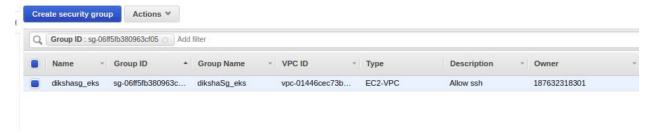
ASSESSMENT ON: EKS



- 1. Create eks cluster using eksctl During creation, Specify
 - Cluster name
 - Kubernetes version
 - Control plane role
 - Subnets for Control Plane
 - Control Plane security Group
 - Add tag: owner, purpose on Control Plane
 - Node Group Name
 - Node Instance Role
 - Subnets for Node Group
 - Node Instance SSH key pair
 - Node Instance Security Group
 - Node Instance Instance Type
 - Node Instance Disk
 - Add tag: owner, purpose on Node Group
 - Node Group Size: min, max

ANS:

STEP 1: Create a security group



diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics\$ eksctl version
0.14.0
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics\$

STEP 2: Create a yaml file with all the above configuration

```
apiVersion: eksctl.io/v1alpha5
kind: ClusterConfig
metadata:
  name: diksha-test
  region: us-east-1
VPC:
  id: "vpc-01446cec73b675a0b"
  cidr: "192.168.0.0/16"
  subnets:
    public:
      us-east-1c:
          id: "subnet-05128b98c1ea54979"
          cidr: "192.168.192.0/18"
      us-east-1b:
          id: "subnet-02618d516e069dda9"
          cidr: "192.168.128.0/18"
      us-east-1a:
          id: "subnet-05ccb7f834d214a5a"
          cidr: "192.168.64.0/18"
iam:
  serviceRoleARN: "arn:aws:iam::187632318301:role/diksha_eksrole"
```

```
nodeGroups:
  - name: managed-ng-1
    instanceType: t2.micro
   minSize: 2
   desiredCapacity: 3
   maxSize: 4
    availabilityZones: ["us-east-1a","us-east-1b","us-east-1c"]
   volumeSize: 20
    iam:
      instanceProfileARN: "arn:aws:iam::187632318301:instance-profile/ec2-eks-node-diksha
    securityGroups:
      withShared: true
      withLocal: true
      attachIDs: ['sg-06ff5fb380963cf05']
    ssh:
      allow: true
      publicKeyName: 'diksha_awskey2'
      'owner': 'diksha'
```

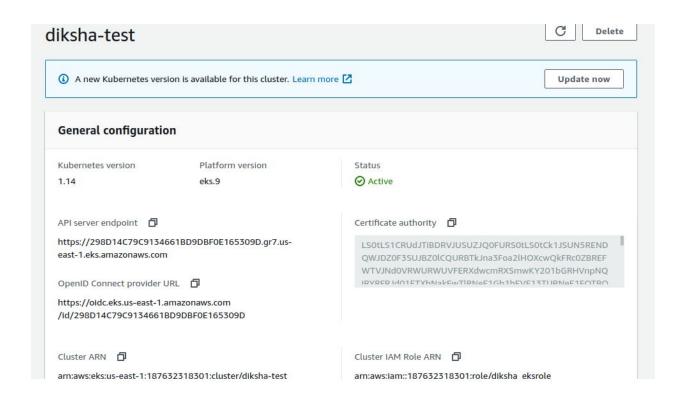
STEP 3: Run the below command to create the cluster

```
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$ eksctl create cluster -f diksha.yml
[i] eksctl version 0.14.0
[i] using region us-east-1
[v] using existing VPC (vpc-01446cec73b675a0b) and subnets (private:[] public:[subnet-05 ccb7834d214a5a subnet-02618d516e069dda9 subnet-05128b98c1ea54979])
[i] custom VPC/subnets will be used; if resulting cluster doesn't function as expected, make sure to review the configuration of VPC/subnets
[i] nodegroup "managed-ng-1" will use "ami-08ac00d99a673bad0" [AmazonLinux2/1.14]
[i] using ECZ key pair "diksha_awskey2"
[i] using Kubernetes version 1.14
[i] creating EKS cluster "diksha-test" in "us-east-1" region with un-managed nodes
[i] 1 nodegroup (managed-ng-1) was included (based on the include/exclude rules)
[i] will create a CloudFormation stack for cluster itself and 1 nodegroup stack(s)
[i] will create a CloudFormation stack for cluster itself and 0 managed nodegroup stack(s)
[i] if you encounter any issues, check CloudFormation console or try 'eksctl utils describe-stacks --region=us-east-1 --cluster=diksha-test'
[i] CloudWatch logging will not be enabled for cluster "diksha-test" in "us-east-1"
[i] you can enable it with 'eksctl utils update-cluster-logging --region=us-east-1 --clu ster=diksha-test'
[i] Kubernetes API endpoint access will use default of {publicAccess=true, privateAccess=false} for cluster "diksha-test" in "us-east-1"
```

```
[i] 2 sequential tasks: { create cluster control plane "diksha-test", create nodegroup "
managed-ng-1" }
[i] building cluster stack "eksctl-diksha-test-cluster"
[i] deploying stack "eksctl-diksha-test-nodegroup-managed-ng-1"
[i] deploying stack "eksctl-diksha-test-nodegroup-managed-ng-1"
[i] deploying stack "eksctl-diksha-test" have been created
[i] all EKS cluster resources for "diksha-test" have been created
[i] adding identity "arn:aws:iam::187632318301:role/ec2-eks-node-diksha" to auth ConfigM
ap
[i] nodegroup "managed-ng-1" has 1 node(s)
[i] node "ip-192-168-69-32.ec2.internal" is not ready
[i] waiting for at least 2 node(s) to become ready in "managed-ng-1"
[i] nodegroup "managed-ng-1" has 3 node(s)
[i] node "ip-192-168-183-65.ec2.internal" is not ready
[i] node "ip-192-168-238-184.ec2.internal" is ready
[i] node "ip-192-168-69-32.ec2.internal" is ready
[i] node "ip-192-168-69-32.ec2.internal" is ready
[i] kubectl command should work with "/home/diksha/.kube/config", try 'kubectl get nodes

[i] EKS cluster "diksha-test" in "us-east-1" region is ready
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$
```

STEP 4: Cluster is being created



```
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$ eksctl get cluster
NAME
                                 REGION
Group3_cluster
                                 us-east-1
cluster-group6
                                 us-east-1
diksha-test
                                 us-east-1
eks-cluster-m
                                 us-east-1
fabulous-creature-1583926076
                                 us-east-1
groupMogambo40
                                 us-east-1
my-test
                                 us-east-1
sarthak-ctl
                                 us-east-1
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$
```

```
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$ kubectl get nodes
NAME
                                  STATUS
                                            ROLES
                                                     AGE
                                                             VERSION
ip-192-168-183-65.ec2.internal
                                  Ready
                                                             v1.14.9-eks-1f0ca9
                                            <none>
                                                     8m49s
ip-192-168-238-184.ec2.internal
                                  Ready
                                                     8m48s
                                                             v1.14.9-eks-1f0ca9
                                            <none>
ip-192-168-69-32.ec2.internal
                                                     8m54s
                                                             v1.14.9-eks-1f0ca9
                                  Ready
                                            <none>
  ksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$
```

2. Authentication Management

a. Add new 2 IAM user into the cluster

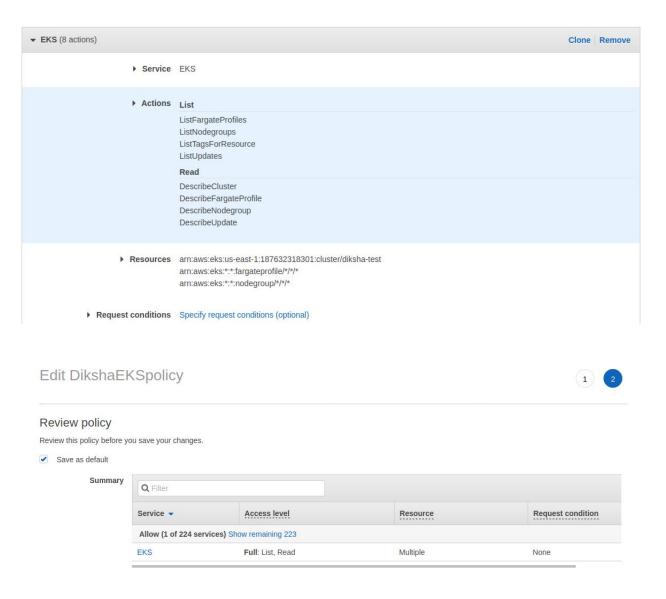
```
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$ kubectl edit -n kube-system configmap/aws-auth
configmap/aws-auth edited
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$
apiVersion: v1
data:
  mapRoles: |
    - groups:

    system:bootstrappers

      - system:nodes
      rolearn: arn:aws:iam::187632318301:role/ec2-eks-node-diksha
      username: system:node:{{EC2PrivateDNSName}}
  mapUsers:
    - userarn: arn:aws:iam::187632318301:user/ayush.tripathi@tothenew.com
      username: Ayush
      groups:
        - system:masters
kind: ConfigMap
ayush@ayush:~/ansible/ass$ aws eks --region us-east-1 update-kubeconfig --name diksha-test
Updated context arn:aws:eks:us-east-1:187632318301:cluster/diksha-test in /home/ayush/.kube/config
ayush@ayush:-/ansible/ass$ kubectl get svc
NAME
                    CLUSTER-IP EXTERNAL-IP PORT(S)
                                                       AGE
          TYPE
kubernetes ClusterIP 10.100.0.1 <none>
                                              443/TCP
                                                       3h12m
ayush@ayush:~/ansible/ass$ kubectl get nodes
No resources found in default namespace.
ayush@ayush:~/anstble/ass$
```

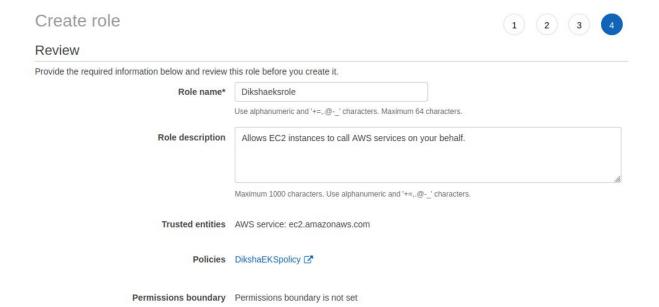
b. Enable an EC2 server to access Cluster master API without using access/secret key

STEP 1: Create a new policy and specify service=EKS

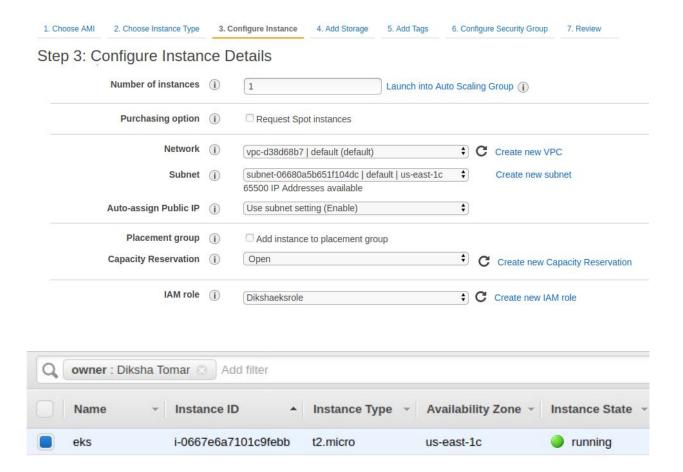


STEP 2: Create a new role and attach the above policy





STEP 3: Now launch an instance and attach this role to that instance.



STEP 4: Run the below command and you will observe that your Instance is able to access your cluster.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-160-68:~$ aws eks describe-cluster --name diksha-test --region us-east-1
    "cluster": {
        "name": "diksha-test",
        "arn": "arn:aws:eks:us-east-1:187632318301:cluster/diksha-test",
        "createdAt": "2020-03-12T04:44:08.759000+00:00",
        "version": "1.14",
        endpoint": "https://298D14C79C9134661BD9DBF0E165309D.gr7.us-east-1.eks.amazonaws"
.com",
        "roleArn": "arn:aws:iam::187632318301:role/diksha_eksrole",
        "resourcesVpcConfig": {
            "subnetIds": [
                "subnet-05ccb7f834d214a5a",
                 "subnet-02618d516e069dda9'
                "subnet-05128b98c1ea54979"
            ],
"securityGroupIds": [
                 "sg-0e0da0ea7b61d4008"
            ],
"clusterSecurityGroupId": "sg-00c72583ea278aaf7",
            "vpcId": "vpc-01446cec73b675a0b",
            "endpointPublicAccess": true,
 ...skipping...
```

3. Eksctl command to terminate the stack

STEP 1: Run the following command to delete the cluster:

\$ eksctl delete cluster -f <YAML file>

```
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$ ls
awscliv2.zip diksha.yml
diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$ eksctl delete cluster -f diksha.yml
[i] eksctl version 0.14.0
[i] using region us-east-1
[i] deleting EKS cluster "diksha-test"
[i] deleted 0 Fargate profile(s)
[
[
| kubeconfig has been updated
| i] cleaning up LoadBalancer services
| i] 2 sequential tasks: { delete nodegroup "managed-ng-1", delete cluster control plane "diksha-test" [async] }
| i] will delete stack "eksctl-diksha-test-nodegroup-managed-ng-1"
| ii] waiting for stack "eksctl-diksha-test-nodegroup-managed-ng-1" to get deleted
| ii] will delete stack "eksctl-diksha-test-cluster"
| ii] will delete resources were deleted
| iii diksha@diksha:~/kubernetics$ | iii | ii
```