DIANNmv

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Introduction

This package can be used to process and analyze mass spec data generated by DIANN. It mainly uses the DEP package under the hood, so you can use all DEP functions once you have created the summarizedExperiment object (check out the DEP vignette). Also included are some visualization function that I prefer over the default DEP options.

Installation

Install and load the package from github with the following code (you can ignore the warnings):

```
if (!require('BiocManager', quietly = T)){
   install.packages('BiocManager')
}

if (!require('devtools', quietly = T)){
   install.packages('devtools')
}

install_github('DijkJel/DIANNmv')
```

```
library(DIANNmv)
#> Warning in fun(libname, pkgname): mzR has been built against a different Rcpp version (1.0.12)
#> than is installed on your system (1.0.14). This might lead to errors
#> when loading mzR. If you encounter such issues, please send a report,
#> including the output of sessionInfo() to the Bioc support forum at
#> https://support.bioconductor.org/. For details see also
#> https://qithub.com/sneumann/mzR/wiki/mzR-Rcpp-compiler-linker-issue.
#> Warning: replacing previous import 'SummarizedExperiment::start' by
#> 'stats::start' when loading 'DIANNmv'
\#> Warning: replacing previous import 'SummarizedExperiment::end' by 'stats::end'
#> when loading 'DIANNmv'
#> Warning: replacing previous import 'MsCoreUtils::smooth' by 'stats::smooth'
#> when loading 'DIANNmv'
library(SummarizedExperiment)
#> Loading required package: MatrixGenerics
#> Loading required package: matrixStats
#> Warning: package 'matrixStats' was built under R version 4.4.3
#>
#> Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'
#> The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
#>
#>
       colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvqsPerRowSet, colCollapse,
#>
       colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
#>
       colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
#>
       colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
#>
       colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
#>
       colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
       colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
#>
#>
       colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet,
#>
       rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
#>
       rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
```

```
rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
#>
       rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
#>
       rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
#>
       rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
       rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars
#> Loading required package: GenomicRanges
#> Loading required package: stats4
#> Loading required package: BiocGenerics
#>
#> Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
#> The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
#>
#>
       IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
#> The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
#>
#>
       anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,
#>
       colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find,
       get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply,
#>
       match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int,
#>
       Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, table,
       tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min
#> Loading required package: S4Vectors
#>
#> Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
#> The following object is masked from 'package:utils':
#>
#>
       findMatches
#> The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
#>
#>
       expand.grid, I, unname
#> Loading required package: IRanges
#> Attaching package: 'IRanges'
#> The following object is masked from 'package:grDevices':
#>
#>
       windows
#> Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
#> Loading required package: Biobase
#> Welcome to Bioconductor
#>
#>
       Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
       'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
#>
       'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
#>
#>
#> Attaching package: 'Biobase'
#> The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':
#>
#>
       rowMedians
#> The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
#>
       anyMissing, rowMedians
library(ggplot2)
```

Required input data & example data

As input files you will need the protein (report.pg_matrix) and peptide (report.pr_matrix) DIANN output files. In addition, you need an experimental design table. This package comes with these files from a DNA pull down experiment for demonstration goals. You can inspect the data with 'expDesign', 'report.pg_matrix', and'report.pr matrix'.

```
head(report.pg_matrix)
#>
                     Protein. Group
                                                         Protein.Names
#> 1 AOAO75B6H7;AOAOC4DH55;PO1624 KV315_HUMAN;KV37_HUMAN;KVD07_HUMAN
#> 2
                AOAOAOMRZ8; PO4433
                                               KV311_HUMAN; KVD11_HUMAN
#> 3
                AOAOB4J2D5; PODPI2
                                               GAL3A_HUMAN; GAL3B_HUMAN
#> 4
                            A0A183
                                                           LCE6A_HUMAN
#> 5
                        AOA1BOGTR4
                                                           SPRR5 HUMAN
#> 6
                        AOA1BOGTU1
                                                           ZC11B_HUMAN
#>
                          Genes
#> 1 IGKV3-15; IGKV3-7; IGKV3D-7
#> 2
            IGKV3-11; IGKV3D-11
#> 3
                   GATD3; GATD3B
#> 4
                          LCE6A
                          SPRR5
#> 5
#> 6
                        ZC3H11B
#>
                                                                           First.Protein.Description
#> 1
                                         Probable non-functional immunoglobulin kappa variable 3-7
#> 2
                                                                 Immunoglobulin kappa variable 3D-11
#> 3 Putative qlutamine amidotransferase-like class 1 domain-containing protein 3B, mitochondrial
#> 4
                                                                  Late cornified envelope protein 6A
#> 5
                                                               Putative small proline-rich protein 5
#> 6
                                                     Zinc finger CCCH domain-containing protein 11B
#>
     neg\_ctrl\_1 neg\_ctrl\_2 neg\_ctrl\_3 motif1\_1 motif1\_2 motif1\_3 motif2\_1 motif2\_2
#> 1
        35045.4
                        NA
                                    NA
                                        60838.8 56361.50
                                                           45830.7
                                                                          NA
                                                                             41375.0
#> 2
        13531.4
                         NA
                                                           50914.5
                                    NA
                                        26054.8
                                                       NA
                                                                     20547.4
#> 3
        50098.9
                  36549.70
                               43047.0
                                        29253.3 25503.00
                                                           47893.5
                                                                     36321.2
                                                                              25036.7
                                                           33898.6
                                                                          NA
                                                                              33731.9
#> 4
        92060.5
                  92580.80
                                    NA
                                       49035.6 67543.30
#> 5
        57016.4
                  58424.50
                                    NA 215301.0 77330.30
                                                                NA
                                                                          NA 69601.4
#> 6
        10773.4
                   9745.44
                               17668.3 16804.8 9534.48 17388.9
                                                                    16438.0
                                                                              25568.2
#>
     motif2 3
#> 1 155669.0
#> 2
     66331.5
#> 3
      28612.7
#> 4
           NA
#> 5
      47255.0
#> 6
           NA
#
#
head(report.pr_matrix)
#>
     Protein. Group
                      Protein.Ids Protein.Names
                                                  Genes
#> 1
                                    PABP2 HUMAN PABPN1
            Q86U42
                           Q86U42
#> 2
            Q8NFD5 Q8NFD5;Q9Y651
                                    ARI1B HUMAN ARID1B
#> 3
            Q96JP5
                           Q96JP5
                                    ZFP91 HUMAN
                                                  ZFP91
#> 4
            Q16585
                           Q16585
                                     SGCB HUMAN
                                                   SGCB
                                      RL4_HUMAN
                                                   RPL4
#> 5
            P36578
                           P36578
```

```
#> 6
            P36578
                          P36578 RL4_HUMAN
                                                RPL4
#>
                            First.Protein.Description Proteotypic
                      Polyadenylate-binding protein 2
#> 1
                                                                1
                                                                0
#> 2 AT-rich interactive domain-containing protein 1B
#> 3
                    E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase ZFP91
                                                                1
#> 4
                                     Beta-sarcoglycan
                                                                1
#> 5
                             60S ribosomal protein L4
                                                                1
#> 6
                             60S ribosomal protein L4
#>
      Stripped. Sequence
                          Modified. Sequence Precursor. Charge
                                                                      Precursor. Id
#> 1
       AAAAAAAAAGAAGGR
                            AAAAAAAAAGAAGGR
                                                                 AAAAAAAAAGAAGGR2
#> 2
             AAAAAAAAAA
                                 AAAAAAAAAA
                                                            2
                                                                      AAAAAAAAAAR2
#> 3
            AAAAAAAAVSR
                               AAAAAAAAAVSR
                                                            2
                                                                     AAAAAAAAVSR2
#> 4 AAAAAAAEQQSSNGPVKK AAAAAAAEQQSSNGPVKK
                                                            3 AAAAAAAEQQSSNGPVKK3
#> 5
            AAAAAAALQAK
                                AAAAAAALQAK
                                                            1
                                                                      AAAAAAALQAK1
                                 AAAAAAALQAK
#> 6
             AAAAAAALQAK
                                                            2
                                                                      AAAAAAALQAK2
     neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl_2 neg_ctrl_3
                                         motif1_1
                                                    motif1_2
                                                               motif1_3
#> 1
        14201.4
                 17402.1
                             22342.6
                                          9617.31
                                                     12355.2
                                                                10824.8
#> 2 56500900.0 59560000.0 64613700.0 51690200.00 23066300.0 40866800.0
#> 3 12186100.0 12535000.0 15420900.0 28513800.00 32014600.0 43538700.0
                                          8669.59
            NA
                       NA
                                  NA
#> 5 3729720.0 4311790.0 2780390.0 3405560.00 4964600.0 4373450.0
#> 6 71649900.0 31629500.0 43972100.0 67226000.00 48326400.0 47199700.0
#>
        motif2_1 motif2_2
                             motif2_3
#> 1
        11469.50
                    11064
                              9728.03
#> 2 30508900.00 30926500 39211400.00
#> 3 41882400.00 53996100 30695300.00
        8965.43
                     NA
#> 5 6242340.00 3104850 6942140.00
#> 6 32204200.00 40380400 39495700.00
#
#
#
expDesign
          label condition replicate
#> 1 neg ctrl 1 neg ctrl
#> 2 neg_ctrl_2 neg_ctrl
                                  2
                                  3
#> 3 neg_ctrl_3 neg_ctrl
      motif1 1
                  motif1
                                  1
#> 4
                                  2
#> 5
      motif1 2
                  motif1
      motif1_3
                                  3
#> 6
                  motif1
#> 7
      motif2_1
                                  1
                  motif2
                                  2
#> 8
      motif2_2
                  motif2
#> 9
      motif2_3
                   motif2
                                  3
```

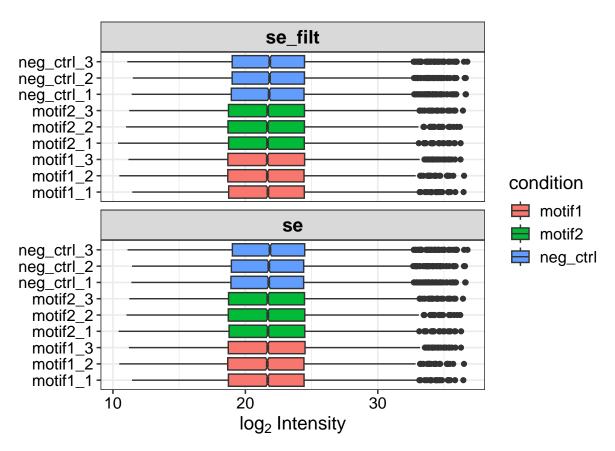
As you can see in expDesign, there are three conditions with 3 replicates each: Two variations of a TF binding motif and one negative control that can be used for both motifs. The names in the 'label' column correspond to the intensity columns in report.pg_matrix and should be in the same order and identically named.

Prepare the Summarized Experiment object

The report.pg_matrix, report.pr_matrix and expDesign are combined in a summarizedExperiment (se) object that is used for downstream analysis and plotting.

To create an se object, you can run the prepare_se() function with the report.pg_matrix file and associated experimental design. You can specify if and what type of imputation is done. The default is 'knn', which is better for DIA data I think. For DDA data, 'MinProb' would be the good. When 'none' is entered for the impute parameter, no imputation is done. Additionally, you can filter on missing values (missing_thr), and potential contaminants are removed by default. (Source: contaminants.txt file from maxquant).

se <- prepare_se(report.pg_matrix, expDesign) # without peptide information



```
#> Imputing along margin 1 (features/rows).
#> Warning in knnimp(x, k, maxmiss = rowmax, maxp = maxp): 36 rows with more than 50 % entries missing;
#> mean imputation used for these rows
#> Cluster size 5548 broken into 2022 3526
#> Cluster size 2022 broken into 673 1349
#> Done cluster 673
#> Done cluster 1349
#> Done cluster 1349
#> Done cluster 2022
#> Cluster size 3526 broken into 1495 2031
#> Done cluster 1495
#> Cluster size 2031 broken into 1030 1001
#> Done cluster 1030
#> Done cluster 1001
#> Done cluster 2031
```

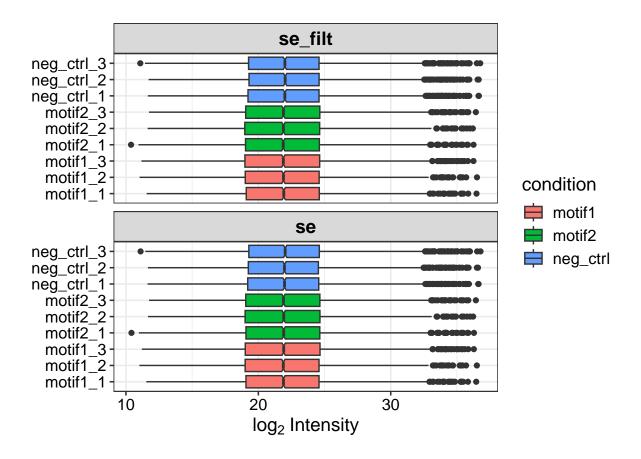
#> class: SummarizedExperiment

#> Done cluster 3526

```
#> dim: 5584 9
#> metadata(0):
#> assays(1): ''
#> rownames(5584): A2M A2ML1 ... ZYX ZZZ3
#> rowData names(9): Protein.Group Protein.Names ... imputed num_NAs
#> colnames(9): neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl_2 ... motif2_2 motif2_3
#> colData names(4): label ID condition replicate
```

If you provide the report.pr_matrix alongside the report.pg_matrix, peptide information is automatically added and you can filter on a minimal number of razor/unique peptides (min_pep, default = 0). Make sure the sample column names are identical and match the label column in the experimental design.

```
# Add peptide information and remove all proteinGroups with <2 total
# razor/unique peptides
se <- prepare_se(report.pg_matrix, expDesign, report.pr_matrix, min_pep = 1)</pre>
```



```
#> Imputing along margin 1 (features/rows).
#> Warning in knnimp(x, k, maxmiss = rowmax, maxp = maxp): 19 rows with more than 50 % entries missing;
#> mean imputation used for these rows
#> Cluster size 5237 broken into 2152 3085
#> Cluster size 2152 broken into 1645 507
#> Cluster size 1645 broken into 656 989
```

- #> Done cluster 656
- #> Done cluster 989
- #> Done cluster 1645

```
#> Done cluster 507
#> Done cluster 2152
#> Cluster size 3085 broken into 1977 1108
#> Cluster size 1977 broken into 976 1001
#> Done cluster 976
#> Done cluster 1001
#> Done cluster 1977
#> Done cluster 1108
#> Done cluster 3085
#> class: SummarizedExperiment
#> dim: 5256 9
#> metadata(0):
#> assays(2): '' peptide_info
#> rownames(5256): A2M A2ML1 ... ZYX ZZZ3
#> rowData names(11): Protein.Group Protein.Names ... imputed num_NAs
#> colnames(9): neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl_2 ... motif2_2 motif2_3
#> colData names(4): label ID condition replicate
```

The summarizedExperiment object stores a lot of information. As you can see from the output above, it consists of 5584 proteinGroups (rows) and 9 samples (columns). Furthermore, the experimental design is stored as 'colData', and extra information is stored as 'rowData'. The log2 transformed intensities form the main assay. Furthermore, if the report.pr_matrix file was provided, a second assay is added. For a detailed description of the structure of summarizedExperiments, check its documentation. In short, to access different parts of data:

```
intensities <- assay(se) # log2 protein intensities
peptides <- assay(se, 'peptide_info') # peptide numbers</pre>
rd = as.data.frame(rowData(se))
colnames(rd) # Information for each proteinGroup in the se.
#> [1] "Protein.Group"
                                     "Protein.Names"
#> [3] "Genes"
                                     "First.Protein.Description"
#> [5] "n_total"
                                     "Potential.contaminant"
                                     "ID"
#> [7] "name"
#> [9] "npep_total"
                                     "imputed"
#> [11] "num_NAs"
cd = as.data.frame(colData(se))
cd # The experimental design
                   label
                                  ID condition replicate
#> neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl
#> neg_ctrl_2 neg_ctrl_2 neg_ctrl_2 neg_ctrl
#> neg_ctrl_3 neg_ctrl_3 neg_ctrl_3 neg_ctrl
                                                        3
\#> motif1_1 \qquad motif1_1 \qquad motif1_1 \qquad motif1
                                                       1
#> motif1_2
              motif1_2 motif1_2
                                       motif1
                                                       2
#> motif1_3
               motif1_3 motif1_3
                                        motif1
                                                        3
\#> motif2_1 \qquad motif2_1 \qquad motif2_1
                                        motif2
                                                       1
                                                        2
\#> motif2_2 \qquad motif2_2 \qquad motif2_2 \qquad motif2
\#> motif2_3 \qquad motif2_3 \qquad motif2_3
                                                        3
                                       motif2
```

Add peptide and iBAQ information

The report.pr_matrix and report.pg_matrix files can be used to add peptide number information, iBAQ values, and median peptide intensities, which are an alternative to iBAQ.

Add number of razor/unique peptides

This information is automatically added to the se object when running prepare_se() and providing a report.pr_matrix file (see above). You can also manually add this to the report.pg_matrix() file with the following code.

To get the number of razor/unique peptides per proteinGroup per sample and the total number of razor/unique peptides over all samples, and add these to the report.pg matrix file:

```
peptides <- get_nPep_prMatrix(report.pr_matrix)
pg_matrix <- add_peptide_numbers(report.pg_matrix, peptides)</pre>
```

This adds new columns with the suffix 'npep' to the report.pg_matrix with the number of identified peptides per sample, and 'n total' with the total number of identified razor/unique peptides per proteinGroup.

```
colnames(pg_matrix)
#> [1] "Protein.Group"
                                     "Protein.Names"
   [3] "Genes"
#>
                                     "First.Protein.Description"
  [5] "neq_ctrl_1"
                                     "neq_ctrl_2"
                                     "motif1_1"
   [7] "neg_ctrl_3"
  [9] "motif1_2"
                                     "motif1 3"
#> [11] "motif2 1"
                                     "motif2 2"
#> [13] "motif2_3"
                                     "neg_ctrl_1_npep"
#> [15] "neg_ctrl_2_npep"
                                     "neg_ctrl_3_npep"
#> [17] "motif1_1_npep"
                                     "motif1_2_npep"
#> [19] "motif1_3_npep"
                                     "motif2 1 npep"
#> [21] "motif2 2 npep"
                                     "motif2_3_npep"
#> [23] "n total"
```

Add iBAQ data

iBAQ values can be added to the pg_matrix file as well. For that, we need the number of theoretically observable peptides, and non-normalized intensities.

The number of iBAQ peptides for reviewed human and mouse uniprot entries are included in the package and can be accessed with:

```
ibaq_peptides <- DIANNmv::ibaq_peptides
hs <- ibaq_peptides$hs #Human entries
mm <- ibaq_peptides$mm # Mouse entries</pre>
```

If you do not want to use these, you can create an similar object yourself from a fasta file:

```
no_ibaq_peptides <- get_ibaq_peptides('path/to/fasta.fasta')</pre>
```

Non-normalized intensities can be calculated as sum of individual peptide intensites from the report.pr matrix file:

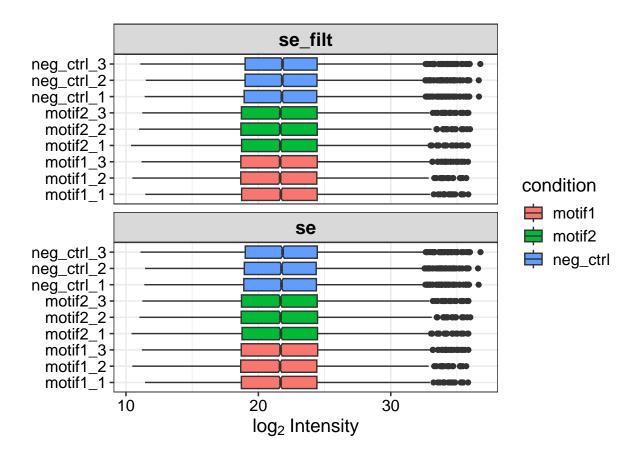
```
intensities <- get_intensities_prMatrix(report.pr_matrix)</pre>
```

This is all combined in the the add_iBAQ() function, which addes columns with iBAQ values and a column with the number of iBAQ peptides to the report.pg_matrix. If you use the included iBAQ peptides, you only have to specify the organism. If you use a custom file, you have to specify it with the 'ibaq_stats' parameter.

```
pg <- add_iBAQ(report.pg_matrix, report.pr_matrix, organism = 'hs') # Standard
colnames(pg)
#> [1] "Protein.Group"
                                     "Protein.Names"
#> [3] "Genes"
                                     "First.Protein.Description"
   [5] "neg_ctrl_1"
                                     "neg ctrl 2"
  [7] "neq_ctrl_3"
                                     "motif1_1"
#> [9] "motif1_2"
                                     "motif1 3"
#> [11] "motif2_1"
                                     "motif2_2"
#> [13] "motif2_3"
                                     "neg\_ctrl\_1\_iBAQ"
#> [15] "neg_ctrl_2_iBAQ"
                                     "neg\_ctrl\_3\_iBAQ"
#> [17] "motif1_1_iBAQ"
                                     "motif1 2 iBAQ"
#> [19] "motif1_3_iBAQ"
                                     "motif2_1_iBAQ"
#> [21] "motif2_2_iBAQ"
                                     "motif2_3_iBAQ"
#> [23] "ibaq_peptides"
```

The iBAQ values are automatically added to the summarized Experiment object when running the prepare_se() function. In addition, the number of iBAQ peptides is added to the rowData.

```
pg <- add_iBAQ(report.pg_matrix, report.pr_matrix, organism = 'hs')
se <- prepare_se(pg, expDesign, report.pr_matrix)</pre>
```



```
#> Imputing along margin 1 (features/rows).
#> Warning in knnimp(x, k, maxmiss = rowmax, maxp = maxp): 33 rows with more than 50 % entries missing;
#> mean imputation used for these rows
#> Cluster size 5475 broken into 3183 2292
#> Cluster size 3183 broken into 2053 1130
#> Cluster size 2053 broken into 1034 1019
#> Done cluster 1034
#> Done cluster 1019
#> Done cluster 2053
#> Done cluster 1130
#> Done cluster 3183
#> Cluster size 2292 broken into 1624 668
#> Cluster size 1624 broken into 716 908
#> Done cluster 716
#> Done cluster 908
#> Done cluster 1624
#> Done cluster 668
#> Done cluster 2292
iBAQ <- as.matrix(assay(se, 'iBAQ'))</pre>
head(iBAQ)
         neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl_2 neg_ctrl_3 motif1_1 motif1_2 motif1_3
#>
         44908.143 43355.8406
                                  64753.94 41528.739 123416.60 21931.53
#> A2M
#> A2ML1 112836.227 154355.9719
                                  88353.84 136172.283 135247.20 156184.82
#> AAAS 595275.548 778864.7519 733462.15 248484.556 725698.24 489673.48
#> AAK1
         24854.583
                       126.1392
                                  26950.56 23150.526 19485.50
#> AAR2
        29334.317 183248.0889
                                             3291.122 35568.44 33472.99
                                  39214.12
```

```
3359.781 10436.0490
#> AARS1
                                     0.00
                                               0.000 2132.97
                                                                 2367.20
#>
          motif2_1 motif2_2 motif2_3
#> A2M
          4432.100 108122.55 85534.064
#> A2ML1 47171.734 77564.26 106892.719
#> AAAS 278873.133 263530.63 505940.196
                        0.00 21978.459
#> AAK1
             0.000
#> AAR2 201094.172 108991.24 177086.150
#> AARS1
          1908.576
                     3763.05
                               2011.761
ibaq_pep <- rowData(se)$ibaq_peptides</pre>
head(ibaq_pep)
#> [1] 69 64 27 36 18 50
```

Add median peptide intensities

Similarly, median peptide intensities (mpi) can be added. To get the mpi as separate object:

```
mpi <- get_median_intensities_prMatrix(report.pr_matrix)</pre>
head(mpi)
                       protein neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl_2 neg_ctrl_3 motif1_1
                                                         NA 60838.90
#> 1 AOAO75B6H7; AOAOC4DH55; PO1624 35045.4 NA
                                13531.4
#> 2
              AOAOAOMRZ8;P04433
                                          5577.47
                                                         NA 26054.80
                                                      17767.3 18834.27
#> 3
              AOAOB4J2D5; PODPI2 31083.5 23493.25
#> 4
                        A0A183 74635.8 96073.55
                                                         NA 64140.95
#> 5
                     AOA1BOGTR4
                                56976.9
                                          58384.00
                                                          NA 148435.10
#> 6
                     AOA1BOGTU1 255493.0
                                           9745.44
                                                     17668.3 16804.80
#> motif1_2 motif1_3 motif2_1 motif2_2 motif2_3
                         NA 41375.0 155669.00
#> 1 56361.40 45830.7
#> 2 25558.50 50914.5 20547.4
                                   NA 66331.50
#> 3 249944.00 21172.3 25210.3 192574.0 267984.40
#> 4 78935.65 82479.8
                          NA 78484.7
#> 5 47525.95
                  NA 65137.5 71409.6 23997.25
#> 6 9534.49 17388.9 16438.0 25568.2
                                       8499.39
```

To add mpi to the se object directly:

```
se <- add_median_peptide_intensity(se, report.pr_matrix)
se # an extra assay 'median_peptide_intensities' is added
#> class: SummarizedExperiment
#> dim: 5508 9
#> metadata(0):
#> assays(5): '' iBAQ maxLFQ_iBAQ peptide_info median_peptide_intensities
#> rownames(5508): A2M A2ML1 ... ZYX ZZZ3
#> rowData names(13): Protein.Group Protein.Names ... num_NAs baseMean_mpi
#> colnames(9): neg_ctrl_1 neg_ctrl_2 ... motif2_2 motif2_3
#> colData names(4): label ID condition replicate
mpi <- assay(se, 'median_peptide_intensities')

rd <- as.data.frame(rowData(se))
head(rd$baseMean_mpi) # shows the average mpi per proteinGroup over all samples
#> [1] 339967.8 366450.2 411634.6 600430.1 307316.9 108054.2
```

Differential protein analysis

To perform differential protein expression analysis, you have to run the get_DEPresults() function. There are three main types: 'manual' (1 vs 1), 'control' (all vs 1), and 'all' (all vs all). For 'manual', you can also specify the contrasts you want to test by providing a character vector for the 'tests' parameter.In addition, you can choose the p.adj cutoff and log2 fold change cutoffs for significant, and the method of FDR correction. The DEP default is 'fdrtool', but this has given some weird results in the past. Therefore, the default here is 'BH' (Benjamini-Hochberg), which is also the default that limma uses (which DEP uses in the background).

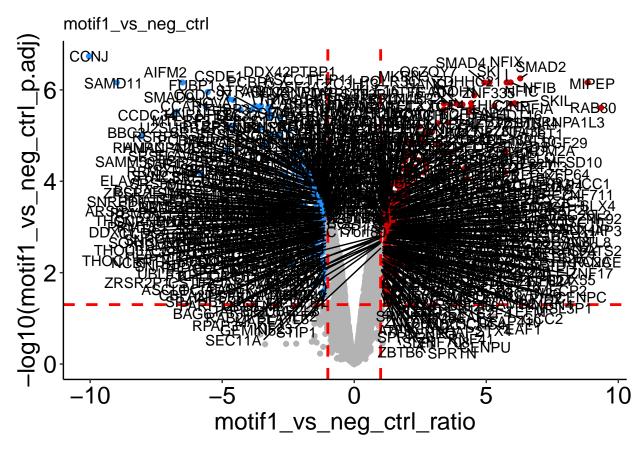
get_DEPresults returns a data frame with statistics for the specified tests, and can be used for visualization afterwards.

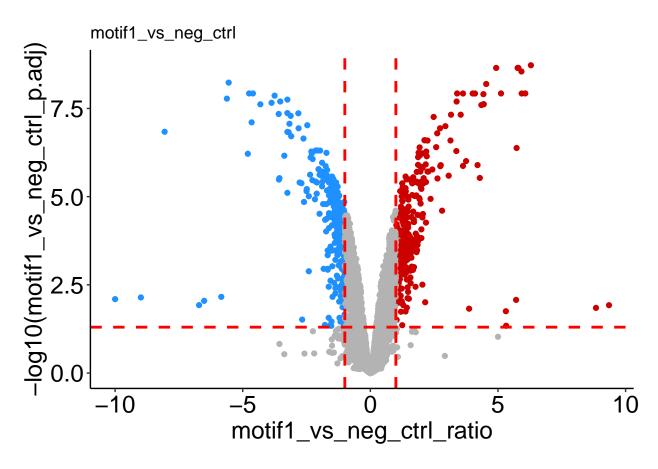
Plotting

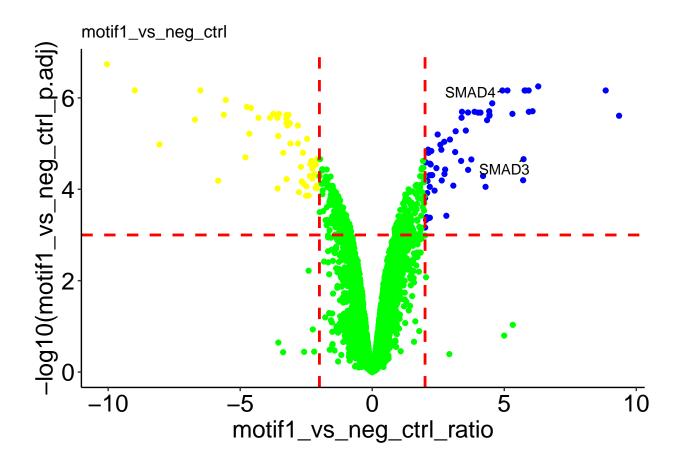
Volcano plots

The plotVolcano() function returns volcano plots with the specified significance cutoffs. If more than 1 comparison is present in your results data frame, a list of volcano plots will be returned which can be accessed by the '\$' operator. Check the help page for plotVolcano() (?plotVolcano) to see the different options for labeling specific points in the volcano.

```
plotVolcano(res_man) # Default volcano plot if one comparison is present.
```



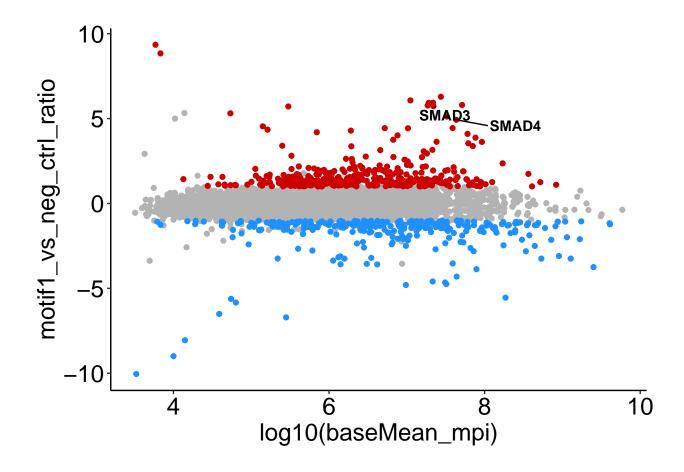




MA-plots

If median_peptide_intensities are added to the se, you can also plot an MA-plot, with abundances on the x-axis, and fold-changes on the y-axis. Significant hits are indicated in blue/red:

```
plot_MA(res_man, label = c('SMAD3', 'SMAD4'))
#> Warning: Removed 1 row containing missing values or values outside the scale range
#> ('geom_point()').
#> Warning: Removed 1 row containing missing values or values outside the scale range
#> ('geom_text_repel()').
```



Venn diagrams

You can also make a Venn diagram showing overlapping significant proteins. By default, all comparisons present in your results data frame are used, but it can handle five comparisons maximally. You can specify which comparisons to include.

```
plot_venn_diagram(res) # all comparisons
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [[1]]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] venn_list
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $filename
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] NULL
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
  INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $disable.logging
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] T
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fill
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] colors
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fontfamily
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "sans"
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fontface
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "bold"
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
```

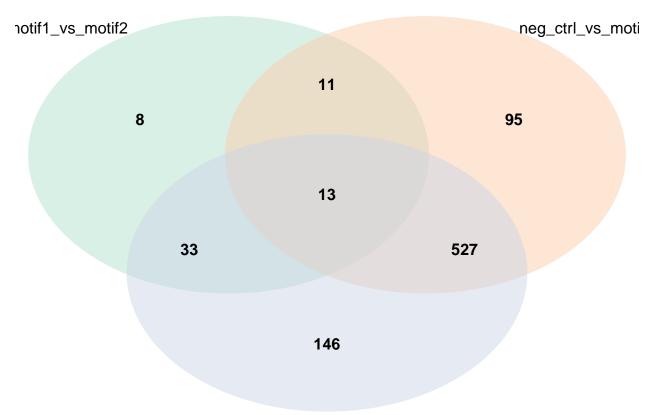
```
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $cat.fontfamily

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "sans"

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] 
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $lty

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] 0

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
```



neg_ctrl_vs_motif2

```
plot_venn_diagram(res, comparisons = c('neg_ctrl_vs_motif1',
                                       'neg_ctrl_vs_motif2')) # only two comp.
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [[1]]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] venn_list
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $filename
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] NULL
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $disable.logging
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] T
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fill
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] colors
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fontfamily
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "sans"
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fontface
```

```
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "bold"

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $cat.fontfamily

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "sans"

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $lty

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] 0

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
```



```
plot_venn_diagram(res, comparisons = c('neg_ctrl_vs_motif1',
                                       'neg_ctrl_vs_motif2'),
                  colors = c('red', 'blue')) # specify colors used
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [[1]]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] venn_list
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $filename
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] NULL
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $disable.logging
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] T
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fill
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] colors
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fontfamily
```

```
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "sans"

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $fontface

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "bold"

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $cat.fontfamily

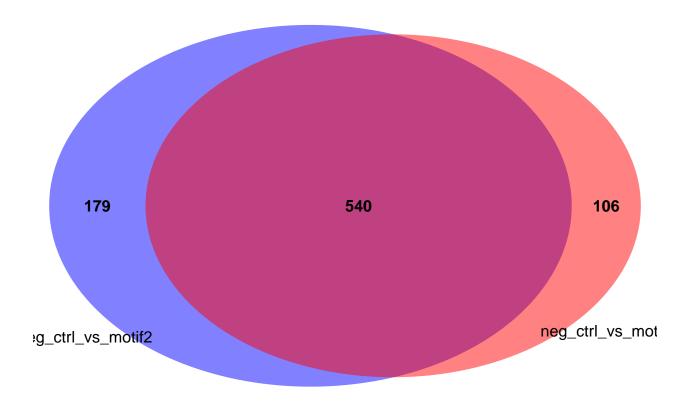
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] "sans"

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] $lty

#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03] [1] 0

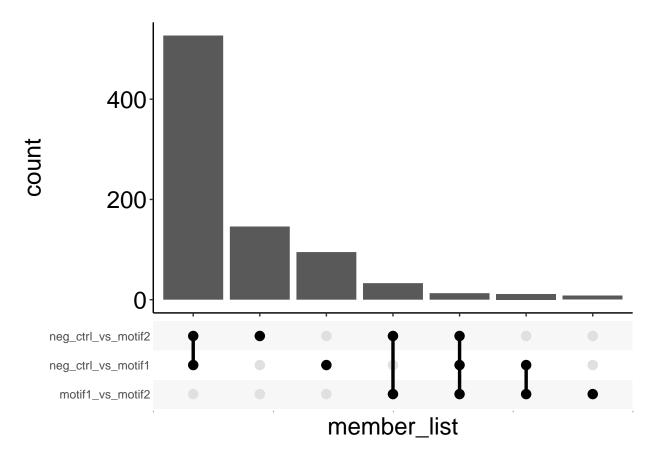
#> INFO [2025-06-18 14:04:03]
```



Upset plot

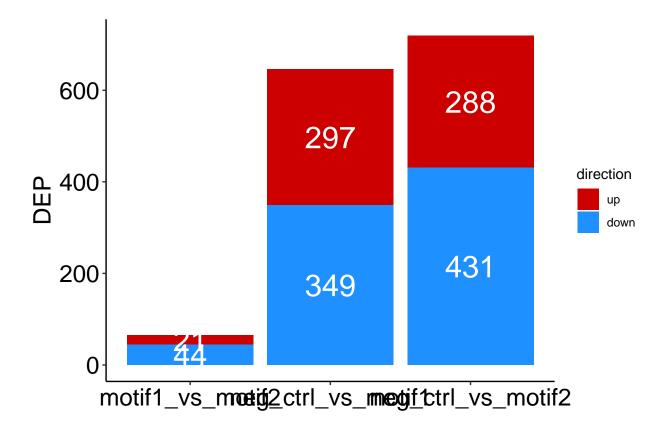
As an alternative to Venn diagrams, you can also plot protein membership as an upset plot. Individual components of the plot can be altered after the plot is made. Check the 'ggupset' vignette for instructions on how to do this.

```
upset_plot <- plot_upset(res)
upset_plot</pre>
```

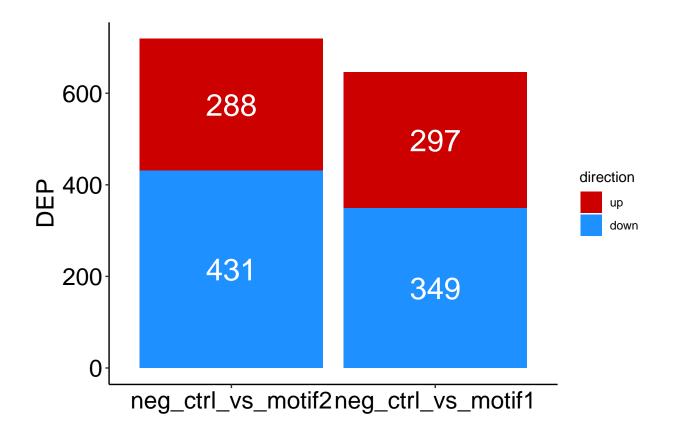


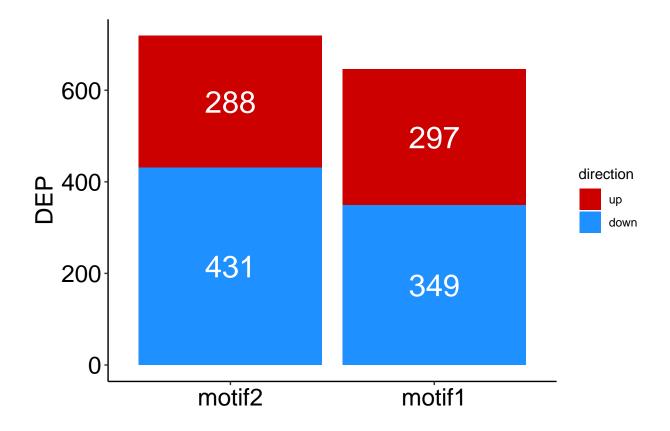
Finally, to get an overview of the number of identified significant proteins per condition:

plot_DEP_barplot(res)



You can change the conditions included, order of columns, and labels:





Gene set enrichment analysis (GSEA)

GSEA can be performed on the results from get_DEPresults(). This only works if the results object contains one comparison. It does not make a lot of sense to do GSEA on a DNA pull down, but this will be used for demonstration purposes nonetheless.

In addition to a results object, you need gene sets that you want to test. For this, you need to download the msigdb superset with gene sets, and extract the sets that you want. Most commonly, cancer hallmarks (h), curated gene sets (c2) and gene ontology gene sets (c5) are used. To extract these:

```
db <- load_msigdb(organism = 'hs') # loads the super set
#> see ?msigdb and browseVignettes('msigdb') for documentation
#> loading from cache
#> require("GSEABase")
#>
#> Warning in getMsigOrganism(gsc, idType): Assuming the organism to be human.

# retrieve the cancer hallmarks
geneset_hallmarks <- get_genesets(db, collection = 'h')

# retrieve the GO:biological process gene sets.
# similarly molecular function (GOMF) and cellular compartment (GOCC) can be
# retrieved
geneset_gobp <- get_genesets(db, collection = 'c5', subcollection = 'GOBP')</pre>
```

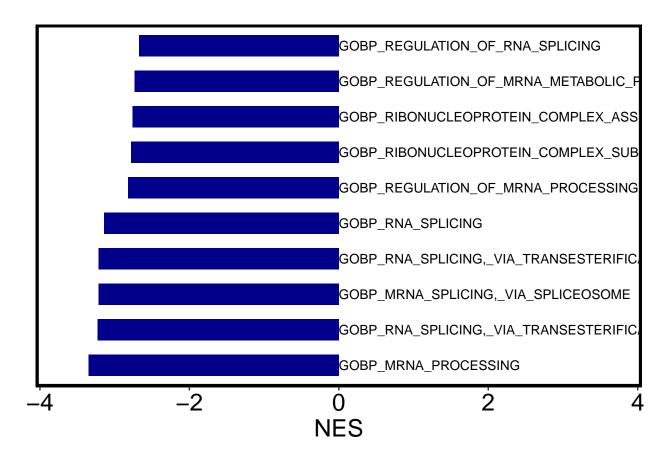
To perform GSEA, use the results object and the gene sets of choice:

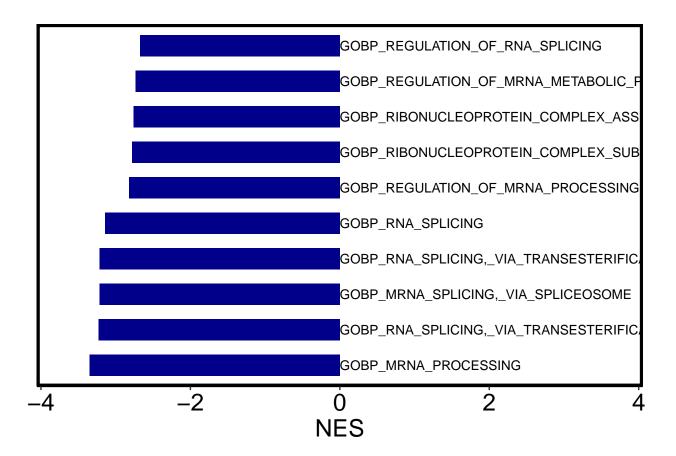
```
res <- get_DEPresults(se, 'motif1', 'neg_ctrl')
#> Tested contrasts: motif1_vs_neg_ctrl
gsea <- perform_GSEA(res, geneset_gobp)
#> Warning in preparePathwaysAndStats(pathways, stats, minSize, maxSize, gseaParam, : There are ties in
#> The order of those tied genes will be arbitrary, which may produce unexpected results.
```

Plotting of GSEA results

There are several options to visualize your GSEA results. The simplest is with a bar plot, showing just the Normalized Enrichment Scores (NES). The default options shows all significant results. Be specifying the top_n parameter, you can only include the n pathways with the lowest padj value.

```
# Bar plot of 10 pathways with lowest padj values.
barplot <- plot_gsea_barplot(gsea, top_n = 10)
barplot</pre>
```





With the plot_gsea_dotplot() function, you can include more information about the pathways:

```
dotplot <- plot_gsea_dotplot(gsea, top_n = 10)
dotplot</pre>
```

```
GOBP_REGULATION_OF_RNA_SPLICING
```

GOBP_REGULATION_OF_MRNA_METABOLIC_PROCESS

GOBP_RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN_COMPLEX_ASSEMBLY

GOBP_RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN_COMPLEX_SUBUNIT_ORGANIZATION

GOBP_REGULATION_OF_MRNA_PROCESSING

GOBP_RNA_SPLICING

_SPLICING,_VIA_TRANSESTERIFICATION_REACTIONS_WITH_BULGED_ADENOSINE_AS_NUCLEOPHILE

GOBP_MRNA_SPLICING,_VIA_SPLICEOSOME

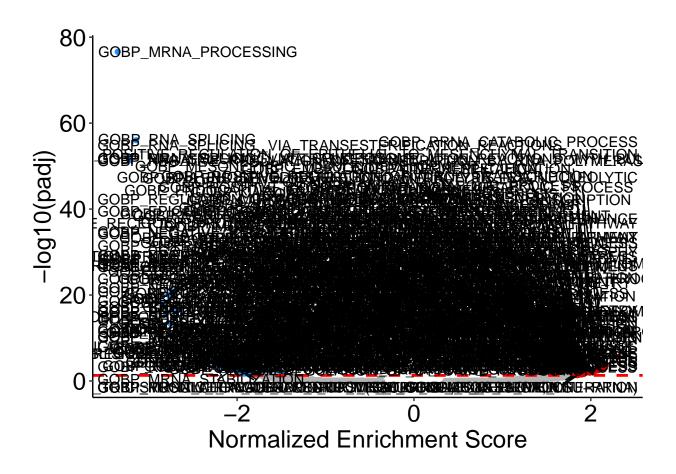
GOBP_RNA_SPLICING,_VIA_TRANSESTERIFICATION_REACTIONS

GOBP_MRNA_PROCESSING

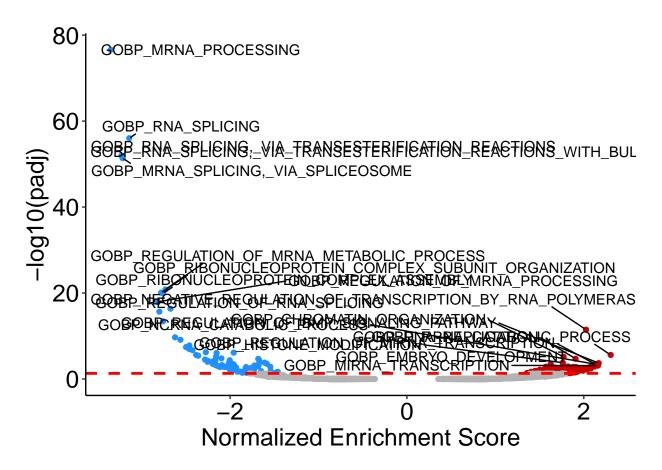
-2.0 Normalized Enrich

A third way way to visualize the results from GSEA is with a volcano plot with the NES on the x-axis and -log10(padj) on the y-axis. Like with the volcano plot for DEP visualization, you can specify how to label points.

```
# Plot all significant points (can be chatoic)
volcano <- plot_gsea_volcano(gsea)
volcano</pre>
```

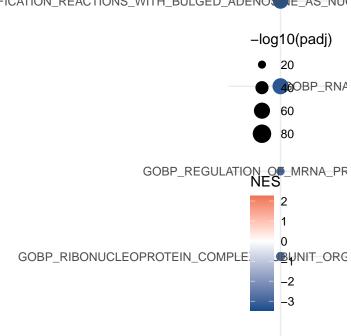


plot 10 significant points with the lowest padj value on both sides of volcano.
volcano <- plot_gsea_volcano(gsea, top_n = 10)
volcano</pre>



If you ran multiple GSEAs on different results objects (from get_DEPresults()), you can plot them in a single bubble plot.

GOBP_RNA_SPLICING,_VIA_TRANSESTERIFICATION_REACTIONS_WITH_BULGED_ADENO:



GOBP_RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN COMPLEX_