CPE301 - FALL 2019

Design Assignment 3A

Student Name: Dillon Archibald

Student #: 5004439916

Student Email: Archid1@unlv.nevada.edu

Primary Github address: https://github.com/Dil-bert/Alabaster.git

Directory: Alabaster/DesignAssignments/DA3a/DA3A

Submit the following for all Labs:

1. In the document, for each task submit the modified or included code (only) with highlights and justifications of the modifications. Also, include the comments.

- 2. Use the previously create a Github repository with a random name (no CPE/301, Lastname, Firstname). Place all labs under the root folder ESD301/DA, sub-folder named LABXX, with one document and one video link file for each lab, place modified asm/c files named as LabXX-TYY.asm/c.
- 3. If multiple asm/c files or other libraries are used, create a folder LabXX-TYY and place these files inside the folder.
- 4. The folder should have a) Word document (see template), b) source code file(s) and other include files, c) text file with youtube video links (see template).

1. COMPONENTS LIST AND CONNECTION BLOCK DIAGRAM w/ PINS

List of Components used

```
7x Wires
1x atmega328P
1x Logic Analizer
1x FTDI ft232rl usb to serial
2x USB mini-b cables
1x USB micro-b cable
1x Mini bread board
```

Block diagram with pins used in the Atmega328P

Will Resubmit with Block Diagram

2. INITIAL/MODIFIED/DEVELOPED CODE OF TASK 1/A

```
//provided via Dr. Venki
#define BAUD 9600
#define F_CPU 16000000UL
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>
void USART_send(char data); // Used to send integer to terminal
void USART putstring(char* StringPtr); // Used to take in every character in the string and sends
it to the terminal
void USART init(void); // Initializes the analog to digital functions, as well as OVF interrupt
char stringtype[] = "String: "; // Declaring the string value on screen char inttype[] = "Integer: "; // Declaring the integer value on screen
char floattype[] = "Floating Point: "; // Declaring the floating point value on screen
char Space[] = "\n"; // Used to create the next line
char String[] = "This is my DA3A"; //String[] is the variable to output into terminal
char outs[20]; // Allocating memory space to contain the float value
volatile float adc_temp = 74.744; // Sets the float value
int main (void)
    USART init(); // Initializes the analog to digital functions as well as OVF interrupt
    while (1)
        // main loop
ISR (TIMER1 OVF vect)
```

```
USART putstring(Space); // creates next line
   USART_putstring(stringtype); // LABEL PRINT "String: "
   USART_putstring(String); // prints string "This is my DA3A"
   USART_putstring(Space); // creates next line
   USART_putstring(inttype); // LABEL PRINT "Integer: "
   USART_send('5'); // prints value 5
   USART_putstring(Space); // creates next line
   USART_putstring(floattype); // LABEL PRINT "FLoating Point: "
   snprintf(outs, size of (outs), "%f\r\n", adc_temp); // the floating point characters are stored
in outs
   USART_putstring(outs); // transmits outs to UART
   USART putstring(Space); // creates next line
   TCNT1 = 49911; // Reset timer
void USART_init( void )
   UBRROH = 0;
   UBRROL = F CPU/16/BAUD - 1; // Used for the BAUD prescaler
   UCSROC = BV(UCSZO1) | BV(UCSZO0); /* 8-bit data */
   UCSROB = BV (RXENO) | BV (TXENO); /* Enable RX and TX */
   TCCR1B = 5; //(1 \ll CS12) | (1 \ll CS10); // Sets prescaler to 1024
   TIMSK1 = (1 << TOIE1); // Enables overflow flag
   TCNT1 = 49911; // 1 second delay = (0xFFFF) - TCNT = 65535 - 15624 = 49911
   sei();
void USART send(char data)
   while (!(UCSROA & (1 << UDREO))): // Until UDREO goes high, it will keep looping
   UDRO = data; // UDRO register grabs the value given from the parameter
void USART putstring(char *StringPtr)
   while ((*StringPtr != '\0')) { // Until it reaches the end of the line, it will keep looping
        while (!(UCSROA & (1 << UDREO))); // Until UDREO goes high, it will keep looping
        UDRO = *StringPtr; // UDRO register grabs the value given from the parameter
       StringPtr++; // but it does it by every character as shown here
```

3. DEVELOPED MODIFIED CODE OF TASK 2/A from TASK 1/A

```
Modified by me version

#define BAUD 9600

#define F_CPU 16000000UL

#include <avr/io.h>

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <util/delay.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h>

void USART_send(char data); // Used to send integer to terminal
```

```
void USART putstring(char* StringPtr); // Used to take in every character in the string and sends
it to the terminal
void USART init(void); // Initializes the analog to digital functions, as well as OVF interrupt
void USART_tx_int(int x); // Convert a random integer to a string
char stringtype[] = "String: "; // Declaring the string value on screen char inttype[] = "Integer: "; // Declaring the integer value on screen
char floattype[] = "Floating Point: "; // Declaring the floating point value on screen
char Space[] = "\n"; // Used to create the next line
char String[] = "DA3A"; //String[] is the variable to output into terminal
char outs[20]; // Allocating memory space to contain the float value
char outints[40]; // Allocating memory space to contain the random int value
volatile float adc_temp = 69.6969696969; // Sets the float value
volatile int r; // Global Variable for the random int (So I don't have to pass it)
int main (void)
    USART init(): // Initializes the analog to digital functions as well as OVF interrupt
    srand(5); // Random number seed
    while (1)
        // main loop
        r = rand();
                        // making and setting a random int
ISR (TIMER1 OVF vect)
    USART putstring(Space); // creates next line
    USART_putstring(stringtype); // LABEL PRINT "String: "
    USART_putstring(String); // prints string "DA3A"
    USART_putstring(Space); // creates next line
    USART_putstring(inttype); // LABEL PRINT "Integer: "
    snprintf(outints, sizeof(outints), "%d", r); // the int characters are stored in outints
    USART_putstring(outints); // transmits outints to UART
    USART putstring(Space); // creates next line
    USART_putstring(floattype); // LABEL PRINT "FLoating Point: " snprintf(outs, sizeof(outs), "%f\r\n", adc_temp); // the floating point characters are stored
in outs
    USART putstring (outs); // transmits outs to UART
    USART putstring(Space); // creates next line
    TCNT1 = 49911; // Reset timer
void USART_init( void )
    UBRROH = 0:
    UBRROL = F_CPU/16/BAUD - 1; // Used for the BAUD prescaler
    UCSROC = BV(UCSZO1) \mid BV(UCSZOO); /* 8-bit data */
    UCSROB = _BV(RXENO) | _BV(TXENO); /* Enable RX and TX */
    TCCR1B \mid = 5; // (1 << CS12) \mid (1 << CS10); // Sets prescaler to 1024
    TIMSK1 = (1 << TOIE1); // Enables overflow flag
    TCNT1 = 49911; // 1 second delay = (0xFFFF) - TCNT = 65535 - 15624 = 49911
    sei():
void USART_send(char data)
```

```
while (!(UCSROA & (1 << UDREO))); // Until UDREO goes high, it will keep looping
   UDRO = data; // UDRO register grabs the value given from the parameter
void USART putstring(char *StringPtr)
   while ((*StringPtr != '\0')) { // Until it reaches the end of the line, it will keep looping
       while (!(UCSROA & (1 << UDREO))); // Until UDREO goes high, it will keep looping
       StringPtr++; // but it does it by every character as shown here
// **** my Original transmit function (much more complex than needed) *****
/*void USART_tx_int(int x) {
   char buffer[64];
   int ret = snprintf(buffer, sizeof buffer, "%d", x);
   USART_send(buffer);
   if (ret < 0) {
       return EXIT_FAILURE;
   if (ret >= sizeof buffer) {
       //Result was truncated - resize the buffer and retry
       USART send("\r\nResult was truncated - resize the buffer and retry\r\n");
*/
```

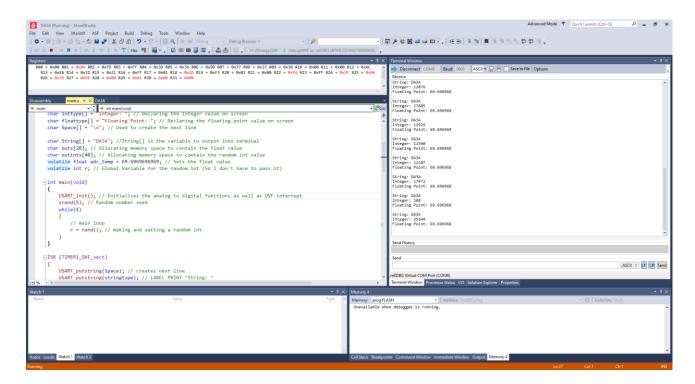
SCHEMATICS

Use fritzing.org

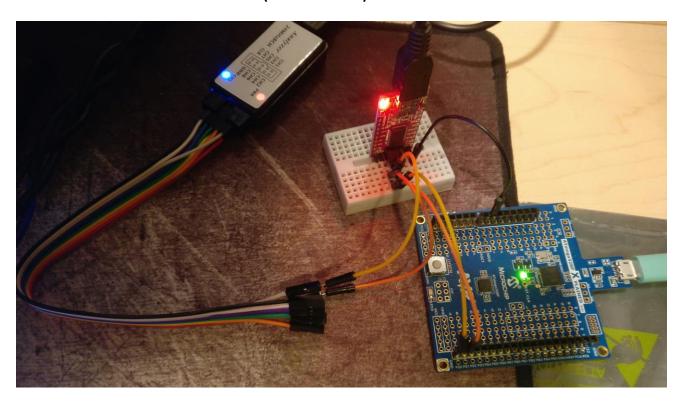
4.

Will Resubmit with Schematic (midterm for 300L tomorrow morning, must sleep)

5. SCREENSHOTS OF EACH TASK OUTPUT (ATMEL STUDIO OUTPUT)



6. SCREENSHOT OF EACH DEMO (BOARD SETUP)



7. VIDEO LINKS OF EACH DEMO

https://youtu.be/OPko-VRbBvl

8. GITHUB LINK OF THIS DA

Dil-bert/Alabaster/DesignAssignments/DA3a/DA3A

Student Academic Misconduct Policy

http://studentconduct.unlv.edu/misconduct/policy.html

"This assignment submission is my own, original work".

Dillon Archibald