Certainly! Below are coding examples demonstrating the usage of the eight React Hooks mentioned previously:

```
```jsx
import React, { useState, useEffect, useContext, useReducer, useRef, useMemo, useCallback }
from 'react';
// useState()
const Counter = () => {
 const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
 const increment = () => {
 setCount(prevCount => prevCount + 1);
 };
 return (
 <div>
 Count: {count}
 <button onClick={increment}>Increment</button>
 </div>
);
};
// useEffect()
const DataFetcher = () => {
 const [data, setData] = useState(null);
 useEffect(() => {
 // Simulating fetching data from an API
 setTimeout(() => {
 setData('Data fetched successfully!');
 }, 2000);
 }, []); // Empty dependency array to execute only on mount
 return <div>{data? {data} : Loading...}</div>;
};
// useLayoutEffect()
const MeasureWindow = () => {
 const [width, setWidth] = useState(window.innerWidth);
 useLayoutEffect(() => {
 const handleResize = () => {
 setWidth(window.innerWidth);
```

```
};
 window.addEventListener('resize', handleResize);
 return () => {
 window.removeEventListener('resize', handleResize);
 }, []); // Empty dependency array to execute only on mount
 return Window width: {width}px;
};
// useContext()
const ThemeContext = React.createContext('light');
const ThemedComponent = () => {
 const theme = useContext(ThemeContext);
 return Current theme: {theme};
};
// useReducer()
const reducer = (state, action) => {
 switch (action.type) {
 case 'increment':
 return { count: state.count + 1 };
 case 'decrement':
 return { count: state.count - 1 };
 default:
 return state;
}
};
const CounterReducer = () => {
 const [state, dispatch] = useReducer(reducer, { count: 0 });
 return (
 <div>
 Count: {state.count}
 <button onClick={() => dispatch({ type: 'increment' })}>Increment</button>
 <button onClick={() => dispatch({ type: 'decrement' })}>Decrement/button>
 </div>
);
};
```

```
// useRef()
const TextInputWithFocusButton = () => {
 const inputRef = useRef(null);
 const focusTextInput = () => {
 inputRef.current.focus();
 };
 return (
 <div>
 <input ref={inputRef} type="text" />
 <button onClick={focusTextInput}>Focus Input
 </div>
);
};
// useMemo()
const MemoizedExpensiveComponent = () => {
 const expensiveComputation = useMemo(() => {
 // Simulating an expensive computation
 let result = 0;
 for (let i = 0; i < 1000000; i++) {
 result += i;
 return result;
 }, []); // Empty dependency array to execute only on mount
 return Result of expensive computation: {expensiveComputation};
};
// useCallback()
const ButtonWithCallback = () => {
 const handleClick = useCallback(() => {
 alert('Button clicked!');
 }, []); // Empty dependency array to memoize the function
 return <button onClick={handleClick}>Click me</button>;
};
```

These examples demonstrate various React Hooks in action. Each component showcases the usage of a specific hook according to its intended purpose.