={value}&upper={value}&lower={value}

4.2.3.3.15 Retrieve Page of Vector Items

The Retrieve Page API is used to page the service for the vector items specified. This call, in conjunction with GET Paging ID, Query: GET Paging ID, or Query: GET Paging ID For Given Type, should be used when returning more than 1000 vector items.

1. Submit a POST request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/paging

   With a header Content-type:application/x-www-form-urlencoded and a body of the paging ID generated in Section: Retrieve Page of Vector Items by Type (GET) or in Section: Retrieve Page of Vector Items by Type and Query (GET)

4.2.3.3.16 Web UVI Parameters

Parameters	Data Type	Parameter Type	Description
left	String	Query	Longitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
lower	String	Query	Latitude in decimal degrees of the lower left bounding box corner
right	String	Query	Longitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
upper	String	Query	Latitude in decimal degrees of the upper right bounding box corner
type	String	Path	The vector item type for which to list items (e.g. "Road" or "Media Outlet")
ttl	String	Query	The time to live for the Elasticsearch paging session.
count	Integer	Query	The number of records to return per shard per page request.
fields	String	Path	The comma-separated list of fields to return for the items.

Parameters	Data Type	Parameter Type	Description
source	String	Path	The source for which to list items or types.
pagingId	String	Form	The paging session ID for which to retrieve a page.

Table 4.21 Web UVI Parameters

Parameters	Limits
Left	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Right	Between -180 and 180 degrees inclusive
Lower	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Upper	Between -90 and 90 degrees inclusive
Fields	Possible field options are: id, itemDate, ingestDate, ingestSource, name, itemType, format, source, geomType, geom*, originalCrs, text, attributes, ingestAttributes *Note: geom will always display, even if not specified
Source	Current source options are: ACLED, Anthrometer, Flickr – Gnip, Gazetteer, GDB, GDELT-separated, HGIS, Instagram – Gnip, MASS, MASS Service, OSM, SETD, Tomnod, VK - Gnip *Note: Less in Staging

Table 4.22 Web UVI Parameter Limits

4.2.3.4   Generating Vectors through the API

In order for users to add a vector item or multiple vector items directly to an index, user vector generation is available. Vector generation is useful for direct additions of or updates to vectors, without needing a third party service or a vector submission request form.

4.2.3.4.1   Adding Multiple Vectors to an Index

The Add Vector API is used to convert a JSON array of GeoJSON to VectorItem instances and write the items to the specified index (generating the new index if needed).

1. Submit a POST request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vectors/

   With a header Content-type:application/json and a body of an itemArray in GeoJSON. Note: In order for all Web UVI and ESRI UVI APIs to retrieve the vectors generated through this API, GeoJSON **must** include the following:
   o   Within the geometry, coordinates and Type

- o   Within the properties, itemType and text

Note: User must specify in the GeoJSON properties an ingestSource; ingestSource defaults to "Vector REST API."

4.2.3.4.2   Adding Single Vector to an Index

The Add Vector API is used to convert a GeoJSON object to a VectorItem and write the item to the specified index (generating the new index if needed).

1. Submit a POST request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vector/

    With a header Content-type:application/json and a body of an itemJson in GeoJSON.
    Note: In order for all Web UVI and ESRI UVI APIs to retrieve the vectors generated through this API, GeoJSON **must** include the following:
    - o   Within the geometry, coordinates and Type
    - o   Within the properties, itemType and text

    Note: User must specify in the GeoJSON properties an ingestSource; ingestSource defaults to "Vector REST API."

4.2.3.4.3   Updating a Vector in an Index

The Update Vector API is used to convert a GeoJSON object to a VectorItem and update the item in the specified index.

1. Submit a PUT request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vector/{index}/{id}

    With a header Content-type:application/json and a body of an itemJson in GeoJSON.
    Note: In order for all Web UVI and ESRI UVI APIs to retrieve the vectors generated through this API, GeoJSON **must** include the following:
    - o   Within the geometry, coordinates and Type
    - o   Within the properties, itemType and text

    Note: User must specify in the GeoJSON properties an ingestSource; ingestSource defaults to "Vector REST API."

4.2.3.4.4   Retrieving a Vector via item ID

The Retrieve Vector API is used to retrieve an item from the vector index by ID.

1. Submit a GET request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
    https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vector/{index}/{id}

4.2.3.4.5   Deleting a Vector via item ID

The Delete Vector API is used to remove an item from the specified vector index by ID.

Note: Only the creator of the vector is able to delete the vector through the API.

1. Submit a DELETE request to retrieve InsightCloud UVI information. The REST call via monocle-3 application will look similar to the following:
   https://iipbeta.digitalglobe.com/insight-vector/api/vector/{index}/{id}

4.2.3.4.6   **Vector Generate Parameters**

Parameters	Data Type	Parameter Type	Description
index	String	Path	The index to which items will be written/are stored. The index is generated during the POST call. *Note: All indicies generated through the API will be of the format* **vector-web-{geohash}**.

itemJson	String	Body	GeoJSON of item to write. Example:
			{
			  "type": "Feature",
			    "geometry": {
			     "type": "Point",
			     "coordinates": [1.0,1.0]
			    },
			    "properties": {
			     "text" : "elementary school",
			     "name" : "foo",
			     "item_type" : [“Building”,”School"],
			     "ingest_source" : "REST API test source",
			    "access" : {
			    "users" : ["_ALL_"],
			    "groups" : ["_ALL_"]
			    },
			    "attributes" : {
			     "latitude" : 1,
			     "institute.founded" : "2015-07-17",
			     "mascot " : "moth"
			    }
			    }
			}

id	String	Path	The ID of the item.
itemArray	String	Path	JSON array of items to write.

Table 4.23 Generate Vectors via API Parameters

5   Appendix A - Acronyms

Acronym	Description
AOI	Area of Interest
CEG	Cumulative Exposure Grid
DEM	Digital Elevation Model
GIS	Geographic Information System
GPU	Graphics Processing Unit
HLZ	Helicopter Landing Zone
IED	Improvised Explosive Device
Lat/Lon	Latitude/Longitude
MASS	Mosaicing After Scoring and Selection
TPI	Topographic Position Index
UI	User Interface
UVI	Unified Vector Index
VS	Viewshed