

# Predicate Logic Examples

## 1 Exercises

### 1.1 Question 1

Given  $\forall x A(x) \wedge \forall x B(x)$ , deduce  $\forall y A(y) \wedge B(y)$

1		$\forall x A(x) \wedge \forall x B(x)$	
2		$\forall x A(x)$	
3		$\forall x B(x)$	
4		$z$   $A(z)$	$\forall E, 2$
5		$B(z)$	$\forall E, 3$
6		$A(z) \wedge B(z)$	$\wedge I, 4, 5$
7		$\forall y (A(y) \wedge B(y))$	$\forall I, 4-6$

### 1.2 Question 2

Given  $\forall x \forall y P(x, y)$ , deduce  $\forall y \forall x P(x, y)$

1		$\forall x \forall y P(x, y)$	
2		$b$   $T$	
3		$a$   $\forall y P(a, y)$	$\forall E, 1$
4		$P(a, b)$	$\forall E, 3$
5		$\forall x P(x, b)$	$\forall I, 3-4$
6		$\forall y \forall x P(x, y)$	$\forall I, 2-5$

### 1.3 Question 3

From  $\exists x \text{ Bird}(x)$ ,  $\forall x \text{ Bird}(x) \rightarrow \text{Sings}(x)$ , deduce  $\exists x \text{ Sings}(x)$

1		$\exists x \text{ Bird}(x)$	
2		$\forall x \text{ Bird}(x) \rightarrow \text{Sings}(x)$	
<hr/>			
3		$a$   $\text{Bird}(a)$	
4		$\text{Bird}(a) \rightarrow \text{Sings}(a)$	$\forall E, 2$
5		$\text{Sings}(a)$	$\Rightarrow E, 3, 4$
6		$\exists x \text{ Sings}(x)$	$\exists I, 5$
7		$\exists x \text{ Sings}(x)$	$\exists E, 1, 3-6$

### 1.4 Question 4

From  $\exists x \exists y P(x, y)$ , infer  $\exists y \exists x P(x, y)$

1		$\exists x \exists y P(x, y)$	
<hr/>			
2		$a$   $\exists y P(a, y)$	
<hr/>			
3		$b$   $P(a, b)$	
4		$\exists x P(x, b)$	$\exists I, 3$
5		$\exists y \exists x P(x, y)$	$\exists I, 4$
6		$\exists y \exists x P(x, y)$	$\exists E, 2, 3-5$
7		$\exists y \exists x P(x, y)$	$\exists E, 1, 2-6$

### 1.5 Question 5

From  $\exists x \forall y P(x, y)$  infer  $\forall y \exists x P(x, y)$

1		$\exists x \forall y P(x, y)$	
<hr/>			
2		$b$   $\top$	
<hr/>			
3		$a$   $\forall y P(a, y)$	
<hr/>			
4		$P(a, b)$	$\forall E, 3$
5		$\exists x P(x, b)$	$\exists I, 4$
6		$\exists x P(x, b)$	$\exists E, 1, 3-5$
7		$\forall y \exists x P(x, y)$	$\forall I, 6$

Alternative

1		$\exists x \forall y P(x, y)$	
2		$a$   $\forall y P(a, y)$	
3		$b$   $P(a, b)$	$\forall E, 2$
4		$\exists x P(x, b)$	$\exists I, 3$
5		$\forall y \exists x P(x, y)$	$\forall I, 4$
6		$\forall y \exists x P(x, y)$	$\exists E, 1, 2-5$

The opposite deduction is not correct.

1		$\forall y \exists x L(x, y)$	
2		$b$   $\exists x L(x, b)$	$\forall E, 1$
3		$a$   $L(a, b)$	
4		$L(a, b)$	$R, 3$
5		$\forall y L(y, b)$	$\forall I, 4$

Step 5 is an incorrect application of  $\forall I$  (  $a$  is occurring in 3, which is undischarged )

## 1.6 Quantifier and Negation

Given :  $\neg(\exists x P(x)) \longleftrightarrow \forall x \neg P(x)$  Forward Direction Proof

1		$\neg(\exists x P(x))$	
2		$a$	
3		$P(a)$	
4		$\exists x P(x)$	$\exists I, 3$
5		$\perp$	$\neg E, 1, 4$
6		$\neg P(a)$	$\neg I, 3-5$
7		$\forall x \neg P(x)$	$\forall I, 6$

Converse Direction Proof

1	<u><math>\forall x \neg P(x)</math></u>		
2	<u><math>\exists x P(x)</math></u>		
3	$a$	<u><math>P(a)</math></u>	
4		$\neg P(a)$	$\forall E, 1$
5		$\perp$	$\neg E, 3, 4$
6	$\perp$		$\exists E, 2, 3-5$
7	$\neg(\exists x P(x))$		$\neg I, 2-6$