Lösungen zum12. Übungsblatt

1. Aufgabe. a)

$$\int \sqrt[m]{x^n} \, dx = \frac{m \cdot \sqrt[m]{x^{n+m}}}{n+m} + C$$

b)
$$\int a^x e^x dx = \frac{(ae)^x}{1 + \ln a} + C$$

c)
$$\int \frac{(1-t)^2}{t\sqrt{t}} dt = \frac{2t^2 - 12t - 6}{3\sqrt{t}} + C$$

d)
$$\int \frac{1 + \cos^2(t)}{1 + \cos(2t)} dt = \frac{1}{2}(t + \tan t) + C.$$

2. Aufgabe. a) $\int_{0}^{1} x^{2} dx = \frac{1}{3}$,

b)
$$\int_{0}^{1} e^{x} dx = e - 1$$
,

c)
$$\int_{0}^{1} x^{k} dx = \frac{1}{k+1}, \quad k \in N,$$

d)
$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln 2$$
.

3. Aufgabe.

a)
$$\int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{1+x} \, dx = \frac{4\sqrt{2}-2}{3}$$

b)
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin(x) dx = 2$$

c)
$$\int_{0}^{1} (e^{x} - 1)^{4} e^{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} (e - 1)^{5}$$

d)
$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x+x^3} dx$$
, = $\ln(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}})$

e)
$$\int_{0}^{1} x e^{-x} dx = 1 - 2e^{-1}$$

f)
$$\int_{0}^{2} x \log_{2}(x) dx = -\frac{2+\ln 2}{2\ln 2}$$

g)
$$\int_{0}^{e-1} \ln(x+1) dx = 1$$

h)
$$\int_{4}^{9} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x-1}} dx = 7 + 2 \ln 2$$

i)
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{e^x + e^{-x}}} dx = \ln \frac{e + \sqrt{e^2 + 1}}{1 + \sqrt{2}}$$

4. Aufgabe.

a)
$$\int \frac{dx}{1+\sqrt{1+x}} = 2(\sqrt{x+1} - \ln(1+\sqrt{1+x})) + C$$

b)
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+e^x}} = \ln \frac{\sqrt{1+e^x} - 1}{\sqrt{1+e^x} + 1} + C$$

c)
$$\int \sqrt{1 + \cos^2(t)} \sin(2t) \cos(2t) dt = 0, 4(\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 t})^3 (3 - 2\cos^2 t) + C$$

d)
$$\int \frac{t^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - t^2}} dt = \frac{a^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{t}{a} - \frac{t}{2} \sqrt{a^2 - t^2} + C$$

e)
$$\int \frac{y^5 dy}{(y^2 - 4)^2} = \frac{1}{2}(y^2 - 4) + 4\ln|y^2 - 4| - \frac{8}{y^2 - 4} + C$$

f)
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \ln(y)}}{y \ln(y)} \, dy = 2\sqrt{1 + \ln y} + \ln|\ln y| - 2\ln|\sqrt{1 + \ln y} + 1| + C$$