(INSERT, SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE) using Python and the popular SQLite database as an example. SQLite is a lightweight, file-based database that doesn't require a separate server process.

First, you'll need to install SQLite and the Python SQLite library. You can install the library using the following command:

```
```bash
pip install sqlite3
Now, let's go through examples for each type of query:
### 1. ```pythonCREATE TABLE (if not exists)
import sqlite3
# Connect to the SQLite database (creates a new one if not exists)
conn = sqlite3.connect('example.db')
# Create a cursor object to execute SQL queries
cursor = conn.cursor()
# Create a table (if not exists)
cursor.execute(""
  CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS users (
    id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
    name TEXT NOT NULL,
    age INTEGER
  )
"")
# Commit the changes and close the connection
conn.commit()
conn.close()
### 2. INSERT
```python
import sqlite3
# Connect to the SQLite database
```

```
conn = sqlite3.connect('example.db')
cursor = conn.cursor()
# Insert a new record into the 'users' table
cursor.execute("INSERT INTO users (name, age) VALUES (?, ?)", ('John Doe', 25))
# Commit the changes and close the connection
conn.commit()
conn.close()
### 3. SELECT (GET)
```python
import sqlite3
# Connect to the SQLite database
conn = sqlite3.connect('example.db')
cursor = conn.cursor()
# Select all records from the 'users' table
cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM users")
# Fetch all rows
rows = cursor.fetchall()
# Display the results
for row in rows:
  print(row)
# Close the connection
conn.close()
### 4. UPDATE
```python
import sqlite3
# Connect to the SQLite database
conn = sqlite3.connect('example.db')
cursor = conn.cursor()
# Update the age of the user with id=1
```

```
cursor.execute("UPDATE users SET age = ? WHERE id = ?", (30, 1))

# Commit the changes and close the connection
conn.commit()
conn.close()

"### 5. DELETE

""python
import sqlite3

# Connect to the SQLite database
conn = sqlite3.connect('example.db')
cursor = conn.cursor()

# Delete the user with id=2
cursor.execute("DELETE FROM users WHERE id = ?", (2,))

# Commit the changes and close the connection
conn.commit()
conn.close()

"""
```

These examples use the SQLite database for simplicity. If you're working with other databases like MySQL or PostgreSQL, you'd need to use their respective Python libraries (e.g., `mysql-connector` for MySQL or `psycopg2` for PostgreSQL) and adjust the connection details accordingly.