ASSESSMENT ON: SHELL SCRIPTING



- 1. (output to terminal)Write a script to print:
- a. "Welcome to Intelligrape"
- b. <username>@<hostname>:<your present working directory>

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Welcome to Intelligraph"
user=$(whoami)
host=$(hostname)
pswd=$(pwd)
echo $user"@"$host":"$pswd

"
"f.sh" 6L, 114C written

diksha@diksha:~$ ./f.sh
Welcome to Intelligraph
diksha@diksha:/home/diksha
diksha@diksha:~$
```

2 (arguments)Write a script

a. which takes in two arguments and print those arguments.

```
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f2.sh 2 5
First argument=2
Second argument=5
diksha@diksha:~$
```

b. which checks the number of arguments passed and if the number is greater than two print ERROR message along with printing the number of arguments.

```
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f3.sh 2 5
Success
Arguments are 2 5
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f3.sh 2 5 6 7
Error
No. of arguments 4
diksha@diksha:~$
```

- 3. Continue with the above script
- a. check the two arguments are only integer values and if these are not integers print the proper error on terminal and also log it into a file.b. perform addition on the two arguments and print result on screen. Use

function for this.

```
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f2.sh 5 f
Both are not integer
diksha@diksha:~$ cat e
error.log
                errors.txt
                                  err.txt
                                                     examples.desktop
diksha@diksha:~$ cat error.log
Not an integer:- 5,20
Not an integer:- 5,f
Not an integer:- 5,f
Not an integer:- 5,4
Not an integer:- 5,f
Not an integer:- 5,f
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f2.sh 5 7
12
diksha@diksha:~$
```

- 4. Create a calculator using the above script which would perform addition, subtraction, division and multiplication.
- a. the script should ask user which operation the user wants to perform:+,-,*,/
- b. if user enters other than "+.-,*,/", print proper message on terminal and keeps on asking for correct input(use while loop to accomplish this).
- c. Use case statement instead of if.

```
#!/bin/bash
while [ 1 ]
do
        echo "Input + for ADDITION";
        echo "Input - for SUBTRACTION";
        echo "Input * for MULTIPLICATION";
        echo "Input / for DIVISION";
        read ch
        case "${ch}" in
                "+") echo "Result is" `expr $1 + $2`
                        exit 0;;
                "-") echo "Result is" `expr $1 - $2`
                        exit 0;;
                "*") echo "Result is" `expr $1 \* $2`
                        exit 0;;
                "/") echo "Result is" `expr $1 / $2`
                        exit 0;;
               *) echo "Invalid input";
        esac
done
```

```
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f4.sh 8 4
Input + for ADDITION
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input * for MULTIPLICATION
Input / for DIVISION
Result is 32
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f4.sh 8 4
Input + for ADDITION
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input * for MULTIPLICATION
Input / for DIVISION
Result is 12
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f4.sh 8 4
Input + for ADDITION
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input * for MULTIPLICATION
Input / for DIVISION
Result is 4
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f4.sh 8 4
Input + for ADDITION
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input * for MULTIPLICATION
Input / for DIVISION
Result is 2
```

```
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f4.sh 8 4
Input + for ADDITION
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input * for MULTIPLICATION
Input / for DIVISION
f
Invalid input
Input + for ADDITION
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input * for MULTIPLICATION
Input / for DIVISION
!
Invalid input
Input + for ADDITION
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input / for DIVISION
!
Invalid input
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input - for SUBTRACTION
Input * for MULTIPLICATION
Input * for MULTIPLICATION
Input / for DIVISION
```

5. Write proper help documentation and print it with -h for above script.

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
NAME
       f4.sh - shell script for calculator
SYNOPSIS
        ./f4.sh [Argument1 Argument2]
DESCRIPTION
        This is an interactive calculator.
        It will give error for invalid input.
        Argument1 and Argument2 must be integer value.
OPTION
        -h
                Print the usage and exit
EXAMPLE
        ./f4.sh 4 5
AUTHOR
        Diksha Tomar
"help1.txt" 19L, 312C written
```

```
#!/bin/bash
if [ "${1}" == "-h" ]
then
       less help1.txt
else
while [ 1 ]
do
        echo "Input + for ADDITION";
        echo "Input - for SUBTRACTION";
        echo "Input * for MULTIPLICATION";
        echo "Input / for DIVISION";
        read ch
        case "${ch}" in
                "+") echo "Result is" 'expr $1 + $2'
                        exit 0;;
                "-") echo "Result is" 'expr $1 - $2'
                        exit 0;;
                "*") echo "Result is" `expr $1 \* $2`
                        exit 0;;
                "/") echo "Result is" `expr $1 / $2`
                        exit 0;;
                *) echo "Invalid input";
        esac
done
fi
"f4.sh" 26L, 477C written
```

```
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f4.sh -h
```

```
NAME
       f4.sh - shell script for calculator
SYNOPSIS
        ./f4.sh [Argument1 Argument2]
DESCRIPTION
        This is an interactive calculator.
        It will give error for invalid input.
        Argument1 and Argument2 must be integer value.
OPTION
        -h
                Print the usage and exit
EXAMPLE
        ./f4.sh 4 5
AUTHOR
        Diksha Tomar
 ESC
```

6. Create a script which takes input of "/etc/passwd" file and find out and print the sum of uids and gids. The script should tell which sum of greater.

```
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f5.sh
uids=71587 pids=464106
464106
```

7. A directory contains files and sub-directories. Move files to destination and directories to destination 2

```
diksha@diksha:~/sort$ ls
a aa b bb c cc d dd destination1 destination2 e ee f6.sh ff
#!/bin/bash
for i in `ls`
do
       if [[ "$i" != "destination1" && "$i" != "destination2" && "$i" != "f6.sh" ]]
               if [ -f $i ]
               then
                      mv $i destination1/$i
               fi
               if [ -d $i ]
               then
                      mv $i destination2/$i
               fi
       fi
done
```

8,21-42

All

```
diksha@diksha:~/sort$ ./f6.sh
diksha@diksha:~/sort$ ls
destination1 destination2 f6.sh
diksha@diksha:~/sort$
```

"f6.sh" 15L, 226C

```
diksha@diksha:~/sort/destination1$ ls
a b c d e
diksha@diksha:~/sort/destination1$ cd ../destination2
diksha@diksha:~/sort/destination2$ ls
aa bb cc dd ee ff
diksha@diksha:~/sort/destination2$
```

8. Create a script which take three arguments, append first argument to every line in a file and second argument to the end of every line of the same file.

```
#!/bin/bash
sed -i "s/^/$1/; s/$/$2/" $<mark>3</mark>
~
```

```
diksha@diksha:~/sort$ cat >file.txt
hello
hi
watsup^C
diksha@diksha:~/sort$ chmod +x f7.sh
diksha@diksha:~/sort$ ./f7.sh hi diksha file.txt
diksha@diksha:~/sort$ cat file.txt
hihellodiksha
hihidiksha
diksha@diksha:~/sort$
```

9. Make a list of files in /usr/bin that have the letter "a" as the second character. Put the result in a temporary file.

```
diksha@diksha:/tmp$ cat abc
aa-enabled
aa-exec
baobab
base32
base64
basename
bashbug
cal
calendar
calibrate ppa
canberra-gtk-play
cancel
captoinfo
catchsegv
catman
cautious-launcher
factor
faillog
```

10. List all files in your home directory and print name and size in a table format.

```
echo -e "Name\t\t\t\tSize"
| ls -l | awk 'printf "%-30s|%-18s\n" ,$9,$5
| ~
| ~
```

```
diksha@diksha:~$ vim f9.sh
diksha@diksha:~$ ./f9.sh
Name
                                Size
abcd
                               110
ABCD.txt
                               120
abc.sh
                               14
a.txt
                               16
awscliv2.zip
                               132550785
aws-iam-authenticator
                               18650400
ball.tar.gz
                               145
b.txt
                               13
cat
                               19
destination1
                               4096
destination2
                              4096
error.log
                               10
errors.txt
                               10
err.txt
                               157
examples.desktop
                               8980
```