iBeacon

Documentation for version 3.1

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Introduction

Thank you for using our iBeacon plugin.

- Anything important to know will be marked like this.
- Bluetooth Low Energy will be abbreviated as BLE.

System requirements

- Unity 5 (tested on 5.3.4)
- iOS 7.0 or later
 - · iPhone 4s or later
 - iPad (3rd generation) or later
 - · iPad mini or later
 - iPod touch (5th generation) or later
- Android 4.3 or later
 - ► For transmitting beacons in Android you will need Android 5.0 or later and a compatible device. You can check the incomplete list of devices (http://altbeacon.github.io/android-beacon-library/beacon-transmitter-devices.html) if your device supports it.

Usage

Setup

If you want to detect beacons, create a new iBeaconReceiver GameObject.





If you want to transmit as a beacon, create a new iBeaconServer GameObject.





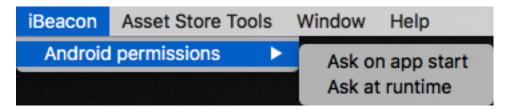
In both cases, the Component *BluetoothState* will also be added.

Permissions on Android 6.0 or higher

Beginning in Android 6.0 (API level 23), an app must hold *ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION* or *ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION* permission, which are dangerous permissions, in order to scan for BLE devices. In addition, the app must request each dangerous permission it needs while the app is running.

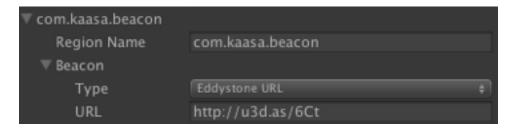
By default, Unity requests all dangerous permissions listed in the manifest on app start. But this behavior can be disabled if the Android plugins are designed for Android 6.0.

Our iBeacon plugin is designed for Android 6.0. You can set the behavior through the *Android permissions* item in the *iBeacon* menu. Default is *Ask on app start*.



▶ If you have other Android plugins which were not developed for Android 6.0 and *Ask at runtime* is set up, the app can crash or behave faulty. So test your app on devices which run Android 6.0 or higher.

Defining regions



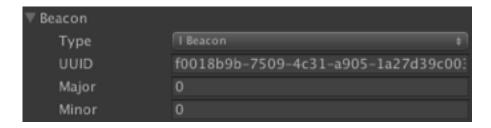
Example of iBeaconRegion in the inspector

- *Region Name* has to be a unique name to differentiate regions internally. This value must not be empty.
- Beacon is a definition of the beacons which will be associated. There are four types of beacons: *Any*, *iBeacon*, *Eddystone UID*, *Eddystone URL* and *Eddystone EID*.
 - Any



This is a representation of every beacon.

- On iOS it only represents every Eddystone beacon. For detecting iBeacons it needs to be of type iBeacon.
- iBeacon



This is a representation of a subset of iBeacons. It has three values:

- *UUID* is the unique ID of the beacons being targeted. This value must not be empty.
- *Major* is the major value that you use to identify one or more beacons. If you want to ignore it, set the value to 0.
- *Minor* is the minor value that you use to identify a specific beacon. If you want to ignore it, set the value to 0.
 - ▶ *Minor* will be ignored if *Major* is 0.

• Eddystone UID



This is a representation of a subset of Eddystone-UID packets. It has two values:

- *Namespace* is a beacon ID namespace. This value must not be empty.
- *Instance* is a unique ID within the namespace. If you want to ignore it, leave it empty.
- Eddystone URL



This is a representation of a specific Eddystone-URL packet. It has one value:

- *URL* is the URL which is broadcasted. This value must not be empty.
- Eddystone EID



This is a representation of every Eddystone-EID beacon.

Because of the changing and encrypted ephemeral identifiers, it is not possible to set it to a subset of Eddystone-EID beacons.

The Beacon class

- *BeaconType type* is the type of the beacon it represents.
- *string UUID* represents different things depending on the type of the beacon:
 - Any: It is an empty string.
 - iBeacon: UUID
 - Eddystone UID: Namespace
 - Eddystone URL: URL
 - Eddystone EID: Ephemeral Identifier

- *int major* is the major value if it is an *iBeacon*. It is 0 otherwise.
- int minor is the minor value if it is an iBeacon. It is 0 otherwise.
- *string instance* is the instance if it is an *Eddystone UID*. It is empty otherwise.
- *int rssi* is the measured RSSI of the beacon. It is 127 if it could not be determined.
- *BeaconRange range* is the coarse distance of the beacon.
- *int strength* is the the calibrated tx power of the beacon. It is *127* if it could not be determined.
- *double accuracy* is the distance of the beacon in meters. It is -1 if it could not be determined.
- *Telemetry telemetry* contains the telemetry data of the beacon if transmitted. It is *null* otherwise.
- DateTime lastSeen is the last time the beacon was detected.

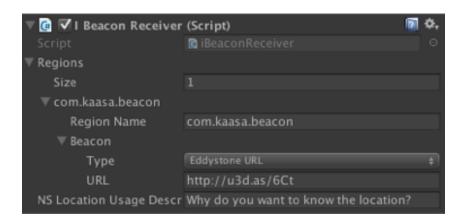
The Telemetry class

- bool encrypted tells if the data is encrypted or not.
- *float voltage* is the current battery charge in volts if supported and unencrypted. It is *0* otherwise.
- *float temperature* is the temperature in degrees Celsius sensed by the beacon if supported and unencrypted. It is *-128* otherwise.
- *int frameCounter* is the running count of advertisement frames of all types emitted by the beacon since power-up or reboot if unencrypted. It is *0* otherwise.
- *TimeSpan uptime* is the time span since beacon power-up or reboot if unencrypted. It is *null* otherwise.
- byte[] encryptedData is the encrypted telemetry data of the beacon if encrypted. It is null otherwise.
- byte[] salt is the random salt from the broadcast if encrypted. It is null otherwise.
- byte[] integrityCheck is the integrity check of the message if encrypted. It is null otherwise.

Working with BluetoothState

- BluetoothLowEnergyState GetBluetoothLEStatus() returns the current status of BLE on the device.
- *void EnableBluetooth()* tries to enable Bluetooth. It will throw an *iBeaconException* if the device does not support BLE.
- BluetoothStateChanged BluetoothStateChangedEvent will be raised every time the state of Bluetooth changes on the device.

The inspector of iBeaconReceiver

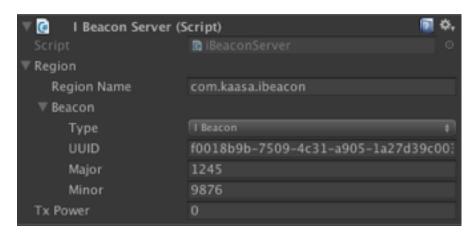


- Regions is an array of all the *iBeaconRegions* it will detect.
- *NSLocationUsageDescription* is the text the user will see when detecting beacons on iOS for the first time.

Working with iBeaconReceiver

- void Scan() tries to start detecting beacons. It will throw an iBeaconException if a
 problem occurs.
- *void Stop()* stops detecting beacons.
- *void Restart()* applies changes and tries to restart detecting beacons. It will throw an *iBeaconException* if a problem occurs.
- BeaconRangeChanged BeaconRangeChangedEvent will be raised every time a beacon is detected.

The inspector of iBeaconServer



- *Region* is the iBeaconRegion which will be transmitted.
 - In this case every value has to be filled.
 - ▶ iOS devices can only transmit as an iBeacon.
 - Not every Android device which can detect beacons can also transmit as a beacon. See System requirements for more information.
- *Tx Power* is the value which will be broadcasted as the signal strength. Specify *0* to use the default value for the device.

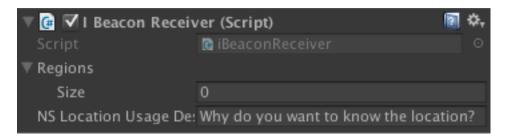
Working with iBeaconServer

- bool checkTransmissionSupported() returns if the device can transmit as a beacon.
- *void Transmit()* tries to start transmitting as a beacon. It will throw an *iBeaconException* if a problem occurs.
- *void StopTransmit()* stops the transmission.
- *void Restart()* applies changes and tries to restart transmitting as a beacon. It will throw an *iBeaconException* if a problem occurs.

Upgrade from older versions

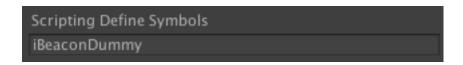
Recovering the old region values

After upgrading the old region values will be invisible:



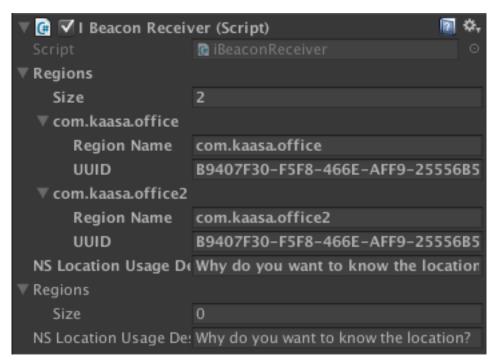
If you want to reuse them, you have to do the following steps:

- 1. Go to the *Player Settings*.
- 2. Add iBeaconDummy to the Scripting Define Symbols.

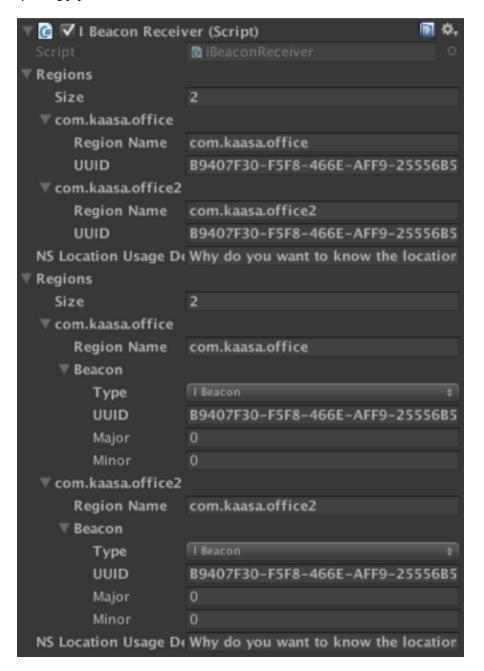


3. Reload the scene without saving.

An error log will appear in the dummy mode. You will see your old values.



4. Copy your old values to the new fields



5. Remove *iBeaconDummy* from the *Scripting Define Symbols*. Done.

Code changes

- *Init()* is deprecated. You can remove it or use *Restart()* instead.
- BluetoothStateChangedEvent and EnableBluetooth() are moved from iBeaconReceiver to BluetoothState.
- *iBeaconReceiver.CheckBluetoothLEStatus()* is removed. You can get the current BLE status with *BluetoothState.GetBluetoothLEStatus()*.
- BeaconRangeChanged(List<Beacon> beacons) is replaced by BeaconRangeChanged(Beacon[] beacons).