

EC4060 – COMPUTER AND DATA
NETWORK
INDEPENDENT LEARNING AND
IMPLEMENTATION
ASSIGNMENT

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GROUP CG04

SEMESTER 04

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- Requirements Given

Objective: Apply the principles of network design to create and simulate a functional network infrastructure for an institution with multiple branches.

Scenario: The Engineering Faculty consists of 5 academic departments (Civil, Mechanical, EEE, Computer, and Interdisciplinary Studies) and 1 Administration Section, requiring a scalable and secure network.

Task: The student is tasked with designing and simulating this network while ensuring:

- Unique subnet allocation for each section.
- • Identification of subnet information, including subnet mask, usable host range, and broadcast address.
- • Scalability to accommodate at least 30% future growth in each section.

Categorization of Devices : Separate devices for staff and students within each department.

Common Devices: Include department-specific printers and shared devices accessible only by staff.

Central CCTV System: : A unified subnet for CCTV cameras covering all departments.

End Devices:

Department	Common Computers	Staff Computers	Printers	Other Devices
Computer Eng	250	50	2	Min 25
EE Eng	150	50	2	Min 15
Civil Eng	75	25	2	Min 5
Mech Eng	75	25	2	Min 10
IDS	15	25	2	Min 5
Administration	0	25	5	0

Other Devices includes special equipment related to engineering applications (e.g.: Smart Boards, 3D Printers, IoT Devices, Experimentation Apparatus, Laboratory Experiment Switches, Routers and Etc.)

SUBNETTING CALCULATIONS WITH TABLES FOR EACH SUBNET

TABLE 01: THE TABLE OF VLAN ID AND USABLE IP RANGE

VLAN-ID	Department	Category	Current	After 30% Growth	Subnet	Usable Range	Broadcast
100	Computer	Staff & Printers	52	68	172.16.0.0/23	172.16.0.1 - 172.16.1.254	172.16.1.255
100	Electrical	Staff & Printers	52	68	172.16.0.0/23	172.16.0.1 - 172.16.1.254	172.16.1.255
100	Civil	Staff & Printers	27	35	172.16.0.0/23	172.16.0.1 - 172.16.1.254	172.16.1.255
100	Mechanical	Staff & Printers	27	35	172.16.0.0/23	172.16.0.1 - 172.16.1.254	172.16.1.255
100	IDS	Staff & Printers	27	35	172.16.0.0/23	172.16.0.1 - 172.16.1.254	172.16.1.255
100	Administration	Staff & Printers	30	39	172.16.0.0/23	172.16.0.1 - 172.16.1.254	172.16.1.255
200	Computer	Common Computers	250	325	172.16.2.0/22	172.16.2.1 - 172.16.5.254	172.16.5.255
200	Electrical	Common Computers	150	195	172.16.2.0/22	172.16.2.1 - 172.16.5.254	172.16.5.255
200	Civil	Common Computers	75	98	172.16.2.0/22	172.16.2.1 - 172.16.5.254	172.16.5.255
200	Mechanical	Common Computers	75	98	172.16.2.0/22	172.16.2.1 - 172.16.5.254	172.16.5.255
200	IDS	Common Computers	15	20	172.16.2.0/22	172.16.2.1 - 172.16.5.254	172.16.5.255
300	Computer	Other Devices	25	33	172.16.6.0/25	172.16.6.1 - 172.16.6.126	172.16.6.127
300	Electrical	Other Devices	15	20	172.16.6.0/25	172.16.6.1 - 172.16.6.126	172.16.6.127
300	Civil	Other Devices	5	7	172.16.6.0/25	172.16.6.1 - 172.16.6.126	172.16.6.127
300	Mechanical	Other Devices	10	13	172.16.6.0/25	172.16.6.1 - 172.16.6.126	172.16.6.127
300	IDS	Other Devices	5	7	172.16.6.0/25	172.16.6.1 - 172.16.6.126	172.16.6.127
400	All Departments	CCTV	40	52	172.16.6.128/26	172.16.6.129 - 172.16.6.190	172.16.6.191

TABLE 02: THE STARTING AND END IP FOR EACH DEPARTMENT AND SUBNET MASK

VLAN	Department	Section	Subnet	Start IP	End IP	Total IPs	Subnet Mask
200	Computer	Common Computers	172.16.2.0/23	172.16.2.1	172.16.3.69	325	255.255.252.0
200	Electrical	Common Computers	172.16.3.70/24	172.16.3.70	172.16.4.8	195	255.255.252.0
200	Civil	Common Computers	172.16.4.9/25	172.16.4.9	172.16.4.106	98	255.255.252.0
200	Mechanical	Common Computers	172.16.4.107/25	172.16.4.107	172.16.4.204	98	255.255.252.0
200	IDS	Common Computers	172.16.4.205/27	172.16.4.205	172.16.4.224	20	255.255.252.0
100	Computer	Staff & Printers	172.16.0.1/26	172.16.0.1	172.16.0.68	68	255.255.254.0
100	Electrical	Staff & Printers	172.16.0.69/26	172.16.0.69	172.16.0.136	68	255.255.254.0
100	Civil	Staff & Printers	172.16.0.137/26	172.16.0.137	172.16.0.171	35	255.255.254.0
100	Mechanical	Staff & Printers	172.16.0.172/26	172.16.0.172	172.16.0.206	35	255.255.254.0
100	IDS	Staff & Printers	172.16.0.207/26	172.16.0.207	172.16.0.241	35	255.255.254.0
100	Administration	Staff & Printers	172.16.0.242/26	172.16.0.242	172.16.1.24	39	255.255.254.0
300	Computer	Other Devices	172.16.6.1/26	172.16.6.1	172.16.6.33	33	255.255.255.128
300	Electrical	Other Devices	172.16.6.34/27	172.16.6.34	172.16.6.53	20	255.255.255.128
300	Civil	Other Devices	172.16.6.54/28	172.16.6.54	172.16.6.60	7	255.255.255.128
300	Mechanical	Other Devices	172.16.6.61/28	172.16.6.61	172.16.6.73	13	255.255.255.128
300	IDS	Other Devices	172.16.6.74/28	172.16.6.74	172.16.6.80	7	255.255.255.128
400	All Departments	CCTV	172.16.6.128/26	172.16.6.129	172.16.6.180	52	255.255.255.192

TOPOLOGY DIAGRAM

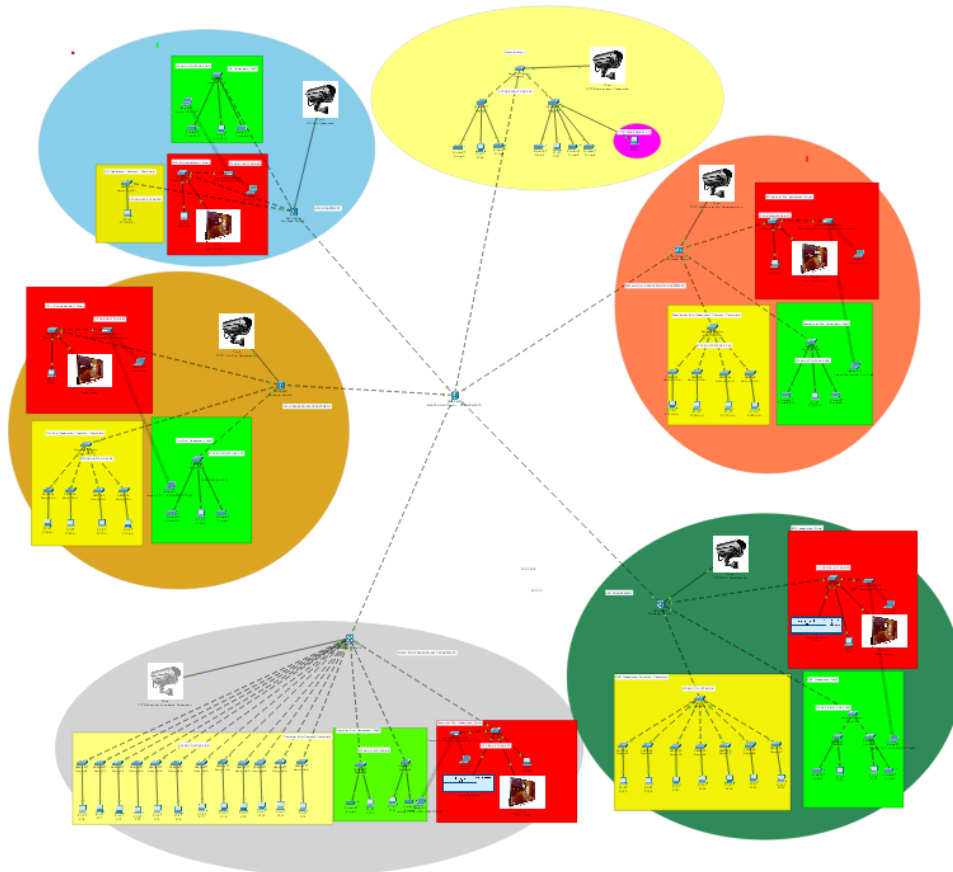


FIGURE 01: THE FULL NETWORK DIAGRAM

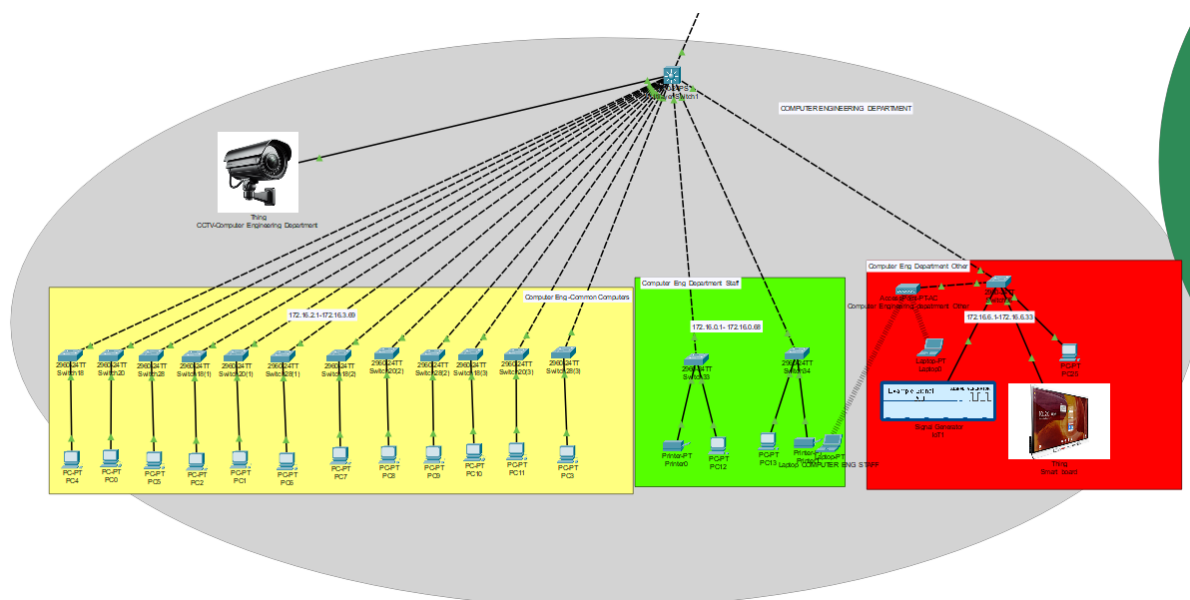


FIGURE 02: THE NETWORK DIAGRAM OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

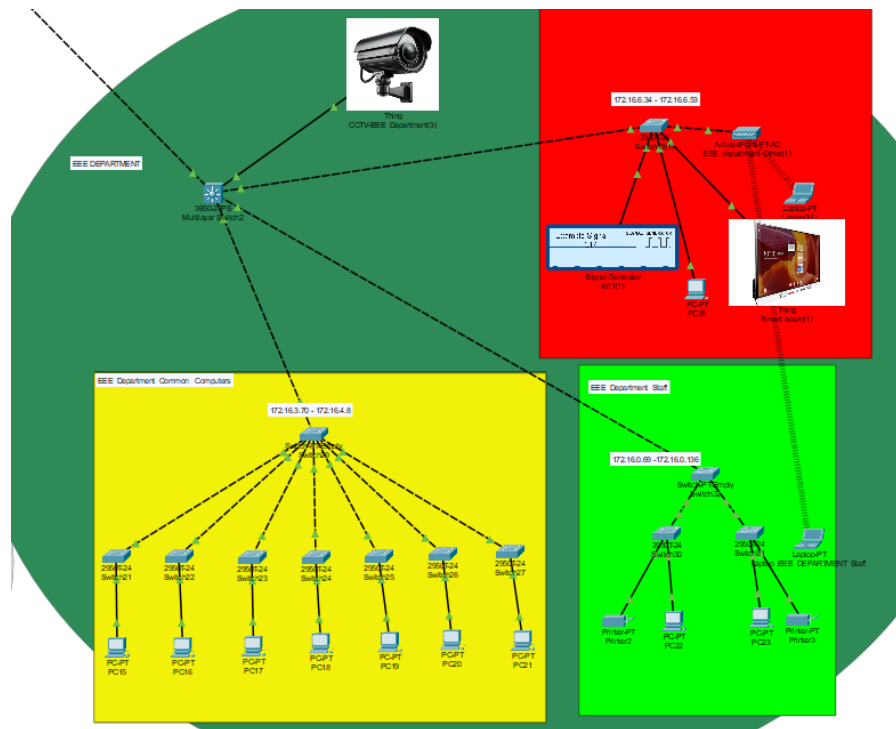


FIGURE 03: THE NETWORK DIAGRAM OF EEE DEPARTMENT

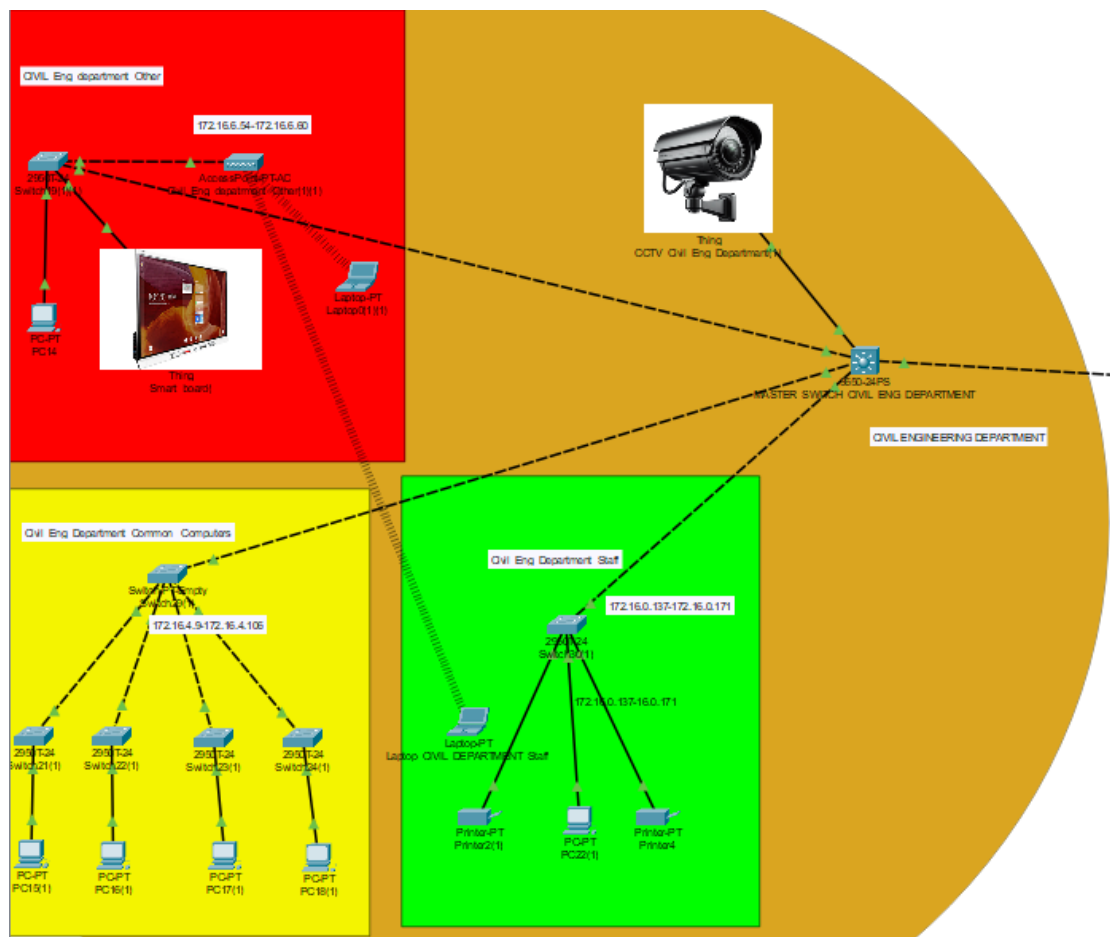


FIGURE 04: THE NETWORK DIAGRAM OF CIVIL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

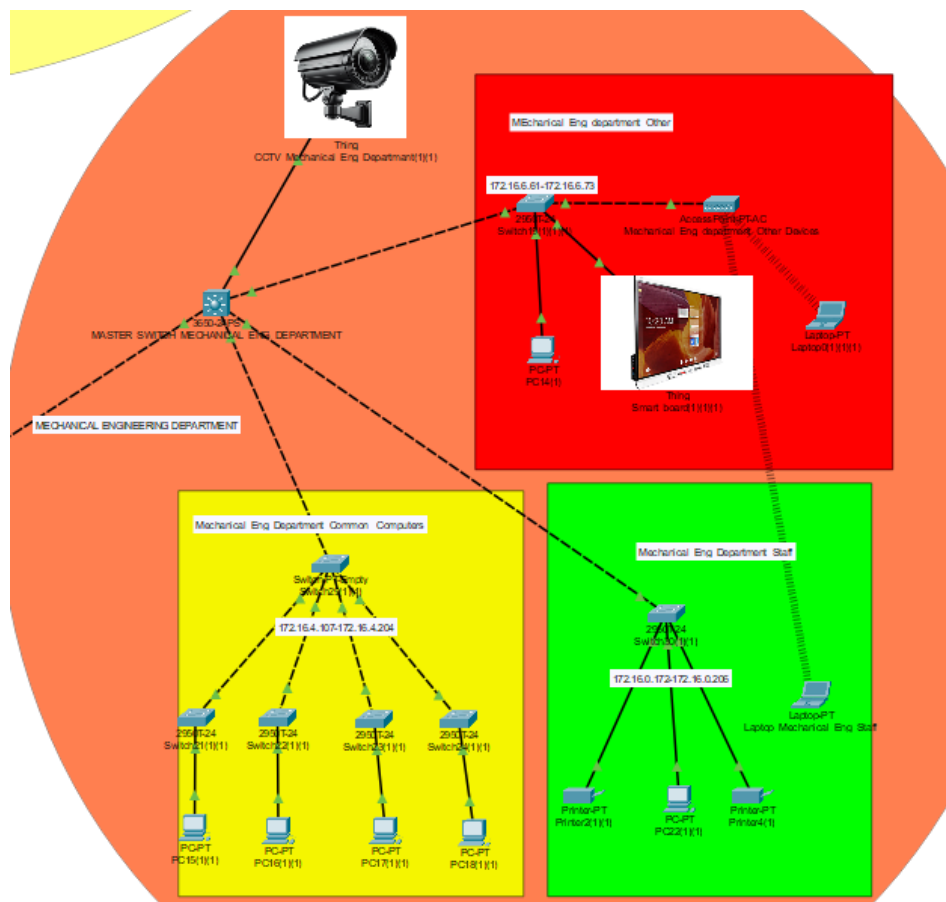


FIGURE 05: THE NETWORK DIAGRAM OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

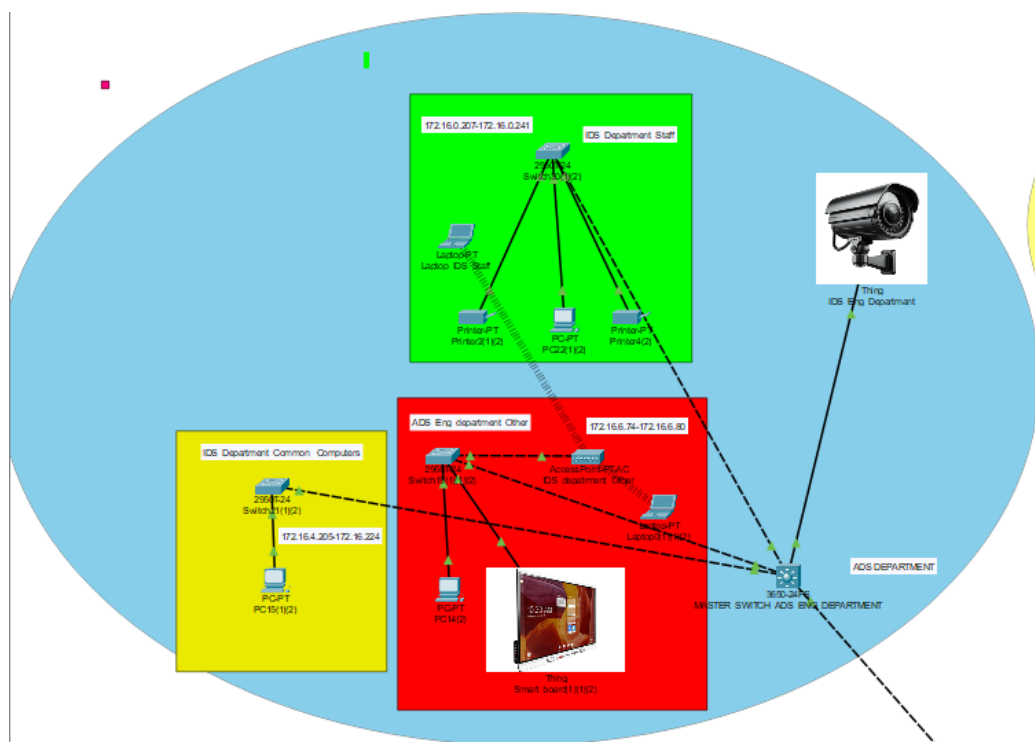


FIGURE 06: THE NETWORK DIAGRAM OF ADS ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

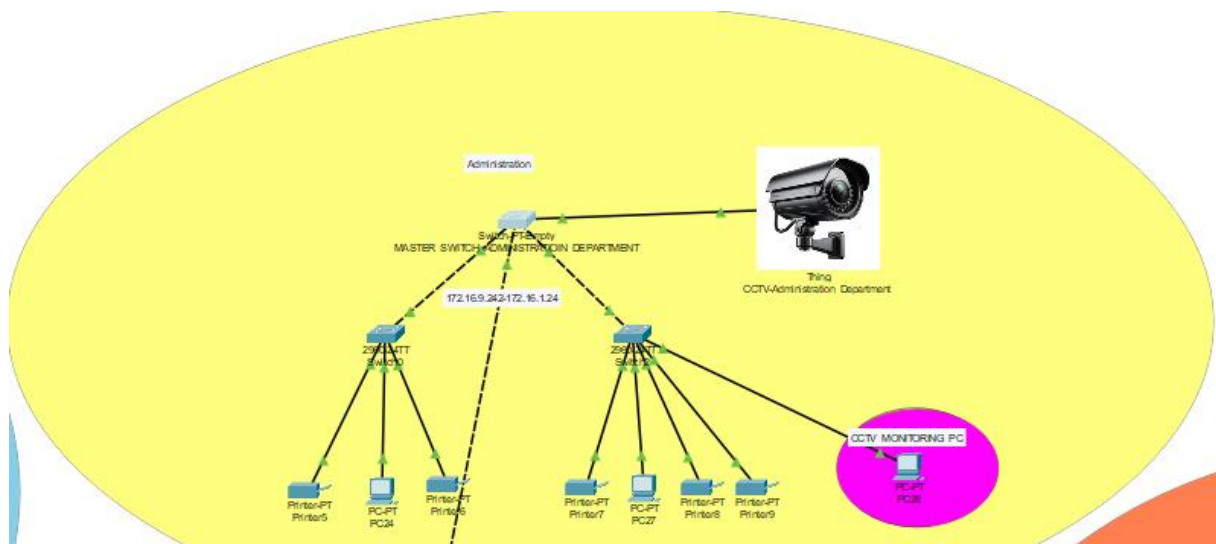
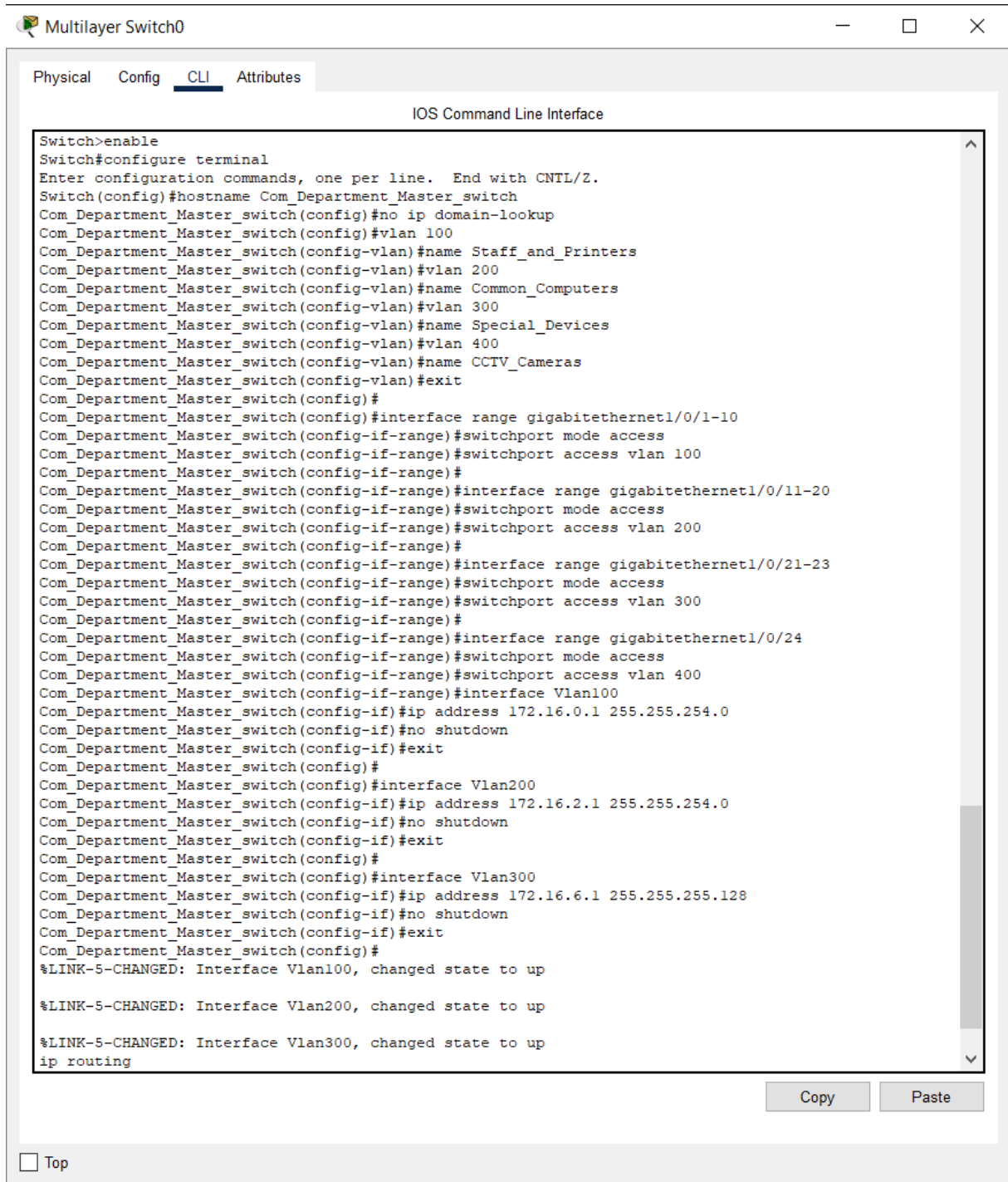


FIGURE 07: THE NETWORK DIAGRAM ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT

CONFIGURATION SCRIPTS



The screenshot shows a window titled "Multilayer Switch0" with tabs for Physical, Config, CLI, and Attributes. The CLI tab is active, displaying the "IOS Command Line Interface". The interface shows a series of configuration commands being entered into a terminal. The commands configure the switch name, disable domain lookup, create VLANs 100, 200, 300, and 400 with specific names, and configure the corresponding interfaces (gigabitethernet1/0/1-10, 11-20, 21-23, 24) as access ports for each VLAN. IP addresses are assigned to the VLAN interfaces (Vlan100, Vlan200, Vlan300). The script ends with "ip routing".

```
Switch>enable
Switch#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#hostname Com_Department_Master_switch
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#no ip domain-lookup
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#vlan 100
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-vlan)#name Staff_and_Printers
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-vlan)#vlan 200
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-vlan)#name Common_Computers
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-vlan)#vlan 300
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-vlan)#name Special_Devices
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-vlan)#vlan 400
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-vlan)#name CCTV_Cameras
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-vlan)#exit
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#interface range gigabitethernet1/0/1-10
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#switchport access vlan 100
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#interface range gigabitethernet1/0/11-20
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#switchport access vlan 200
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#interface range gigabitethernet1/0/21-23
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#switchport access vlan 300
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#interface range gigabitethernet1/0/24
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#switchport access vlan 400
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if-range)#interface Vlan100
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#ip address 172.16.0.1 255.255.254.0
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#exit
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#interface Vlan200
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#ip address 172.16.2.1 255.255.254.0
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#exit
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#interface Vlan300
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#ip address 172.16.6.1 255.255.255.128
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#no shutdown
Com_Department_Master_switch(config-if)#exit
Com_Department_Master_switch(config)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan100, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan200, changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan300, changed state to up
ip routing
```

At the bottom of the CLI window, there are "Copy" and "Paste" buttons. Below the CLI window, there is a "Top" button.

FIGURE 08: CONFIGURE MASTER SWITCH IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

The configuring code for the master switch in Computer Engineering Department

enable

configure terminal

hostname Com_Department_Master_switch

no ip domain-lookup

vlan 100

name Staff_and_Printers

vlan 200

name Common_Computers

vlan 300

name Special_Devices

vlan 400

name CCTV_Cameras

exit

interface range gigabitethernet1/0/1-10

switchport mode access

switchport access vlan 100

interface range gigabitethernet1/0/11-20

switchport mode access

switchport access vlan 200

interface range gigabitethernet1/0/21-23

switchport mode access

switchport access vlan 300

interface range gigabitethernet1/0/24

switchport mode access

switchport access vlan 400

interface Vlan100

ip address 172.16.0.1 255.255.254.0

no shutdown

exit

interface Vlan200

ip address 172.16.2.1 255.255.254.0

no shutdown

exit

interface Vlan300

ip address 172.16.6.1 255.255.255.128

no shutdown

exit

ip routing

end

write memory

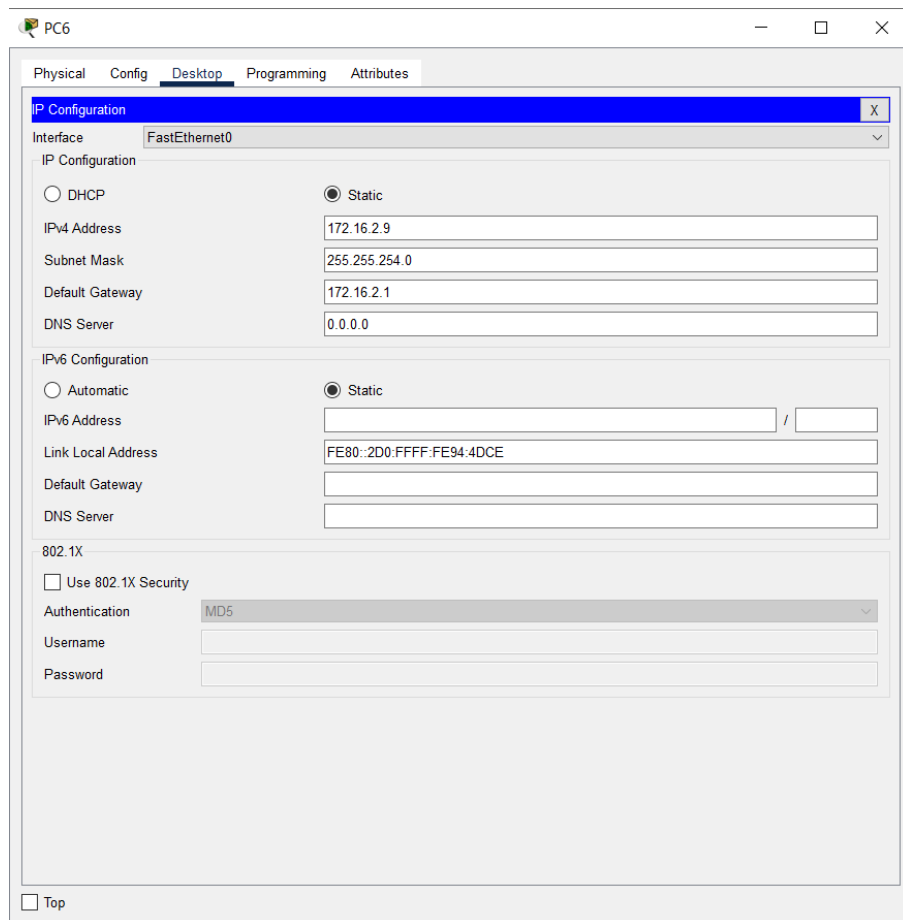


FIGURE 09: CONFIGURE THE COMMON PC IN COMPUTER DEPARTMENT

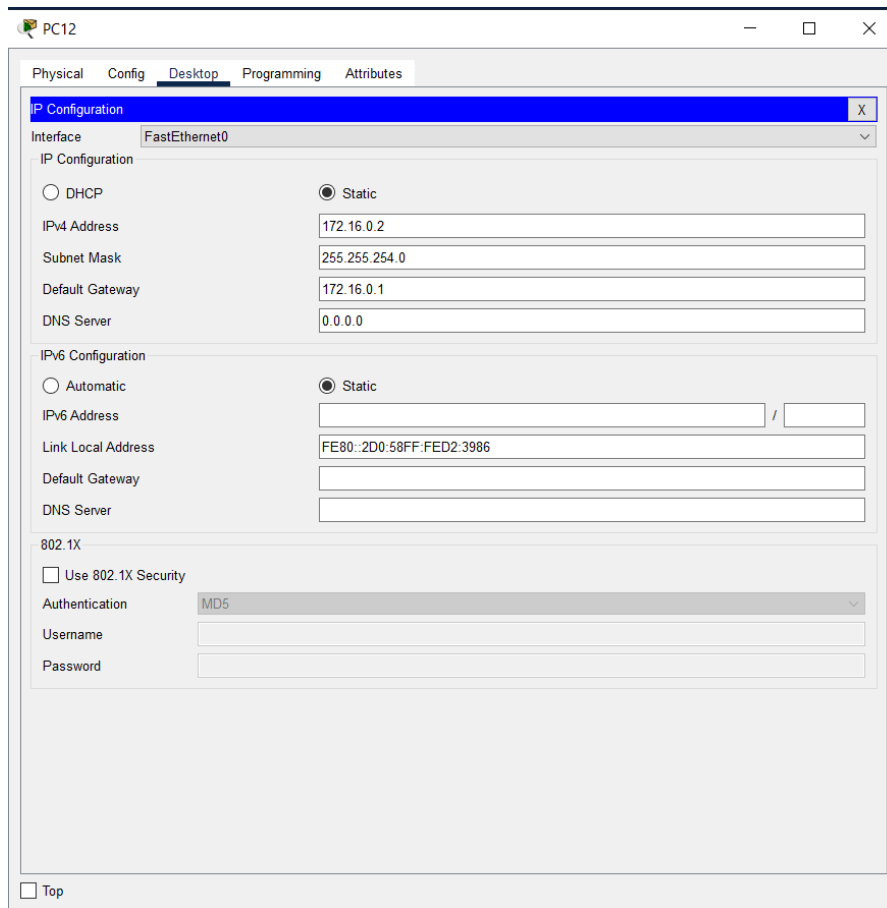


FIGURE 10: CONFIGURE THE STAFF PC IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

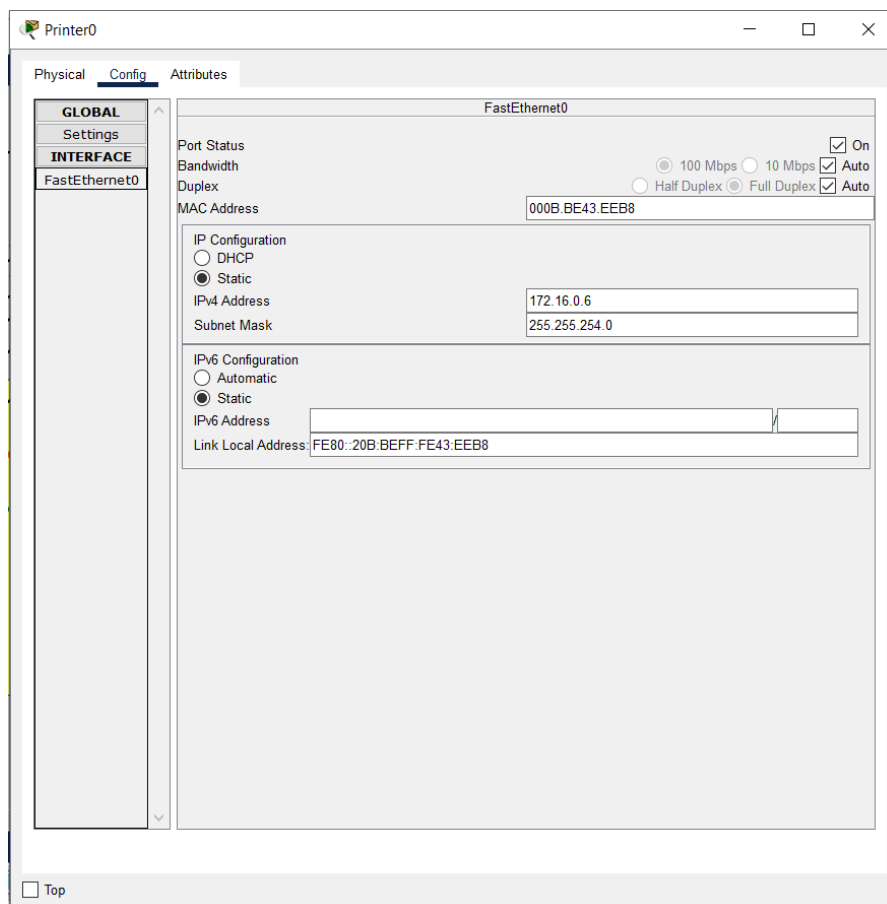


FIGURE 11: CONFIGURE A PRINTER IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

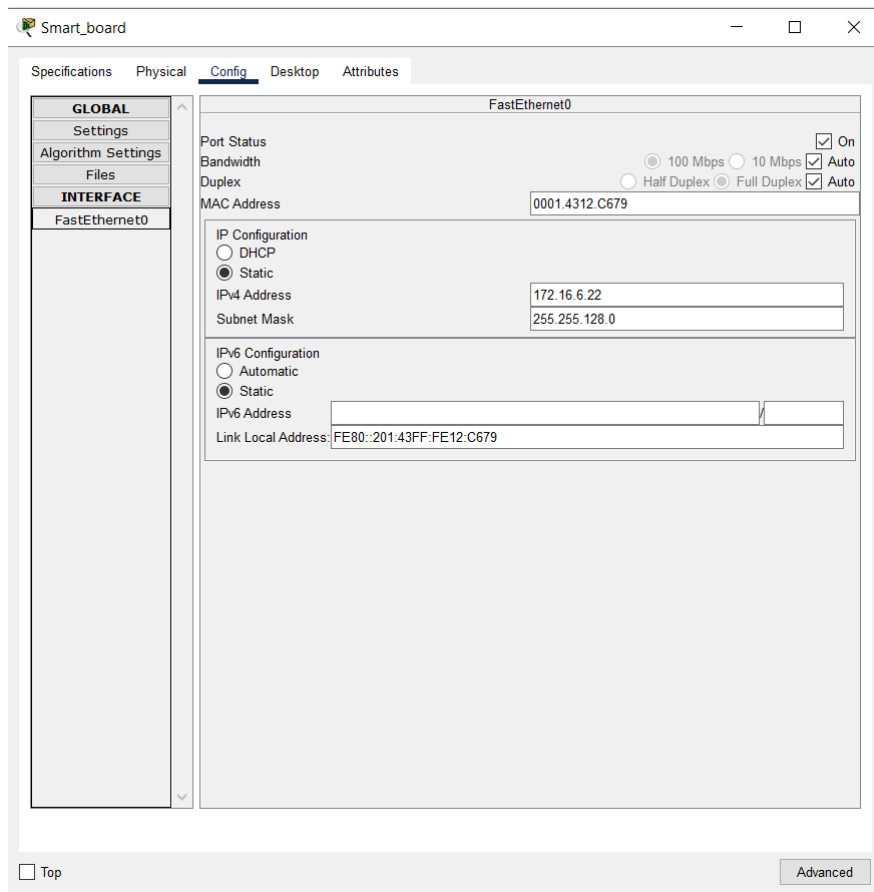


FIGURE 12: CONFIGURE THE SMART BOARD (OTHER DEVICES) IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

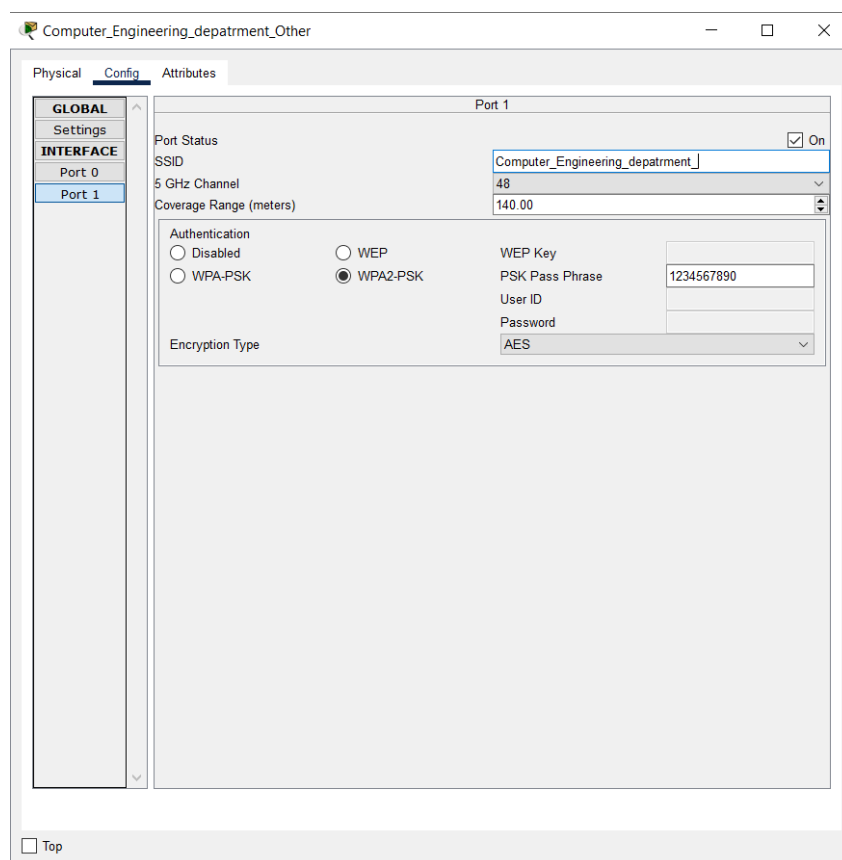


FIGURE 13: CONFIGURE THE OTHER DEVICES' WI-FI IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

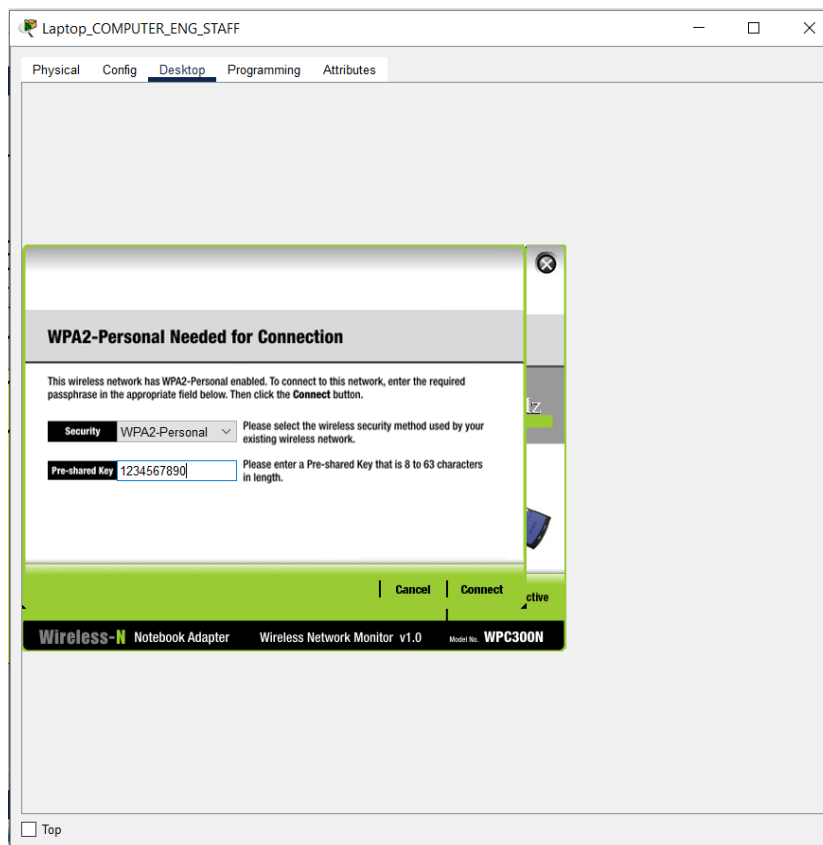


FIGURE 14: CONNECT TO THE OTHER DEVICES' WI-FI BY A STAFF LAPTOP IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

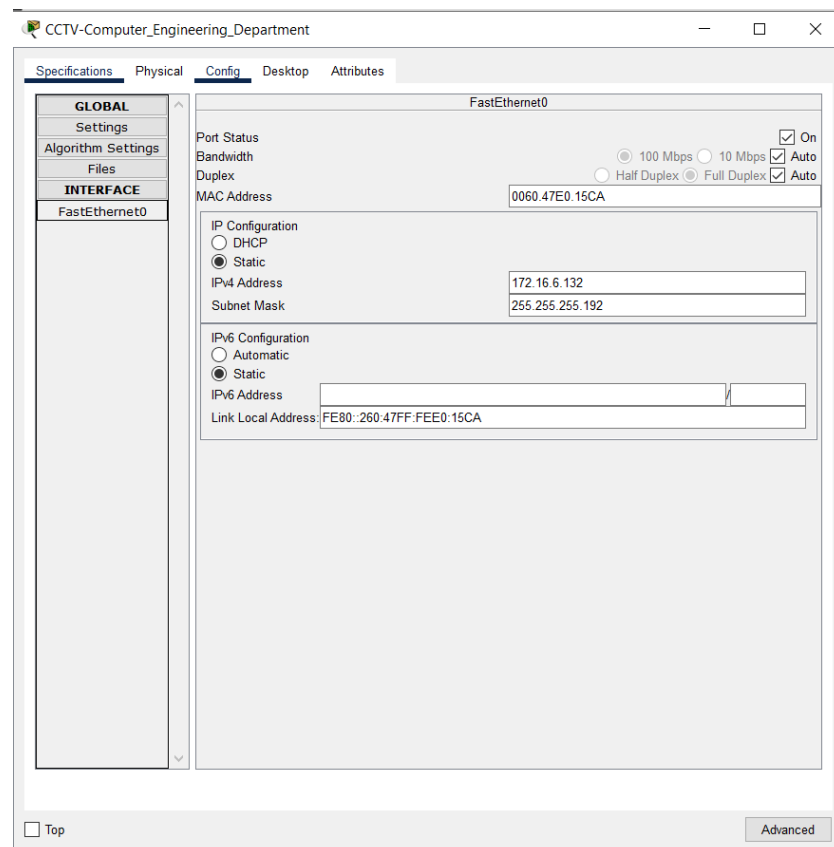


FIGURE 15: CONFIGURE THE CCTV IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

CCTV_Monitor_PC

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration X

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 172.16.6.189

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.192

Default Gateway 0.0.0.0

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::201:96FF:FE6C:25D4

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

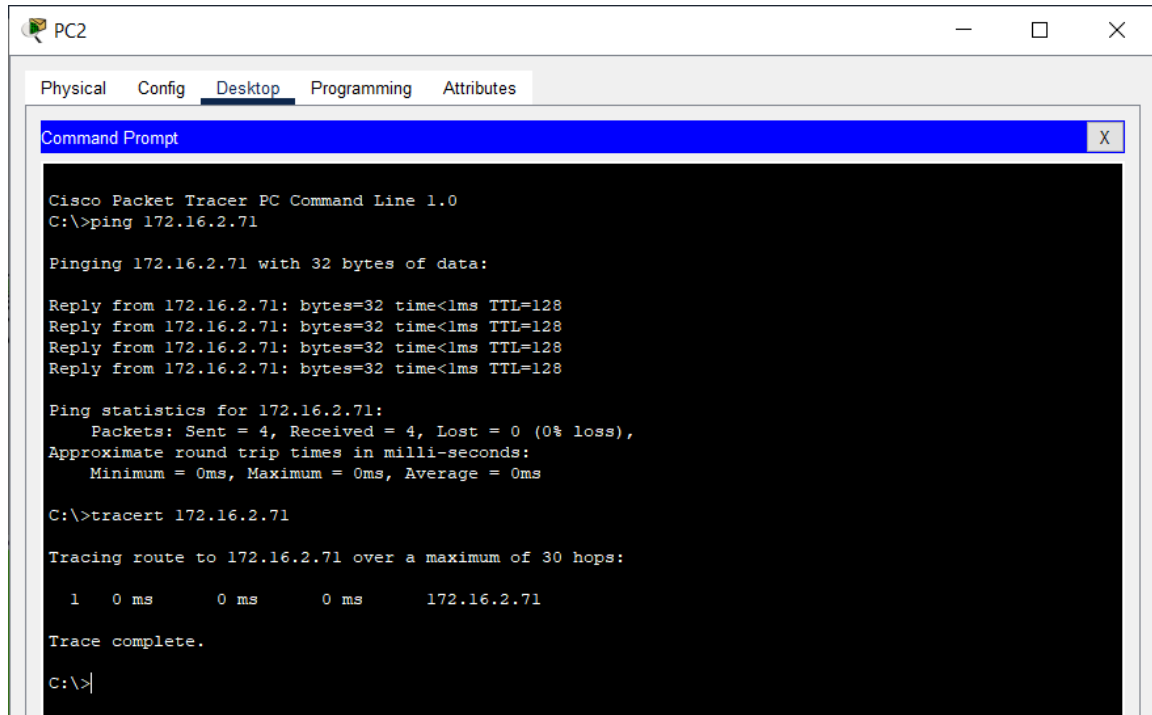
Username

Password

☐ Top

FIGURE 16: CONFIGURE THE CCTV MONITOR PC IN ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT

SIMULATION RESULTS



```
PC2
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes
Command Prompt
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 172.16.2.71

Pinging 172.16.2.71 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.16.2.71: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.2.71: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.2.71: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.2.71: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 172.16.2.71:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>tracert 172.16.2.71

Tracing route to 172.16.2.71 over a maximum of 30 hops:

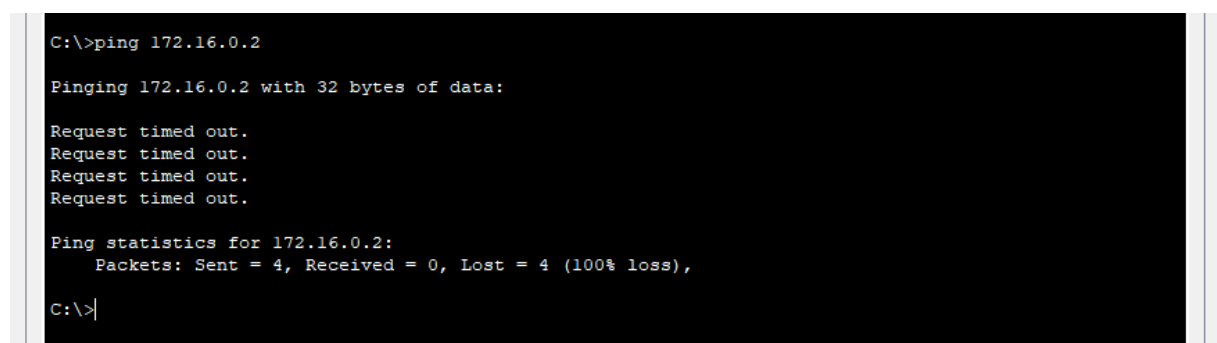
  0  0 ms    0 ms    0 ms    172.16.2.71

Trace complete.

C:\>
```

FIGURE 17: PING AND TRACEROUTE TEST BETWEEN COMPUTER ENG AND EEE COMMON COMPUTERS

Note: The common computers of the Computer Engineering Department and EEE department in same subnet and they only can access each other, and they can't access staff, other devices and CCTV networks (for security purpose).



```
C:\>ping 172.16.0.2

Pinging 172.16.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 172.16.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\>
```

FIGURE 18: PING TEST BETWEEN COMPUTER ENG COMMON COMPUTER AND STAFF COMPUTERS (STUDENT CAN'T ACCESS STAFF)

Note: The common computers of the departments can't access the staff network (For security reasons)

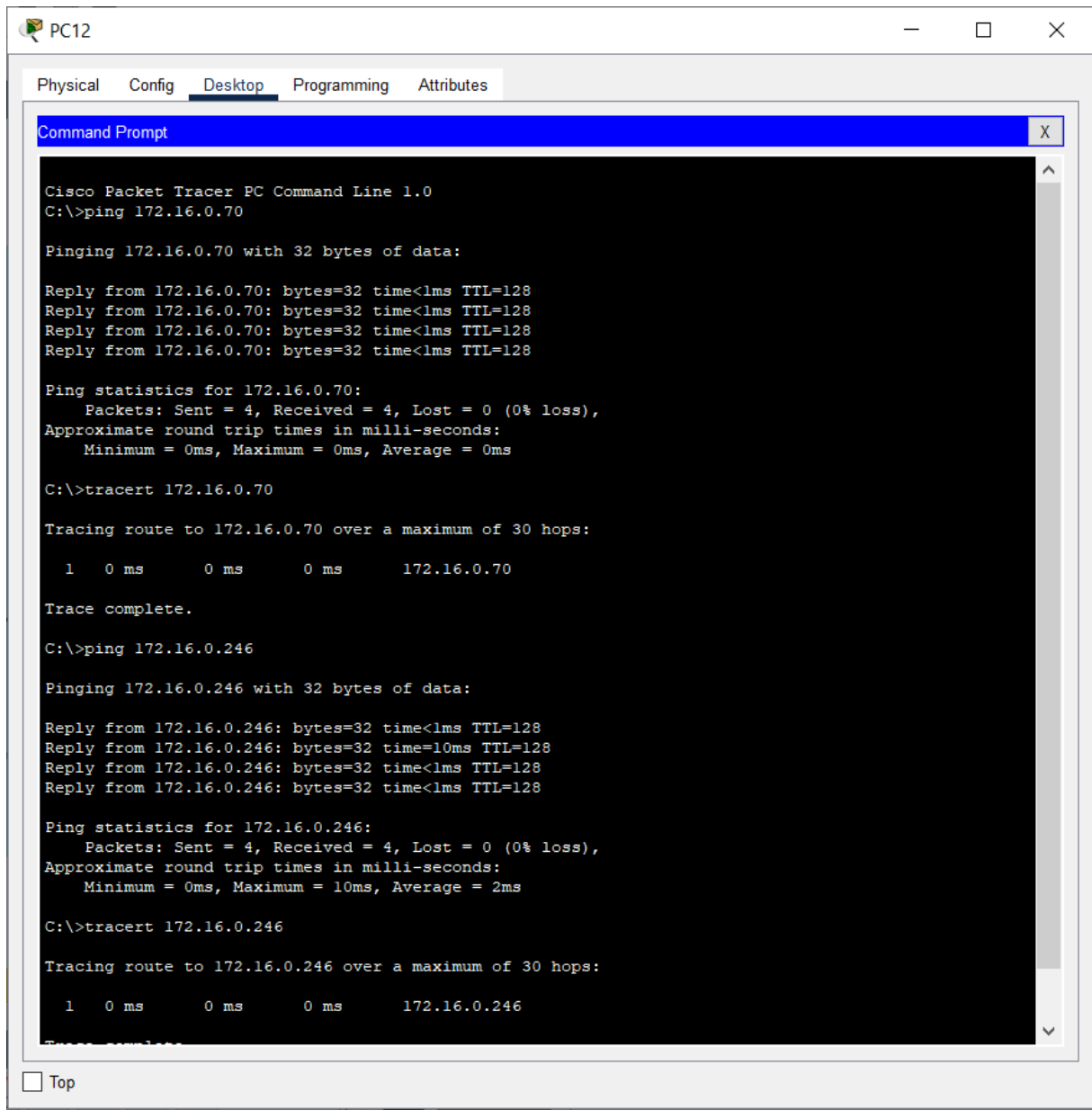
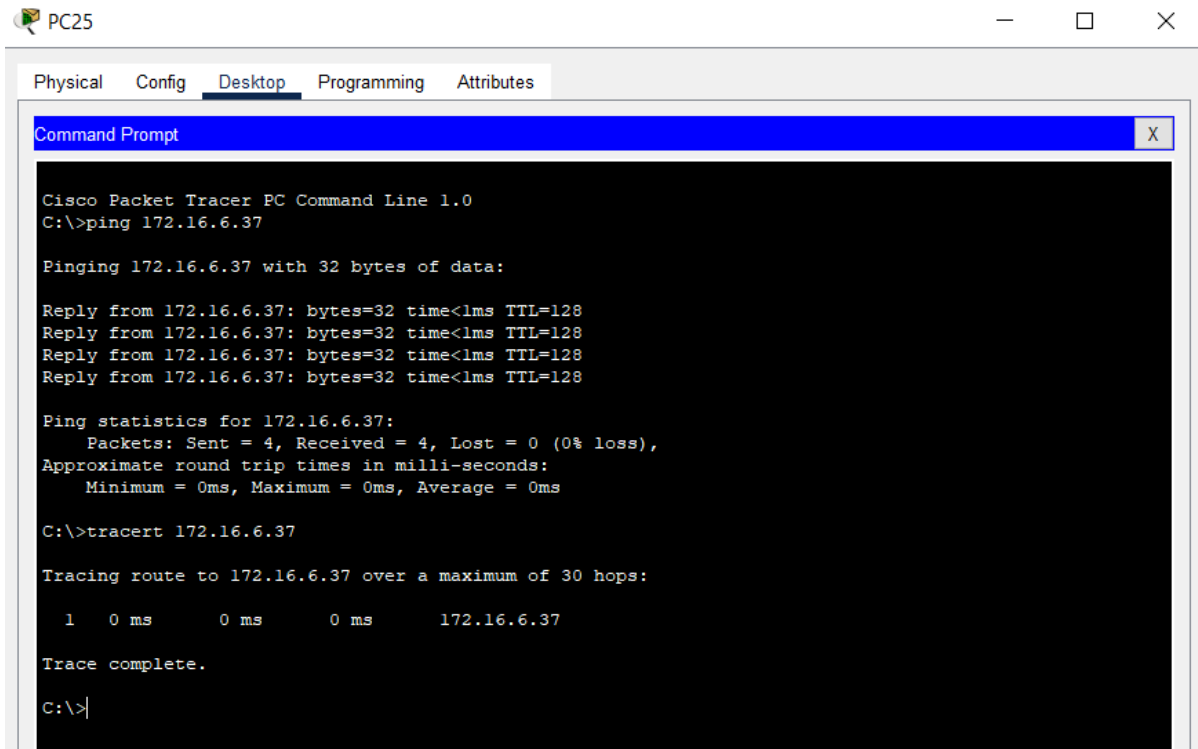


FIGURE 19: PING AND TRACEROUTE TEST BETWEEN COMPUTER ENG STAFF AND EEE STAFF COMPUTERS AND THE ADMIN COMPUTERS

Note: Staff computers in all departments are in same subnetwork and all staff members can access the staff network, and the all-staff members can access the printers also, and the administration also in staff subnetwork, then they also can access the Staff network. I put all staff computer network because if any printer down in any department they can get the print using another department, also he can get that print from administration building. And for the IOT devices I use Wi-Fi access for that devices and only special members in staff like Lectures and Instructors only have the access to that network. I use Passkey (1234567890) for connect that Other devices, and the special members only Know the passkey. I use this method because in Other Devices includes special equipment related to engineering applications and when the deal with such like valuable items they should have proper knowledge for working with them, That is the reason that items also have limited access for special staff members.



The screenshot shows a Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line window for a device named PC25. The window has tabs for Physical, Config, Desktop, Programming, and Attributes, with Desktop selected. The Command Prompt shows the following output:

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 172.16.6.37

Pinging 172.16.6.37 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.16.6.37: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.6.37: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.6.37: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.6.37: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 172.16.6.37:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>tracert 172.16.6.37

Tracing route to 172.16.6.37 over a maximum of 30 hops:

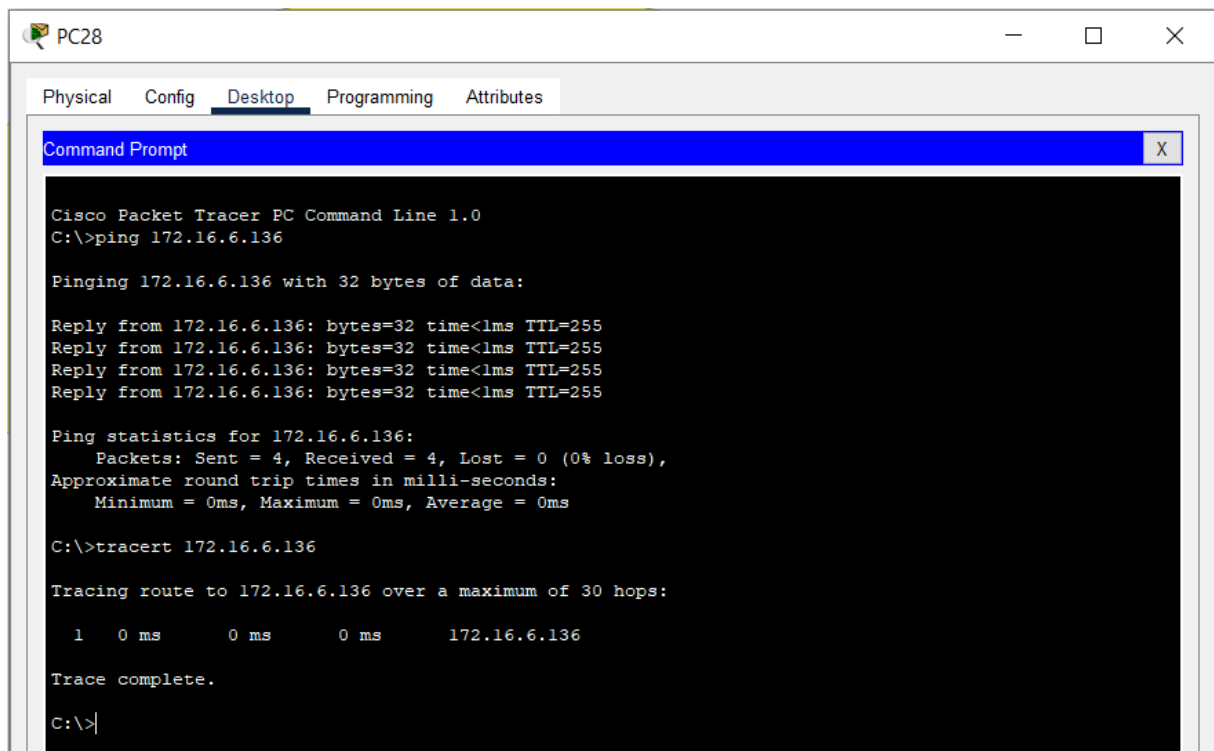
  1  0 ms    0 ms    0 ms    172.16.6.37

Trace complete.

C:\>|
```

FIGURE 20: PING AND TRACEROUTE TEST BETWEEN COMPUTER ENG OTHER DEVICES AND EEE OTHER DEVICES

Note: The other-devices of all department in same sub network and they can access each other and limited access for special staff members for this devices because of security purpose. And for the IOT devices I use Wifi access for that devices and only special members in staff like Lectures and Instructors only have the access to that network. I use Passkey (1234567890) for connect that Other devices, and the special members only Know the passkey. I use this method because in Other Devices includes special equipment related to engineering applications and when the deal with such like valuable items they should have proper knowledge for working with them, That is the reason that items also have limited access for limited special staff members.



```
PC28
Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes
Command Prompt
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 172.16.6.136

Pinging 172.16.6.136 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.16.6.136: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 172.16.6.136: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 172.16.6.136: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 172.16.6.136: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 172.16.6.136:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>tracert 172.16.6.136

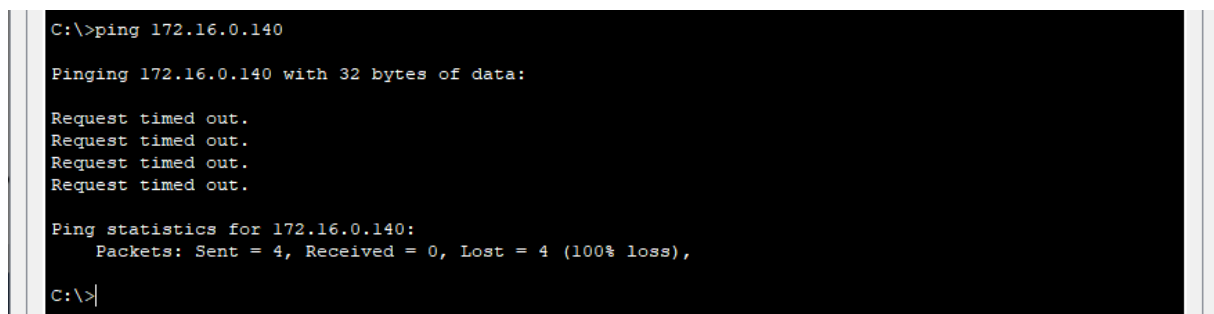
Tracing route to 172.16.6.136 over a maximum of 30 hops:

  0  0 ms    0 ms    0 ms    172.16.6.136

Trace complete.

C:\>|
```

FIGURE 21: PING AND TRACEROUTE TEST BETWEEN CCTV STATION IN ADMIN AND A CCTV (HAVE ACCESS)



```
C:\>ping 172.16.0.140

Pinging 172.16.0.140 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

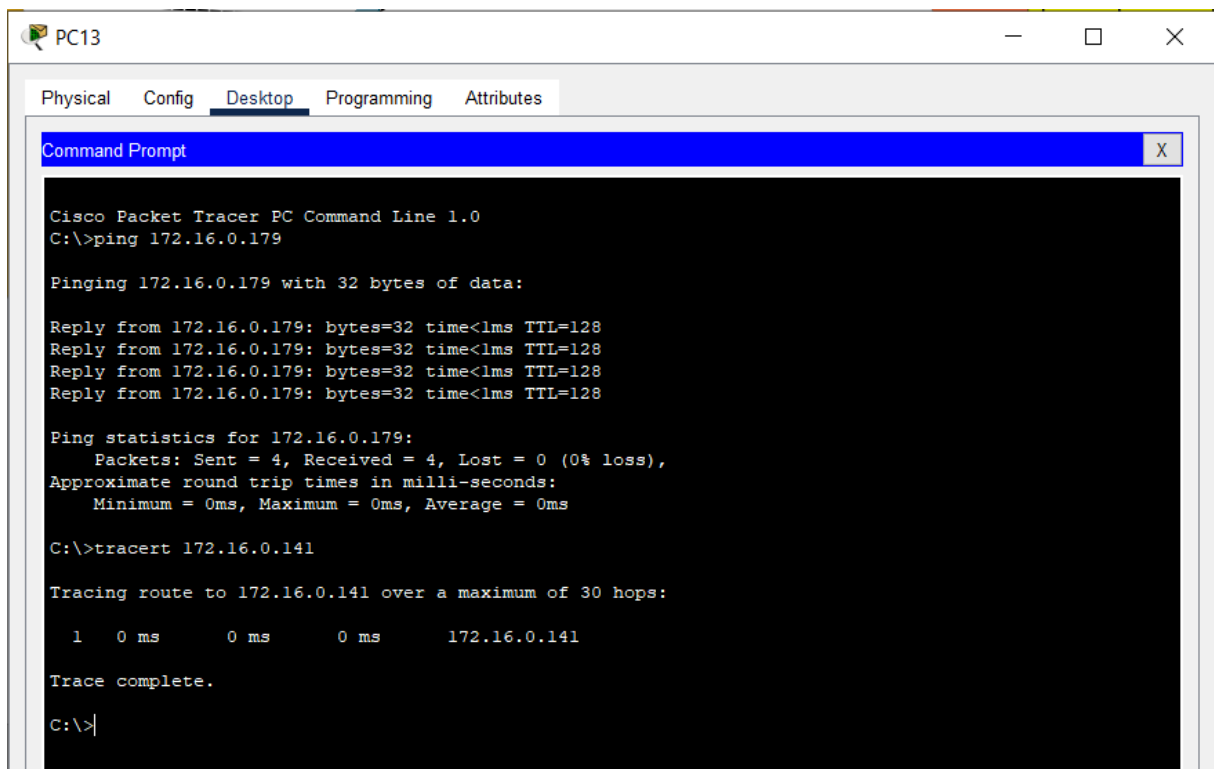
Ping statistics for 172.16.0.140:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\>|
```

FIGURE 22: PING AND TRACEROUTE TEST BETWEEN CCTV AND STAFF (EVEN STAFF MEMBERS ALSO DON'T HAVE ACCESS)

Note: I designed the CCTV in another subnet and it only access by the CCTV network. I design this network and any other member can't access this network even staff members. Only access this network by the special computer for monitor the CCTV devices placed in Administration department.

I designed this because of if staff members have access for this network all the staff members can access this network. If any person in network can change the data of this CCTV network. But in this design, only person who have special access only can access this network. Then we can ensure about the **security**.



The screenshot shows a Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line window for PC13. The window has tabs for Physical, Config, Desktop, Programming, and Attributes, with Desktop selected. The Command Prompt shows the following output:

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 172.16.0.179

Pinging 172.16.0.179 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.16.0.179: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.0.179: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.0.179: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.16.0.179: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 172.16.0.179:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>tracert 172.16.0.141

Tracing route to 172.16.0.141 over a maximum of 30 hops:

  0  0 ms    0 ms    0 ms    172.16.0.141

Trace complete.

C:\>|
```

FIGURE 23: PING AND TRACEROUTE TEST BETWEEN COMPUTER ENG STAFF AND PRINTER IN CIVIL DEPARTMENT AND MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

Note: In this network diagram, any staff members have access to the all printers in all department, they also have access to the printers in the admin department. Because if any printer failure occurs in any department, they can use another printer in any other department. That method is more effective.

SUMMARY OF ADDED DEVICES AND NETWORK PERFORMANCE

In this network all **common computers** are in same subnet and each common computers can access another common computer, furthermore common computers in Computer Engineering and EEE department are in same subnet and they also can access more easily, I designed like that because in those two departments more have common practices and more same activities. In other department all the common computers are in same subnet and they also can access the subnet easily. Then any common computer don't have access to staff, other, administration or CCTV network. I restrict them because considering about security reason.

And when the considering the **staff** subnet, I created a subnet for all the staff members in all departments and the **Administration department** also in that subnet. All the printers are connected to that staff subnet. Then the staff member can get the print from any department, if other printer fails in that department.

And when considering about the **Other Devices** all the other devices also in other subnet in all department, then all other devices can access each other. Furthermore, it also have limited access by the special staff members in each department. They can access the common devices subnet by WI-FI access point. The only staff member who has the passkey (1234567890) can access that network. And for Other devices I use Wi-Fi access for that devices and only special members in staff like Lectures and Instructors only have the access to that network. I use Passkey (1234567890) for connect those other devices, and the special members only Know the passkey. I use this method because in Other Devices includes special equipment related to engineering applications and when the deal with such like valuable items, they should have proper knowledge for working with them, that is the reason that items also have limited access for special staff members.

When the consider about the **CCTV** that is the network which need some additional security. Then in this network diagram CCTV belongs to another subnet. Then for security purpose that subnet only access by the special computer places in administration block. I separate CCTV subnet from staff network also, because if it gives access to the staff members all members in the staff subnet can access the CCTV network. When that is considering about security that is not acceptable. That is the reason all the CCTV in Other subnet that only access by Admin.

This designed was created for using minimal resources and better network performance.