

Assignment 1:

a) Show that a f^{-1} $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is onto if and only if $f(f^{-1}(B)) = B$ holds for all $B \subseteq Y$.

b) Show that the composition of f^{-1} s satisfies the associative law:

$$X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xrightarrow{g} Z \xrightarrow{h} V, \text{ then } (h \circ g) \circ f = h \circ (g \circ f).$$

c) Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$. Show that the relation R on X , defined by $x_1 R x_2$ if $f(x_1) = f(x_2)$, is an equivalence relation.

d) The power set $P(A)$ of a set A is the set of all subsets of A , including the empty set \emptyset and the set A itself. Show the "cardinality" (the no. of elements in the set) of the $P(A)$ with justification.