Project Report

on

Programming in Python



Submitted By:

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1. Write a program using python showing implementation of any arithmetic and quadratic operation.

Ans:- This program performs basic arithmetic operations like addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and also solves quadratic equations using the quadratic formula.

```
import math
# Perform selected Arithmetic Operation
def arithmetic_operations(a, b, operation):
    print("\nArithmetic Operation:")
    if operation == '1':
         print(f"Addition: {a} + {b} = {a + b}")
    elif operation == '2':
         print(f"Subtraction: {a} - {b} = {a - b}")
    elif operation == '3':
         print(f"Multiplication: {a} * {b} = {a * b}")
    elif operation == '4':
        if b != 0:
             print(f"Division: {a} / {b} = {a / b}")
         else:
             print("Division: Undefined (division by zero)")
    else:
         print("Invalid operation choice!")
    Quadratic Equation Solver
Equation format: ax^2 + bx + c = 0 def
solve_quadratic(a, b, c):
    print("\nSolving Quadratic Equation:")
    print(f"Equation: \{a\}x^2 + \{b\}x + \{c\} = 0")
    discriminant = b^{**}2 - 4^*a^*c
    if discriminant > 0:
         root1 = (-b + math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a) root2 = (-b -
         math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a) print(f"Two real roots:
         {root1:.2f} and {root2:.2f}")
    elif discriminant == 0:
         root = -b / (2*a)
         print(f"One real root: {root:.2f}")
    else:
         real_part = -b / (2*a)
         imag_part = math.sqrt(-discriminant) / (2*a)
         print(f"Two complex roots: {real_part:.2f} + {imag_part:.2f}i and
{real_part:.2f} - {imag_part:.2f}i") # Main Code #
Arithmetic operation input print("Arithmetic
Operations Menu:") print("1. Addition") print("2.
Subtraction") print("3. Multiplication") print("4.
Division") choice = input("Choose an operation (1-
4): ") al = float(input("Enter first number (a): ")) bl
= float(input("Enter second number (b): "))
```

```
arithmetic_operations (a1, b1, choice) # Quadratic equation input print ("\n Enter coefficients for quadratic equation ax² + bx + c = 0:") a2 = float (input ("Enter coefficient a: ")) b2 = float (input ("Enter coefficient b: ")) c2 = float (input ("Enter coefficient c: ")) solve_quadratic (a2, b2, c2)
```

```
Output:-
Arithmetic Operations Menu:

    Addition

  Subtraction
  Multiplication
4. Division
Choose an operation (1-4):
Enter first number (a):
12
Enter second number (b):
15
Arithmetic Operation:
Addition: 12.0 + 15.0 = 27.0
Enter coefficients for quadratic equation ax^2 + bx + c = 0:
Enter coefficient a:
1
Enter coefficient b:
6
Enter coefficient c:
Solving Quadratic Equation:
Equation: 1.0x^2 + 6.0x + 5.0 = 0
Two real roots: -1.00 and -5.00
** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **
Press Enter to exit terminal
```

2. Write a Python program showing implementation of linear equation.

Ans:- Solves a system of two linear equations with two variables using **NumPy**. The program uses matrix representation and applies **numpy.linalg.solve** to find the values of x and y that satisfy both equations.

```
import numpy as np
# Linear Equations in Two Variables
# Equations: a1x + b1y = c1 and a2x + b2y = c2
def solve_two_variable_linear(a1, b1, c1, a2, b2, c2):
  print("\nSolving Linear Equations (Two Variables):")
  print(f"Equation 1: \{a1\}x + \{b1\}y = \{c1\}"\}
  print(f"Equation 2: \{a2\}x + \{b2\}y = \{c2\}"\}
# Matrix representation: AX = B
A = np.array([[a1, b1], [a2, b2]])
B = np.array([c1, c2])
# Check if determinant is non-zero
  det = np.linalg.det(A)
  if det != 0:
     solution = np.linalg.solve(A, B)
     x, y = solution
     print(f"Solution: x = \{x:.2f\}, y = \{y:.2f\}")
  else:
     print("No unique solution (Determinant is zero)")
# Main Program
print("Enter coefficients for the system of equations:")
print("Equation format: a1x + b1y = c1 and a2x + b2y = c2")
# User input
a1 = float(input("Enter a1: "))
b1 = float(input("Enter b1: "))
c1 = float(input("Enter c1: "))
a2 = float(input("Enter a2: "))
b2 = float(input("Enter b2: "))
c2 = float(input("Enter c2: "))
# Solve the system
solve_two_variable_linear(a1, b1, c1, a2, b2, c2)
```

Output:-

```
Enter coefficients for the system of equations:
Equation format: aix + biy = c1 and a2x + b2y = c2
Enter a1:

4
Enter b1:
2
Enter c1:
1
Enter a2:
3
Enter b2:
2
Enter c2:
1

Solving Linear Equations (Two Variables):
Equation 1: 4.0x + 2.0y = 1.0
Equation 2: 3.0x + 2.0y = 1.0
Solution: x = 0.00, y = 0.50

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **
Press Enter to exit terminal
```

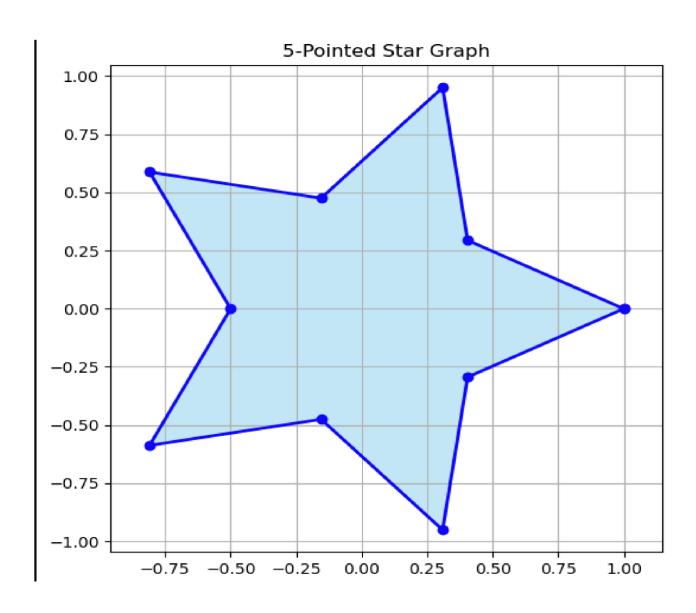
Project-3

3. Write a python program using any mathematical function or equation to give graphical representation like star graph.

Ans:- This Python script uses **matplotlib** to generate a star-shaped polar graph. It demonstrates the use of mathematical equations for plotting complex visual patterns. Ideal for learning how to represent equations graphically.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
def draw star(n points=5, inner radius=0.5, outer radius=1):
  Draw a star with n_points using polar coordinates.
  inner radius: radius of inner vertices
  outer_radius: radius of outer vertices
  print(f"Drawing a {n_points}-pointed star...")
angles = np.linspace(0, 2 * np.pi, num=2 * n_points, endpoint=False)
radii = np.empty(2 * n_points)
  # Alternate between outer and inner radius
  radii[::2] = outer radius
  radii[1::2] = inner_radius
  # Convert polar to Cartesian coordinates
  x = radii * np.cos(angles)
 y = radii * np.sin(angles)
  # Close the star shape by repeating the first point
  x = np.append(x, x[0])
 y = np.append(y, y[0])
  # Plotting
ple.blue', linestyle='-', linewidth=2)
  plt.fill(x, y, color='skyblue', alpha=0.5)
  plt.title(f"{n_points}-Pointed Star Graph")
  plt.axis('equal')
  plt.grid(True)
  plt.show()
# Run star shapes
draw_star(n_points=5) # 5-point star
```

Output:-



4. Write a python program showing the implementation of a function.

Ans:- This Python program demonstrates the use of simple functions to perform basic tasks:

addition, squaring a number, and checking if a number is even or odd.

```
# Function to add two numbers
def add(a, b):
return a + b
# Function to find the square of a number
def square(n):
return n * n
# Function to check if a number is even or odd
def is even(n):
return n % 2== 0
# Main Program
print("Function Implementation Example:)n"
# Using add function with user input
x = int(input('Enter first number for addition))"
y = int(input('Enter second number for addition))"
print(f'Addition of {x} and {y} is: {add(x, y)})n"
# Using square function with user input
num = int(input('Enter a number to find its square))"
print(f'Square of {num} is: {square(num)})n"
# Using is even function with user input
check_num= int(input('Enter a number to check even or odd) "
if is even(check num):
print(f'{check_num} is Ever)"
else:
print(f'{check num} is Odd)"
```

Output:-		

```
Enter first number for addition:
10
Enter second number for addition:
2
Addition of 10 and 2 is: 12
Enter a number to find its square:
4
Square of 4 is: 16
Enter a number to check even or odd:
3
3 is Odd

** Process exited - Return Code: 0 **
Press Enter to exit terminal
```

5. Write a python program using tinker make any formatted application according to our ideas (Tetris, Snake, Card-block).

Ans:- A classic Snake game made using Tkinter. The snake moves with arrow keys, grows on eating food, and the game ends if the snake hits the wall or itself. Real-time movement, score tracking, and collision detection are implemented.

```
import tkinter as tk
import random
# Constants
GAME_WIDTH = 600
GAME HEIGHT = 400
SNAKE ITEM SIZE = 20
INITIAL SPEED = 100 # milliseconds
FOOD COLOR = "red"
SNAKE COLOR = "green"
DIRECTIONS = {
  "Up": (0, -1),
  "Down": (0, 1),
  "Left": (-1, 0),
  "Right": (1, 0)
class SnakeGame:
  def init (self. root):
    self.root = root
    self.root.title(" Snake Game - Enhanced Version")
    self.canvas = tk.Canvas(root, width=GAME_WIDTH, height=GAME_HEIGHT, bg="black")
    self.canvas.pack()
    self.reset_game()
    self.root.bind("<Key>", self.change_direction)
    self.update()
def reset_game(self):
    self.snake = [(100, 100), (80, 100), (60, 100)]
    self.direction = "Right"
    self.running = True
    self.paused = False
    self.score = 0
    self.speed = INITIAL_SPEED
    self.canvas.delete("all")
    self.score_text = self.canvas.create_text(50, 10, fill="white", font="Arial 14", text=f"Score:
{self.score}")
    self.draw snake()
    self.create food()
  def draw_snake(self):
```

```
self.canvas.delete("snake")
    for x, y in self.snake:
       self.canvas.create_rectangle(x, y, x + SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE, y + SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE,
                       fill=SNAKE_COLOR, tags="snake")
  def create food(self):
    self.canvas.delete("food")
    x = random.randint(0, (GAME_WIDTH - SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE) // SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE) *
SNAKE ITEM SIZE
    y = random.randint(0, (GAME HEIGHT - SNAKE ITEM SIZE) // SNAKE ITEM SIZE) *
SNAKE ITEM SIZE
    self.food = (x, y)
    self.canvas.create_oval(x, y, x + SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE, y + SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE,
                  fill=FOOD COLOR, tags="food")
  def change_direction(self, event):
    kev = event.kevsvm
    if key == "p":
       self.paused = not self.paused
    elif key == "r":
       self.reset game()
    elif key in DIRECTIONS:
      opposite = {"Up": "Down", "Down": "Up", "Left": "Right", "Right": "Left"}
       if key != opposite.get(self.direction):
         self.direction = kev
def move_snake(self):
    dx, dy = DIRECTIONS[self.direction]
    head x, head y = self.snake[0]
    new_head = (head_x + dx * SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE, head_y + dy * SNAKE_ITEM_SIZE)
    # Collision Check
    if (new_head in self.snake or
       not 0 <= new_head[0] < GAME_WIDTH or</pre>
       not 0 <= new_head[1] < GAME_HEIGHT):</pre>
       self.running = False
       self.canvas.create_text(GAME_WIDTH // 2, GAME_HEIGHT // 2, fill="white",
                    font="Arial 24 bold", text="Game Over!\nPress 'R' to Restart")
       return
    self.snake.insert(0, new head)
    if new_head == self.food:
       self.score += 1
       self.speed = max(50, INITIAL_SPEED - (self.score * 2))
       self.canvas.itemconfig(self.score_text, text=f"Score: {self.score}")
       self.create_food()
    else:
       self.snake.pop()
    self.draw_snake()
```

```
Output:-
Score: 2

Game Over!
Press 'R' to Restart
```